on in the property of the prop

(or is it Conspiracy? E.HIOH.

the window above (Contally was later indicted for brickry after deat Nation, thus paying the wey for Nation's victory over the Warren Notes a vatery over the Warren letter in California, his subsequent winning of the presidency prior to Waterfare, and his evential appointcy. Ford, then representative from Demorat to Republican), brought down the fundire and was eventually country Chief Justice Warren, who by President Essenbower on the found sursecrat by a commission inwas appointed to the Supreme Court rendrison of then Vice Presiment of Gerald Ford to the presiden-Contains rid a paratition 367 en 2

Michigan, was a member of the Warren Commission!

of the kiling of six members of the Symbionere Liberation Army associated with Paterial Hearst of good family. Several bundred people attended. Most of them were college students or of student age; many were of good families, and their policical direction was dearly left.

The conspiracy conference was one of several recently assembled, A conference called "Conspiracy in America" was held at UCLA upon the occasion of the first anniversary

Violence and paign for Dr

Conference, Films, Panels, Works, shops on Assassinations, Intelligence, Community/Labor Repression." and it promised in California and elsewhere. 'follow-up meetings... attempting to mobilize a national movement against the

The first person I met was a young black man at a table in the corridor collecting signatures for a petition in his own defense. He had bern accused of murdering a policeman. Since he seemed to me so sweet and gentle. I could not believe he had committed murder, and I signed his developing police state" in America.
"From Dalas to Watergate: Official Violence and Cover-up — A Campaign for Democratic Freedoms

Mark Harris is a novellst and professor of English at the University of Pittsburgh.
This article, from The New York Times Maranne, is distributed by New York Times Special Features.
* 1875 Mark Harra.

petition.
Inside the auditorium, I was soon swept up by orators and visual demonstrations emphasizing the

that, if the Warren Report were that wrong, perhaps we were onto something, after all.
Alterwards, I noticed in the Warwas involved at all) was only one of several conspirators in the murder of John Kennedy. The proof seemed to lie in the fact that various documents showed a discrepancy in Oswald's height. One speaker said that "the Warren Report, gave" Oswald's height as 5 feet 10 inches, I knew Oswald's wald wasn't that tall and I though theme that Lee Harvey Oswald (if he

ren Report that Oswald's height was See CONSPIRACY, E-



for he and the newspapers, as a loving of teamed the facts of A SOUTH FEATURE TO Bremer's County Co the attempt to kill Gov. George C. styllings had comething to do with facts appear to be nothing To then what one may obtain from Communist conspiracy. It could well and the could well and the agents of Communist China. And the Central intelligence Agency Poviding Breiner was no Was a conspiracy Stang. \$1,115

Om tursty theory explains control bistory explains a great Prist rangitiation have occurred, me ad of agreementary concurs.

The little of Howard Hughes.

CAmerica the great danger of titudy thesty lies in its weak distrimination. Thus, it is anareties. The worst of change is not that hacksters or forms, we are threatened in the and media which in the preside in North will remember continua, by conscious conraciable for widespread exwhich pure that he warped that replace education an by those defects

or elected. Why not They are unrestrained by deads, hestiations of lacts. They have the new prof. They inwater at trick, and argune gan door bus leading blooms of the political and Chartives are sufficiently services Orators of conspiracy Tory charge payoners of means of conthe Connections may be ineven if true. They are masf fourthand definitions build into the ready-made assumpally nothing, retract methfrom person to person Preference of commission r objectives; are to of their inteners. Rent Print,

Reneration, suspended by ness

They are systeman-

Cally destroying the evidence.

In adulthood, the yearning to hear the truth is all the more affecting in

view of the difficulties fruth is not specific and

> tomay, left and night, is a y as and ancessarily true And indentification of someone by Sworn someone else is not necessarily accumade by such a grand-bounding the nature of the Senate of the ruth - even if the "identification" language and literature, Mental true. Sarcasm is ame-caling 18 actionary of logical fallacy. ?

ed act of one person death sentences are prootrasensory perception, magic, 3FOs, self-defense, science stion, The quiversity lecture deal with the occur and witchcraft, extrasensory Establishment believes," No persons exist named They, as in "They won't let the truth come out." For its col.

especially on television, the line between fiction and non-fiction is badly blurred, if not erased; news is made drama is made to sound true, authentic, factu-In a greet deat of popular drama, port those tendencies that feed it. dramatic and exciting

une truth may be dull, complicated and stredded with may be dull, complicated more in the complicated more in the complicated with more in the complicated more in the complic

Lounday

is not surprising, therefore, that the books they optionally read and the media they consume tend to be those which deliver, above all, straight asswerk in a positive sound. Mind and from someone who was there was bodylycarn to hear it from the inside.

public lectures students attend

equivocations of older professors

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The Guinness Book of World Records

— an extremely popular book am

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spiracy theory even while they sup-

netion . . The university meture period terrain. mant, whose spokesmen now and thes piously toadema reckless condews and drama alike focus upon individuals, seldom upon complicatbers whose experience is limited the actions of powerful individuals. Almost every crisis of teleor other violence, and every erisis of diplomacy is resolved by the moeting forces or processes. It is; thereore, natural that young propie and vision drama is resolved by gunfire somewhere of powerful persons prinevitably interpret events as the re-

ust as the conspiracy theorists say nounced by "somebody somewhere, in some smoke-filled back room."

under their own financial pressures, partly in the spirit of democratic student as a customer and give him "what he wants," which is likely to of events - and a better grade for mattering less. But the best defende a sound education in the grunniur of those disciplines which fortify the participation, increasingly sinw the be an entier, simpler interpretation Colleges and universities, partly paramoid citizenry in the mind against trickery. against a

The trouble with the mind of the inability to carry more than one idea at once. It asks laws or principles governing all events, as if human afconspiracy theorist left or right is its serve - the idea that some things might be true upon some occasions dumb bodies, ist it ignores the one law that imight irs were motions of

tion that is finally process. We are process. We are complexity. We are of that mixture of accident and intenthe products of our minds, singly and Above all, it ignores the possibility collectavely.

mind of the conspiracy theorist is ence of a mystery: Not all crimes are likėwise unable to endure uncertainty. We may never know more than tions. We may know all that exists to be known, or we may be in the pres-Unible to endure slow motion, the now of the truth of our 11556510.1 solved, as they are on television, major political No Krosk Several

tion to decision must always have 10(3) the conspicacy theorist seems to understand least his own importance. The paranoid contribubeen great, integral to process, a dangers, or simple dis-Livensk Finally, it should be said that, pitfalls he leads us ers from slumbering in tour roise and a clamur keeping despite the spite the comfort.



It is not surprising that John Dann

can therefore, presumably, tell it Lie

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the in insulferable (in the rare recovers when Harry Code direct colors when Harry Code direct colors are respirately in the Chair, a suite stocks, which promise an abstract two inches in height, applied to the same insecurity.

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princial Defind the podeum. It is certified a strong arms of the short with a strong composition access at the particular corporation are veryly increased if one is under 5 in the chair of the strong the strong call it cangerous there. The chair of the first lives to furnitiate people who compared the chair of the strong call it is canged. Four tailor than he really is when he clambs up to greet comebody, and it is transmissed that a stockholders meeting had un he delayed because an united ing had forgisten to place the are tailer than he is, and sometimes promites them just so that he can make them stuffer, "Big is dumb, Height means something to people, and it's wise not to forget it. The chairman of one great conglomerate it said to have a pedestal behind his he once told an on key that he appears to be about a executive who had displeased him.

And the Burght of the State of

Water the a recent full of people in deaner and them rich and health, old a tent that he positively radi-cied used health and energy. 'God!' Francod the woman beside me, health what power does to you. I wish I had all to power, health is usually taken as a Note or of of basing it. Years ago, I remediate seeing Robert F. Kennedy If shortness supposedly spurs us on

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ton for power that we associate power and health; in former times, power was popularly supposed to fact to worry. Hipess, premature on Ta and baloness, rather like masterioum. Totaly, we expect the presented to glow with health, and they provided to pow with health, and they provided the successful exerin this to make prople feel good his to minimize whatever the real with of their health, and contant exhe of power, like a satisfactory sex t is a curious sign of our admiradifferent forms up the system wonder fully.

The state of the s

Of course power takes its toll too.
Fork Entkan has pointed out that
Martin Luther, a man with an engimous need and drive for power, suffered all his life from constipation, a
melontmen which obsessed the great reference to the point that his spiritual breathfrough took place while he will be unleft. Enklong for the futber was "computed by reference." that he stored up his reference." that he stored up his reference. aware that they would someday be released in a single, explosive moment, a purpative flash that would at once cleanse Luther himself and the

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the prwetty perple I know not next outer trun constituted by willer trun constitution, but discuss sufferning a litture received a furnit deal inspect ture halfed every morants at 8:30 so that the director—a mean of great lame in the movie business—constitution the cast and the circum howels. As he left the cast and the crew wished him success, and on his return he would describe exactly what had happened. Or not happened, or not happened, in graphic deal. Gradually I came to realize that Knowledge of the daily state of his hamber to be stated of his hamber that happened. pie are rou bruy analous lo control everything, but determined not to let go of anything. Be this as! It may, the use of laxatives seems to increace a priver increases, and a givel many of Think of it: actually being able to force people to discuss this as if it were a subject of fascination. What brivels was a kind of status symbol greater prox of pewer!

lowest among the enemployed, a depressing piece of information for the ambitious to consider. Blood prosture and serum cholesterol both increase among those who have responsibility for others" in a workcorrelates very highly with serum uric acid, the substance in the blood that is responsible for gout, and which is considered "a possible risk factor in coronary heart disease." Serum uric acid is high among bowerful, successful men, and at its the businessmen who responded to one nationwide survey felt that their looks. Their deadversely affected their ing situation, which makes it hardy surprising that nearly 30 per cent of restarchers has found that pourt As if that weren't enough, a ". Tiles

Renamed II

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pleasure-pain principle, in which pleasure must be explained by an equivalent or greater amount of pain, and implies that all power, mostler as it is enjoyed, must be interest. his is an extension of the Puritas The kinds of jobs that lead to power naturally involve stress and responsibility, but I strongly suspect that the businessmen who felt their health was affected were simply repending to the "suffering quotient. nsofar as it is enjoustified by suffering.

fore I must pretend that it has been thrust upon me by others against my will; and I must convince everyone around me that it is a painful burden, that I'm suffering on their behalf. The feeling is that while it may be all raht to have power, it is wrong to The basic proposition is simple - I am not supposed to like power, though it's whalk I most want, there-

people are hypochondrises. On the one hand, they want to command and control; on the other, they want to be enjoy it.
Not surprisingly, many powerful comforted and appreciated. One way of bridging these conflicting de-

power, i or some, ii is bother supply in order to be able to say, "I never take vacations," It is part of the suffering quotient. The complaints of permertal people about street, tension and overwork are mouth begin, and when they're real, they're sold-imposed. It's a form of guilt.

Worthlessness that made them fear they had no right to be there, and might at any moment be found out, regrated as weak and ordinary men.

George Allen of the Washington Bedskins, Rizon's Lavorthe feetball coach, was perfactles unfortenesty speaking for the president when he remarked, "The winner is the only

funninge ment

The feeling is that while it may be all right to have power, it is wrong to enjoy it.

best people. There's all you can do will power, if you're smart and turgh and bocky. You get kicked in the twent every day, but sometimes there'll be boose moments when you've done everything right, when everything breaks your way, and then you're scaning, you've won your gains, whether or not anyone else knows it or understands it or even Yet love it we do. In the words of bovelist Pairick Anderson, "It's like a woman for want to stay in bed with ference. But that's not all, not for the gives a damn.

sonal desire we have, since even the intimacy of sex is usually shared with someone else. Power, by contrast, is a private passion, the winning and the losing are internal, only we can know whether or not we've difficulty we have in coping with power - it is perhaps the most per-ខ្ម Perhaps horein lies a key wan our game.

You can train yourself to bandle power. True enough, though one wonders, judging from Father McLaughlia's support for such temporal matters as the Christmas bombing of Hanoi, the mining of Haiphong and the president's stand on Watergate, whether he himself is able to perceive the difference believes what he describes as "two views of power. an opportunity for an egottip, and an opportunity for an egottip, and an opportunity for service." as chief exortist to the defunct Nixon White House. "What do we know about it? We don't know anything about it. We have sex education—why don't we have power education?" "Power!" says the Rev. John J. McLaughlin, the controversial Jesuit who was a deputy special presidential sekustant, and seemed to function for service.

Watergate but an example of the price of impotence? The rationale for the burglary — and all that followed power. No sooner had the scandal of Waterpate been revealed than sermons began to appear on the evils of We don't in fact know much about power, as if the White House under Richard M. Nixon had been the palace of Nebuchadnezzar. Yet what was

said this to our ball club. Every time you win, you're reborn; when you lose you die a little." individual who is truly alive. I've

ters defeat. A powerful man, by defi-artion, is able to survive failure and humiliation, to draw some deeper widom from them, to practice what John F. Kunnedy called "grace useder pressure." of himself and the world, and is likely to collapse the first time he encoun-But power is not based on winning all the time. A man who has to win

The essence of power is the ability re to cope with the demands of hie, not to react like a parabold at covery real or imagined threat, or waste one's life and energy trying to submit percrybang to one's sown control. The world is a disorderly and dangerous place, and always has been, and the man of power must learn to live in it confortably. It is one thing to have a seeke of order, but quite another to impose that sense of order on the rest of the world — no amount of power is sufficient for that, and one can only it fail in the attempt. We can only control others to a limited degree, and the world is full of men who seem powerful in their little world, but are in fact choised to their desks like galley slaves to the our. On and on they labor, far into the night, because they fear one moment of insttention or besitation will undermine

mer President Nixon — the joyless-ages. "the endless struggle for con-trol," the compulsive need to be "on-top," the tortured attempts to dis-guine even small defeuts as victories feeling that life is nothing but a tough challerge, in which hard work and the will to win count for everyof some kind, the endless pleas for sympathy and understanding, the could see these traits in their power. One could 5

the abuse of power — that is at the root of the White Bouse horrors. The thing that is completely misure deristood about Watergate. 'said for mer White House special counsel Charles Colson, "is that everybody It is not power - perhaps not even the people surrounding the

president

There is no doubt that a "high-level selfpity influenced the style of the Nixon White House, and selfpity is not an emotion one connects with a sonce of power, What is more, it to d

tion of authority, but if we notice that his hands are constantly Indepeng on his desk, that he can't look us in the eve. that he crosses and uncrosses his legs as if suffering from a bad telephone rings, he can't make up his mind whether to pick it up or ignore it, we can then. I think, safely con-clude that he is not a man of power. unique in this respect, Many of the people we think are powerful turn out on closer examination to be merely the person are the same thing. A itch in the crotch and that when the tur was the flixon administration frightened and anxious, it is a mistake to assume that the position and man may have money, a great post-

However humble our own position, we have a chance of getting whatever it is we want. How often we fail to recognize this, how long it takes us to learn the difference between real and simulated power, what opportunities we waste!

so we too must play the games of power in order to be ourselves, to avoid "being lived by events, rather than living them." What is at stake is our ability to be the person we want We have to learn to fight subily, ruthlessly, constantly for our own. As "sense of significance", a person's conviction that he rights for somenations carry on diplomacy and war to maintain their own independence. to be, rather than being the person others want us to be. What we all want is what Rollo May describes as thing, that he has an effect on others, and that he can get recognition from his fellows."

Thus, trivial as power games may sometimes seem, they are a means of defining who we are, of preserving both our frenchm of action and our ability to effect change. We learn, early on in the schoolyard, that things often go hadly for bystanders. feel pleased with yourself or have the nakking sense that you have some-how been diminished, reduced in sigthat engaging ourselves in events may lead to their turning out in our favor, rather than against us. When you pick up the telephone, write a letter, join in a conversation, you are Ilke it or not - initiating a game, at the end of which you will either nificance. Nothing is static; every action makes us more or less than we power. Every monacut in the day offers us the opportunity to try our were before. Even the most mundar e office is a place in which to test our skills, to enjoy our triumphs, to something from defeats - fo

cannot always be victorious.
Most of us think power lies elsewhere, in the next office, on the floor above in the where with the when when

derits and all the well known assassination attempts.

It even went into one episode that was not an assassination attempt. That was the shooting of the Chilean chief of staff, Gen. Bene Schneider, in 1970, as part of a bundled effort to stage a kidnapping that would provoke a military coun against the Allende regime.

In handling the investigation Sen. Church behaved with exemplary rethat the committee inquiry, despite the comments of the President and Vice President, did not find there was clear presidential responsibility for all the actions taken by the CIA in the assassmation area.

But even Sen. Church could not admit that the bureaucratic interplay between a Freeident and a secret intelligence agency was inevitably a matter

passed by the CIA to those who dolthe killing. It requests tapes from a time when tapes were probably not being made. It refers to a highly sensitive special file of Nixon papers that Secretary of State Henry Kissing's says he didn't even know existed.

The upshot of the subpoens is to throw the hot potato back to the White House. Now if any secrets remain unmend to the version brispess of well no new can believe and established now mends mere for command and can test once the CIA. In the brigain there would be a little dent made in the repulsion by that some kind of to is always in, and that all the country's problems can be solved if only there is a tough investigation of the bad gays.

1975 Freid Enteroctors, Inc.

Jack Anderson

...And a Return to the Shadows

The Central Intelligence Agency may come out of its penitent period with its powers and privileges still intact.

The calls for reform have produced more promises than changes. Abuses have been halted, but the causes have gone uncorrected.

All the while, the CIA has been slipping back into the shadows. The scandal-weary public is thing of sordid say stories. The investigations on Capitol-Hill are running out of steam.

Sensing that the worst is over, ClA chief William Colby is trying to put the lid back on. President Ford has joined him in warning that the investigations could impair the collection of vital intelligence.

Colby contends that the chastened apy agency won't again overreach its legal limits. There is nothing wrong with the CIA, he insists, that the right endertination and discipline can't cure. Once the authorities on high define the agency's mission with a little more clarity and lay down the dictum that abuses won't be tolerated, premises Colby, the CIA can be counted upon to operate within constitutional

Have talked with Colby, and I am suice he means this. In my opinion, he will work within the CIA to make it a better, more responsible agency.

Yet it was only 14 years ago that the CIA went through another upleaval. The blunder of all CIA blunders was the Bay of Pigs invasion. President Kennedy was so angry after the fission that he threatened "to splinier the CIA in a thousand pieces and scatter it to the winds."

Instead he confronted the CIA's civilian watchdogs. "Something is gravely wrong inside the CIA, and I intend to find out what it is," he proclaimed. "I cannot afford another Bay of Pigs."

He personally attended many of the civilian advisory board's secret sessions and helped to fashion reforms that were imposed upon the ClA. He charged his brother, Robert, with the responsibility to see that the reforms were put into effect. The younger Kennedy shook up the agency from top to bottom.

Yet throughout the very throes of these reforms, the CIA used the Mafia to make several attempts on the life of Cuban Premier Fidel Castro. And the werst excesses of the CIA, including the illegal spying on American citizens, occurred during the next 10 years.

Now the Rockefeller Commission is prepared ence again to rely on a "strengthened" civilian advisory board to make the CIA behave. The Rockefeller reformers would grant the board full powers for "ausessing the quality of foreign intelligence collection."

There is something dismayingly familiar about this. Back in 1961, the bard was reformed with powers, according to the old charter, to "conduct a continuing review and assessment of foreign intelligence activities."

In other words, the board has always had the powers Nelson Rockefeller so piously would now bestow upon it. He should be aware of this, since he has served on the board. He should also be familiar with its history of acquiesence to the CIA.

Periodically, CIA officials have been

called before the board for questioning. The sessions have always been sober but sympathetic, with the solutity that characterizes gentlemen who share grave secrets.

Participants have assured us that they have often pressed reforms upon the CIA. But apparently, these have been more structural than substantive. The CIA officials always listen softenily to their civilian advisors. Thereafter, the officials call meetings, issue directives, more the furniture around and otherwise create the impression that changes will be made. And then they quietly return to their same old routines.

The cozy relationship between the watchdogs and the watchdogs is exemplified by the board's executive secretary. Wheaton Byers, My associate, Jim Grady, asked him for the phone numbers of board members so we could solicit their comments.

Byers indignantly refused, saying we wrote a "scurrileus" column that printed classified information. Evidently, he considered the phone numbers of the members classified, since he refused to give them out. We reached several of them anyway; with rare exception, we found them as protective as Buers toward the CIA.

This seems to be the attitude of everyone close to the CLA. They acree with Colby, who wants to make it a crime for newsmen to publish classified information. The legislation he has in mind, of course, would authorize the CLA director to determine what should be classified.

This would give the nation's spy chief total censorship power over all news that comes out of the CIA. As his way of reform, in other words, he would put the emphasis not on correcting CIA abuses but on keeping them out of the newspapers.

Certainly he can argue that the CLA would not be under fire today if he had aiready possessed this extracethary power. The abuses would have cone unpublished, uninvestigated axi, therefore, uncorrected.

The Rockefeller Commission. If it isn't willing to go quite as far as Colby, comes perilously close. The commission wants to make it a "criminal offense for employees or former employees of the CLA willfully to diverge to any unauthorized person classified information pertaining to foreign intelligence or the collection thereof obtained during the course of their employment."

If the CIA is to regain the trust of the people, it must allow more, sorless, light on its activities. No edge, nation has been as successful as the United States in maintaining a freesociety. It requires a powerful stolight to expose the abuses that threaten our freedom.

Footnote: The Rockefeller Commission has also come out, four sparry against domestic apying. But the recommendation leaves a handy looping, which permits a little benign sparge, there should be "a clear danger have should be "a clear danger have feelings, operations or recommend." Of course, this was precisely continuous used by the CIA to begin allegal domestic apping in the figure. What the CIA needs, clearly, a tough new charter spelling see in rights and wrongs of intelligence equations.

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Joseph Kraft

CIA: The Assassination Hot Potato...

The Senate Investigation into CIA assassinations is running into the sands of confusion. That is the immediare meaning of the subcoent would the other day for new acress to President Nixon's tapes and papers. The larger meaning is that even the most responsible authorities are unwilling to acknowledge that some usues are too delicate and complex for the rights and wrongs to be settled by mere investigation.

The starting point of the assassination muddle is President Ford, He made it known-in an official way

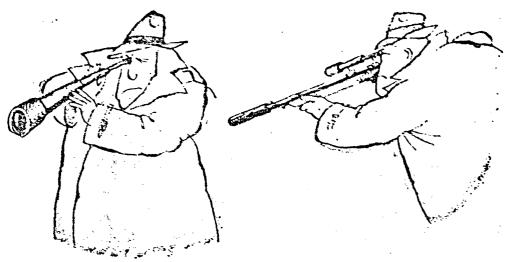
that verges on irresponsibility-that the CIA had been involved in assassiration plots against forcem leaders. When an outery arose, as it was bound to, he assigned investigation of the matter to the Rockefelier Commission looking into domestic improprieties by the CIA. The implication was that the

Reckefeller Commission would get to the bottom of the assassination bush

In fact the commission went an inch deep and then stopped for lack of time and staff. So Mr. Ford passed the issue to a select Senate committee headed by Frank Church (Didate), which was looking into the appropriate organitation of the intelligence community.

At that time, Mr. Ford said that he "did not want to be a Morday morning quarterback" on the actions of past Presidents. The only resonable inference was that past Presidents were mixed up in the assassination business and that the Senate commutate would make a definitive judament on their

The committee did undertake a fullscale investigation, using a targe and competent staff with access to the most privileged material it examined the actions of all the metwar Presi-



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The CLA at home...

sponsibility. He refused, miraculous to say, television hearings that would have been a socko sensation and made his name a household word lie worked closely with opposition senstors, notably John Tower of Texas, 13 produce unanimous decisions.

His one impropriety was to say that the CIA had behaved as "a ropue ele phant." No doubt that put the case too

of willful, knowing ambiguity-a transaction where neither party wanted to know too much of the other's actions. Rather than merely say that, he is bowing out by demanding, through submount of the White House, docu-ments from the Nixon presidency which are relevant to the Schneider Willing.

The language of the subpoena strains for effect, it refers to his

... and abroad.

plumbed, if any loose ends remain untied, the White House can be

Turnabout is fair play, and Prestdent Ford is only getting now what he asked for when he handed the committee the assignment in the first place. But it is too had somebody can't say that ultimate responsibility for the assassinations probably can't be rings d. Will These was will conside could well



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By Lawrence Meyer By Lawrence Meyer By Lawrence Meyer Rebert F. Kennedy was represented by Manager and the Justice Longar ment for the Just

ed in 1802 that the Central Intell sence Agency and the Maria were working to gether but he appeared in-different to their aborted plot to X.II Cuban Prem'er Fidel Castro, a former ClA official said yestenlay. n sthe

Kennedy was ancry at the CIV's involving itself with the Maila "because at the time he was very strong on crime rusting," former ClA general counsel Lawrence R. Houston told reporters. When Kennedy was briefed on the plot to kill Castro. Houston said, the didn't seem very perturbed about Castra At least, he didn't say anything. "Mar Kennedy did say.

second of to Houston, was, and weare going to have any to to do with the Maria again, come to me

Herston, the CIVs of lawser too 26 years unit bis retilement in 1978, als enet bezo e a House suite it Title instends to area.

be presented for breaking the law

Although questions of possible illegal conduct should have been referred to him under CIA procedures. Housien testified, he learned recently of several illegal activities carried on by the CLA.

Houston's comments about the aborted Mafia CIA plot to kill Castro in 1930 81 represented the fullest publie securi yet made.

Houston said he approached the Justice Department when one of its investigations into an associate of Mafia figures Sam Gianrana and Johnny Roselli threatened to reveal the piot By that time, April. 1962 the plot had been ancies by unknown ofcards in the CIA, Houston

He said he had been told the plan to kill Castro was spaces in 1969, although

maken to the first the same and the

See HOUSTON, A2, Col. 3.

TOUS STATE OF Living Costs

Propelled by rising ment and fuel prices, the cost of living jumped sharply in June, prompting administration officials to warn of the dangers of renewed inflation.

The Department of Labor reported yesterday that the consumer price index rose 0.8 per cent in June, twice the 0:4 per cent increase registered in May and the biggest jump retail prices*

have taken in a month this

White House press secretary Nessen told reporters that President Ford sees the June increase as a "signal that inflation has not been defeated." Nessen said the increase! was larger than had been anticipated.

Sen. Hubert H. Humphrey! (D-Minn.), charman of the Joint Economic Committee, acreed with Mr. Ford that "inflation remains a serious. The House yesterday killed problem and not one that President Ford's plan to deautomatically disappears, as control the price of domestic some seem to believe, with re-oil but showed it lacks the

line prices on administration a bill to retain controls. policies. "President Ford By 262 to 167, the House rewarts them to rise. He be jected Mr. Ford's plan to delieves that higher prices will control over 29 months the stimulate production and in price of oil now subject to

declines anywhere clse-

thought somewhere there being but it adjourned for the would be something that day without voting on the something. would be something that day without voting on the issue down.

of the rise was accounted for Congress to adopt a compreby a sharp, 58 per cent in heasive energy pro ram.

Other major tood groups, such economy and American jobs as dairy products or cereals, will continue to increase, either fell or remained virtue. He said his plan would ally the same.

See ECONOMY, A3, Col. 1

The House vesterday killed He blamed the rise in gaso-votes to override his veta of

crease conservation. But so controls, which is about two-far, only the prices are rising "thirds of domestic production.

"Everything is up from a could provide a velocite for outh \$50." Rees said a componise on the od origing

Grocery store prices, which be the said he was come to price and he was disappointed at the cote but up 1.9 per cent in June Most that he would continue to urge to the real way appearance to the continue to urge to the real way appearance to the continue to urge the real way appearance to the continue to urge the real way appearance to the continue to urge the real way appearance to the continue to urge the real way appearance to the continue to urge the real way appearance to the continue to urge the contin

oy a sharp, on per cent in measive energy program, owe cannot stand still or Fruit and vegetable prices more backwards." Mr. Ford rose 2.4 per cent in some, after said, "We must make progress, falling in April and May, or the threat to the American follow mysor task grounds such recommy, and American task.

He said his plan would have saved energy "while not hind-Gasoline prices rose 3 per ering economic recovery. See ENERGY, AJ, Col. 1

Hathaway Reveals Depression'

Interior Secretary Stanley K. Hathaway, a patient at Bethesda naval hospital for the past week, appeared; vesterday be is suffering from amoderate degression brought about by physical exhaustion and facilities Deterated Proge 32.

Oil Price Decontrol Is Killed

By Richard L. Lyons

A second of the quality to a campaging

Hettmann 43 is a former G. H. Perey (E.III). He also served as general counsel of se, the Monte Unergy Commis 510!1

A native of Stockbridge, ing Mass, Hotemann is a graduate Mr of Princeton University the University of Virginia Law School.

After service in the Army at he was an assistant U.S. attpr fter her here and later was associated with the University Comno puting Co of Pallas

The White House also anbli nounced that Mr Ford plans to to nominate two new under to secretaries-James A. Baker ttc secretaries—James A Baker ful III of Houston, in the Department of Commerce, and Ednt, win B. Yeo III of Sewickleys. ias Pa., in the Treasury Departhat ment.

Baker 45, is a lawver who has been a partner in a Housde ton firm since 1967. Yen, 41, a m. native of Youngstown, Ohio, will serve as under secretary of the freasury for monetary affairs. He is now vice chairman of the Pittsburgh Corp. 22 and Pittsburgh National Bank.

President Ford also and es- nounced that he plans to nomap mate James D. Isbister to ire head the new Alcohol, Drug to Abuse and Mental Health Ad-

3 & Thos. Saltz

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Women's Wear

et special assistant to the Sector of tax of Defense and a former of the Sector of tax of Defense and a former of the Sector of

HOUSTON, From A1

how it jot started was "a litthe value" and be said be did not know who entered

When the discussion came up, Houston said, the head of the CLVs Office of Security, Col. Shelfield Edwards, said "The fot a fellow with come interesting confacts." That person, Houston said, was Robert Mahen, a former FBI agent and then an associate of billionaire Howard Harbes Lither through Mahen or by him, contact was made with Roselli, Houston said The first contact was made by persons purporting to represent business interests so Roselli would not know he was dealing with the CLV, Houston sald

Ultimately however the plan to kill Castro - which was to have been coordi nated with the Bay of Pics invasion was called off. Houston said be was not aware until recently that the plot had been reinstated after his conversation with Robert Kennedy.

Houston's gecount was

Sale at Chevy Chase Only

d Miller Jo assistant offines general mahar accorate Commat Division in 1983 and a friend of Robert Ner redy

Miller said he talked to Houston but never about a plot involving the CIA and the Mata. Nor did be accept Kennedy had been told the Bob Kennedy had known about some plot to assass, nate Castro involving the CiA and the Mana, he would have teld me about it and I know damn well be never told me about it Miller said. 11t just couldist happen that this would come up and he wouldn't tell me. It just coulan't bap

In answer to acestions from Chairman Betla Abene (ONY) and other committee members, Housten testred that he fearned anis is cently of several illegal CIA activities, including opening mail and conducting domestic surveillance against American ratizens

Unifer a 1954 agreement the CIA was allowed to de-

near the community of the Car processing how the control ers Vices sad on a rec ment which a pare ill, was toriotton by the Justice Departir ut until last (becomber was timproper stobahis it egat and certainly a development duty by the department

Ohing extrased a fett from the emport CTV gen-eral coorsel, John'S Women ining brief descriptions of to cases that were received to the destice Department by the CIA for consideration between 1954 and 1975.

One ease, according to the letter, mixelyed a murder which took place outside the United States Affecations were made that two a cities employees helped dispose of the body. The copinty charfor intelligences discussed the case with the Attorney General in October 1955 The Attorney General's of ble did not take am action idue to the local jurisdic conal restrictions (pyolyed " No further details of the vers to Bayard Sept. 15 to 19. necident were immediately available

testimory from Dia-Department's Internal Socia voiced with others in the de-CIA and the FBI

mixesticating eatherns' a encies with which he had worked. Maroney knowing that any information be received had been if le ally obtained. When the Attorney General Bits" Maryney Said, "he'll know my background If that's a prob tem it assume hell take it into account?

color 12 years in the Justice Vsked if he did not have a

ety Assistant Attorney General Neva E. Majonev, who enty Dansion and now is inpartment's inquiries into the

Rayarian Maneuvers

Assure Planer Pre .

Vit NICH July 22 The was German army populed today that 53 000 sol dies of the Bundeswehr and 5,400 US French and Cana dise troops will join in maneu-

mental concrins At our point, Dmembers of the Sec. rior Committee dance. way to concede that ment he had issued his environmental renot always balanced.

contramed During the Demators attacked B

saids. They said that

allowed unregulatest

tar or Wyoming and

with industry over

As a popular Re evernor of Wyome and Hathaway pared for that kind questioning.

"I don't think there thing in his backar

1700 New Metal YTUO YVA3H Folding Chairs \$615

White durante BALTO, CHA!S

Senate Confirms Mathews for HEW

Welfare

was the youncest collecte president when he took over at Alabama in 1963, Senate Managing Leader

Mike Mansfield said Math. ews "would make an out standing member of the President's Cabinet," Monority Loader High Scott eath d han a man with in sight into consent prob-

Voiced Press Interneticical

Dr. F. David Mathews, president of the Univecsity of Alabama, was confirmed vesterday by the senate to be Secretary of Health, Education and

Mathews, 39, who succeeds the retain; Caspan W. Weinberger, will be fise voungest member of President Ford's Cabinet He



astank

5 PIECE PLACE SETTING

includes Dinner Knite Dinner Fork Salad Fork

Seup Spoon Tea Spoon

Reopening July Death Probe

By Carriel Killing

sestigation into the assassinal benefits to the West. tion of President Kennedy on However, Sen. Henry the grounds that no evidence Jacks in 3D Wash's violating has been postuced to discould arrasses the President's suptific Warren Commission find post of the precedent, and

Press secretary flon Vessen home made it clear that Mr. Ford is not prepared to support a suc-gestion by Sea Richard S Schwielter (R.Pa.), a member of the Senate intelligence committee, that the investiga tion be recreated.

in plotting against the life of said Cuban Premier Fidel Castro at the time of the Kennedy as at the time of the Kennedy as assumation. Nessen said Mr. Forst believed there was into mission findings were incormission findings were incor-

At a news conference in crade as well as Helsinki April, Mr. Ford said that as a Thes will be away from Wash-member of the Warren Com-ington 10 days. mission he helped draft the re-"We said that Lee Hartey Oswald was the assassin. the President recalled said that the commission had found no evidence of a con-

aen said that the President's criticism of the President

tion meeting on European see the Atomic Energy Commis-

agreement. The Times said.

Questioned about the secuthe Helsinki conference after has a early later was associated with the University Compens and the agreement from no puting Co. of Dallas, lway legally settles the borders. The White House also answer legally settles the borders.

long sought, have charged that ment. it in effect ratifies Soviet dom Ination of Eastern Europe.

nying this, are expected to emmaative of A uncistown. Ohio,

30 Die in Crash

30 Die in Crasa man soldte Pattsburgh corp CULIAVAN, Mexico July 22 and robs a ch National Links a Millerst 20 people wije i freschem Food also an burned to dearn neur none ver monitories (b) to be plan to nomitation when the wind that is the plan to nomitation when the wind that is the plan to nomitation when the wind the nomitation of National District Side School and the nomitation of National District Side School and the nomitation of National District Side School and the nomitation of the side Administration of the side Adm professional factors of the profession after a collection with a collection of the professional factors of the professional factors and the professional factors

President Pard consecutives place it in the most how days ferrias the recognitude of the in what they be as his tree

said Mr. Fred Courbt to stay

By cooperating on be responsed.

In response to a question on Ford is taking us backward. reports that the Central Intel not torward, in the search for not torward, in the search for a centure, peace, Jackson

Jackson called the language

Warsaw, Bucharest and Bel-



SOUARE DEAL-President Ford accepts that display from Enture Earmers of America group during Rose Garden ceremony, National president Alpha Trivette, 20,

Martin Hoffmann to Be Nam

The Rocketeller commission announced that he would nome report on the CTA shall in June mate. Martin, R. Hortmann admonstrator. Before that it found no credible cyloreral counsel of the De spent a year in London as an mens, Mich, lives in Potential for Kennedy assassination.

In other developments, Yes.

Solzhenitsyn was quoted by Hoffmann, 43, is a former The New York Times yester special assistant to the Societaday as charging that Mr. Ford tary of Detense and a former would be participating in legal counsel to Sch. Charles "the betrayal of Eastern Fu. If. Percy. (Bell). He also rope" by attending the 35 na. served as general counsel of

curity in Helsinki next week.

The Nobel prize winner said he saw no point in nocting Mass, thermalm is a graduate the President in view of Mr. of Princeton University and Ford's support of the security the ! poversity of Virginia Law School

After service in the Arms rity agreement to be signed at the was an assistant U.S. after-

in Eastern Europe" It obli- nounced that Mr. Ford plans-gates the signers not to to nominate two new under change borders by torce but to societaries—James V. Baker make any changes by peaceful 114 of Houston in the Departmehr of Commerce, and Ed-Critics of the agreement win li Yeo III of Sewickley, which the Soviet Union has Pa in the Treasury Depart

Paser 45 s a lawyer who atton of Eastern Europe has been a corrier in a House Administration officials, action time serve 1667. Yeo, 41, a Will serve as under secretary of the treasury for momenty affairs are a now yee chair may of the Editsburgh Corp. w. Armer. Dru-

President Ford vesterday, Islaster, 38, has been serving for three years as its The Rocketeller commission announced that he would none me, since 1974 as the acting deputy director

If confirmed by the Senate Kincdom, Medical, Research aunounced Mr. Ford's inten-c

aren said that the President's Harmann would succeed Council Research announced Mr. Ford's intense Invitation to Russian writer Alexander Solzhenatsyn to Solz was open despite the writer's restance carbor this month to found. Institute of Mental bury, Conn. to head the Ur was open despite the writer's reclection and of the President's Health from 1967 to 1973, sery than Mass. Transportation M. 2 criticism of the President.

Witness Says CIA-Mafic

ROUSTON, From AL

how it not started was "a litthe vagae? and he said he did not know who ordered

When the discussion came up, Houston said, the head of the CIA's Office of Seemrity Col Shetraid Edwards, said 1 Typ got a terrow with some interesting centaris" That person, Houston said, was Robert Makeu, a former FBI agent and then an associate of billionaire Howard Hughes Either through Ma hen or by he co-intact was made with Roselli, Bouston Said. The first century was made by persons our serious to represent business interests so Roseth would not know he was dealers, with the CIV Houston sort

Litamately, however, the pian to kill dustry. Which was to have born coordi not be with the Bay of it. invase in was called off. Hou ton said the was not unable built for seems, that the part and been remarked after the committee of Bobert Komerce

he dealty defined by Berbert Miller de l'assistant affei ney peneral in charge of the Criminal Division in 1962 and a friend or Robert Ken

Willigh said he falked to Houston but never shout a plot myohang the CIV and o Mat a Nor did be accept. Houston's statement Kennedy had been told "If Bob Kennedy had known about some plot to assassinate Castro anvolving the CIA and the March he would have told me about it and I know dame well be noved tool me about it Maler said the good to hoppen that this would ends up and he would at by a fine. It gust a source to have

from Chasener, Berla About 13 NA condition of committee members, Houston test Essi that to learlied on y evitly of several mesal CIA missions involves a record must be discovered the dis-

Amplior 'Conspiracy' Dock Mout IFM's Assessination

6334 CAN

By CARL A KINGER

Candles McCarry, was exiet speech shot. The Injer Lody said, "If you have writer for Henry Cabot Lodge in the the Kennedy Administration for an ally, 1960 campaign. Since Henry Cabot (you don't need an enemy). Lodge is remembered more for having slept through the campaign than for you there was a murder in Dallas. The having made rousing speeches, this credit. Tiper Lady, bitter over the earlier assaswould better have, remained unmentioned.

Interestingly, Henry Cabot Lodge is also remembered as being in charge of JEK's Surgon hungle which resulted in the murders of the brothers Diem and Nhu. All of which brings us back to The Tears of Autumn.

A rumor in Saigon at the time of the coup held that the Ngo Dinhs were liquidated because they were playing footsie with Haffoi. McCarry devotes three lines to this, which is about two lines more than it deserves. The rumor, however, convinced some doubters on the scene that the assassinations were justified.

The real reason the Ngos were removed is that the Knights of Cainclot thing to avenue, McCarry has to introwere persuaded to believe that Diem was no more than a self-seeking petty dictator and Nhu was a mere chief of a brutal secret police force. Not much imagination is needed to guess the source of this. characterization. The usual charges of corruption. Swiss bank accounts and police brutality were made, and the Knights succeeded in convincing President Kennedy that this appraisal was accurate. Diem and Nhu had to go,

A plot in August had failed, but the one in November would not. In the meantime, an embarrassing showed up in the United States.

The Tiger Ludy, the glamorous wife of Nhu and President Diem's state hostess, arrived from Europe where she had been warmly received, (Even in Communist, dent Kennedy's 1,036 Days asks the Yagoslavia at the Parliamentary Con-question, "How could it happen that the gress she was given a standing ovation.) ... apparent perpetrator of the crime Official Washington, from the President, was liquidated literally before the eyes on down, constrained by guilt and shame of everyone, and, naturally, can no longer over the as-yet unexecuted conspiracy, furnish evidence!" did not greet her. The State Department acknowledged her presence, however, by calling a conference of editors urging that it should be taken seriously. Come that she be buried on page 22. CBS now II that's the case, then McCarry responded by canceling her appearance joins. Harold. Weisberg, Thomas on "Face the Nation," and the press gen-Buchanan. Fred. Cook, Sylvan. Fox, erally showered her with decision

The publicary black for the region of a Da November I the New Lorder over Litamin states that, in addition to being thrown. The following a so of an and somewhat of a world traveler, its about. Nho, hands could be use their were

> Twenty days after the manfers in Saisination of her husband and her brotherin-law, commented that justice had been served, or words to that effect.

McCarry has expanded this theme, using an ex-CIA man as his vehicle for running down yet another "true" story of Kennedy's death, how the Ngo family avenged the morders of Diem and Sire, how Dear't week recentral, and how and why diese Runy was recruited to commute Oswald. The tale is gripping and implausible enough to make a good musie script.

In order to explain why the avengers were busy recruiting Oswald in late September one month before they had anyduce horoscopes, geomantics and other astrological nonsense. This business enables the aveneers to outdo even. Jeanne Dixon. They are able to predict i not only that they will have something to avenge, but who they will have to kill (JFK), where (Dallas), and when (November 22).

McCarry also suggests that the Russians recruited Ruby (courtesy of the Maha, but without the Godfather's O.K.) to kill Oswald and thereby "take the heat off' themselves, if this is what the Russians were interested in, it is the least thing they would have done.

Anatoli A. Gromyko (yes, Andrei's son) in his Through Russian Eves, Presi-

The jacket of McCarry's book hints Edward Epstein, and a host of others who have advanced their own, sometimes wild, theories of what really happened in Dallas.

If McCarry's soler as tolera enoply as a Pay or the Jackal's Je, it's pretty good. reading, though not a misterprese. Metaphors are blurred and unides strained. The reader grows weary, accasionally warv, of pompous name dropping, not so much of people as of wine, food and

Programed sex, à la Masters and Johnson, intrudes as an extraneous distraction in imitation of today's crummy literature. The hero's character is net entirely even. He is both a good guy and a CIA man, a currently extinct species. He wouldn't think of using a gun, but he is not beyond asking his agents to use a little close range bird shot in the face. said not to be fatal but capable of much gore, temporary blindness and "a lot of pain and shock," You'd better believe it.

He wouldn't support a regime that tortures political prisoners, yet he isn't above kidnapping and torturing his own victims. He is an "entirely sentimental" man, interested solely in the facts, ma'am. Yet he manages to develop a maudlinmiddle-class affection for his erstwhile bedmate of convenience as well as a sentimental passion for his dead President and his country. Even ex-CIA men can't be all bad.

McCarry solves all the mysteries surrounding the deaths of Diem, Nhu and Kennedy excepting one. Who in the world did E. Howard Hunt expect to convince. who wasa't already consinced, when he feeled as well with those confes to Salgood the Sations and arithman. After all, John Deen couldn't unswer that one,

Froi Sever was born in Washington, D.C., at econora unharmed to New England, where I has lived since 1945. His moral decline started ten to briane un missione deun of a collège. Unisoned, he managed to work himself down to Commonwealth Professor Emericas and retired in 1861 to m the University of Maisachusetts when shousing and shooting again seemed imminent.

Another switch-off for the truth?

whered almost that a fire Fursye, the station (based in Federal Germans) which broadcasts to the Societ broadcasts to the Society of that empire's colonial subjects listen at the risk of thrie liberties or even lives the station, which has long been a poisoned thorn in the flesh of syation, which has long teen of possoned thorn in the flesh of the Soviet imperialists, not least because it does not waste its time on exhortation, raint or propaganda, offering instead the dissemination of news ta precarious existence; its funds are provided by the United States, but voted annually by Congress, and the spirit of appeasement now rife in that body has resulted in a proflonged campaign to have the funds cut out and the station-consequently shut down.

All wrote here almost exactly

al wrote here almost exactly three years ago about the ettempt being made at that ettempt being made at that time to destroy RFE, an attempt led by Senatar Ful-bright. It failed then, and failed again a year later, when Fulbright returned to the attack; he has, of course, dis-appeared from Congress since then, but I learn that another assault is to be made shurtly. Such pressure has been fuelled in the past by massive cam-paigns of "disinformation" on the part of the authorities in those countries to which RFE those countries to which we heams its piercing ray of truth, and it can be safely assumed that the same thing is happening now. Since I think that a further word in RFE's support is in order, it will do no harm to present some details of previous campaigns of that kind, particularly since I have reason to believe that the Polish Embassy in this country is even now trying to get some of the same kind of materi. "planted" in the British press.

At the end of 1972 the office of the editor of the principal Polish-language daily in the United States was broken into; Nowak, director of the Polish section of RFE, was stolen, Early in 1973, the letter was

publicised in We are all the second of the s Relations Committee on RFE and its future. Fulbright, understandably, made great play with the letters, using them to attack RFE; he then, of course, believed them all to be

relations.)
A parallel campaign was launched recently in Crecheslovakia, using Erwin Marak, a spy whom the Czech intelligence services dad managed to infiltrate into Federal Germany (he had presented himself as a victim of political persecution) in 1968; he kapinto contact with a number of persecution) to 1963; he kel-into contact with a number of cenuine Crech exites, including some who worked for KFE. Unknown to them, he, taped telephone conversations with

attempted in excel allegations that Nowak had been a Nari collaborator flouries the wars tille was a particularly contageous member of the Polish underground and was desorational business behold

with the letters, using them to attack RFE; he then, to require helieved them all to be genuine, but it is much to regeited that; even when he was later supplied with proof of the forgety, he made no retractions.

The forgeties were typed on the headed writing paper of RFE; the same technique had been used in an earlier, similar campaign, when other forged letters were circulated, purporting to be from the head of the European staff—one to the president of the company through which RFE operates in the United States, and the other to the Turkish Foreign Ministry. (These referred to plans for moving RFE's headquarters to Turkey; no such plans erived both to alarm RFE's staff, who feared that the station was about to be expelled from Germany, and to disturb United States. Turkish relations.)

A parallel campaign was langthed recently in Graches. Second World War did, and they rest on the same foundation which is the avoidance of more programds (the peoples of Societ Europe do not need to be told now arim their life is, not they be commons are their appreciasely, and the use instead of Augrammes dis-playing nets ed and accurate knowledge of these things in their num on their which are concealed from them. (It was this that made the BBC brook, say so effective; when there is in the occu-

11 Late was could not show a

It would be a secous loss to the would it the new spart of reducionen that appears to be growing in the United States were to lead to America's abandonment of Sadio Free Lucope, and I hope Senator Jackson, and others in Concress lackon, and I hose Scoator lackon, and others in Congress who are disturbed by the new trend will stand firm against attempts to cut off RFE's funds. Above all, I hope that when, at some crucial moment, letters or other documents coincidentally appear which seem to discordit RFE or immbers of its staft, similar campaigns of the post will be remembered. For I say that the cloure or restriction of RFE would be a serious loss to the world, and so it would. It would also, however, and much more seriously, be a catastrophic blow to the movale of the people who depend on it to keep alive within themselves the tiny sparks of hope courage and patience which enable them to go on living in their communist darkness without succumbing to total despair. At few weeks ago, I received, by a circanous route, a letter from Crechoslosskia in which the writer was good enough to say that my world. which the writer was good enough to say that no words on the subject of his marryred country served for him and his friends just such a purpose. If that is so, if that can be done by my words, in English and in a newspaper which has to stovakia in single copies, of how much greater effect, and of what genuine and lasting worth, must be the words that warth, must be the weeks that such people can here in their own language, from Radio Free Europe, I cannot believe that the United States, on whose generative, and belief in freedom, RFF depends, would wish the spark to be exting-nished.

C) Times Newspapers 1 ed, 1975

Colonel Claims Plot Against Castro

201 911, 1975

CIA Hy Killers to Cuba?

vesterday that in "late 1959 er early 1960," while service in the Defense Department's Office of Special Crerations, he handled a CIA request for a small. specially equipped Air Force plane that was used ta land two Cuban exiles on a road near Havana.

The two exiles were "equipped with a high-powered rifle and telescopic sights" and "knew how to get to a building in Havana which overlooked a building where Castro passed dady." Prouty, row an official with Amtrak, said in a telephone interview.

THE PLANE, an L28 "heliocourier," returned safely to Eglin Air Force Base in Florida, Prouty said, but the "Cuban exiles as far as I know were picked up between where they were left off and town."

He said that one of the would-be assassins was named Oscar Spijo and that the plane had been flown by "mercenaries" on the CIA

rayroll.

Prouty added that he knew of "one or two" other assassination attempts to a cainst Castro following the Bay of Pigs but said he did not know the details of those missions because he had not worked on them directly.

Prouty retired from the Air Force in 1963 and has since written a book called "The Secret Team," detailing his experiences as Air Force liaison with the CIA.

Asked why he had waited until now to come forward with his story, Prouty said he had become incensed at the verbal abuse directed at CBS newsman Daniel Schorr on Monday by former CIA Director Richard M. Helms.

number of occasions that President Ford is concerned that an unlimited investigation of CIA activities could uncover agency involvement in foreign assassinations.

"It got me a little upset," Prouty said of Helms' attack on Schorr, adding that he was "positive" Helms knew about the mission.

At the time, Helms was an assistant to CIA Deputy Director of Plans Richard Bissel, But Prouty said Bissel was preoccupied with di-recting U2 flights over the Soviet Union, leaving Helms in almost total control of clandestine operations against Cuba.

Helms, who succeeded Bissell as head of the agency's so-called "dirty tricks" department and headed the CIA from 1966 to 1973, told reporters Monday that "as for as I know the CIA was never responsible for the assassination of any foreign leader," a statement which technically does not rule out the possibility of an unsuccessful attempt on Castro's

HELAIS ALSO was asked if there had been any discussions of assassinations. He replied that "in govern-

The CIV arbified a two-remains team as a constitute to the proof of the constant of the consta To cook, and left the agen-

> WASHINGTON POST 30 APRIL 1975

Held as Spy

WEST BEHLIN - A 29-Sear-old West German who worked as a chauffeur for the United States military authorities here has been arrested on suspicion of spying for an East European country, a Justice Ministry spokesman said.

The man, Werner Schalitz, was carrying plans of U.S. installations, information about military personnel and a forged Swiss pasport when police arrested him last Thursday, the spokesman said. Schalitz has reportedly denied the accusation.

Cla aide's role in Viei evacuation raises mystery

By Morton Kondracks

Suntaines E. No.

WASHINGTON — Amid the discinus successing the U.S. evacuation program in Vietnam, there is some mostery. For one thing, the No. 2 man in charge of the program here is a high-fanking Central Intelligence Agency official, Clayton E. McManango 3r.

McManaway, whose regular position is special assistant to CIA Director William E. Colby, formerly served in Vietnam with the title of associate director of the American aid mission, and congressional sources said that was cover for his work in intellicence.

The reason for placement of a CIA official as deputy director of the government's evacuation task force could not be learned from the White House, State Department of CIA,

One possible explanation is that many of the Vietnamese on U.S. evacuation lists are intelligence-connected.

Ambassador Dean Brown, task force director, said at a State Department briefing Thursday that \$0,000 Veitnamese who may be admirred to the United States as so-called "high-risk" cares include persons who have served in the Satgon government's rational police, intelligence services and the Fhoenix procram, the CIA's effort to eliminate Viet Cong cadres by assassnation and other means. Brown said the number would, also include Vietnamese employes of the U.S. government, former Saigon political loaders and Vietnamese intellectuals and their families.

But Brown could not clarify the basis for setting the highrisk a figure at 50,000, a decision Brown said was made by President Ford. White House spokesmen simply explained, "This was the figure that was arrived at for now."

Better ansiters to these and other constions will be sought Friday by Sen. Edward M. Kennedy (DMASS.) at a bearing of his Senate succemmuttee on refugees. Nemedy is reported to the factors of solid aides called the evacuar on "mess" and at lack of communication from Brown's task coree.

Represents also said to be appreciated ediministration appearently has not instituted regionalizes with North Vietnam and the Viet Cong to assure intervention by the United Nature and other international appoints to protect Vietnamese who are not exocuted.

"There cush to be a diplomacy of reconciliation going on," a Kennedy aide said, "so that tens of thousands of Vietnamese can stay in Vietnam and not think they have to flee,"

Congressional sources and others who are in touch with the Provisional Revolutionary Government (Viet Cong) in Paris assert that the United States has made no direct approaches to the Communists, yet secret talks might be under way.

The fact that Communist forces have not yet tried to cut off Ten Sea Nhut airport and other evacuation routes has fueled reports of a secret understanding. Administration officials said the subject of negotiations was "too delicate" to talk about.

Abruptly late Monday night, the sources said, the administration announced to Congress that it wanted to exercise special parole authority to admit as many as 170,000 Vietnamese to the United States.

After a secret briefing Tuesday by CIA, State Department, Pentagen and Justice Department officials, the Senate Judiciary Committee agreed to endure the administration request, which sources said was "presented to us, not in consultation, but as a fast accompli."

At the briefing, federal Immigration Comr. Leonard Chapman reportedly declared, "We have to do something before these people are beheaded."

So far, according to Brown, 12.000 Viernamese have been evacuated to Guain and the Philippines, of whom the "great majority" are relatives of Americans and resident allens.

Brown said that there is sufficient airlift canacity to bringout S.CO or more persons a day, but that the U.S. Embassy. In Saigon is processing only S.CO a day, Brown said embassy personnel were having a "Godawful problem" processing that many daily.

It is possible that a still unreported number of Vietnamese, perhaps in the thousands, is leaving Saigon by sea. There were six og seven U.S. Navy contract freighters in Saigon harbor Monday morning. By Tuesday the number was five, by Wednesday morning four and by nightfall Wednesday reportedly down to three. Pentagon officials will not discuss whether refugees are aboard the departing ships. It takes five to seven hours to sail down the river from Saigon to the sea, and muchof that passage is vulnerable to North Vietnamese action.

Brown said, State Department officials have enlisted private charity organizations to help establish temporary settlement centers throughout the United States so "no one part of the country will be inundated with refugees." The U.S. officials also were contacting international refugee groups and Individual Countries, urging them to join the effort to find new homes for the refugees, Brown said.

Castro Death Plot Linked to 62 Crisis

By George Lardner Jr. Washington Post mail Wester

A ence high ranking Defense Department official said yesterday that he drafted contingency plans for dealing with the 1962 Cuban missile crisis that "may" have included Fidel Castro's assassination.

The former official, Maj. Gen., Edward G. Lanzdale (USAF-retired), hinted atroughy, but refused to confirm, that the orders to draw up the plans came from the late Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy.

An expert in counterinsuegency tactics with long experience in South Vietnam and the Philippines, Lausdale said he was told to do "some planning for the President's consideration" about how to deal with Castro in light of reports that Sovietmade nuclear missiles were about to be installed in

He said it was quite possible that the assasination of Castro was among the options he listed in a subsequent memo, but he said he no longer had a copy of the memo and thus could not definitely recall whether he included that in his sugges-

Lansdale Insisted, however, that 'neither President



EDWARD G. LANSDALE ... hints RFK role

Kennedy or any other Kennedy ever gave me any others to plan the assassination of Castro."

"All I was doing was to it!" try to respond and come up [6]

See CASTRO, A1, Col. 7

Death Plot Tied to Crisis

CASTRO, From A1

with what was practical and what wasn't," he said in a belephone interview. Who knows' I might have listed all sorts of possibilities and that (Castro's assassination) night have been one of them."

-Castro has said that repeated attempts were made on his life and the lives of other high-ranking Cuban officials—some of them engineered by the Central Intelligence Agency—after he became premier in 1939.

prestigations of the CIA now under way have also compiled mounting evidence that both President John F. Kennedy and his brother, Robert, who were later cut down by assassins, were well aware of proposals to kill the Cuban leader.

High-ranking officials of the Eisenhower administration are also believed to have been involved in earher assassination schemes.

A source close to the Blockefeller commission, which is investigating ClA which is investigating ClA wholations of domestic law, said yesterday that there were not only repeated high-level discussions of Castro's assassination during the Essenbower and Kennedy administrations, "but there's aim evidence of overt acts—overt, covert acts, I guess you'd call them"—to kill the Cuban premier.

One of the schemes, ac-

road of to other informed sources involved the CIV's rectual to of Mafra figures. San scarcian who had pre-Castro interests in Cuba, and John's Roselli, Granciana's West Cost limited and of the Eisenhower administration.

Although he was apparently not aware of any plot against Castro, the late J. Edgar Hoover, then director of the FBL alerted Robert Kornedy in May, 1961, that the CIA was involved in backstage dealings with the Mafia.

A warning memo from Hoover, sources said, was apparently prompted by the FBU's discovery in the fall of 1960 of the CLA sponsored surveillance of comedian Dan Rowan, a rival with Giancana at the time for the affections of singer Phyllis McGuire.

Robert Kennedy reportedly responded to the active Hoover memo by ordering that it be "followed up vigorously." The Attency General was eventually briefed by top CIA officials, apparently in 1962, on what Giancana and Roselli had done for the agency.

The Attorney General's only response, one source said, was to tell the CIA representatives, "next time you deat with the Malia come to me first."

Lansdale was said to have drafted his plans later, after

an Aug. 10, 1982, meeting of a special group at which Castro's assassination was discussed but dismissed.

According to the Associated Press, the meeting was attended by then-Secretary of Defense Robert E. Mc. Namara; Dean Rusk, then-Secretary of State, John A. McCone, then CIA director, and McGoorge Bundy, President Kennedy's adviser on national security affacts Robert Kennedy, the tith member of the special group, was reportedly abaent.

Listed as a top assistant to McNamara at the time, Lansdale was told after the meeting to come up with proposals, as he put it, about what to do with a leader who had threatened the lives of millions of Americans by placing missiles aimed at this country."

Responding to questions, Lansdale said the orders came not from McNamara but from "someone much more intimate" with the President.

Asked whether it was liobert -Kennedy, he said, "All the signs point to that, don't they?" He declined, however, to be more precise.

"I don't want to get into a sort of smearing thing right now for any individuals or any political partisans," Lansdale said.

He said he might have listed Castro's assassination as a possibility, especially "if I saw a lot of American lives at stake and casualties that could run into the millions." But he said he was positive that "I never had any part in planning any details.

Similarly, Lansdate said he did not recall to whom he sent his memo, nor did he know whether President Kennddy ever saw it. Lans dale direct, however, that he doubtless dispatched a secopy to the efficial who told him to draw up the plans.

The Cuban missite crisis ended on Oct. 23, 1962, when Soriet. Premier Nikita Khrushchev announced that he had ordered a stop to work on the Cuban bases and was having the missites crated and returned to the Soviet Union.

Lansdale said that none of his suggestions "came to any fruition." At the same time, other accounts suggest that the idea of Castro's assimation was not at all new to the White House.

Watergate burglar E. Howard Hunt Jr., a former CLA officer, has said he proposed it in the spring of 1960, during the early planning for the Bay of 19gs invasion.

A former Defense Department intelligence officer, L. Fletcher Prouty, has said the CIA dispatched a two-man assassination team to Cuba even earlier than that, also while Eisenhower was President.

According to journalist Tad Szulc, then with The New York Times, President Kennedy raised the thought with him during a private conversation in November, 1961. Szulc said he told him it was a bad idea and quoted Kennedy as responding. Tim glad you feel that way because suggestions to that effect keep coming to me, and I believe very strongly that the United States should not be a party to political assassination."

The Rockefeller Commission is expected to deal with the controversy in its forthcoming report to President Ford

C.L.A. PLOT TO KILL CASTRO DESCRIBED

Agrany Flew 2 Assassins to

Cuba, Ex-Colonel Says

WayHington, April 27, (AP)

The Central Intelligence medial with the story, Colonel Prouty and the had become income in singular team into Cuba in a time with a labor directed his force colonel and Turney' in the weehal abuse directed his force colonel and Turney' in the weehal abuse directed his force colonel and Turney' in the means a last. The colonel, L. Fletcher hours of questioning by the Prouty, said that in "late 1959 pockefeller commission, deor early 1960," while he was nounced the newsman and reserving in the Defense Departifiered to him as "Killer ments Office of Special Operas Schorts" for reporting that the tions, he handled a C.LA. respectively countered to him as "Killer ments of office of Special Operas Schorts" for reporting that the tions, he handled a C.LA. respectively compared to him as "Killer ments of fire a small, specially people." Schort has reported on a small, specially people." Schort has reported on a small specially people." Schort has reported on a number of occasions that exiles on a road near Happender Ford is concerned that an unlimited investigation of C.I.A. activities could unsight a high-powered interest and content in telephone interview.

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Pomb Blasts Home Of a C.I.A. Official In a Denver Subarb

DENVER, April 20 (UPD-A pipe bomb explosion outside the suburban home of a Central Intelligence Agency official may have been caused by radicals inspired by the bombing of a bank hours earlier, or may have been the work of a "crackpot", the police said today.

The bomb exploded in front of the home of James Sommerville a C.I.A. regional director, 30 minutes before midnight Monday, shattering windows and shredding portions of the

and shredding portions of the'
roof on the one-story brick
house in South Denver. Windows in a house next door
were also broken.

Bricks were blown from the
front wall and a sprinkler system inside the house were damaged, but, neither Mr. Sommerville's wife. Allane, nor
their 14-year-old son, asleep
at the time of the blast, were
hurt.

Mrs. Sommerville, who said that her husband was in Texas, added: "I know people are connecting this with his job but there's no real proof. I really can't say what happened. I was asleep at the time. The explesion woke me up."

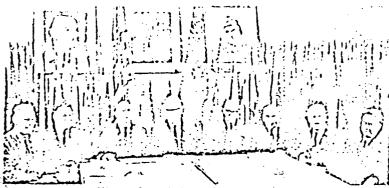
A homb squad detective, Fred Stevenson, said that the blast did not appear related to the explosion of a satchel of dynamite at the American National Bank in Denver 12 hours ear-Mrs. Sommerville, who said

explosion of a satchel of dyna-mite at the American National Bank in Denver 12 hours ear-lier, Six employes received min-or injuries in that explosion. But he said that the pipe bomb, pushed against the foundation of the Sommeralle home, might have been planted by radicals who got the idea from the bank explosion.

"You get one bombling an there immediately follows a rash of other," he said. "What with all the publicity in the papers about the C.I.A., it could have been a radical group. Who can say?"

The police said that they were checking with other cities in which terrorists have set off explosions to see if there was a pattern to the bombings.

was a pattern to the combings.



Warren Commission, 1964. Rep. Gerald Ford [R-Mich.] on left.

MENNEDY SHOOTING STILL HAUNTS RULING CIRCLES

By JOSE TORRES

In the wake of the Watergate and CIA exposures, another "skeleton" in the ruling class' "closet" is being exposed to the light of day.

These exposures, together with the current crisis of imperialism, have undermined the government's credibility to

such an extent that the American people no longer take anything for granted. The most leaders of the people's movements—recent victim of the credibility gap is the Malcolm X. Fred Hampton, and Martin the assassination of Fresident John F. Conference on the "Politics of Conspiracy" Kennedy in Dallas almost 12 years ago.

According to a recent Gallup Poll, a conference brought together ever 1500 majority of Americans no longer believe the people from every section of the country and Warren Commission's report which was sponsored by the Cambridge, concluded that Lee Harvey Oswald was the sole assassin.

Bureau (AIB). Though generally united on

The disbelief, combined with charges that the CIA was responsible for the difference in views between these who put assassination, has even led the Rockefeller forward a conspiracy theory of history and Commission on the CIA to take up the question of the agency's role in the assassination.

Political activist Dick Gregory, who says he has evidence linking the CIA to Kennedy's death, has testified before the commission headed by Vice President Rockefeller.

Gregory claims that E. Howard Hunt' was caught by Dallas police at the site of the assassination minutes after it happened. Hunt, convicted two years ago in connection with the Watergate bugging, was a CIA agent at the time Kennedy was killed.

Gregory's case rests on a photograph published last year in underground newspapers which allegedly shows Hunt and Frank A. Sturgis, also convicted in connection with Waterquie and believed to have been a CIA employe, being led away by Dallas policemen from a grassy knoll across the street from the Texas school book depository. Oswald ailegedly shot the president from the depository, as the presidential motorcade had pussed by. Many

who challenge the Warren Commission account contend that the facel social were actually fired from the grasss know arrain somewhat to the side and sa force of the approaching presidential more coade.

Film footage taken by an amateur photographer of the assassization, and shown recently over named television, shows the president's head persong back violently, suggesting that at least one shot came from in front of the metercade, not behind.

Many different pieces of "evidence" have been put together by individuals over the years. The latest "proof" is based on analysis of tape recordings of Oswald's voice by a new device, used to a certain extent by some law enforcement agencies, that can determine the truth or faischood or a person's statements much lake a polygraph (lie detector). Oswald's statements to television and radio reporters after he was in custody of police that he was not responsible for the Kennedy assassination were analyzed and the results showed that he was telling the truth.

The assassinations of not only John Kennedy but also Robert Kennedy and leaders of the people's movements. Malcolm X, Fred Hampton, and Martin Luther King—was the subject of a conference on the "Politics of Conspiracy" held in Boston early this year. The conference brought together over 1500 people from every section of the country and was sponsored by the Cambridge, Mass.-based Assassinations Investigations Bureau (AIB). Though generally united on purpose, the conference reflected a difference in views between these who put forward a conspiracy theory of history and those with an anti-imperialist perspective.

Schweiker, Hart Ask JFK Probe Review

By Normal Sempster

The state of the s es a Clibert of demostro The window may have week a role in the assassing Second of President John P.

The Warren Commission

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Sen Ruberd S. Schweis. er. R.Pa. said the commis-Son seems to have given less credence than new as 180

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SCHWEIKER AND Sen Gary Hart, D.Colo, are consultable as subsommattee of the Senate Intelligence sooms warranted to the Committee to prope the

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Schweiker sach in a recent interview that Sellis interested in evidence that J. A. Mildeer, an only of of the the militant right word National States Rights party, told an FBI informer. possibility that there may adequacy of the FBI and two weeks before the assaswould be know with a process of meeted in the representation upper floor at a talk to 1 104

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Roy Franthouser, an acknowledged informant for the Treasury Department's Alcohol, Tolucco and Firearms Division, was a national organizer for the States Rights party in the 1960s. He said in a telephone interview last week that plots to kill Kennedy were being hatched at a rate of three or four a week" within the party.

The party frequently used extremely violent larguage in its newspaper, the Thunderbolt. There is some evidence that party members may have been involved in some anti-civil rights bombings in the South during the 1900s.

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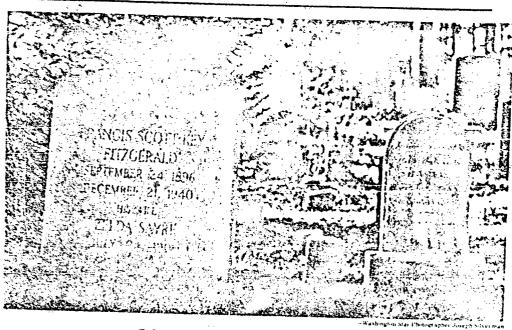
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See JEK A-22



F. Scott Fitzgerald's grave site in Rockville, Md.

F. Scott Fitzgerald to Get His Wish

remains of F. Scott terald and his wife. i, will be moved next h to a Roman Catholic tery in Rockville that tars ago rejected the us author as unsuitor burial there.

egerald, author of Great Gaisby, fer is the Night, and Side of Paradise, rends he wanted to be ! in St. Mary's Cemewhere his Rockvillelather was buried in

But when the author died in 1940 at the age of 44, his request was denied by the Catholic Church on grounds that he was not a practicing Catholic and that his books were not the kind of reading material that found favor with church officials.

The author's body was buried instead in an inconspicuous grave in the Rockville Cemetery, also known as the old Union Cemetery, across the road from St.

ZELDA FITZGERALD, weather,

who died in a North Carolina sanitarium, was buried next to her husband in 1948.

For 35 years the grave has been a shrine for students of literature, Fitzgerald admirers, old romantics and young lovers.

People still place flowers and deliver cards and occasional wedding announcements to the gravesite, now shrouded by pines and oaks. Lettering on the square headstone has been worn down by the

ckefeller Asks U.S. Move ter N.Y.C. Reduces Debt

even R. Weisman ark Tombo News Service

YORK - Vice at Neison A. Rockeist might called for Sea Yes Cov Ayer Abraham ... and the new State Ny Financial Con-

ance to New York City, the White House spokesman said: "I'll let you be the House spokesman judge of that '

RGCKEFELLER also did not say how much of the sold maken deficit

politically unpopufar divisions, to restore the tidy to focus soundness.

ROCKEFELLER'S

speech marked the first time that any high federal official has taken note of the state's and the city's efforces is far as leading to

Speaking of the present gravesite, Frances Fitzgerald Lanahan Smith, Fitzgerald's daughter, said in a letter to Rockville officials:

"For 35 years the grave has remained uncared for and hopelessly unaccessible to the interested public.

WE HAVE ARRANGED to more the remains from the old Union Cemetery to family plot in St.

According to a priest at St. Mary's Church, Mrs. Smith received permission for the move from the Catholic Archdiocese of Washington.

Msgr. John Donahue, chancellor of the archdiocese, granted the request because, according to a spokesman, "other mem-bers of the family were already interred at the 1St Marv's) site."

Mrs. Smith, a Washington resident, could not be reached for comment. She will be hostess at a lunch-con. Nov. 7 following a graveside service to mark the moving of the Fitzgeralds' remains

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peatedly that the weakest part of the Warren Comsaid his investigation will to kill the President. He has view regionality of the Oswald faiture to provide maxion's brial report is its attempt to file that wood. Schweiker has said re-A CUA

s and promoted the state of the

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insufficient support for the Bay of Pigs invusion. And the Coleman-Slawson the Coleman-Slawson niemo adds another possi-ble motive — hope to drum were angered at Kennedy for what they considered up support for a new inva-ANTI-CASTRO Creans

tion for example, is a mo-tive which must be thoroughly considered in Cubans, Coleman and Slawdealing with Castro As for considered pro-Castro

known to be agency-hacked attempts to skill. Castin. its stall about what are seen the Warren Commission or tion for the Ray of Piga co-Presentable C femore and subsection the commission with infermurder Castro was an mation about the plots to Schweiker has said the failthat has bee Cly and any and

in-portant oranginon pro-Castro conspirary right-wing consection. throughly investigated by seems to have been more than evidence of a possible withing of a post-ble Warren Commission

theory short shrift. possible involvement by domestic right wing groups because be said it apprairs said he was interested in a that the FBI gave such a SCHWEIKER invisted be explored. But he all prossible Theories.

carried a long account of a tape-recorded conversation In 1967 the Marni News

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the senator said may be peared at the time. more significant than it aprecorded comments which another of the informant's

guards. Don't worry about that. said. "He (Kennedy) will have a thousand body-

him," Million replied. he has, the easier it is to get "The more bodypards

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if there was a conspiracy, the conspirators might icemen would be spicuous. 553

SCHWEIKER pointed to Sander, October 12, 1975

pulice informant

Servicmen were there.

the conspirators might have used forged Secret Service credentials, in such a situation, the more real bodyauards, the better, be-cause the fake Secret Serv-Schweiker theorized that |

The Washington Size

A.2.3

14 More Die in Argentine Guenilla Fighting

many wounded the army said yesterday. The fresh lightness in the pasylogorard injurities. second time in a week, brained at least 14 dead and revoluted aries to distill in the among pressure but the BUILDING ASPES -- The army clashed with Macount

of Turuman, 35 miles northwest of fiveness Arres, on friday night killed 35 gerenities of the filter extremely pless Revolutionary Arrey med in a narreseast, filter deaths raised to at least the the number of cases. alnes in army guerrilla climber around the country in sessen days.

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Schweiker, Hart Ask JFK Probe Review

By Norman Kempster

South investigators inмі по весхавіння вагецінь ritial evidence that antierro Cubans or domestic the wingers may have aved a role in the assassittion of President John F.

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CIA investigation of the

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See JFK. A-29

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notive on this course be the i that after the was killed Osbe caught or at entity ascertain-enforcement aund the public in blame the nen the Castro and the call reful overthrow irresistible. A of Pigs Invabegia, this time end successful-

going is probiy a wild but the facts hady know are certainly sufficient to wartant additional investigation, the memo-concluded,

The anti-Castro section takes up just five pages in the Coleman-Slawson memo. Most of the rest of what amounts to a lenal brief on the possibility of a foreign involvement in the assassination analyzes Oswald's relations with the Soviet Union.

IT CONCLUDES that although some details of Oxwald's two way defection to the Soviet Union are suspicious, the evidence supports the conclusion that the Soviets were not involved.

Oswald would not be very good agent material. Coleman and Slawson said, hecause his open pro-Communist sympathies would guarantee that he would be closely watched. Besides, they said, the Russians would have little motive to kill Kennedy because they were sophisticated enough to know that the replacement of Kennedy by Lyndon B. Johnson "would not result in any samificant change in American fereign policy towards the Soviet Union."

Schweiker has said repeatedly that the weakest part of the Warren Commission's final resert is its failure to prosest 4 convincing motive are oswald to kill the President Will said his investigation will attempt to fill that yead.

Both pro-Castro and anti-Castro Cubars would seem to have a metive.

ANTI-CASTRO Cubans were angered at Rennedy for what they considered insufficient support for the Bay of Pigs invasion. And the Coleman Slawson memo adds another possible motive — hope to drum up support for a pew invasion.

As for pro-Castro Cubans, Coleman and Slaw-son said, "Simple retaliation, for example, is a motive which mast be thoroughly considered in dealing with Castro."

Presumably, Coleman and Slawson meant retaliation for the Bay of Pigs because the CIA did not tell the Warren Commission or its staff about what are now known to be agency-backed attempts to kill Castro. Schweiker has said the failure of the CIA to provide the commission with information about the piots to murder Castro was an important omission.

Evidence of a possible pro-Castro conspiracy seems to have been more throughly investigated by the Warren Commission than evidence of a possible right-wing connection.

SCHWEIKER insisted that all possible theories will be explared. But he said he was interested in a possible involvement by domestic right wing groups because he said it appears that the FBI gave such a theory short shrift.

In 1967 the Miami News carried a long account of a tupe-recorded conversation between a police informant and an organizer for the States Rights party who had predicted Kennedy's assassination.

The Miami News account did not name the party member, but Schweiker said he has proof that the man was Milteer. The conversation related in the newspaper seems to be the same one summarized in the FBI reports on Milteer.

According to the account, Milteer said Kennedy would be shot with a rifle smuggled in pieces to the top of a high building. Milteer also was quoted as predicting, "They will pick up somebody within hours afterwards... just to throw the public off,"

Oswald was arrested shortly after the killing. He insisted he had killed no one but was being used as a "patsy." The Warren Commission discounted Oswald's contention as the usual self-serving remark of a man charged with a serious crime.

SCHWEIKER pointed another of the informant reserved comments whithe senator said may it more significant than it a peared at the time.

The police informasaid, 'He (Kennedy) w have a thousand bod guards, Don't worry abothat."

"The more bodyguard he has, the easier it is to go him," Milteer replied.

The Warren Commission received evidence that several policemen were shown Secret Service credentials in the vicinity () the assassination scene at a time when no real Secret Servicemen were there.

Schweiker theorized that if there was a conspiracy the conspirators might have used forged Secret Service credentials. In such a situation, the more real soldyguards, the better, because the fake Secret Servicemen would be less, conspicuous.

Unawkag cynicism

the JEK

By SMITH HEMPSTONE

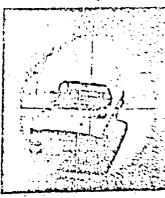
WASHINGTON - One of the consequences of the Watergate disaster, the the fall of Vietnam, clearly is going to be a reopening of the investigation of the assassination of President Keaneds.

This is less a matter of the availabil-Ity of new evidence than the simple fact that, after Watergate, even reasonably normal people are no longer prepared to believe what their government or its creatures - in this case, the Warren Commission - tell them.

Each of us can remember where we were on that fateful morning of Nov. 22, 1963.

And while there have been king-killers ever since there have been kings, the enormity of the crime of registee - the killing of the man who personifles the state - still fills us with ane and horror.

Something deep inside us makes it difficult for us to accept the Warren Commission's finding that the assassin



acted alone, Why?

killer, that he acted alone and that he was in no one's pay. Very little, for instance, has been done to establish a motive.

But it is equally true that there are similar and in most cases greater flaws, gaps and unanswered questions in all the other mutually contradictory hypotheses: one of several killers in the pay of the CIA, the FBI. Big Oil, the family of Ngo Dinh Diem, the Mafia or the KGB.

- There have been nearly 30 books written on the subject of the Kennedy assassination. Many of them seem plausible if you are prepared to substitute theory for fact, supposition for ev-

Idence.
The Warren Commission, upon which President Ford served, almost certainly was well-intentioned, clearly was unwieldly and probably, in an elfor: to lay a national tragedy to rest. acted too hastily. Despite the capemous difficulties in establishing the truth, particularly after Oswald's own murder at the hand of Jack Ruby, the commission completed its bulky, disceganized 25-volume report within 19 menths.



And especially in the light of the was Lee Harvey Oswald and that he Watergate cover-up (which it, of acted alone, Why? It is true that there are flaws, gaps rea Commission, out of a humane conand unanswered (and perhaps unan secretion for the sensibilities of the swerable) questions that arise out of Newcey family, committed a terrible the supposition that Oawald was the trees in allowing evidence derived from the autopsy to be sequestered.

This combined with some of the admitteely blearre aspects of Oswald's history - his sofourn in the Soviet Unice his alleged visits to Cuba, the fact of an FBI agent's name appearing in the notebook his was carrying when arrested in Dallas - only served to trigger the various conspiracy theo-

There is no real reason to believe that a new investigation will bring us any closer to the truth about what happened and why on that and and brilliant day in Dallas a dozen years ago. But the grawing cynicism about govcontrent pred of Watergute makes it important that the case be reopened.

Rea. Henry Gonzalez of Texas, who is asking for just that, ought to have his way, even if In the end we know very little more than we do at present.

More Trouble is Coming

It was with landable and honorable intentions that President Ford declared the wars at Indochina over for the United States. Responsible statesman ship motivated him to ask his countrymen to be doce with the scapegoating, the recriminations over a lost war, and get about the business of restering this nation's pride to that lofty level which existed before we got sucked into the Indochina tragedy.

Forhaps the President can convince his Republican colleagues to forget he has, blamed the Democrat-controlled Congress for pulling the purse strings so tight that the ultimate U.S. abandonment of Indochuna was wrapped in humiliation.

Perhaps, with his plea that we "bind the nation's wounds," Ford can stop Democrats and other war critics from arguing that the 1970 Nixon-Kissinger policies of invading Cambodia and supporting the corrupt Lon Nol regime which overthrew Prince Sihanouk made a debacle in Cambodia inevitable.

Perhaps — and this is most doubtful — the President can persuade Americans to stop asking, "Why didn't we have North Vietnam?" "Why didn't we bomb the dikes and wipe out Haiphong harbor?" "Why did we persist in fighting a no-win war?" But there is no perhaps when it comes to the business of "restoring U.S. pride."

The truth is that while the war in Southeast Asia ended months ago for the "grunts"—the U.S. ground troops who sloshed through the paddies and jungles—and is now ending for U.S. airmen, military and civilian advisers and perhaps even for the CIA, the war is far from over when it comes to U.S. pride.

Thailand, which stuck with the United States to the point of ultimate peril, now

hance reload, twisting slowly in the covolutionary wiel. Only God knows have many those or leafly of tone of bombs were dropped on North Vietnam by U.S. planes Rown from Tauland. That fact alone is contral to current opeculation as to whether Hanoi will be satisfied with the congress of all of Indochina, or whother langer, revenge, ideological real require the fomenting of a successful resolution in Thuiland.

When President Ford says that the war is over in Indochina in so far as the U.S. is concerned, is he saying that we also wash our hands of involvement in any future violent upheavals inside Thailand — or South Korea or the Philippines?

Even Americans who never endorsed the domino theory" must understand that we could hardly restore U.S. pride by ignoring completely assaults against countries that stuck with us through the toughest days of a losing venture.

Yet, no matter what troubles erupt tomorrow or five years from tomorrow in these countries, there would be millions of Americans screaming that Thailand is urterly corrupt, that South Korea has degenerated into a brutal dictatorship and that the Marcos regime in the Philippines qualities for both descriptions.

This society would find itself in a searing, divisive dilemma probably more emotional than the agonizing over Indochina. Is such a dilemma in the cards? Detente notwithstanding, I think it is. I just can't believe that the Communists won't move elsewhere to challenge the United States, to attempt to add insult to humiliation.

Relieve me, long before we can talk seriously about restoring U.S. pride, we shall have to decide whether and how to respond to any new challenges.

Glomar to Be Taxed

LOS ANAILLES — The Los Angeles county assessor rays held stap a tax assessment of more than \$1 million on the secret salvage alop Glamar Explorer which, as purported property of the federal government, has been tax exempt.

Accessor. The hip Watton said spectorally be believed the 618 foot ship — used to raise part of a sunker Soviet submarine off Hawaii Inst year — is the legal property of Howard Hughes' Siumma Corp. and at an assessed value of \$10 million should be taxable in the amount of \$1.21 million.

Watson said there is about \$250 million worth of sophisticated electronics equipment on the ship but suspects most of it is owned by the Central Intelligence Agency and is therefore tax exempt.

I-Iordanschlag auf einen CIA-Agenten in Banberg

Reuter, Ramberg
Auf einen 24jährigen Arenten der
amerikanischen Militariarumnatjolizet
(CIA) vurde am Freitar in Ramberg ein
Mindanuchlag verübt. Nach Angaben
der Polizet führ der Agent mit seinem
Dienstragen am frühen Merten durch
Euriberg, als plätigh eins einem überholenden Mervines oder EMW vier
Schute mit ich Auto aber zeben wurden. Der Agent Loft sich solori auf den
Boden soines Warens fallen und wurde
nicht verfetzt. Der Willem der Enter
entkam in unbekannter Richtung. Die
Polizet vermitet, daß die Tater aus
Rauschgiftnändlerkreisen stummen.

Hamburg, DIE WERT, 12/13 Apr 75, p3 11:17 11:

A Word for Warren Commission

It is time to say a word for the Warren Commission. Even those who believe that Oswald was the sole assassin of President Kennedy are beginning to grant that the Warren Commission did a bad job. They say we should "reopen the case," if for no other reason, just to resolve doubts caused by sloppy detective work. But most doubts are caused by two classes of men—those who have not really read what the Warren Commission said and those whose doubts would not be resolved by the Second Coming (which they would treat as a CIA plot).

The attacks on the Warren Commission come from three main directions:

1. Some think the commission was part of the plot itself. These people are at least consistent. If one could mobilize all the resources most conspiratorial theories demand, then controlling the commission should have been no problem at all. But this, like most such theories, proves too much. If one can "control" a chief justice, a future president, a bunch of prominent lawyers on the make, an attorney general who happens to be the assassinated man's brother, then one controls everything, and there is no longer any need to hide—i.e., to be a conspiracy.

i.e., to be a conspiracy.

2. Others think the CIA and/or the FBI bamboozled the commission—which is a rather touching exercise in credulity. Even if those agencies were efficient, they would have to tread carefully where so many other factions and rival interests were at play—and where the results were going to be published in 26 volumes. But, of course, the record of both the FBI and the CIA is enough to make any criticism of the commission look like praise. If the conspiracy depended on the FBI and the

CIA, then Haward Hunt's whole career ter's us what would have happened to it.

3. Others, by far the most numerous, think the commission just fumbled the job out of haste, incompetence or unconscious prejudices. Most of the evidence for this is the citing of "lends" that the commission did not track down. In fact, many of these were tracked down, or were patently take leads from the start.

A fair example is Mark Lane's use of testiment by Nancy Perrin Rich. He devoted a whole chapter of this book to this woman's bizarre tale. He neglected to tell the readers that the same woman appeared two other times, in two different places, to volunteer evidence to the commission. The investigators listened politely, though she told three totally different stories. At one of these appearances, deliberately omitted from Lane's chapter, she took (and flunked) a polygraph test.

Ovid Demaris and I, back in the *60s, took Lane's advice and followed up this woman's testimony. We found that she was an unstable woman, had been in and cut of psychiatric care and police stations, that she loved to "testify" about all her famous friends in mob trials and other celebrated crimes. We also found that Lane knew all this, that he told the woman's husband he would not be able to make anything of her testimony. But he made an entire tendentious chapter out of one third of that testimony.

Here is a simple rule of thumb for dealing with conspiratorialists: If they question the integrity of the Warren Commission yet quote Mark Lane with approval, they are intellectually very ill-equipped or intellectually dishonest.

3333333 Why Congress Should Recoen

By Roin at Branck asea

L. A Water & Costansside Mexica Cartago Reopen the Cost

At long last, one of the members of the Warren Commission is willing to stand up and say he thinks the time has come to reopen an official inquiry into the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

The man is Burt W. Griffin, now a judge on the state trial bench in Cleveland. Ohio. "The case ought to be reopened," he says, "It's still an important public issue, it's not at all clear to me how to approach it. But the public is concerned and it's all tied in with evcrything that's been happening in our

government for the past ten years." What's been happening is a trend toward "Big Brother government and the implicit threat this represents to the freedom of the people," says Senator Frank Church, who heads a congressional committee about to plunge into an investigation of the entire U.S. intelligence community.

Judge Griffin's forthright stand-the first time any member of the Warren Commission has dared suggest the commission didn't get all the answersshould come as no surprise to the majority of Americans who, as early as 1966, according to a Gallup poll, did not accept the conclusions the Warren Report: that Lee Harvey Oswald, neting alone, assassinated President Kennedy and that nightelish owner Jack Buby, acting alone, killed Oswald two Jays later in the Dallas police station.

And Judge Griffin's reasons for reopening the case should come as no surprise to longtime critics of the Warren Report. Says Judge Grillin: "I don't think some agencies were caudid with us. I never thought the Dallas police were telling us the entire truth. Neither was the FBL I wrote a memo in late August of 1964 to the director of the commission []. Lee Rankin], in which I laid out a whole series of evidentiary questions. We only got answers on two or three of them.

Judge Griffin didn't keep copies of his own memor and the original of that memo isn't where it ought to be in the National Archives in Washington, But

one of the evidentiary questions (in on than Oswald's on the packing cases in as reasonable bojor of a solution. sixth floor room of the Texas School. Rook Depository. After some delaye? the IsBI finally confessed to the commission that the other prints belonged to an FBI agent. "We accepted the answers we got," says Judge Griffin, "even though they were inadequate and didn't carry the battle any further. To do so, we'd have had to challenge the integrity of the FBI and the CIA. Back in 1904, that was something we didn't da."

Another staff lawyer on the Warren Commission confirmed Judge Gridin's view, if somewhat less courageously, Asked whether he got everything he wanted from the Fill, he panied for about 15 seconds and said, "Off the record?" Why would be want the obviously negative reply off the record? "Hecause of possible reprisals from the FBI," he said. "Though I'm worried about that less now than I was when Hoover was the director."

The informal testimony of Judge Griffin and his colleague confirms the findings of the independent critics of the Warren Commission.

These critics have dramatic new documentation which proves that the Warren Commission investigation was never the free and independent inquiry we'd been told; that the FBI concluded, too soon, there was no conspiracy and then in an effort to justify its early conclusions did a grudging reinvestigation whose only purpose was to prove its own premature conclusions,

The critics' most important piece of documentation: a longtime top secret transcript of an executive session of the Warren Commission on January 27th, 1984, which was declassified only last year (after a long and expensive Freedom of Information suit filed by Harold Weisberg). That transcript suggests the FBI and other intelligence agencies may possess significant information they withheld from the commission. The information may still be available in some agency's files or in the "OC" (official and confidential) files moved to J. Edgar Hoover's home at the time of his death in 1972.

corrong of the H.E. association care to wears, from all the color we come Land Control of the others from Sandanals No. Most of their Dr. Bowever, U. Ned. recalls had to do with fingerprints offer tooks and some of the questions had no

but Judge Grohy's comments and the documentation of the cotos help narrow the scope of any loquery and make it possible for a congressional committee to ask questions that have pursues a They can sudque na Dather perbecomen as well as key tiputes like Marida Oswakl, they can subject in the likes of U.S. intelligence agencies which were aware of Oswald long before November 22ml, 1964.

Peter Dale Scott, a Watren Commission critic who feaches English at the University of California at Berkeley, insists that abundant clues point to a conspiracy "demonstrable from the very procedures which it used to cover its traces" à la Watergate.

The time is right for reopening the case in another sense. The assassination seems to dominate the national subconscious. A majority, as polls show, have always had their doubts. Watergate, White House horrors and highlevel coverup have only deepened doubts about America's ugliest murder mystery. Recent news stories only serve to intensify them.

A 1960 memo from I. Edgar Hoover to the State Department surfaced in 1975. It is a warning from the director that someone posing as Lee Harvey Oswald in Russia might try to get Oswald's U.S. passport. In itself, the memo may not be significant: Oswald's mother had complained to the FBI that she'd sent a Sirth certificate to Oswald in Switzerland and he'd never received it. But, linked to other reports that "a second Oswald" left traces in New Ocleans, Miami, Dallay and Mexico Cuy in 1963 and that some (even members of the Warren Commission) speculated that Oswald may have worked with the FUI as an undercover agent, the means is a startling clie that Hoover and the FBI knew something about Oswald they

CONTINUE

the attribute or very C. Liberton, Physical Convey Conplantage of the second of J. D. or wer wert on a firm of the say comment of the 160 His very record to progress the memory Newscall stone that memoranees quies. tions. Relieft Kennighy's aides cooks to the continuing rum of that the CIA contracted with the American Malia to assamona Cubile promor, Putel Castroor It is an unsettling development, thockng to the American people, doubly Shorking to those in foreign countries who still have to deal with an American gevernment which may use assassination as a political tool. But as Tem Wicker pointed out in the New York Times: "The mentality that can order or condone murder for political purposes abroad need not be greatly by Representative Gonzalez or through warped to order or condone murdet for the Church committee in the Senatepelitical purposes at home, particularly

seady at hand." The doubts about the assassination of President Kennedy become partial the Secret Service were playing games an atmosphere that nortures the dreams of dramatists. In The Last Man at Aragreen, a best-selling novel by Joseph DiMona, the CIA plots President Kennedy's murder. In The Tears of Auturn, novelist Charles McCarry spins another theory: The Diem family planted President Kennedy's death in retaliation for the American assassinazing of President Ngo Dinh Diem.

when the instrument to carry it out is

Avery bad movie. Executive Action. assemble in documentary fashion to reseal how the real assussins killed President Kennedy; thousands flock to see it. In a better movie. The Parallax View, Warren Bentty plays a reporter who uniforers the plot by a major U.S. corperagion to kill U.S. leaders. At the movie's end, the plotters kill him, too. The doubts and the drama poison Arrestica with fear and a feeling of frustraced helplessness.

Confronted by this, many Wairen Commission members defend their work like so many Pontius Pilates: Quod scripti, scripsi, what I have written, I have written. Commissioner John J. McCloy, now a New York lawyer, says, "I never saw a case more completely proven." Staff lawyer Loon D. Hubert In now profesior of law at Tulane Uninemity, says, "We tried, man, we tried, Zach of us said. If I can break this tring wide open. I'm made," But none of us found it was anybody but Oswell." Staff lawver Wesley I. Liebeler, the director of policy planning for the Frieral Trade Commission, says! here's no question in my mind that the zunitusions of the Warren Commis-

Sangthr a Court School of Bearing to Contract the news the course that of Irla and Rob H. Buch manco mary in kill time of Konnedy, Martin Littler King on Life: To fact, they obed the Texas of collecte 12 of A week litter, sex converse, or one or enterior we a three On Freday, Line ary York's Upper East Side and endorsed of the top Invyers in Texas: Warroner the Gonzalez resolution. The represent! Care, attorney general; Robert Storey, tatives were: Bella Abzug, Herman Ba- dean emeritus of the Law school at dillo, Mario Biago, Elizabeth Holte | Southern Methodist University; Quillis man, Edward Koch and Benjamin, DA Henry Wade; Dallas assist in DA Rosenthal. Another Manhattan con-gressman, Charles Rangel, added his cial counsel for the Texas Court of Inendorsement a few days later.

The time is right. Congress-whether through the new committee proposed! Warren Commission). must investigate the JFK assassination.

It seems clear now that the FBI and other agencies including the CIA and with the Warren Commission. The agencies were behaving as if they had! something to hide. Just what they were hlding is open to official inquiry.

II. THE RECENTLY DISCOVERED TRANSCRIPT OF AN ENECUTIVE SESSION

Some Warren Commission critics believe they were hiding Lee Harvey Oswald's intelligence connections. As we Warren wants to go to the sources have learned in the past few months, of the story "to see if there is any subafter then attorney general Saxbe's stance to the claim." tevelations about the FBI's Cointelproand CIA director Colby's report to Warren. "If you went down there in the President Ford on the CIA, both agen- first instance to the FBI and got a statecies were embarked in the early Sixties' ment and when you start pursuing it on a massive domestic spy effort. It was you would look like you are impeacha big, expensive program that added to ing." ("Lapeaching" here means "at-, the size and power of the FIH and CIA! tacking the credibility of" the FBL)

The last thing the FBI or the CIA needed was public exposure of (and a Boggs. public reaction against) their programs Senator Russell says, "The best way --- by having a Lee Harvey Oswald tied to handle it would be to try to exhaust to them. Whatever Oswald's real role it at the other end before you go to was, no one in the U.S. government en- the FBL" gaged in spy-counterspy games wanted Allen Dulles says the FBI has already

concern about this possibility-a pos-consider the question closed.) sability pointed out to the commission. But John McCloy doesn't give the

There were an in the state of a property of the state of here to prove the company of the problem of the provided and the provided

attempted encountries of George Wall. By to W. America immediately for a appeared at a town meeting on New 21th, Watten and Rankin met with five quiry (whose projected investigation was preempted by the work of the

On the commission's next working day, Monday, January 27th, all of the commission members except Representative Gerald Ford showed up for an executive session. Soon after the meeting began. Rankin showed where! he stood: "We do have a dirty rumor! that is very bad for the commission, very damaging to the agencies that are involved in it and it must be wiped out insofar as it is possible to do so by this commission." The possibility that it might be true doesn't occur to Rankin. Or, if it does, then the whole question is one that is beyond him. Rankin. simply wants to get an official denial from the I-BL.

Senator Richard Russell agrees with

"This is my point," says Warren. "Exactly," says Representative Hala

to assume any responsibility for him. Issued a categorical denial of the The transcript of the commission's Oswald-a jent story in the New York executive session of January 27th, Times. (It is interesting that Dulles, a 1964, demonstrates the commission's former CIA director, is so ready to

by some of the top law enforcement of FBI's categorical denial much weight, ficials in Texas. These officials had and Senator Russell points out that the commission may be dealing with spooks, a notoriously lying breed. Says Russelli "If Oswald never had assascontinued See Sharthanas a troop said week in See Sharthanas a troop said Week sabad ben in the extended of the Week day news to See and the present or all the fill one of the dynamics of the property of the same deciments but the result of the work of the state of the

Caryer, say Delice

one exactly the sale of the se

Well, then, where can the common other way." ion go to establish the facts! Bullet his own chief?" ays they seem to have gotten themelves into a box. Someone suggests the ommission go to the atternes general. ommission go to the atterner general. Bogga may have thatwa up his hands tankin pays he doesn't nee how Africate. Whit you do in you... make not orney General Robert Kennedy can vas happening.

McCloy wants the reasons for that pelled out. His outrage at the reversal if power inside the Justice Department, forth and so cal which probably most varms the cold transcript: "Just why sould it be embarrassing for the attortey general of the United States to injuice of one of his agencies whether or Hoover's job to watch the Fair Play for lot this man who was alleged to have illed the president of the United States it in any way he could," says Dulles. vas an agent? Does the embarrassment But he doesn't believe the FBI did hire aperiede the importance of getting the Oswald. "He was not the kind of fellow test evidence in such a situation as his?

Senator John Sherman Cooper says hat for Bobby Kennedy to do so would mply that Bobby thought there was omething wrong in the bureau. Even io. McCloy says, "It still wouldn't divert me from asking, held an awkward Mair. But as you said the other day, ruth is our only client."

Boggs agrees and McCloy says, "I don't think we could recognize that any would Oswaid be responsible?). door is closed to us unless the president: McCloy counters, "Well, I can't say closes it to us." McCloy says he wants that I have run into a fellow comparable to get to the bottom of all this.

the impossible. "How," asks Dulles, and the FBL." "do you disprove a fellow was not your agent?"

Boggs wonders whether Duller, as scribes as "laughter." head of the CIA, had had agents with no records.

"The record might not be on paper," ays Dulles, "But on gazer [we] would have hierogly phies that only two people knew what they meant, and nobody outside of the agency would know and you could say this meant [one] agent and somebody else could say it meant another agent."

Bogis mentions the U-2 pilot! Franthe Gary Powers, Dulles says Powers had a signed contract with the CIA. Boggs says, "Letje-say Powers did not have a signed contract but he was recruited by someone in CIA. The man aho recruited him would know, kopidnji balij

"Yes," says Dulley "but he wouldn't

conservation of sale state of the conservation Report says, "The we abethefut this trees. He considered the same of the constant of the body it. Your agent we defend the body on the constant of the same exactly the same of the constant o

McClov save, "Worlda't ted it to

not. If he was a bod one, he wouldn't "

ome right out and ask Hower what say this numer can't be dissipated under time I would have known whether we any circumstances."

Dulles says, "I don't think it can, unless you believe Mr. Hoover, and so of the people will."

Furthermore, Hoover may have had Cuba Committee and try to penetrate that Hoover would hire . . . He was so stupid."

McCloy says, "I wouldn't put much confidence in the intelligence of all the agents I have run into. I have run into some awfully stupid agents."

Dulles says, "Not this irresponsible." (Irresponsible is a strange description of an assassia of a president. If Oswald was a tone nut, then "irresponsible" is simply the wrong word. To whom

McCloy counters, "Well, I can't say to Oswald but I have run into some Doller says McCloy may be asking very limited mentalities both in the CIA

> The commission's meeting room runibles with what the stenotypist de-

> Warren tries to sum up: "Agencies do employ undercover men who are of terrible character."

The man who immediately agrees commission who should know. Says Dulles, "Terribly bid characters."

could about this e--

wouldn't be in favor of going to any was involved they have decided-" agency and saying, 'We would like to Senator Russell interrupts, "They do this. I think we ought to know what have tried the case and reached a verwe are going to do and do it, sed take, diet on every aspect," our chances one way or the other. The most fair thing to do would be to try to

Control of the serious controls And the second of seas the mery Comments of the second second

The same of the same of the same

- Loca Texto borbor Boyes. Mr. Dulles." one africe when you headed up the Dollas sass. "He might or he might. Cl. V. the notion that you would know the ed billion intermers and people emploved by the agencies was fantastic. You con an't know about all of that."

"Net replay Dollar, "But by this ं अंग का कार्य कर्तर हैं।

McChly says, "You would know in this case who if there was anybody, who would have hired Oswald, who it ucuid be "

Dulles admies that he'd know what a reason to hire Oswald. "It is Mr. area to look in "Someone," he conerces, might have done it without authistip. The CIA has no charter to hire anybody for this kind of work in the United States, it has abroad, that is the distinction. But the CIA has no charter. I don't say it couldn't possibly have done it but it has no charter of authority to run this kind of agent in the United S:1555

Was the CIA involved with Oswald? There is reason to believe that the CIA performed its own unpublicized investigation on Oswald after the assausination. Yet there's little on the record of what the CIA told the Warren Commission.

This is serious business and McCloy lodges the first open complaint aboutthe situation: "I would think the time is almost eventue for us being as dependent as we are on FBI investigations, the time is almost overdue for us to have a better perspective of the FBI investigation than we now have."

Rankin takes part of the blame for that. He says that he and his staff need more time to study the FBI's supplemental report, given to them two weeks before. He says the supplemental with Warren is the one man on the report answered many of the commissword questions—but not all of them: "There are vast areas that are unun-Rankin is impatient with all this, sweeed at the present time," says Ran-"Would it be acceptable to go to Mr. And then he explains the trouble Hoover," says Rankin, "and tell him, he is having with the Fell, "Part of our about the saustion and that we would chiledit," he says, "is that they have like to go ahead and find out what we no problem. They have decided that it S Oxwald who committed the assassina-"Well, Lee," interrupts Warren, "I then they have decided that no one else

who kill also Terrory. That is the year the second who killed looking that United the track of references. kehwern, in a stihat "

Diffragreem condabryand that? Hardly. It is commission delait even give its staif a mandate to go beyond. the FBI on this question. For a moment, it seemed as if it night: Secutor Russell perry up the commission's dilemma. "It werns to me we have twoalternatives," says Russell, "One it we can just accept the FBI's report and go on and write the report based on their findings and supported by the raw materials they have given us, or else we can go and try to run down some of these collateral rumors that have just not been dealt with directly in this raw material that we have."

The members seem inclined to want to go beyond the FBI. But then McCloy points out that some "sheet" he has in front of him (judging from a prior reference, it is probably a copy of Harold; Feldman's probing article in the Na-: tion, "Oswald and the FBL," January names may well go down some day on tack on the FBI." Says McCloy, "We enough to get involved: Vincent Sal-27th, 1954) "is designed to be an atdon't want to be in the position of at-

tacking the FBL.

With this, the commission does a quick about-face. Forgetting their only client, truth, the commissioners agree that none of them wants to attack the FBI. They decide on a "marriage" of Sedator Russell's two alternatives: They end up rmolving to ask Hoover about the relationship between Oswald and the FBI end to perform their own independent investigation.

But the commission did very little independent investigation. Equating that with an attack on the FBI, the commission let the FBI investigate itself.

Rackin thought this was pretty controversial material. He confiscated the stenographers' notes of the January 22nd meeting-and they remain scaled to this day. Runkin specifically requested no stenotypist at all for the January 24th meeting with the Texas officials and filed an affidavit with Judge Gerhard Gesell's court in Washington in 1974 (when Harold Weisberg was ming or Georgetown on the touth analyering to see the transcript) saying he had instruction from the Warren Commission to keep the January 27th meeting under a top-secret classification. Weisberg sais there's nothing in any commission record to support Rankin.

111. THE SERIOUS CRITICS AND THEIR NEW EVIDENCE

Tanigh Rankin tried to hide the marid, same critics managed to die it I to They learned to find their way irrand the National Archives, they 2 ad the commission's working putitle compared drafts of the report's anapters and examined internal memos , miny the commission staffers and late tere Firthéen the com aission and

rando en esta de la companione de la compa experience to the street t ser west Carron and the market Company of the William Co. in the property of the propert versus the Watter Common on, will true n 1884) Howeshow how Howers de threated takemetter to the commision only when recessing, fried to differ the informant of conship out of existence, declined to answer substantive questions about the basis of the FBI's relationship to both Lee Harver Qualif and Jock Reby and presented flatly contradictory explanations to the Warran Commission without flinching. Hoch's highly documented and readable story shows how the commission, knew Hoover was hiding somethingand how the commission let him get 23/29 with it, "st considerable cost," concludes Hoch, "to the integrity of the investigation."

The best of the Warren Commission critics are as serious as Hoch and their ! an honor roll of those who cared andria, Harold Weisberg, Sylvia Meagher, Josiah Thompson, Edward Jay Epstein, David Lifton, Lillian Castellano, Fred Newcomb, Peny Adams, Ray Marcus, Marjorie Field, Shirley Martin, Mary Ferrell, Richard Popkin, Bill; Turner, Richard Sprague and the early Mark Lang.

Among the most important critics still hard at work and making new con-

tributions are:

· Bernard Fensterwald, a successful Washington D.C. lawyer, who out of his own well-haberdashered pocket, finances the activities of something he calls the Committee to Investigate Assassinations, a loose confederation of citizens whose worry about the assassination of two Kennedys and a King was once signalized by the flag they printed on their metered mailings; Willo Is KILLING OUR LEADERS? Fonstervald helped set up a special assassination archive at Georgetown University and was the chief honeho for a conference of IFK's assassination. With attorney James Leser, he is handling legal apgeals for James Earl Ray, having been ! brought into the Ray case by Harold in optics from New York City, has Weisberg, Though Fensterwald has avoided entangling his assassination compiracy theories with the Ray case, Weisberg says that was the strategy behind the move to get a new tolal for Ray, "If we walk Ray, then the government will have to find Dr. King's teal Lifters." This seems to be the committoe's basic thrust, to push the government to find the test killers-of IFK, MUK REK.

. Dr. Cyril H. Wecht, coroner of Attacher - County (Parishor that and disrestor of a tagethte of Porchag Schsignes in University, by the the order of the

State Angle + Andrew And the second of the second the following the second the Ar-Ches Sound to the potent XX a colors (XX to the first follow). or there were a constitute have entired the water is experient of the St ste photocof the soften. Hesether ters, even with not the rawing fraterials. Dr. Wecht coses has that the physical evidence which he has examined down't support the Waiten Commission's findings. "Male if in one person," he says, "was involved in the shooting of President Kennedy."

Weeht says he bases his conclusion on an analysis of the famous single bullet (Commission Exhibit 399) which the Warren Commission said was supposed to have entered the right tide of the president's back, coursed through the uppermost portions of the thorax and mediustinum and emerged ! just over the knot of the president's tie | -then entered the right side of Governor Connally's back (breaking his right fitth rib), emerged from his chest, shuttered a bone in his wrist and entefed his left thigh. After all this the bullet had only lost two grains from its original weight and, said Wecht, the upper two centimeters of the bullet. "show no grossly visible deformities, i areas of mutilation, loss of substance or any kind of significant scathing." There is one small piece that was removed from the bullet's jacket by an FBI agent "for spectrographic analysis" (which analysis might show that JFK and Connally were not hit by the same bullet).

Furthermore, says Weeht, there was something strange about the trajectory of that bullet from the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository. It was supposed to have been traveling downward and passing through JFK from right to left. It should, therefore, have missed Governor Connally completely. Under the Warren Commission's hypothesis the bullet may have made an acute angular turn in midair. Wecht believes a second assassin may have been firing at JFK from the rear, possibly even from the front, but he says he cannot know for sure entil he examines the materials that are missing.

· Robert Groden, a young expert magnified the central part of each frame of the Zapreder film and produced what he calls a refrained copy. The result is like a new film of the assassination, made through a zoom lens, with much of the figgle removed. Now, even more starkly than before, to the lay observer at least, it appears that the shot which took off the top of the president's head and splattered two traiting police motorcycles came from the front. The president's head clearly snaps back and to the left. Mrs.

is the first as part of the desired with the content of the terminal of the content of the first of the content of the first of the fir is here on. But from the from their mont butters, per cell section and has eas nothing. I suppose there must have a tarlography (a shide of the way have seyou know, you were texage to hold lextao on and his skull oal."

Groden, who reconstituted the Zaproder thin from a pirated copy belone. be to Time Inc., has bad his film show a ecently on scattered TV stations all wer the U.S. and Canada, According to Groden, his blowup shows not only that President Kennedy was killed by a shot from the front (and therefore, Lifton has served as a consultant to De. from a shot on or near the grassy knoll); it also shows the rifleman stand-j ing there on the grassy knoll holding, the rifle up in the air as the presidential car disappears through the railroad; underpass

Interestingly enough, when Groden showed this film at Bernard Fensterwald's home in November 1973, neither he nor anyone else made any mention of a rifleman on the knoll. Groden says it wasn't until January 1974 that he started scanning the last 18 frames of his Zapruder film and then began to see that what he thought was the wheel! well of the presidential Lincoln wasn't the wheel well at all, but the rifleman-"because the car was moving forward! and the 'wheel well' was moving backward."

David Lifton is an engineeringphysics graduate of Cornell and a dropout from graduate school at UCLA who ought to have three dectorates by now. in the disciplines he has picked up dur-! ing ten years of work on the assassina-1 tion: history, political science and historiography (a study of the way history) is written). In 1967 Lifton did a 30,000word analysis (with David Welsh) in Rampaers which argued that there were! three assassins firing in Ocaley Plaza on

November 22nd, 1963.

In 1968, shortly after most of the transcripts of the Warren Commission executive sessions were declassified, Life ton published them privately as Document Addendum to the Warren Report. Lifton has served as a consultant to Dr. Cyril Wecht and it was he who provided the producers of Executive Action with the documentary record which he started scanning the last 18 frames and, most notably, Lee Harvey Osof his Zupruder film and then began to see that what he thought was the wheel well of the presidential Lincoln wasn't the wheel well at all, but the ritleman-"because the car was moving forward and the 'wheel well' was moving backward."

A second of the stelliens as part that he warren is the expecuate which the Control mer today based than arybine broad in Rampurer which argued that the emeer three awaysons from the Dealey Perra on-November 22ad, 1963.

In 1968, shortly after most of the transcripts of the Warren Commission executive sessions were declassified, I if. ton published them privately as Pinument Addendum to the Warren Report. Cyril Wecht and it was he who provided the producers of Executive see. tion with the documentary record which supported that moste's attempt to prove how several assassination teams might have worked in Dallas. Lifton is a 35year-old bachelor whose Brentwood assassination.

Liston has a work in progress which challenges the authenticity of the evidence on which the Warren Commission based its major findings.

· George O'Toole, a former computer analyst for the CIA, has turned to a new technological tool as an important adjunct in his assassination research. The tool is something called a Payanological Stress Evaluator (PSE). a machine which a skilled operator can apply to anyone's recorded words and tell. by evaluating the stress patterns in the speech (seen on the machine's scanners as a series of mountains and valleyed, whether that person is telling the truth or lying.

The PSE presents advantages over the old polygraph exam (which is why eld-time polygraph examiners don't like it). A skilled PSE examiner can by the PSE game with remote subjects who don't even know they're particiants. All O'Toole needed in order to find out whether some of the actors in the IFK assassination scenario were talling the fruth was access to old taged interviews they'd given out years ago. O'Toole found some of these - radio and television interviews with officials like Dr. J.J. Humes, who performed an autopsy on President Kennedy, and members of the Warren Commission wall's hallway interviews in the Dallas titlice station. Where previously taped irrariews didn't exist (especially in the ause of certain witnesses in Dallus and marriags of the Dallas police), O'Toole gial ai the role of a journalist doing a trailiganisersary story on the assault nut. 2n, went down to Texas with a tape rearrder and got his own interviews.

Commence of the second section to er or details to the first term perfect was war, they are diffe sometimes and the section of en proportion of the sound of the List Keep by

And rest themay of all, that I es reen, but from the beek you could see. Is written? In 1957 I or in did a 305506. If they Oweld may tolling the truth about he said, to a nameless reporter in a Dallas police station who asked him separate he had shot the president, "I d'In't shoot anybody, no sir."

> IV. I OBOYING LOX THE Surroug of Congress

If Oswald didn't do it, who did? There are a lot of conspiracy theories. A congressional task force is needed to evaluate them all. If the agencies themselves, the Secret Service, the FBI, the CIA, Army and Navy intelligence, ara themselves an object of the investigation, then, quite obviously, we can't expect them (or anyone in the ranks of apartment has 22 filing drawers on the traditional law enforcement) to investigate themselves, or investigate anyone with old-buy ties to any part of the intelligence community.

And don't expect much from the Justice Department either. A group of Warren Commission critics, including Mary Ferrelt of Dallas and Bernard Fensterwald, recently presented the U.S. Attorney's office in Dallas with evidence they'd gathered which they hoped would help reopen the case before federal courts in Dallas. Their project failed. Assistant U.S. Attorney Kennoth Mighell said he saw nothing new in the evidence they gave him.

The only likely forum is a congressional committee, which is being pushed by Representative Gonzalezand you can expect no endorsing action, by enough members of Congress unless and until public opinion keeps building.

Who will build it? There are various citizen lobbies at work. There's one active group in Washington D.C. under the leadership of Mark Lane and Mar-20% Rankin (who is director of the Instatute for Policy Studies), an intelligent, liberal but une ceiting group which has decided to talk quietly with individual conpressorrsons.

Then there's something else in Cambridge, Massachusetts, called the Assassination Information Bureau. The "bureau" consisted of five young men when I visited them last November, Their headquarters were in the home of Carl Oglesby on Arnold Circle in Cambridge. Oglesby, gaunt, articulate, a sometime instructor at MIT, is a former president of Students for a Democratic Society. He's 38 now, but his four associates in the AIB, Bob Katz, Mi-

The contract of the confiner refresh to the control of the fet was a control of the control of ried of each. Hile is a continuous one day hawas Ved op a lette stide feeture and presented at to home sto from ex Boston. After this, he got more invitations, mostly from codene proups.

Katz and his formely wated learning all they could about the assassination of JFK and the Watter Commission's investigation and they were puzzled and exeited by what they heard. In the fall of 1973, after the Senate Watersate hearings, Kate, with the help of his buddies, went national with a slide lecture called "Who Killed JFK?"

"At first," says Dave Williams with disarming frankness, "A was just a gig. Just something to do. Maybe make a little money. Then we started getting more dates than one man could handle. We realized that the young people were hungry, and thirsty for the truth. They had a feeling they'd been conned about the assassination. We put three teams on the road." In 1973 and 1974, the Al3 hit more than 150 college campuses, from Maine to Hawaii. And the crowds kept getting bigger.

In the fall, after Nixon's demise and the succession of Gerald Ford, the kids crowded into the AIB lectures as never before. "You guys only charging \$750?" said the campus honchot in charge of booking fecturers, "You're getting bigger crowds than anyhody. You oughts charge more." The AIB

didn't charge more.

Said Oglesby: "We think it's up to us to politicize this question. We want to take the information to a wide audience.-We want the people at large to get so interested in answers that every presidential candidate in the '76 campaign will be forced to take a position on reopening the case. We want to make it a central issue of the cam-

בונים."

The AIB took a step toward that goal early in February by organizing a conference on the assassination. They assembled some of the nation's betterknown critics for three days of open meetings and discussions. The list of invitees was hardly a safe one; the AIB insited some whose work has already been discredited as a passel of lies and/ or paranoid fabrications, "It's all right," said Oclasby "Competition for the in it is good, because it forces everyone to make the best possible case."

Ogesby looks to the Sixties for his noted. Our movement is likely to express itself like the Antiwar Movement did - with teach-ins all over the cognity."

Dies Oglesby feel that veterans of alle Awiwar Movement might en beParty less and A. Cartana the $\chi_{\rm color of}/M_{\rm c} {\rm My}$, of constraints of the Two courses of the monthly the convergence of the street o was the week I was to the involved I tell them I want to ser involved because I believe there was a comp dictation that which has make acceded politics ever lace. Since then, we've had a fixtory of clandestine politics to the U.S. - and we're fighting that, too."

V. The Pains's Oanburton

Who will force the issue! It must begin with the press. Without pressure from the press, government officials do little, Attorney General Richard Kleindienst promised that the Justice Department would attack Watercate with "the most extensive, thorough and complete investigation since the assassination of President Kennedy." The Justice Department did that-and went no further up the line than Gordon Liddy. But the press didn't accept that official truth as the whole truth. The Washington Post went after the story and so (later) did the rest of the national press. Finally and almost reluctantly Congress acted.

Now, 11 years after the assassination of President Kennedy, the press must ing. Back in August 1966, an aide to press saw Garrison at work (and the the Kennedys who had served as a speechwriter for both President Kennedy and President Johnson, Richard N. Goodwin, called for a reopening of the case—and added that other friends of the Kennedys agreed with him.

By early 1967, both Life and the Saturday Evening Post did stories blasting many of the Warren Report's conclusions. Life used frames from the Zapruder film to make a case for a new official investigation. And the New York Times organized a task force of reporters under Harrison Salisbury "to go back over all the areas of doubt and . . . eliminate them."

But Salisbury and his team didn't eliminate the areas of doubt. In a recent interview, Salisbury said his task force got about halfway through the investigation when a standing request he had made for a visa to Hanoi came through at last. He put the JFK project on the shelf ("I was the only one who held all the strings;" he says, "and I didn't want to give the thing to anyone else") and flew off to Paris and Hanoi. Salisbury's dispatches from Ifanoi caused a fucor in Washington, and after he returned, he had to testify before congressional committees.

By April of 1967, Salisbury says, he and his team had simply "lost interest" in their IES project. "Nobody told us to stop," he says. 'We just felt that no-body cared."

Bridge Colors Colors F. Will CATE Company of the State Company of the St Stanford Contraction Office from all over the views to see which Gun sales "s high hanned out that page bey bay, much Sal Josep decoult remember that Gourson's activities were a lociocia hardeenen ta de pithe investigation. As head's a their won't even an overt decision to drop it. He just had other things in do.

Good Robers, how executive editor of the Philadelphia Inquirer, was a member of Salisbury's team. He says now, "We took all the critics' complaints and we did our own investigation and we couldn't find anything that really held up." Martin Waldron, still a reporter for the Times in Texas, was another member of the team. He says that he and others came up with "a lot of unanswered questions." He doesn't know why the Times didn't bother to pursue them. He says he's not even sure that the Times ever made much of a decision to start looking in the first place. "I'd be off on a good lead and then somebody'd call me off and send me out to California on another story or something. We never really detached anyone for this. We weren't really serious."

After reporters from the national menagerie of assassination freaks that seemed to hover around Garrison), the media in general began to have less and less time and space for assassination stories. Editors began to classify every conspiracy theorist as a nut. Suys the Washington Post's executive editor, Benjamin Bradlee, explaining why he has yet to put an investigative team on the IFK assassination story, "Ron Kessfor did a recent story knocking down the second gun theory in the Robert Kennedy assassination and nuts from both coests were all over me. Letters, telegrams, phone calls, personal visits. I've been up to my ass in lunatics." Bradlee's failure to commit the reportorial and financial resources of the Post (which also owns Newsweek) to any methodical investigation during the last dozen years is especially puzzling in view of the Post's courageous handling of Watergute and the intimate friendship Bradlee had with President Kennedy.

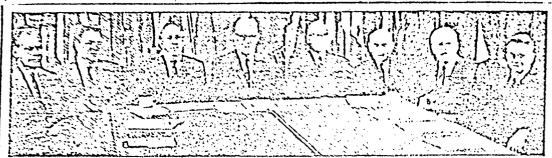
Editors, of course, sometimes catecorize movements by pinning pejorative labels on the most extreme elements in each movement. Warren Commission critics became "paranoid conspiracy freaks" and, by the time Martin Luther King and Robert Kennedy died at the hands of other assassins, the press was already committed to ignoring conspiracy talk. Quick denials of a conspiracy, in fact, became part of government protocol. The gov-

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By typich is that a creatly the kind of pouroalist e-commitment which is needed. A person resistance at full of men and we say who have devoted their lives to the police heat. Waterpale was a police sory which took you've timiold; the assessmation of John F. Kennedy is the highest police story of them all, it is takes decades to tell it, then decades must be devoted to its telling.

In the assassination of President Kennedy, the major goestion today is: Did the FBI and the CLA (or any other povernmental agency) withhold important information from the Warren Commission? It is a question the pression asknown and over agains—until the people have a credible answer.



Gerald Ford's Little White Lie

Classifying executive sessions of the Warren Commission meant little to one of the commission members, Representative Gerald Ford, who took the transcript of the January 27th meeting, blue-penciled all the parts of it that could have embarrassed anyone and used it as a basis for the first chapter of his book rhout Oward, Portrait of the Assassion. Then be field about it in his confirmation, hearings for vice-president before the Senate Judiciary Committee on November 5th, 1973:

The chieffort Now, Mr. Ford, it has been to out for us a member of the

Warren Commission, you voluntarily accepted the constraints which all the members of the commission accepted, providing that you would not publish or release any proceedings of the commission.

You did, however, in association with another, publish a book and provide material for a 'Life' interpretation of the contribution. Do you feel this was a violation of your agreement?

Mr. Ford. To my best recollection. Mr. Chairman, there was no such agreement, but even if there was, the book that I published in conjunction with a member of my staff... we wrote the book, but we did not use in that book any material other than the material that was in the 26 volumes of testimony and exhibits that were subsequently made public and sold to the public generally.

The National Archives declassified the top-weeter January 27th meeting seven months later, on June 12th, 1974, eight years after Ford used the transcript in his own book.

---R.B.K[™]

The Mystery Tramps in Disguise

Add Dick Greenes, the consertion term betts it to also plated accountains boils who see their stration; makes boils who see their stration; makes with a set of photos takes by the re-prose photographers at Dallas, November 22nd, 1981.

The photos show three men, short, medium, and tall, being led through Dealey Phica by two Dallas policanian in the Dallas County Sherill's Office. The cops released the men without, apparently, getting their names. "They were just trainpy," the policemen were supposed to have said, "and we let lem go."

For years, buffs looking for "the real killers of JFK" have been trying to identify the tramps, Richard Sprague, a computer scientist from New York and former board member of the Committee to Investigate Assassinations, has maintained that one of the tramps is a Minuteman from Washington D.C. named Fred Lee Crisman, Sprague dubbed the tramp of medium height "Frenchy" and it was Sprague who fed Ramparts and the New York Times the intelligence that "Frenchy" bore a starting resemblance to a widely circulated police sketch of a man wanted for the assassination of Martin Luther King in 1968.

In 1972, after years of trying to link up the tramp photos with, mainly, anti-Castro Cubans and some of their American compatriots, the buffs started scanning photos of the actors in the Watergate scenario. Could any of the Watergate crowd have been in Dallas? And if so... Eureka!, they said, the short guy was E. Howard Hunt and the tall one was Frank Stargis.

The short man does bear a resemblance to current photos of Hunt, to be sure, but the tramp photos were the forther will be flightly at 15 and the forther will be a the property for the forther property to have given by the angle of the move and charmon the shape of the move and charmon probabilities for the property for the shape of the move and charmon the fill temps a distribute freeze. The full temps a distribute for the fill temps in consecutive factors and the shape the temps. The fail temps seems to be at teast eight inches taller than the short one. Storgs seems to be no more than two or firce inches taller than flunt.

To the bulls wanting to believe, however, the photos were too good to drop. They "proved" a CIA complicity in the plot to kill Kennedy. Underground newspapers all over the country began to reprint the tramp photos, alongside those of Hunt and Sturgis, with the blatant assertions that the tramps were Hunt and Sturgis.

Two months ago, Rotting Stone had the tramp photos examined by the

the first of the angle of the care of the first of the care of the result of the first of the fi

All this seemed somewhat superfittous in light of Huat's angry denials to me that he was even in Dallas on November 22th, 1963, I found Hunt of the Hotel Sheraton Russell in New York in November. He told me where he was on November 22nd, 1963-in Washington, at a meeting of some CIA officials who could corroborate his presence there. Hunt said he'd given their names to the FBI, which grilled him rather recently about his whereabouts during most major political crimes of the last 50 years. Hunt added: "I'd like you to tell the world I've had these FBI interviews, so that your colleagues in the media would put some pressure on the FBI to reyeal the results of their investigations, Those investigations would help clear my name." Hunt promised he'd sue anyone worth suing who charged that he was in Dallas in November 1963 or part of a plot to kill JFK.

Hunt made similar disayowals on network TV and local TV shows during November 1974. Nevertheless, the tramp photos (with one of the tramps now labeled "Hunt") seem to have a life all their own, have become part of the collection of artifacts surrounding the IFK assassination mythology. Dick Gregory found the tramp photos circulating at the Assassination Information Bureau convention in early behruary, latched on to them (along with Robert Groden's Zapruder film blowup) and took tramp photos, Groden's blowup and Groden on the road.

Because Gregory is who he is, however, something of a folk hero who commands attention from the media, the Rocketeller Commission called Gregory to testify before it in Washington for a firsthand account of his charges. There Gregory stopped short of identifying the short tramp as Hunt but played the tole of "aggrieved citizen." It this isn't Hent, said Gregory, then the povernment has an obligation to tell cowho it is.

November 22nd, 1963; IA front of Texas School Book Depository.

Pobert Blair Kniser wrote "R.F.K., Most Die," after seven months of interviews with Sichan Sichan in the L.A., County Iall Kniser, formerly a foreign correspondent for Time magazine, is now a freehom being in California.

-R.B.K.



HARIANNE DEANS

Castro Had JFK Killed?

Former President Lyndon Johnson told me not long before he died that he believed Cuban Premier Fidel Castro was behind Lee Harvey Oswald's murder of President John Konnedy

John Kennedy.

Johnson, them a retired private citizen, swore me to secreey. But I break the confidence now because Johnson's opinion appears to debunk the current speculation that the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) might somenow have been lavolved in the Kennedy assassination.

The former president said that he firmly believed Oswald was acting alone in pulling the trigger. But Johnson also believed that Oswald did such an outrageous deed because he was under either the influence or the orders of Castro.

Although I asked for more information, Johnson did not explain the basis for his conviction. He only said that he understood Castro-wisned to have Kennedy killed because he believed that Kennedy had ordered the CIA to kill him. And Johnson declined, with a shake of his head, to tell me if that suspicion of Castro's had been an accurate one, or even if Johnson himself knew whether it was.

Johnson was convinced that the Warren Commission report was accurate, insolar as it went. But he obviously doubted that the full truth had come out.

The former president confided these thaughts to me in a long, rambling conversation during a private visit to his ranch about a year before he died. He was in a reflective mood, and enjoyed reliving vicaricusly the days of his presidency. (I had been assigned to cover the White House, during most of that period and had been in the White House motorcade in Dallas when Kennedy was killed.)

Johnson said he was disturbed by the periodic efforts of amateur sleuths to keep controversy over the assassination alive. "Some people even think I directed It," Johnson signed. "It is a lucky thing I was there in the motorcade and could have gotten it or."

For the past month, the White House Commission investigating the CIA has been looking into allegations that the agency was a party to the Kennedy assassination. The group, chaired by Vice President Reison Rockefeller, efficially announced last neek that it has been mable to find any evidence to support those allegations.

"Thus far we have not found any credible evidence that the CIA was involved as a party in the assassination," Commission Executive Director David Belin said.

The allegations were raised primarily by correction Dick Gregory, who contended that E. Howard Hunt, a former CIA agent, convicted two years ago of conspiring to carry out the Watergate bugging plot, was present at the scene of the assassination. Hunt devied thus in testimony before the commission and produced witnesses to the fact he was in Washington on the day Kennedy died.

nedy died.

The CIA, however, did have some knowledge of Oswald prior to the assassination, because he was an ex-Marin: who had lived for some time in the Soviet Union and was therefore a security suspect. CIA operatives in Mexico were also suppliedly aware of Oswald's movements there.

Two months before the assassination, Oswald appealed to the Cuban embassy in Mexico City for permission to visit that country. Thus there is established evidence that Oswald was at least interested in Cuba, if not under its influence.

During the period while he was trying to go to Cuba, Oswald might have been told by a Cuban activist that Kennedy intended to have Castro assassinated and in his own demented mind taken on the chore of killing Kennedy first. Or it is possible he was assigned the task by a Cuban official in return for some future reward.

Or it is possible that Oswald decided to kill Kennedy for no other reason than that he was nuts.

I do not know whether Johnson based his opinion about Castro on special intelligence he could not reveal, or simply on an experienced political hunch. In any case, the commission ought to find his views interesting. THE KREMUN:

Too Clever by Half

For a low years, he was the Kreinlan's sinister espinsalent of J. Eduar Hosiver a secret police chief whose nimble political for twork—and collection of doesn's en some of his high-ranking colleagues—kepf him at the top of the Soviet structure. But Afekvaudr Shelepin, 56, had lost his traich. Early this month, he made an ill-advised visit to London, where anti-Communist demonstrators hounded him and forced him to leave early. Back in Moscow, his opponents turned that embarrassiment to their own advantage, and last week Shelepin was dumped from the Soviet Union's ruling body, the Communist Party Politburo.

Officially, Shelepin's removal from the sixteen-member body came "in connection with his own request." In fact, he was muscled out after a long feud with Communist Party General Secretary Leonid Brezhnev. Shelepin had been the youngest serious contender for Brezhnev's Job, but he was a maverick who owed the Secretary little personal alleglance. At a day-long party plenum, Brezhnev used the London debacle to detente with the West. And although Shelepin retained, for the time being, his present post as head of Soviet trade unions, it seemed clear that his once-promising career was over.

In the end, Shelepin may have been too clever for his own good. After rocketing to prominence as head of Stalm's Komsonol, the Communist youth organization, Shelepin executed a well-timed switch of loyalties to Nikita Khrūshchev, who made him head of the KGB, the secret police. Khrūshchev eventually moved him out of the KGB, but Shelepin switched sides again and shouldered his way onto the Brezhnev-era Politburo. Although he invariably echoed the party line in public, Moscow insides described him as the first to criticize. Polyfailures that could be laid at some of the clavit door.

During Brezhnev's extended illness early this year, Shelepin once again maneuvered for the limelight and was suspected by some of initiating reports that the base's dro as a was a fatal case of cases. Sin half drop and analytism become as more caregle delete, and in February Western, diplamats, witnessed graphic exidence of blude pin's impopularly. At a kreadin reception for visiting Betish, Prime Munister Handle Wisen, She lopin tried to engage his colleagues in sinding chatter. They gave him the cold shoulder.

Jest: Shelepin's removal appeared to improve Brezhnev's chances of picking his own successor—although there was still no definite sign who that would be. The party plenum endorsed Brezhnev's accommodation with the West and set a firm date—Feb. 24, 1976—for the 25th congress of the Communist Party. "By that time," remarked one State Department expert, only partly in Jest, "Shelepin will most likely be a school principal someplace."

Nonetheless, the months ahead may still prove turbulent for the 68-year-old Brezhnev. Kremlin watchers noted that the party named no replacement for Shelepin or for a key party secretary transferred to new duties four months ago. A growing number of vacancies in other top party Jobs appeared to suggest that the Soviet hierarchy was biding its time on the succession issue. Rumors that Brezhnev was suffering from jaw cancer also continued to circulate. A British doctor who accompanied Wilson to Moscow had detected signs that Brezhnev's Jaw was undergoing radiation treatment. Last week, when he arrived late for a meeting with U.S. Treasury Secretary William Simon, the Soviet leader rubbed his chin and explained: "I'm sorry, but I've just come from the dentist." If Brezhnev's health is indeed declining, the political maneuvering in the Kremlin will surely intensify. "Getting rid of Shelepin was the last shot in an old battle," a European diplo-mat in Moscow said last week. That was true, but it also could have been the first barrage of a new war.

FAY WILLEY with ALFRED FRIENOLY JR. in Moscow and BRUCE van YOOR ST in Washington

The mystery of the mortal wound: Kennedy, still clutching at his throat wound, is hit with explosive furce from behind .

Dallas: New Questions and Answers

hey are a breed apart—an odd-lot assortment of skeptics and ideologues, rationalists and fantasts who have never believed that Lee Harvey Oswald alone killed John F. Kennedy and have invested up to a dozen years of their lives in trying to disprove it. They flowered first in the middle '60s, then fell into discouraged retreat with the collapse of former New Orleans D.A. Jim Garrison's jerry-built attempt to prove their case in court. But the true disbelievers are back now, more numerous and insistent than ever, with their three-Oswald and fourassassin scenarios and their dizzying exegeses of every scrap of paper and every frame of film on the JFK shelves in the National Archives, And this time, in a nation still traumatized by the crimes and lies of Watergate, they have found their widestaudience yet for their demand that the inquest be reopened.

Their doubts, reasonable or not, have Inspired at least two dozen nonfiction books, four novels, three feature films, several national conferences and a recent freshel of articles in journals ranging from Penthouse to Rolling Stone, A bootleg copy of the famed Zapruder home movie of the assassination-blood, brain fragments and all-has played twice this spring on network TV and numberless times to smaller audiences around the nation. A group of Old New Leftists in Cambridge, Mass., embraced

the cause and booked 250 campus lectures (at \$780 each) in a single year. A Watten commission staff alumnus, who still believes that Oswald acted alone, has urged a review of the case—and now Texas a U.S. Hep, Henry Conzalez has formally proposed that Congress under-

take the rehearing.

The Warren verdict is indeed threaded through with unanswered questions and unresolved anomalies. What its detractors offer in its place is one or another alternative hypothesis far tidier than the commission's one-man, one-gun analysis. But their sort of tidiness has its own vices. Supposition is elevated into fact; accident becomes criminal design; evidence is accepted on faith if it fits a conspiracy theory and rejected as manufactured if it does not. The doubters, moreover, have never harmonized their own doubts about whether or not Oswald was involved at all, or how many assassins fired how many shots, or who might have put them up to it-the CIA, or the Malia, or the Communists, or Texas oil, or some other party or parties unknown.

Still, and the melange of fact and guess, teason and imagination, there are provocative questions:

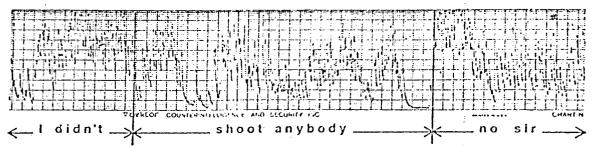
DID OSWALD DO IT?

The Voice Test: "I didn't shoot anybody, no sir," Oswald told an interviewer at Dallas police headquarters, and many

doubters have always chosen to believe him. Now they have been joined by a sometime CIA computer analyst, George O'Toole, who played a tape of Oswald's denial to a Psychological Stress Evaluator-a device that supposedly measures and charts tension in a person's voiceand found none of the bunched-up, hedge-shaped clusters of squiggles that commonly accompany lying. In Penthouse and in a newly published book, "The Assassination Tupes," O'Toole rendered his unumbiguous judgment: Quite clearly, Lee Harvey Oswald was

telling the truth.

The Flaws: The PSE, while gradually gaining acceptance, remains controver-sial among experts in lie-detection; nelther the FBI nor the CIA uses it, and Dr. Joseph Kubis, a Fordham psychologist who tested it extensively for the Army, came away doubting its validity. There remains, moreover, the powerful circumstantial case that Oswald was involved. alone or not. The only known murder weapon, a 1940 Mannlicher-Carcano ri-fle, was traced to him and hore his palmprint; the only recovered cartridges and bullet fragments were traced to the rifle; the revolver that killed Dallas police patrolman J.D. Tippit was in Oswald's possession when he was arrested in a movie theater 80 minutes after the assassination, Even some conspiracy theorists concede the case, and David



Oswald's voice chart: Did the absence of stress signs amid the squiggles prove his innocence of murdering JFK?



. . . but did a second hit from up front drive him violently backward!

Behn, a Warren staff alumnus now directing the Rocketeiler commission inquiry into the CLA, says flathy: "I have no doubt that Oswald killed Kennedy."

WAS THERE A CONSPIRACY?

The Superbullet: The Warren commission's one-man theory rested heavily on the hypothesis that Oswald's first shot struck JFK in the upperback, exited from his throat, tore through then Texas Gov. John Connally's torso and right wrist, and burrowed into his left thigh. To have conceded that the two men were hit by separate shots would have been to acknowledge a second gun; Oswald almost certainly could not have fired his clumsy bolt-action rifle that quickly. Yet the single bullet said ! have caused all this damage came away mimenloosly unscathed. And empiring studies of the Zapruder film-most recently by Robert Groden, 29, a New York optics expert currently touring with a pirated printseem to the doubters to show Kennedy ad Connally reacting to their wounds a half-second to one and a half seconds apart. The conclusion: they must have been hit by separate guns.

The Flaws: The nearly pristine condition of what critics call Superbullet is indeed hard to explain; the commission's defenders are mostly reduced to arguin that it could have survived intact because it did. But the doubters are stuck

with the perplexing question of what did become of the bullet that hit Kennedy if it didn't strike Connally as well. And the film is at best ambiguous on the timing of their wounds. To some viewers, Connaily seems to go stiff almost simultaneously with Kennedy's first visible reaction. and his right hand flies upward clutching his Stetson-reflexes that might support a singlebullet theory. Connally's major reaction to his wounds does come a half second or so later. when he begins sagging rights ward, spins and then slumps Leavily to his fett. The commisso a called this a delayed reastion, and subsequent studies by UCLA physicast B.K. Jones tend

to buttress its case. Jones found that Connally's reaction was too evaccerated to be explained by the impact of the bullet; he suggests that Connally was reacting physiologically to his wounds.

The Estal Wound: With gut-wrenching clarity. Groden's blowups of the Zapruder film show IFK's head snapping forward under the impact of a bullet that blew away one side of his skull; then, a split-second later, his hand and body furch even more violently up, back and leftward into Jackie's arms. The doubters' theory: that Kennedy was hit by separate shots, one from the rear and one from the front, a single movie frame (or one-eighteenth of a second) apart.

The Flava: The film itself shows an explosion of blood, brain and bone fragments spraying upward and forward, suggesting a hit from the rear. A second bullet striking Kennedy from up front might have been expected to produce a comparable burst backward, but none is visible. Physicist Jone's satudies, moreover, concluded that a double hit would have required a "giant" second bullet with ten times the momentum of the first to drive JFK back and leftward so forcefully. His hypothesis: the movement was a neuromuscular reaction to the damage to Kennedy's brain.

The Mystery Men: The conspiratorialists have long been fascinated by a frame in a second amateur film shot by Orville Nix;

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The Flows. The Nex "assessin," if he exists, could as easily be sighting a camera as a gun, if it is a ride, he appears to have the wrong aim propped on the car toot. Gosten's "minoren" are too gaizz even to be identified positively as himan beings, let alone assassins, and are accordingly regarded as dubious even among some diebard compiratorialists.

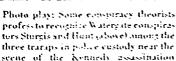
WAS OSWALD A GOVERNMENT AGENT?

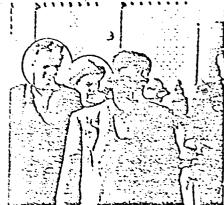
The FSI-CIA Connection: The conspiracy literature is shot through with speculation that Oswald was an operative or atleast an informer for one or both agencies, which were then heavily involved in trying to penetrate domestic radical groups. The CIA links are largely suppositions, based on some striking oddities in Oswald's record (the ease with which he got a Marine Corps discharge, then defected to Russia, then came home on a government loan) and some thready connections with various people and places thought to be in the CIA's ambit. The FBI story had rather more body: Oswald in fact was carrying the name and phone number of Dallas agent James Hosty in his pocket notebook, and there were rumors-now often quoted as fact-that he was on the bureau payroll as informant number S-179 at \$200 a month.

The Flaws: The CIA connection remains speculative, pending further inquiry by the Rockefeller commission and the two Congressional committees inquiring into the agency's operations. The FBi's Hosty insisted he had contacted Oswald only as a matter of routine surveillance of a returned defector. And the embellishments about his informant status and his psyroll number apparently

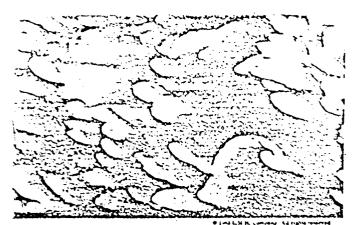








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Blowup: Was the shadowy form under the tree leaves the head of an assassin holding a rifle?

originated in a hoax, hatched in December 1963 by two Texas newsmen and a Dallas assistant D.A. who suspected the bureau of tapping their phones. As one of the reporters, Alonzo Hudkins, recounted it, the three set out to prove their suspicion by staging a conference call, referring to Oswald as an informant and debating what his number was-S-179 or 172. Sure enough, said Hudkins, an agent materialized within a half hour, dropped a few off-the-point questions, then asked casually: "Say, have you heard anything about a secret payroll number Oswald may have had?" Hudkins played dumb, and heard nothing more of the tale until a New York newspaper printed Hoover's denial-hefore the charge had ever reached print.

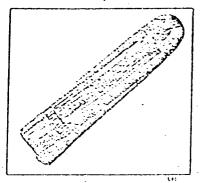
The 'Dirty Rumor': The commission's critics maintain that, whatever the merits, it did not pursue the agency connections hard enough, and instead took the FBI and CIA denials at face value. Their exhibit A is a lately surfaced transcript of a closed-door commission meeting in January 1964, at which staff director J. Lee Rankin began unhappily: 'We do have a dirty rumor [about Oswald as informant S-179] ... and it must be wiped out insofar as it is possible to do so by this commission." What follows is a long, unflattering debate in which the commission wobbles indecisively between offending Hoover by mounting its own investigation, or merely accepting his word-even on the advice of former CIA director Allen Dulles that Hoover would probably lie if it were so. They settled on a "marriage" of the two ap proaches, but critics charge they did precious little independent inquiry.

The Flaws: The "rumor" was an insub-

The Flaws: The "rumor" was an insubstantial one to start with, as the commission staff may have sensed from the first; one of the Texas lawmen who reported it to them, in any event, was the assistant D.A. who had helped make it up. Most accounts of the meeting, moreover, unstindly omit a second sentence from flankin's opening remarks, in which he idmonishes the commission that the ountry will expect it "to try to find out the facts... [so it] can fairly say, 'In our flat the country will expect it "to try to find out the facts... [so it] can fairly say, 'In our

opinion, he was or was not an employed of any intelligence agency of the United States." If the ensuing inquiry did not go much beyond Hoover's flat denial, it did substantially undercut the tale that Oswald drew down \$200 a month. The commission published an exhaustive 100-page anatomy of Oswald's finances over his last seventeen months, during which he earned \$3,655 and pinched every penny of it; it uncovered no evidence that any hidden benefactor was doubling his income under the table.

The No-Oswald Theory: For years, varlous conspiracy theorists have posited the possibility that there may have been two or even three Oswalds, one the real article, the other (or others) assigned by unknown conspirators to prepare weeks and months ahead for his frame-up by planting incriminating clues about him. In the new wave, Peter Dale Scott, a Berkeley medievalist and assassination buff, has added an ingenious new wrinkle: that there may have been no real Oswald at all. One principal source of this speculation is that Oswald's height—5 feet 9 at his death—fluctuates in various physical-examination records over four years between 5 feet 8 and 5 feet 11. Says Scott: "I'm really intrigued that the only reality of Lee Harvey Oswald is some documents, a passport which was used by different people. Who was Lee Harvey Oswald? Whoever



Superbull-c Both JFK and Connally?

happened to be carrying the passport."
The Flaws: Such records are often carelessly made; the one that says Oswald was 5 feet 8, for instance, is accompanied by a photograph of Oswald standing against a wall grid on which his height is 5 feet 9. In any case, if there was no Lee Harvey Oswald, who is the woman whor 35 years has been claiming to be Lee Harvey Oswald's mother?

The Plumber Connection: A number of conspiratorialists, notably comedian Dick Gregory, have promoted the theory that Watergate conspirators E. Howard Hunt and Frank Sturgis may have been present—and in fact briefly detained—at the assassination scene. Their "evidence" is a press photo of the Dallas police with three unidentified "tramps" in toy; the shortest of the three looks to some doubters like Hunt, the tallest like Sturgis. The implication: the plumbers—to-be were somehow associated with the events that bloody noonday in Dallas.

The Flaws: The look-alikes, on close inspection, don't. The "Hunt" figure seems older in 1963, when he would have been 45, than he does now at 56, and the "Sturgis" Doppelganger is enggier and fairer than his real-life incamation.

What the doubters have confirmed, after a dozen years' labor, is that the Warren inquiry was a flawed and at critical moments a timid one. What they have at to provide is a satisfy in galternative to the official theory—a hypothesis that! does not require whole squads of assassins vanishing into thin air and whole platuons of lawmen conspiring successfully over a decade and more to protect them. The conspiracy theorists may, as they claim, have raised enough reasonable doubt to warrant reopening the case, in a committee of Congress or some other open and independent forum. But it would be perilously wishful thinking to expect such an inquiry to lay all doubts to: rest—to make order of the chaos of Dalias, Nov. 22, 1963, or to promulgate some final, symmetrical "truth" about the death of John F. Kennedy.

 Police Colloway with 20 mm Unit DDAY in Washington, and bureau rotoits. FOR

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April 25, 1975 7:00 AH

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NEW ROUND OF SPECULATION ON KENNEDY ASSASSINATION BY

HUGHES RUDD: There's a new round of speculation here about the Central Intelligence Agency and the John Kennedy assassination. Not that the agency knew about that, but speculation that the CIA knew something about plots to assassinate Fidel Castro and that there may have been some Castro link to the Kennedy murder.

Vice President Rockefeller's CIA panel is investigating as Daniel Schorr reports.

DANIEL SCHORR: It begins to appear that in the Kennedy assassination as in the Watergate breakin, the CIA played its cause a little too close to its chest, hiding its knowledge of related matters for fear of being linked to the central events.

On Watergate, the agency discourages personnel from telling the FBI about the earlier help to Howard Hunt that the White House had requested; these wigs and the spy gear.

In the Kennedy assassination, the Rockefeller Commission is now hot after the CIA for information it withheld from the Warren Commission: Not about renewed theories of CIA involvement in the Dallas murder, which are not taken seriously, but about the CIA's role in plans to assassinate Fidel Castro. During the 1961 Bay of Pigs invasion, and also as late as 1963, just months before the Kennedy assassination.

There is new information that ransomed Bay of Pigs veterans were recruited anew by the CIA for missions to Cuba. And Mafia types were reportedly encouraged to send assassination teams to havanna.

Richard Bissel, the retired CIA deputy who managed Bay of Pigs, has been before the Rockefeller Panel this week. CIA sources say the agency didn't tell the Warren Commission about anti-Castro activities because they didn't seen relevant. But Rockefeller Commission sources say that these activities could shed a new light on the never-explained visit of Lee Oswald to the Cuban Embassy in

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Mexico before the Kennedy murder.

President Johnson, who learned about CIA plots against Costro from the PBI, of all places, he was convinced the Dalias assassination resulted from Castro's belief that President Rennedy was out to get him. That according to Joseph Califano, Mr. Johnson's Chief-of-Staff.

The Castro reprisal idea may or may not hold water. But what the CIA's being criticized for is withholding information to protect itself that could have helped the investigation.

Daniel Schorr, CBS News, Washington.

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Jerald terHorsi

WASHINGTON President Ford and Sen Educard M. Kennedy [D., Nass] क्षेत्रक व व्यक्तिसायाः

Present circumstances Inhibit both area from advecating a new inquiry unto the assassination of President John F. Kennedy. Yet both are keenly aware of and perturbed by the steadily increasing volume of data challenging the Warres Commission's conclusion that Lee Earvey Oswald was the lone guman on that black day in Dallas in 242

Ted Remedy's dilemma is the most agenizing.

As the brother of the stain President and of the slain Robert Kennedy Ted Kennedy inwardly recoils at the prospect of a revpened inquiry into one or both cases, the mass of publicity that would result, the need to relive those horrible episodes and the trauma that would be revisited upon the merabers of his family.

MOREOVER, a call for a new laves. tigation would bring down on him burcus of those who honestly believe they have new information, plus even greater numbers of "kooks" and conspiratorial-minded fanalics who already besiege his mail and his Capitol Hill Wilce.

Sill others would term such a Kennedy call for an inquiry a political move. designed to whip up public sympathy for a Ted Kennedy campaign for the Presidency in 1976—an office he insists he is not seeking.

For obvious reasons, Kennedy could medaver a new probe into the death of one trether without favoring similar musing that of the other, particularly Same Sette are now clouded with suspi-Cons of other participants in the COMM

My brothers are dead, he tells those gaho pressure him. No amount of funther investigating will bring them back to the Fleass understand my position.

. Ford's position is different but no los difficult. As a member of the Warren Commission, he is a signatory to the efficial report that Oswald acted alone. Of that seven-member bipartisan panel only a few still live. For Ford to challence their work is something he first unsemly.

More important, Ford finds himself constrained by his office. Right or wrong, he looks intensely that a Presidential call for a new inquiry into the Dallas assassination would have implications and reverberations that go far beyond the merits of such action. Indeed, be suspects some persons would accuse him as well as Ted Kennedy of trying to capitalize politically on the mounting public interest in a second hock at John Kennedy's death.

Yet, like Ted Kennedy, who lunched privately the other day with John Mo-Cone, the former director of the Central Intelligence Agency, the President is deeply concerned about recent developments and detailed studies of the Tapreder him of the Dallas shooting which suggests that President Rennedy might have been the victim of a plot.

About a month ago, Ford checked out the wording of the Warren Commission's report and thus was prepared to answer the surprise question he received at his April 3 news conference in San Diego. The Warren panel, Ford said, found no evidence of a conspiracy, fareign or domestic.

Yet, as every law student knows the absence et evidence does not mean a conspiracy didn't exist but only that it hadn't been proved to exist.

The President said he would have the Rockefeller Commission look into allegations of CIA linkage to the Kennedy slaying in Dallas. Unfortunately that is not likely to lay the matter to rest & ... Universit Peru breserve

because the executive director of the Reckefeller Commission on CIA misconduct bappens to be David W. Belin. who was an assistant counsel on the Warren Commission and is a stout boliever in the single-assassin theory.

Fresh suspicion in the public's mind . disconcerting to both Ford and Ted Kennedy-was whetted this week by the statement of Richard Bissell, head. of the CIA's "dirty tricks" division during John Kennedy's administration, that high-ranking intelligence officials discussed plans to assaulinate Cuban : Premier Fidel Castro. Bizzell said the i idea was vetced by then CIA Director , Allen Dulles, who McCone succeeded in November, 1961.

THE IMPORTANCE of Blesell's Cestl. mony is that it adds credence to a theory of some Warren Commission critics who believe that anti-Castro Cubans were out to get even with John Kennedy because his Bay of Pigs adventure failed to liberate Cuba.

Since it's clear that demands for a new inquiry into John Kennedy's death are mounting, not diminishing, it may be time for Congress to reopen the . case. Rep. Henry B. Gonzales [D., Tex.] has such a resolution pending before the House Rules Committee. But It's not : likely to get far.

There are many other ways to devise a responsible group to check into the Kennedy assassination, Indeed, to be credible, the membership of such an investigatory body should be as far removed from politics as possible.

Doing that would not be easy, but it would be the only kind of panel likely to overcome the dilemma of Ted Kennedy and President Ford while, most important, answering the question of a coverup or a conspiracy regarding the tragedy of Nov. 22, 1961.

A wise warning

PRESIDENT FORD'S cautionary words to the joint session of Congress concerning just and expeditious handling of investigations into the activities of U.S. intelligence operations, were indeed wise.

In the final moments of his somber State of the World address, the President suddenly departed from his text to extemporaneously urge "maximum discretion and dispatch"in the Congressional Investigations of CIA and other intelligence agencies.

It caught his listeners by surprise. But only for seconds. Almost to a member the combined houses of Congress vigorously apprauded for a full 25 seconds. It was the sharpest show of approval during the entire speech.

That is good, for he was making a point that troubles many Americans. In the wash of Watergate, committees of both the House and Senate started investigations of the CIA and other U.S. intelligence agencies following charges published in the New York Times that the CIA had engaged in massive illegal domestic spying.

President Ford, in worrisome and urgent tone, said it was "en-

tirely proper" that the intelligence system be subject to Congressional review. But, he added:

"A sensationalized public debate over legitmate intelligence activities is a disservice to this nation and a threat to cur intelligence system. It ties our hands while our potential enemies operate with secrecy, skull and vast resources."

The applause erupted. The point had been well made.

Since first publication of the charges, intelligence agents at home and abroad have worried that the secrecy of their relationships with the agency would be destroyed.

It has harmed CIA's effectiveness, Director William E. Colby has warned. To harm it irreparably, as the President further warned, would be catastrophic.

The CIA and all other intelligence agencies should per form within the bounds of their authority — and Congress should assure just that.

But, the Congress, and the press, should also operate discreetly within their own boundaries to preserve the imperative functions of intelligence.

Mow information on President Kennedy's assausing don

Recent of containing this control is 1 bit on the assay in the of Prose from John to Koment of a Lee Harvey Osyphilis contact with a Societ Kells et a most V (As occurs of Kalseria of Charles of the third to the contact of the second by several way to be several weather and control of the public so as not to interfere way to Kissionia polesy of detente and other efforts to impress relations with Russia.

The source of the new information is KGB Department V defector, Oleg Adolfouch Lya'n, who disclosed this knowledge during lengthy interrogation by British Intelligence, which resulted in the immediate expulsion of 105 Societ agents from England. The significance of Lyalin's disclosures connecting Lee Harvey Oswa'd with KGB Department V was not realised until much later when his secret data was analysed and then integrated with existing intelligence on the Kennedy assassination.

KGB Department V

KGB Department V is the ultra-secret section of Soviet Intelligence which has the prime responsibility for assassinations and substage. It is in existence now, and was in existence during the period of the kennedy assassination. Despite consistent Russian denials, select assassination has been a covert policy of the Soviet Union since its conception. Upon the defection of Lyalin, KGB Chairman, Yuri Andropov, iccalled all KGB Department V officers from overseas posts in justified fear that their identities and operations would be compromised.

One of the first KGB Department V officers to be personally recalled from his post was Valeriy Vladimirovich Kostikov, who was serving under cover as the second secretary of the Soviet embassy in Mexico City. Colonel Jorge Obregon Lima, chief of the secret police in Mexico City, knew of some clandestine activities by Kostikov and linked the Soviet embassy with the urban guerrilla movement in Mexico; which was attempting to upset social reform programmes. being carried out under President Luis Echeverria. The CIA knew that Kostikov was a KGB official but did not know he was linked with Department V until after his recall to Moscow. Kostikov also maintained KGB liaison with covert Cuban GDI (General Directorate of Intelligence) operations in Mexico and the United States. Castro agents have specialised in various terrorist activities in those countries. It is also reported that Kostikov supervised the direction of two KGB external echelon-type espionage networks operating from within Mexico near the American border, which sent agents into the US and received intelligenco data collected in America.

Kostikov and Oswald

On 27 September 1963, approximately eight weeks before the assassination of President John F. Kennedy, Lee Harvey Oswald contacted KGB official, Valeriy Vladimirovich Kostikov, at the Soviet embassy in Mexico City under the pretext of obtaining a visa. During the same trip, he contacted Cuban GDI officials at the Cuban embassy. Ho returned to Dallas on 3 October 1953. Oswald, an admitted Communist active with the Castro Tear Play for Cuba Committee", assassinated President Kennedy on 22 November 1963, and seriously wounded Texas Governor John B. Connally, Jr. Earlier, on 10 April 1963, Lee Harvey Oswald attempted to assassinate retired US Army Major General Edwin A. Walker who was noted for his anti-Communist convictions.

Immediate the problem of the access useful, and prior to the case of the cost of problem of the obtain the US. State Discouraged of the cost of America, that he statum placed the following of the restriction of the Deltas, alleged to the cost of the cost of the restriction. All, both the proceedings is well as the restricted while. All, both the proceedings is well as the cost of the approblem on, the Community element of the United States and almost has continually attempted to exist Owelf and shift the assassnation blame to the American right song particularly the CIA (which, of course, cancer to consider a linght wing) except by the Marvat element.

Soviet deception

The Soviet Ambassador to the United States, Anatoly F. Dobrynia, famed over to US Secretary of State, Dean Rusk, on 30 November 1963, a sheaf of documents from the USSR's consular tiles on Oswald. The papers' pertained to Oswald's prolonged stay in Russia and his "attempts to get visas to go there again". Dobrynin's documents mentioned Kostikov but failed to link him with the KGB. They also failed to link Oswald's full contacts with the KGB and MVD while aresident of Minsk, Russa. Following the assassination, Kostikov remained at his KGB post in Mexico City, since his removal might hint at possible guilt of KGB or GDI conspiracy. Kostikov is a heavy drinker and was arrested by Mexican police in December 1963, after he threatened to shoot two Mexican PEMEN (Petroleos Mexicanos) engineers while drunk. The CIA had earlier warned the FBI of Oswald's contact with Kestikov in Mexico City, but it did not then know of Kostiker's assignment in Department V. Had that fact been known at the time, John F. Kennedy might be alive today.

Following the assassination, US Secretary of State, Dean Rusk, "exonerated" Moscow from having anything to do with Kennedy's assassuation. This was partially based on Ambassador Doborin's "cooperation" which was described as "unprecedented". To further its deception regarding Oswald's connection with the KGB, and to help the cover-up operations of its thends in America, Moscow arranged for the "defection" of KGB Major Yuri Ivanovich Nosenko to the United States through Switzerland in 1964. KGB "defector", [Nosenko, carried a fulse story clearing the KGU of any t conspiratorial contacts with Oswald. In his lengthy "revelations", all of which were already known to Western intelligence, Nosenko failed to report that Kostikov was a KGB Department Verber-a fact which he did not know. Nosenko claimed to be a defector of KGB Department VII (American section), which handled Oswald's examination in 1959. The . "information" supplied by Nosenko confirmed that supplied to Dean Rusk be Dobrynin. Nosenko went into great detail on how the KGB was "horrified" at Kennedy's assassination. Noscako also spread "information" on other genuine defectors from Soviet-controlled intelligence and security agencies. Mossow timed Nosenko's "defection" to fit in with the investigations of the Warren Commission, whose report was issued to President Johnson on 24 September

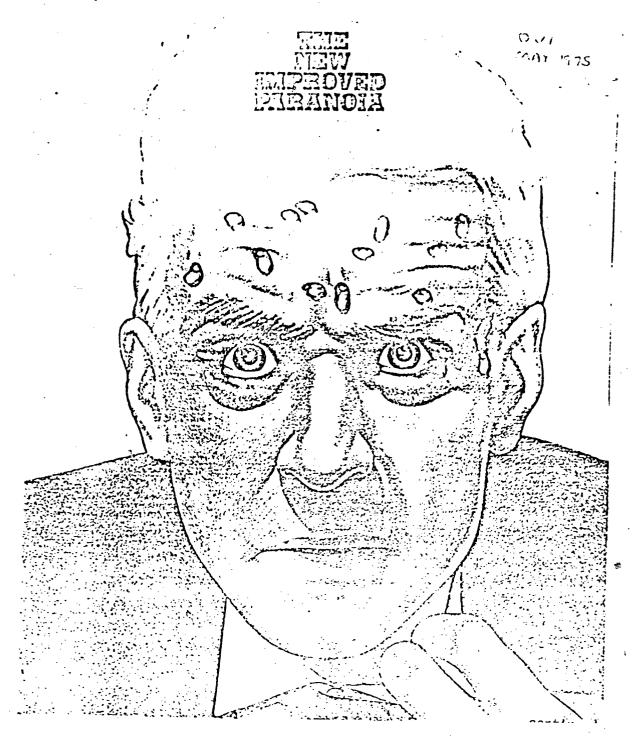
Oswald in Minsk 4

Oswald's full contacts with the KGB have yet to be disclosed. It is known that Moscow and the KGB are desperately attempting to disayow all connections between Oswald and KGB Department V, especially in light of the revelations of Oleg Lyalin, who provided data on the direct link between Oswald and the KGB assassination arm. It is believed that the

continued

spirited of the property of the control of the problem of the problem. Opened was considered the problem of the

in the childays, it was paranoid—or "unreasonably forful"—to believe to it the cures were about to butter down your door, that the CIA would easily topping your phone; that you'd be mucided the minute you stepped outside. To lay, unreasonable base have become not only reasonable but plausible, even real. In the spirit of making the crazy's me, and the same crazy, we offer on the following pages outsidefinition of



JUST BECAUSE YOU'RE BARANOID

There's some litthe jerk in the FBI Keepin' papers on me, six feet : high It gets me down It gets me down. -THE ROLL-

ING STONES.

Eingerprint File Widespread hysteria and mass confusion make it imperative that we intelligent, thinking people sit down calmly and discuss this curious phenomenon known as paranoia. Without a doubt, it is a serious matter, one that must be analyzed in a cool, rational light, far removed from the heady manias that tend to obscure intellectual insight. So if you'll just bolt

right down to the matter at hand.

First off, notice the of popular speech others." in which so many people today are saving "I'm paranoid" used as a clinical diwhich, according to Webster's Seventh "a rare chronic psychosis characterized

ARTICLE your door, pull down by systematized deluextraordinary vagary and distrustfulness of dians, witches, red-

No: paranoia is

instead of "I'm fear- manner to define an the witches, kicking psychology notwith- called simply fear, eigners. standing, the word In the same way paranoia is not being that Watergate has come to mean more agnosis. Nor is it than just an apartbeing used in its ment building, parastrictest definition, nois has come to describe an entirely new reality. There New Collegiate, is: are, in fact, solid his, torical reasons why reople have discarded the plain, naked "We have nothing to word fear in favor fear but fear itself," of the rich, glittery textures of paranoia.

tional suspiciousness were afraid of In- ber most fondly. coats and foreigners. They dealt with their commonly used to- fears by massacring

> World Wars because the enemy was so clearly defined. Evwhen to fear and why, and most everybody was in agreement on how to act. We have nothing to said F.D.R., who, the guy's blue-suede ma, the Bay of Pigs, along with Churchill, shoes and everything Dallas, Martia Lusaid F.D.R., who, listed freedom from was swell. fear as one of the Four Freedoms in the Atlantic Charter. We were scared of the Huns and the Japa, who were

in Fisties nestalgia, other things? ful." Now, the preve emotion much too out the redeasts and about how it was alence of amateur complicated to be oppressing the for- such an innocent, speed, the official uncomplicated time, definitions of real-Fear stayed a sim- the Good Old Days ity became blurred. ple, straightforward of Golden Oldies, Beatnits with bongos emotion during the etc. One good reason for such misty asking nasty quesrecollections is that tions, sick comics the Fifties was the were poking holes erybody knew just last time there was through received a consensus about truths, everything fear. Fear then was was breaking down of Commies, polio and talling apart.

rest of the time, you

But suddenly, LSD, hippies, Viet-Francis Gary Powers nam, campus unrest, popped up in Moscow, making Ike a and, finally, Waterbald-headed liar. For gate. the first time, this nation of honest, flood of troubles straightforward people was introduced to the shocking idea

Occamon a time, afrod of the Yanks, the United States, the shades, unglue sions of persecution people feared things, and the Tommies, like any Red comthe phone and check or of grandeur... and that was a and the whole world; mosar, could be de-une more time under a tendency on the simple, straightfor- was scared together, could. The question the bed, we'll get part of individuals or ward emotion. When Perhaps, after all, it was, it the Governof groups toward America was young, is universal fear that ment was fooling all

excessive or irra- for example, people old soldiers remem- of the people some er most fondly. Of the time with this. The very last heye U-2 business, could day of good old-tush- fit be that the Govioned teat was the jernment was fooling Fitties. Today, we're fall of the people all day in a very loose the Indians, burning up to our exchalls of the time about

With bewildering were running around and the Bomb. The The landmarks of a ten-year nervous liked Ike, stayed off breakdown were Selther King, R.F.K., nam, campus unrest, crime in the streets

This frightening



pontinuod

acress the a sign and affected the mania the street as never before. People could not excaps strite and controverss, not even in the smallest backwater burgs. because television brought Lee Harrey Oswald, Charles Manson and the Viet Cong into the fiving room each evening at six o'clock.

A breakdown in the Official Reality Department had spawned all sorts of itchy problems. You couldn't believe the Government, you couldn't believe the media, you couldn't believe your best friend-who, it often turned out, was working for the Government. Even the Pope suffered a credibility gap. The hell of it was, you had damned good reasons by the end of the Sixties not

to believe anyone anymore.

An intolcrable situation! It sent people scrambling for cults, gurus, ethnic revivalisms, McGovern, CREEP, The Washington Post, bisexuality-anything at all resembling a belief system by which one could tell the good guys from the bad guys. Left wing, right wing. liberal, radical, conservative—it didn't matter; you could jump from one to another, like Rennie Davis, like Tim Leary. The only important thing was to have a system to explain why the world was screwed up and who was to blame for it-the result being that everybody had a different explanation and a different enemies list.

Thus the kaleidoscopic array of fears facing us today. They are not simple fears, like those of our forefathers; they are vague and complex. Often, you can't exactly put your finger on it, but you know that evil forces are manipulating you, perhaps via marketing research, when you buy a useless product merely because its bright-red package stimulates your medulia oblongata. It's a feeling best summed up by Woody Allen when he said, "Paranoids have real enemies, too."

Which is why the word fear is out the window these days. The unthinkable has become real: irrational fears have become rational. You say, for instance, "I'm paranoid about Larry; I think he's a narc." Now, Larry may not be a narc. and in that case, since you have smoked grass with him for three years, your fear of him is irrational, maybe even disgraceful (since he's always laid so much free stuff on you). By using the word paranoid, you acknowledge that possibility. But at the same time, saying that you're paranoid is an acknowledgment that while you might be off your rocker, so is the whole world, and, dann it, you would not be a bit surprised if one day old Larry whipped out a badge and busted you!

Webster's, take note: If things stay bad, a new definition may have to be added to the dictionaries. But for the time being, we shall distinguish between the word's present dictionary meaning and its popular connotations by referring to the latter as the New Improved Paranoia. It's basically the old fear but with some new ingredients added, bright new packaging and an unprecedented number of sponsors.

A few illustrations:

Recently, CBS News commentator Eric Sevareid was commenting on a speech by President Ford. Ford had just announced that he was opposed to wage and price controls and was absolutely not going to impose them. Sevareid squinted into the camera and speculated that the true meaning of Ford's speech was that wage and price controls were due any day and that Ford was really signaling the business community to hurry and jack up their prices before he put the freeze on them.

In other words, suggests Sevareid, the President uses a sort of secret language with veiled messages to special listeners. There are people confined to rooms with padded walls who maintain nothing more than that. But what Sevareid says is more akin to the political maxim developed by journalists during the Watergate years: Whenever a politician announces that he's not going to resign, it means that the guy's already got his desk cleaned and his bags packed. This bit of newspeak is actually a symptom of the New Improved Paranoia, Sevareid,

other journalists and, indeed, all of us tespond in this suspicious and distrustful manner because of our many experiences with political double talk. We may be paranoid in the new sense of the word, but we're not crazy.

Speaking of Eric Sevareid, by the way, isn't it peculiar that you never see his legs? The camera is always focused on the top of him, so you begin to wonder: What about Eric Sevareid's legs? What is CBS trying to hide?

Actually, the New Improved Paranoia is a calm, well-reasoned state of mind, closer, perhaps, to apprehensiveness than to either old-fashioned, jitterbugging paranoia or outright, pissing-in-the-pants fear. It is, in fact, the entire purpose of the New Improved Paranoia to eliminate the terror of doubt, to replace chaos with order and to provide a sort of psychic seat belt in the face of continual world crack-ups. The meat shortage, stagflation, Agnew's resignation, Kohoutek, the Russian wheat deal, the energy crisis—all these bewildering catastrophes were made bearable by the New Improved Paranoia. .

Consider the energy crisis of the winter of 1974. A parade of oil-company spokesmen appeared before TV cameras. swearing that the shortages were genge uine, yet it was universally assumed that the whole thing was a wicked ruse. Not one housewife or commuter waiting in those endless gas lines swallowed the official explanations, Instead, with the aid of the New Improved Paranoia,

Continued:

peed's tashioned theories according to their sleelogical inclinations:

Noisen Rockefelter and Henry Kissenger conspired to stage the October 1973 Middle East war to piccoff the Arabs, who then withheld oil, thereby boosting Rocky's oil profits (right wing).

 The oil companies staged the crisis in order to boost profits that started sugging at the end of the Vietnam war (left wing).

 Oil companies were using thousands of vacant gas stations around the country to store vast reserves of gasoline (dumped there late at night) until a price hike was forced (middle of the road).

 Hundreds of oil tankers laden with crude oil were anchored off the coasts, waiting for the prices to go up so that they could make a killing flower middle of the road).

Fleets of UFOs had drained all the earth's petroleum supplies, but the Government was covering it up because it was afraid of mass rioting (hovering just above the road).

Rockefeller, in fact, has probably done more for the New Improved Paranoia than anyone else except the CIA (which he is rumored to own—and now that he's been appointed to investigate it, we can be sure the rumor is true). Rockefeller is everybody's favorite villain, playing a major role in left-wing conspiracies, right-wing conspiracies, even conspiracies against Arthur Goldberg. Like God and the Devil, if Rockefeller didn't exist, he would have to be invented.

One group with a very big Rockefeller fixation is the National Caucus of Labor Committees, sometimes called the Labor Party. Developed out of a weird splinter faction, of the old SDS, the Labor Party does not fall into the usual left/right categories: Its Operation Mop Up people beat up members of leftist groups; simultaneously, they denounce fascism. A paradigm of the New Improved Paranoia is the Labor Party, whose main occupation is constantly purging its members. On the side, it issues seeds of leatlets. One, titled "Rockefeller's Nazi Doctors," declares:

We have proof of vast, inhuman, illegal CIA operations of brainwashing and torture—under the cover of 'behavior modification'—being carried out in prisons, college campuses, hospitals and elsewhere throughout the U.S. and world-wide. The CIA is procuring for employers a docile, combielike labor force, a population willing

I to accept a full will police theme without a hight

Aporter leaflet is 1 res Rocky's part in this monstroux gloci

Union Committee intelligence has uncovered plans by the Rocke-feller cabal and the CIA to insingate mass total not in the early spring of this year. This CIA-inspired violence is planned to doveral with the pysema caused by the Rocketeiler-created gas, food and raw-materials shortages and provide the howomore conducive to a Rocketeiler take-over either through direct military means or by other, less-direct means.

This was supposed to occur late spring. Of course, the reason it didn't, as any Labor Party member will tell you, is that Rocky was afraid to try anything while those Labor Party leaflets were exposing him all over town. But it is said that he did try to get Ford out of the way by arranging for his Nazi doctors to inject Betty Ford with cancer cells, just as they got Jack Ruby in his jail cell in Dallas. The ultimate loser was Richard Nixon, who got so many injections from so many directions that the doctors had to invent a disease for him called phlebitis.

The very best of the New Improved Paranoia focuses on the CIA. Outside the U.S., the CIA is blamed for more evil than even the retired Nazis in the Odessa File, and why not? Considering the CIA's dirty tricks in Iran, Guatemala, Vietnam, Cuba, Chile and even here in the U.S., there is every reason to be paranoid about Ugly Americans, Proof enough may be found in The CIA and the Cult of Intelligence, by ex-CIA agent Victor Marchetti.

But did the CIA assassinate J.F.K....? R.F.K....? M.L.K....? Mama Cass . . . ? Paul Krassner, editor of the Realist and a sort of John the Baptist of the New Improved Paranoia, suspeets it got Mama Cass at least. In his underground-press column "Rumpleforeskin," he said recently: "Cass Elliot was a friend. I believe she may have been killed. She knew an awful lot about the incredible criminal links between Hollywood and Washington and Las-Vegas. . . . She was also a friend of Sharon Tate's. On the night Bobby Kennedy was killed, she had dinner with Sharon and Roman Polanski at the home of film director John Frankenheimer in Malibu Beach." This is significant, because Krassner believes that Charles Manson, whose tribe murdered Tate, was a CIA stooge in a fiendish plot to discredit hippies. Now, if R.F.K.

hid had a men with Nation Tate the a his before he was a ded

Social medicate consequences are the hour and so her the New Improved Parties in the old wand be write JEK assass out or consolitacy, which, for ever a decide has provided hendreds examateur assassingle risks with a reason. to set up in the morning. They pore ever d'agrams of Sullet trajectories, retrace the route of the motorcade through Dallas, review the famous Zapruder film. and stedy bego blowers of the notogs eas three tramps who were led away from the grassi knott after the shooting, (Two of them bear an uncanny resemblance to Waterbuggers E. Howard Hunt and Frank Sturges) There are compitately newsletters published by homewives from Southern California and conspiracy consentions at which i they converge to trade the latest into on, say, the X rays of J.F.R.'s brainst (recently discovered to be missing from a its bottle of formaldehyde in the Smithsonian, according to The New York Times). The usual capstone of the J.F.K. conspiracy theories is that by bumping him off, the CIA engineered a 1 take-over of the U.S. Government. Since 1963, the CIA has been keeping the opposition down with such dirtytricks as putting George Wallace in a wheelchair and switching the road signs at Chappaquiddick.

The profusion of conspiracy theories would be quite bothersome and confusing if not for the sensibleness of the New Improved Paranoia. It allows you to assume that all the theories are true and that if they're not, they might as well be. This frees you to go about your ordinary business untroubled—and unsurprised when your favorite politician is shot by another "lone nut" or when another leftist government falls.

But there's a hitch. The New Improved Paranoia lets you be suspicious and distrustful as long as there is the slightest hint of a reason to be. But there do exist situations where, after a point, the hint of a reason ends. It can be very tricky determining what that point is.

The problem is best exemplified by Dylanologist extraordinaire A. J. Weberman, who is famous for his perusals of Bob Dylan's music and his garbager. It all began years ago, when Weberman immersed himself so completely in the study of Dylan's songs that he became convinced that there were secret meanings in the lyrics, placed there purposely by Dylan for anyone hip enough to decipher them. To make sure, Weberman fed the entire contents of Dylan's songs into a computer and obtained a six-inch-thick, 15-pound concordance

that listed all the instances in which Dylan osed certain key word. Weberman for ired out that when Dylan used the word rain, he actually meant violence, as in A Hard Read's A-Ginna Full, and so on. Naturally enough, Weberman's next step was to discover that such symbolic messages were embedded in the songs of other musicians, too. Pretty soon, he had formulated what he called the "Secret Language of Rock," which, like Sevareid's "Secret Language of Presidents," was used to send messages to the initiated.

Now, I would judge Weberman's theories reasonable, if not believable, up to this point. It is true that songwriters

the use combidion, the bist example being Dan McLeam's parable of the Sixtury American Per Origin a while. performers do son't velled messige, to each other, as in Carly Sinica's Lagre So Vain, advissed to Watten Beatty. Using a concordance to analyze a writer's work is a sale I scholarly technique that has been applied to Shakespeare, Chapter and Million,

But when Weberman began to claim that certain songs confumed secret messages directed at him, that's when the situation became problematic. One could argue with Weberman over whether or not a song said this or that. But to tell him, "No. man, Watching P. Aver How is not Dillow was or wildring you to leave his parouge alone," was kind of top his to would have blish his whole cosmolors. The telling Philipsy the earth was not the center of the universe.

But then again, whose to say? It is a fact, swern to by rotorises, that one day, on Bleecker Street, offer vet another garbage raid. Welterman was waters; home when madenly an enrated Bob Oylan rode up on a teaspeed bicycle and delivered a half of blows to his head. "The gomp don't work 'cause the vandals stole the han-dles," as Dylan once said, which means that the New Improved Paranoia makes sense, even when it shouldn't.

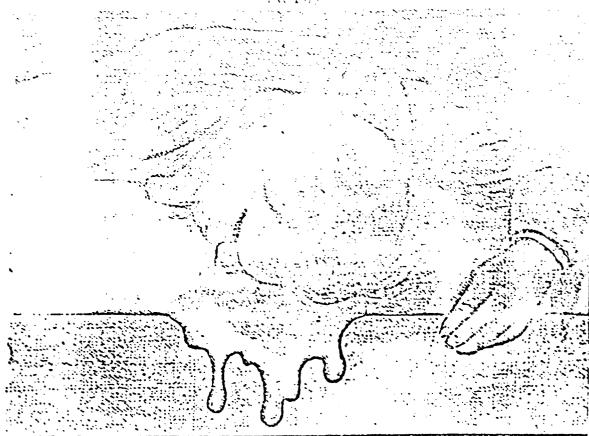
Not only is the New Improved Paranoia sensible; it's cluc, too. Remember how socially important it was to be on Nixon's enemies list? It's also considered very statusy to have had a tax audit. And is there anyone gauche enough to say that his telephone isn't tapped? You'll be the envy of all your friends if men in a black Plymouth actually do stake out your house every day. It is very an contant to live just west of the San Andreas Fault-and to complain about it. The ultimate is to be an ex-CIA agent, for as anybody conversant with the New Improved Parancia knows, there is no such thing as an

ex-CIA agent. Perhaps, after all, you are thinking. that this stuff about the New Improved Paranoia is a lot of bunk. Perhaps you imagine that you are immune to it, that you are a sane, rational human being ! not given to delusions either of grandeur or of persecution. Well, then, ask yourself one question: Do you jiggle the coin-return slot in pay phones after every call you make? You do, don't you? And do you know why you do it? You ... do it because you think that the entire telephone company's mammoth technology is going to disrupt itself just for you and return your ten cents. Or else you imagine that out of the 10,000 people who use that particular phone, one of them left a dime there for your benefit, and you fancy that you are the only person in the entire world who jiggles coin-return slots. Now, if that's not paranoid behavior with delusions of grandeur, I don't know what is. And it is not very far from believing that the telephone company is for you to believing that the telephone company is against you, is it?

But that's no reason to stop checking those coin-return slots. Because you know and I know that sometimes-not often, but sometimes—the dime is there. And that's what the New Improved . (2)

Paranoia is all about.

oui



OPERATION RED ROSE

TEORT TRORE A

YOU'RENOT GOING TO HAVE ROSCOE TANNER TO KICK AROUND ANYMORE

The black limonaine turned out the bief Ridges. The George Various a Monord Rubbing I visit selected and in Washington. D.C.—senure, half hard—but to the back year of the car, Charles Lower Creciae of the Contail Intelligation. As need, length finds of the Contail Intelligation of the Contail Intelligation of the Contail Intelligation of the Contail River turned of the purpose be were scriptlying and locked over so the Polasmo River Turn by Solid Contails that turned of the object conditions and went hack the proposed of the Contail River turned of the conditions and went hack the

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At the security check point, the goard looked into the back of the car and then waved them through. Moments later, they pilled up in front of the enormous modern building that houses the CIA's 10,600 people.

Lewis was only 42 years old, but he had already heided the CIA for ten years. Tall, athletic the played four sets of tenais before going to work in the morning). Lewis was known by his intimates as a fough and highly intelligent man. He also had a reputation for ruthlessness. Colleagues who were themselves no bleeding hearts marveled at the cold-bloodedness with which he made decisions affecting the lives of large numbers of people and sometimes of foreign heads of state.

Although he had not arrived at the top of the CIA through the ranks (he had been a special assistant to the President before being named to his present post), he had shown an immense talent for running the agency, and the professionals had quickly gotten over their early pique at not being directed by one of their own.

Up on the eighth floor, Lewis put the briefcase on the side of his spacious walnut desk and pushed an intercom button. "Send Wolle in here right away." Moments later, the director's door opened and a bespectacled youth strode toward his desk. He was Peter Wolfe, Lewis' special assistant, only five years out of college but with a carreer already securely attached to his boss's good fortunes.

Lewis did not waste time on amenities.
"I want you to go to the top-secret coningency-plan room and take out the plans for Operation Red Rose," he said curtly.

"I've never heard of that one," Wolfe ventured.

"Neither has anyone else in this shop. But it's there, all right. It was drawn up in 1974, when there was all that talk about the impeachment of Nixon and some of the people down at the White House thought he had gone crazy."

"That's over twenty years ago," Wolfe said as he headed for the door, "But the papers have been going over the episode so much lately, I was beginning to think I knew it as well as our own politics."

Fifteen rainutes later, he was back and in his hands were a piece of paper and a black briefense with a combination lock. This must really be a sensitive plan. Le said as he handed the case

Against the order of the company of

To vio scrate? They are a the sheet of paper (OK, here the flate for daw), he will do for daw). He will accord, I may need you in a couple of heart."

With Wolfe way out of the office. I cost went to a sair behind his dead Quickly, from years or hit it, he chicked oil the numbers of the combination and opened it. There were several steel drawers inside and he stired at them for a moment before opening one marked s. In it, he found a slip of paper with a set of numbers, worked the combination on the briefease with them and pulled out a large folder. He then sank down into the chair behind his desk and started reading:

The attached is a plan for the assassination of the President of the United States. While it is doubtful that such a plan will ever have to be put into effect, it has been felt necessary to draw up a detailed operation that could quickly be put into effect should the need arise. It comists of two sections—the Plan and the Alternate Plan—plus a scaled envelope containing the names of persons who have been trained to earry it out.

Lewis turned the page.

Several miles away, President Roscoe Tanner snapped off the television set in the Oval Office of the White House. The House Judiciary Committee had just voted 20 to 18 to recommend his impeachment to the full House of Representatives.

Twenty years earlier, Tanner had been one of the members of the Judiciary Committee that voted to recommend Richard Nixon's impeachment. He remembered how quickly that situation had deteriorated, how Nixon had finally quit to avoid being thrown out and how only a Presidential pardon had saved him from going to jail.

Tanner knew that he was in deeper trouble than Nixon had been—but for different reasons. Since becoming President in a landslide victory, he had worked systematically to cut down the power of the big corporations whose influence over American political and economic life had increased spectacularly in the past few years.

This had done nothing to hurt his popularity with the American people, but it had carned him the hatred of many business leaders and they had struck back. Only three months ago, a story in the New York Duly News, one

a soften with the fortunal context of a soften being by King or with a Sign being his to be a soften before Kind to be a fortunal time electron of the Kind of a Marking an African country where it is Choose were influented.

The story was untrue, but the forced documents in the paper had done their work. Turner had gone on tecrosion to denounce the fraud, and public reaction is had been overwheimingly taxorable. But working through albest in Congress, his enemies had instituted impeachment proceedings, whose inexorable progress, along with continual attacks in the conservative press, began to erode his public support and, worse, to take a toll on his mental health.

Tanner slept very little now and had to resort to massive doses of pills to ket any rest at all. He sat alone for hours in the Oval Office, brooding about his impending fate, closed off from his staff and his family. The Government was at a standstill because no member of his Cabinet could get through to him for any kind of policy decision.

But he had made an important decision just last night: He was not going to quit and he was not going to let himself be impeached.

He sat slumped in his chair, his head in his hands. And then he began to weep uncontrollably.

Only 50 feet from where the President wept, General Wiley Buchanan sat in the office of the White House Chief of Staff. Ever since General Alexander Haig's appointment to that position by Nixon, White House administration had frequently been entrusted to a military man, and no one seemed to think it incongruous that a Government that prided itself on civilian control over the Armed Forces followed such a course.

Buchanan had the bearing of a man who had spent his entire adult life in the Army. But today, he was experiencing a very unmilitary anguish. Over the past few months, he had watched the deterioration of the President, and only last night, he had come to the conclusion that the nation's Chief Executive was loxing his mental balance, perhaps even becoming desperate enough to take an action that could be harmful to the United States.

Buchanan's feel for the national interest played havoc with his loyalty to Tanner and with his deep compassion for a man who had put so much trust in him. Around midnight, hoping for guidance, he had taken a collect phone call from an old friend, a former top CIA officer

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The more lewis read, the more be realized the senousness of what Buchanan had proposed to him, It could not be said that Lewis was a man of much scruple: Killing people had not deterred him in the past. Still, the thought of personally ordering the assassanation of the President of the United States was staggering.

He had read enough of the dossier to reject the Plan proper. In his opinion, whoever had drawn it up had failed to come up with an organizational strocture that could not be traced back to the CIA. That was too much of a risk. But the Alternate Plan intrigued him and, gradually, he became convinced that it was workable. Finally, he made up his

He picked up his scrambler telephone and dialed the number of a similar-instrument on the desk of General Buchanan. "I just want to check back with you," Lewis said. "I want to make sure that you have thought this thing out completely and that in your mind, it is the only plausible solution."

"There's no other way, Rock," Buchanan replied, "No other way at all. And the quicker we hit him the better. That man with his finger on the nuclear button is a living danger to all of us. And it doesn't matter now whether he's guilty or not. The situation has reached the point where we've got to do something—and fast."

"OK, Wiley," Lewis said. "But just remember that when I put down this phone, there's no turning back. Red Rose will be operational in a half hour. From there to Action Day should be less than seventy-two hours."

"I understand," the general said.

"I understand," the general said.
"Start the operation."

Lewis heard the phone click at the other end of the line, then he summoned Wolfe. "Call Mikhaylov at the Soviet Embassy and tell him I've got to see him right away."

Wolfe shot his boss a look of disbelief.

"Right now!" Lewis snapped, and Wolfe hurried out.

Night was beginning to fall when from Mikhaylov, the K.G.B. chief of station in Washington, drove up to the guard gate of the CIA building in Langley. He showed a card identifying himself as first secretary of the Soviet

The room and his white Most no con-

M shaylor, the events of the page Soil of been sightly beaddering. In cet a call from the CIA -the areney he had spont his life combating -was extracecousty enough, but to be invited to a meeting with Charles Lewis, its director, was even stranger. Mikhaylov had been encored in many delicate operations in his long career with the Soviet explorage. torces, but this request was so peculiar that he had no way of knowing what to exect. Several thoughts rushed through his mind. Maybe, for example, one ofhis agents had been picked up. But he quickly dismissed that idea. Arrests for spring were usually taken up directly with the ambassador.

Woite was waiting for Mikhaylov in the lobby and quickly took him past the guards to the director's private elevator. A munite later, he and Lewis were alone.

Lewis tried to put his guest at ease. "There is no problem, Mr. Mikhaylov," he said with a smile. "It's just that we want you to arrange a service for us."

"I've never heard of the K.G.B.'s working for the CIA before," Mikhaylov said.

"Oh, that's not true. Every once in a while, we do each other little favors." Lewis was not smiling now. "There are some things you can do so much better than we can. And, of course," he added, there are things that we can do better than you can."

"All right, Mr. Lewis, what is it you want?"

"Mr. Mikhaylov, I would like you to make contact with your superiors and have them put into effect the Alternate Plan of Operation Red Rose that they have had in their files since 1974."

"And just what is that plan all about, Mr. Lewis?" the Soviet agent asked.

"We would like you to assassinate our President."

It was the next day and the President was alone, as usual, in his office when Buchanan buzzed to see him. The President had seen no one else for the post several weeks, but he made it a point to talk in Buchanan at least once a day. He buzzed back, and in a few navnents, Buchanan was standing before him.

"Mr. President, how are you feeling today?"

"Not very well, Wiley, Didn't get much sleep last night. But you didn't some in here to ask me about my health. What's up?"

Tanner spoke rapidly and his voice sounded shaky.

Buchanan had seen him like that for several months now and it only run i reed his privately held volve shout the less that you the man. Well, there are two on there though Mr. Perr feet," he said samout emotion. "First, your lawsers would like to see you. They need about two hours of your time to propise your detense before the House of Rep eventatives."

The Prevident cut him off, "The hell with them!" he shouted. "They can prepare my defense without me, Besides which, what the hell difference does it make." You know as well as they do that those bastards have framed me in such a way that I can't escape."

It you really feel that way, maybe you eacht to resign, like Nixon did," the general said.

"Fat lot of good that did him. I've told you a hundred times, Wiley, I'm not going to resign. And, unlike Nixon, I mean it and I won't change my mind."

"Well, I have to be honest with you, Mr. President: If you don't resign, you're going to be impeached, and we can't promise you twenty votes in the Senate."

"I know all that," Tanner said with irritation. "Let's get off the subject. What else do you want?"

Well, the Secretary of Defense wants to see you, You know, we're still involved in those SALT talks with the Soviet Union and he needs some guidance from you on how to proceed."

"And what more?"

"Well, just about an hour ago, the Soviet Embassy called and said that it was urgent for their ambassador to see you. He has a message from Chairman Ivanov that he says must be handed to you before the day is over." On his note pad, Buchanan checked off the items of business.

"I'll see the ambassador at four o'clock," Tanner said.

Buchanan looked up in surprise. Why, he wondered, was the President willing to come out of isolation for the Soviet ambassador? He kept his thoughts to himself. "OK, I'll set that up," he said tonelessly. "And what about the Secretary of Defense?"

"He can wait. Maybe I'll see him tomorrow. That's all, Wiley."

Buchanan knew there was no use in arguing with the President. He quickly strode out of the office.

Mikhail Stepanov, the Soviet ambassador, had been in Washington even longer than his predecessor, Anatoliy Dobrynin. For 17 years, he had tended to the U.S.S.R.'s business there and he had thought he was past surprises. Yet the events of this day had amazed him.

Farly in the morning, he had been awakened continued

In his entire diplomatic career, Stepanov had never communicated a message to a head of state without knowing its contents. But instructions were instructions and he was too faithful a servant of his government and the Communist Party to dely an order.

He had had his secretary call the White House and ask for an appointment with President Tanner and he had been relieved to learn that the President would receive him at four P.M. He had not seen the President for more than two years, but like everybody else in Washington, he had heard a number of rumors, which he faithfully reported to his government, about the declining state of his health.

At precisely 3:50 P.M., he eased himself into the back seat of his limousine and was driven the four blocks that separate the Soviet enclave from the White House. His instructions had been to go through the southwest gate so that the reporters who congregated in front of the main entrance wouldn't see him. I He was cleared through immediately by the guard and met by General Buchanan at the west basement entrance.

A few moments later, he was ushered into the Oval Office.

His first impression was that Tanner had aged: His face was drawn and there were large hags under his eyes, which looked bloodshot. But he was affable: Sit down, Mr. Ambassador, Please sit down," he said.

Stepanov sank Into a chair.

"And how is Chairman Ivanov? You know, I like him a great deal."

"The chairman's health is excellent," Stepanov replied. "He has just returned from a month's vacation on the Black Sea. I saw him there while I was on yacation; he asked about your health."

Oh, you can tell the chairman I'm just fine. I'm having some problems at home politically, but I'll find a way out."

That was the same thing Nixon had told Brezhney," Stepanov thought.

"What is this message all about?" Tanner asked.

Well, Mr. President, to tell you the truth, I have no idea. I have been given strict instructions that it is for your eyes only. I have scrapulously followed those instructions."

"You're prohably a little curious, though, aren't you, Stepanov?"

V hirty, Mr. President, that delivers of the orissage is part of one work? He hinded over the eavelope.

Disak you. We Ambissidor "The President smiled wanty It I have an answer. I is arrange to communicate it to the chairman."

Stenanov saw that his interview was at an end, shook hands and fett.

Tanner played with the envelope for at least a quarter of an hour before he took out his letter opener and slit the edges. Then he started to read:

Dear Mr. President: This letter is for your eyes only because of the gravity of the information it contains. I have discovered the existence of a joint U.S.-U.S.S.R. operation called Red Rose, I am sure it means nothing to you, as it meant nothing to me until this morning. Apparently, at the time of the U.S.-Soviet Summit of 1974. the K.G.B. and the CIA, unbeknown to Mr. Brezhnev and certainly to Mr. Nixon, signed an agreement that in the event that either country wanted to get rid of its leader, it could call on the secret services of the other to carry out the assignment.

A look of stupefaction crossed Tanner's face as he continued to read:

Those of my stall who were involved in the negotiations told me that there was some thought, at the time, of invoking the clauses of the agreement against Mr. Nixon. Obviously, they did not feel it necessary to do so, particularly when he resigned. But now the CIA has called on us to carry out Operation Red Rose. It has asked us to assassinate you, Mr. President. Of course, I have forbidden my people to carry out this assignment, but at the same time, because of my high regard for you, I have felt it incumbent on me to inform you of this plan so that you can take whatever actions you wish within your own Government. My very best wishes to you, Mr. President.

It was signed simply "Ivanov." Tanner reread the letter several times. Then he pushed the button for General Buchanan.

Buchanan strode into the Oval Office. "What was that all about?" he asked-curious but without suspicion. He noticed that Tanner's hands were shaking, "Just something personal," Tanner

answered. "Wiley, is there still a terminal of the hotline telex in the White House?

Yes Mr. Pressents

March 18

It's in the securior room -in the timement. There's an operator on duty tisents four bears a day

Good," the President seal of the 20 de in there. And Wiley call the operator and tell han I want to be left

General Buchanan for ht not to show his alarm, though in fact he could think of nothing more diagrarous than an almost surely deranged President sending a private message to the Soviet. chairman. It was the possibility of just this sort of thing that had made himresort to Operation Red Rose in the first place.

Tunner seemed to be able to read his aide's mind. "I don't want any argument!" he snapped. "Just carry out my He then headed out of the office, made his way down the stairs that led to the basement and walked to the far end of the situation room, where the telex machines were kept. One of them hore a sign reading: DIRECT TO KREMLIN. Tanner was alone. If Buchanan had proved himself capable of treachery, he was nevertheless weakkneed about disobeying a direct order.

Tanner sat down and punched out. his message.

Then he dropped in at General Buchanan's office-What's come over the man?" the astonished general asked himself-and announced that he was accepting an invitation to speak at a farmers' convention in Moline, Illinois, the following day. It was at that convention, a few minutes before noon, that Tanner was shot to death, and in the confusion that followed, the assassin got away without a trace.

Tanner's funeral rivaled Lincoln's and Roosevelt's. Millions of people, many of them in tears, lined the streets as the cortege made its way to the cemetery at Arlington and the martyred President was laid to rest at the side of John F. Kennedy. Even the press, with whom he had gotten on badly, eulogized him as a better-than-average President and a patriot.

And the new President, hand-picked by Tanner for the Vice-Presidency, earried out Administration policies even more vigorously than his predecessor.

Buchanan, of course, kept his mouth shut. He had long since run through his paper shredder the piece of crunipled telex carbon he had found in a basement wastebasket:

Ivanov. Do not ask questions. Carry out Operation Red Rose, You will get along well with my success. sor. Thank you. Tunner,

"When you have eliminated the impossible, whatever tensions, however improbable, must be the truth."

— She thank Holmes

The greatest cover-unp our aill

By Robert Sam Anson

It was one of those coincidences. No one could have known that the bus would be stopping in front of Jacqueline Kennedy's apartment at precisely the moment she would be walking through the front door on her way to yet another funeral, but there, bizarrely, macabrely, it was: the bus with the big ad spread across its side, announcing in two-foothigh letters that "Lee Harvey Oswald Was Innocent." For a moment, there was an embarrassed silence. All that indicated recognition was a slight widening of the eyes and an almost imperceptible tightening of the muscles of her face. And then she was gone, disappearing in her limousine.

Even now, 11 and a half years since that sunny day in Dallas, it is the murder no one will ever forget. Two presidents have come and gone, a war, rebellions, changes without number. And still the image persists. A young president. pledged "to do better." riding in an open limousine, waving to cheering crowds. A turn, then another turn, and the car is heading past a tall building. slowly gliding toward the tunnel that lies just beyond a grassy knoll. The wife of the governor turns toward him and smiles. "You can't say the people of Dallas don't love you. Mr. President." There is no answer, only a sharp, popping noise, a sound like firecrackers. In that moment everything changes.

The furies that were released with the assassination of John Fitzgerald Kennedy have never gone away. Nor have the doubts that have surrounded the circumstances of his killing. The Warren Com-

The "dirty rumors" the Warren Commission tried to squash have not gone away. Now Watergate and new evidence have forced another look. The conclusion: a conspiracy for sure

mission's verdict that a "deranged" young man named Lee Harvey Oswald, acting alone, murdered President Kennedy and seriously wounded Governor John Connally, only to be killed himself two days later by another deranged, lone assassin named Jack Ruby, raised as many questions as it answered. Two years after the

publication of the commission's findings—a report and 26 volumes of documents and testimony, based on 25,000 interviews—the Gallup and Harris polls found that nearly two-thirds of the American people disbelieved its conclusions.

They were not the only doubters. Lyndon Johnson, who had appointed the commission, went to his grave believing that his predecessor had been the victim of a "communist" conspiracy. John Connally loudly proclaimed his objections to the commission's finding that he had been wounded by the same bullet that had allegedly passed through the President's throat. The commission's version of Connally's wounding was crucial. since, as one commission lawyer put it. "more shots means more assassing." Several members of the commission itself were less than convinced of the accuracy of the report they signed. Rep. Hale Boggs of Louisiana, a commission member, was particularly upset by many of the findings and wanted to issue a minority report, until the commission agreed to insert "probables" in front of many items that had been marked certainties. Even so. Boggs was less than satisfied. Until his mysterious disappearance in a light plane flying over Alaska in 1972, he continued to tell friends that the Warren Commission was in error. Similarly, the late Senator Richard Russell, who had been placed on the commission in deference to his power as chairman of the Armed Ser-

contimed

vices Commutee, made thight seems of his disenchantment with the commission's report and encouraged private involvegators to oballence its findings. "I nover believed that he [Oswald] did it without any consulcation or encourage ment whatswever," Russell said in 1970. "Too many things caused me to doubt that he planned it all by himself." And then there were the witnesses to the assasunation usell. Fifty two of them insisted that at least some of the shots that killed President Kennedy came from in front of him, from the direction of the infamous grassy knoll. The commission discounted all of them.

Small wonder, then, that the commission's report proved a breeding ground for skeptics. In the years immedistely following the assassination, 26 books and dozens of articles, some of them serious some simply scurrilous. challenged the finding that Oswald acted alone or, in the opinion of many of the doubters-including Mark Lane and Sylvia Meagher, author of the seminal Accessories After the Fact-at all. By 1967, the holes in the Warren Commission report had become so numerous and obvious, and the public furor about them so great, that several congressmen were demanding a new investigation. Then, another one of those coincidences. In New Orleans a district attorney named Jim Garrison, a figure of large ambition and unsavory reputation, indicted Clay Shaw, director of the New Orleans Trade Mart. for conspiracy to murder John Kennedy. Garrison claimed that Shaw was the . ringleader of a CIA cabal. He proved only that Clay was a devotee of kinky homosexuality. After a ludicrous trial, in which Garrison made almost no attempt to produce evidence. Shaw was acquitted. Subsequently. Shaw died and Garrison was driven from office. The Warren Commission's critics were scattered in disarray

Now the critics have returned, stronger than before, Armed with sophis-

ticace forew technology and a rafe of French dom of lifternation taxistic they have uncovered additional evidence pointing to the existence of a completely ma conspiracy in which Leeli irvey (Iswald was not involved, if indeed there ever was a Lee Harvey Chuald, Within the last few months, Congressman Henry Gonzalez, a Democrat from San Antonio, has introduced a resolution calling for a congressional investigation of the assassination; A petition backing it has collected more than 250,000 signatures on the West Coast alone. A bootiegged copy of the long-suppressed Zapruder film, showing President Kennedy being driven violently backward by a shot that rips off the top of his head, has been shown on national television twice. Perhaps most significant of all, the Justice Department, according to reliable sources, has very quietly begun a high-level internal review of Oswald's background, in the past, rumors have circulated that Oswald was an agent of one or more intelligence agencies, perhaps including the FBL Now, the rumors are taking on some substance.

Much of the evidence that is being gone over today is precisely the same ground that the critics went over a decade ago. What has changed is belief. The strongest selling point of the Warren Commission is not what it said but the people who said it: some of the most respected men in the land, among them the chief justice of the United States, two directors of the CIA and a man who a decade later would assume the presidency. Gerald R. Ford. If a senior public figure stated something in 1964, there was a tendency to take him at his word. In the aftermath of Watergate and Victnam, few people are prepared to believe anything that comes out of Washington. In a sense, that is part of the problem. As Mark Lane, who has returned to investigating the assassination after sojourns into Vietnam protests and Indian rights struggles, puts it: "It's not a question any longer of persuading people to disbelieve the Warcan Commission report. They are ready to believe almost any expertation, however crary, as long as it coesalt come from the covernment?

The problemen on Oswild . warn's acting alone has always seemed a little crary. Because, it he was to then there must have been a comprision a word that does not go down easily among many Americans And of there was a comspiracy, then there mug have been an effort to cover it up, an effort so monumental that it would have had to include the Dallas police, the CIA, the Secret Service, the FBI and, yes, possibly the President of the United States. Ten years ago. that was a little hard to swallow. Even now, it is a story one would rather not believe. But there are the questions that won't go away. And there is Watergate: a conspiracy involving the CIA, the FBL the Department of Justice and, yes, the President of the United States, Suddenly, it becomes possible.

The commission and the critics

Impossible, said the commission, from the moment it began its work. Conspiracy was the one thing the commission did not want to hear, much less discover, Earl Warren, who had accepted the chairmanship of the commission only after considerable arm-twisting from President Johnson, made it clear at the first, secret staff meeting of the commission that his mission and theirs was more political than investigatory. He had taken the job. Warren told the commission, because the President had convinced him that if rumors about a conspiracy were not squelched, it could conceivably lead the country into war. As Melvin Eisenberg, a commission lawyer, later recalled the chief justice's charge in a memo. "He placed emphasis on quenching rumors, and precluding further speculation such as that which has surrounded the death of Lincoln."

Thus, under extreme political pressures, the commission set about its task,

With no investigative staff of its own, it relied on the foll and CIA to do its field work for it. At times, the reliance proved embarrassing, as when the FBI report came it stating that President Kennedy and Covernor Connally had been wounded by separate shots. The FBI ven sion of the President's wounds also differed sharply from the commission's version, which later was condemned by the American Academy of Forensic Pathologists as being so incomplete and sloppy as to be no autopsy at all. The FBI's placement of the President's wounds-one in the head, another some six inches below the neck-made the commission's seenario of events untenable. Secret Service men who witnessed both the shooting and the autopsy also placed the back wound well below the neck, as did the autopsy doctors own diagram. The President's jacket and shirt also showed a bullet bole just beneath the shoulder. Faced with such evidence, the commission chose the only practicable course: it ignored it.

Instead, the commission's junior lawyers came up with their own theory of the assassination, one contradicted by ballistics findings, autopsy results and the testimenay of every witness to the actual event. In time, it came to be called "the magic bullet theory."

Simply stated, the commission found that three bullets were fired that day in Dealey Plaza, all from the rear. The final, fatal shot hit the President in the back of the head. The second shot missed completely and struck the pavement, wounding a bystander. The first, the "magic" bullet, struck President Kennedy in the back just below the neck, passed through his neck into the back of Governor Connally, smashed through Connally's rib and out his chest below his right nipple, and continued on to strike his wrist, finally winding up in Connally's thigh. In short, one shot, seven holes.

If there were only one assassin, firing from the sixth floor of the School Book Depository, the commission's the-

ory made sense; Indeed, it was the only theory that could account for a lone as six an, since the allocad murder weapon, a 1940 vinture Italian made Mannlicher Carcano, was a clumbs, sinds who, difficult to operate weapon. They conducted by the commission determined that it was, physically impossible to shoot and load the Carcano more than three times in the 5.6 seconds, between the first time the President was hit and the linal, fatal shot.

The trouble began when the commission attempted to duplicate Oswald's alleged marksmanship. First, they found that the rifle was fitted with a left-handed scope; Oswald was right-handed. Then, too, shims had to be inserted to make the scope accurate. Ignoring the fact that Oswald's Marine records showed him to be a

A petition backing a reinvestigation has collected more than 250,000 signatures on the West Coast alone

poor shot, the commission had three master marksmen from the National Rifle Association recreate the events in Dallas by hitting a level, stationary target. None of them could. Of course, Oswald could have been lucky. As for the one and a half seconds that elapse between the time the Zapruder film shows the President to be hit and Governor Connally bunching up and slumping over, the commission suggested that Connally was merely experiencing a "delayed reaction" to having his chest torn open by a high-powered rifle builet.

Totally inexplicable is how the bullet that purportedly did all this damage (and was later conveniently discovered on the governor's stretcher in a confider of Parkland Hospital) emerged so

nuraculously intact, virtually undetermed, with city 2.5 grains missing from as normal we, bit. The commission itself tiad a similar billet fired into the wrist bone of a codaser and found that the butter was manufed.

The most damning evidence, though, comes from the most unlikely source: I. Edgar Hoover. In a letter to the commission not included in the original 26 volumes of evidence and testimony. Hoover reveals that the magic bullet and bullet fragments were subsequently sub-jected to spectrographic analysis. That test. Hoover reports, was inconclusive. However, there was an additional test, a Neutron Activation Analysis, a highly sophisticated technique that measures the differences in material that has been bombarded with radiation down to parts per billion and sometimes even less. In his letter to the commission. Hoover blandly: reports that while "minor variations" were found between the fragments taken from President Kennedy's body and those taken from Governor Connally's body. those differences were not judged to be "sufficient." To the layman, that explanation sounds line, and certainly the commission did not question it. But the beauty of NAA is that the size of differences between particles are meaningless. Virtually any difference, however minute, is not only "sufficient" but irrefutable. Unless atoms changed their structure that day in Dallas, John Kennedy and John ! Connaily were wounded by separate bullets.

Perhaps the subtleties of neutrons and atoms may have escaped the members of the commission. Incredibly, no mention of the NAA test or Hoover's letter is to be found either in the report or the 26 volumes of evidence (so far the FBI has refused to release copies of the actual NAA findings). Far more graphic evidence, however, was right in front of them: a color film of the assassination itself.

Abraham Zapruder, a Dallas dress

continued

manufacturer, was searcing with his secretary on a concrete podestal immediately adjusted to the grass know on November 22, 1983. A supporter of the President. Depender had brought his him movie calment to record the moson cade. What he saw through the slewfulder instead was the most horiting moment in modern American bistory.

Though a few frames are unaccountably missing, and though the film has been spliced twice, the 22-second Zapruder film is startling enough. We see the lead motorcycles turning onto Elm Street, and behind them the President's bluz Lincoln. Kennedy is smiling, waving to the crowds. Then, for a few seconds, the car disappears behind a freeway sign. When it emerges. Kennedy has been hit. His hands are clenched, and he is bringing his arms up to his throat. Connally, apparently unburt, turns back to his right trying to see what has happened. He turns around and is beginning to turn to his left when his cheeks suddenly pull, his hair goes askew, and he is driven downward in the car. In the rear seat Mrs. Kennedy has now begun to lean over her stricken husband, who has begun to fall forward and to the left. The ear continues on, almost coasting down the hill. Seconds pass. One one thousand, two one thousand, three one thousand, four one thousand, five one thousand, six... And then, for a fraction of an instant, the President's head is thrown forward a few inches, a blur, lost in the sudden vicient impact that tears away the right side of his head in a shower of blood and brains and throws him backward in the car at a speed of 104 miles per bour.

Until recently, these pictures have been seen by a comparative handful of people. Life magazine, which bought Zapruder's film for \$25,000, suppressed the fatal frames for reasons of "taste." To most researchers who have seen the Zapruder film, the conclusion is obvious: the final shot comes from the right and to the front, and can only have been fired from the grassy knoll Josiah Thompson. a Haverford College Professor who was hired by Life to work on its investigation of the assassination (and then left when the editors would not accept his evidence of a conspiracy), has studied the Zapruder film more closely and longer than anyone. His conclusion, based on the film, is that there were at least four shots. The first, fired from the School Book Depository, which struck the President in the back. The second, fired from the roof of the nearby County Records Building, which hit Connally. And a final, double impact a third shot, which hits the President in the back of the head, and a fourth,

which has him in the hold ond in big.

The movals cheen is hared on note of processival as move of colonion Newsons should law of move of every action has an equal and or now, reserving. When business are his form the rear, they move torward. When his trem the timat, they move backward. The is precisely what occurs in the Zaprecer film. The commission ignored in To accept it would have been to say there had been a conspiracy.

Eaproder himself thought there had been one. He later resulted that he had heard shots whistle pass his right ear. His film, according to some investigators, not only records the assassination but one of the killers. The "figure" is seen in frame 413, toward the end of the film, as the presidential limousine disappears behind some bushes before entering the tunnel. In those bushes is a dark shadow that to some, appears to be the head and arms of a man, who appears to be pointing a ritle. There are many doubts, even among conspiracy theorists, over whether

Taken together, these happenings form a mosaic of a man in, around, aided and abetted by intelligence agencies through the last six years of his life

the shadow is actually a man. Final proof or disproof awaits image enhancement tests, which are currently being conducted at Cornell University.

A clearer image of a man, pointing what seems to be a gun, appears in a film taken by Orville Nix, who was standing across Elm Street from Zaproder at the time of the assassination. Extreme blowups of the Smm frame, though very hazy, seem to show a man pointing what could be a long-barreled, sighted pistol from behind a cream-colored Rambler station wagon parked behind the grassy knoll. Later, the picture was shown to Lee Rowers, a railroad worker, who witnessed the assassination from a nearly switching tower and told the Warren Commission he had seen unusual "commotion" near the stockade fence just as the shots rangout. The pis exactly what I saw? Bowlets said of the picture. A few months later,

the ware a two and warm his calind use a billing to a minim. He had here driving in dissipation and a property in the a distribution are speed, which his car speed is sweened off the side of the first received to the Kenneds, choosing or I.D. These minimizes to die under strange circumstances within three years of the assassination. Fixe died of what were officially fixed as "natural" causes the other 12 were sections of munder, accidents or suicide. The actuarial odds of such a string of deaths have been reckoned at 100 trillion to 1.1

The Grassy knoll and Other Curiosities

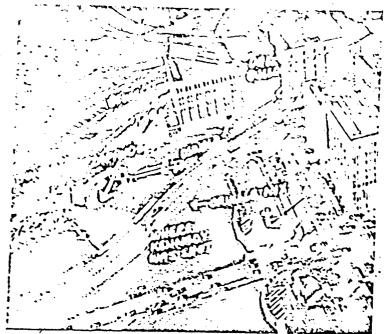
If the commission was willing to credit Oswald with extraordinary gitts of marksmanship and mobility, it was not quite prepared to admit he had the power of bi-location as well. Thus, the possibility of an assassin or assassins firing on the motorcade from the direction of the grassy knoll to the right of Elm Street was ruled out.

To rule it out, the commission had to discount the testimony of more than 50 witnesses, nearly a score more than those who reported shots coming from the School Book Depository. By and large, the grassy knoll witnesses were. like Lee Bowers, quite positive about what they saw or heard. More importantly, many of their stories coincided in crucial details, and the details were quite specific. S. M. Holland, who observed the scene from the overpass, reported seeing a pull of smoke near the stockade fence immediately after the shots; Bowers noted the presence of several strange cars in the parking lot in back of the knotl, In one of the cars. Bowers said, a man seemed to be speaking into something that resembled a microphone.

Films back up some of the stories. The Nix film, for instance, shows people running in the direction of the knoll immediately after the shots, while two people on the knoll itself throw themselves to the ground, to avoid being hit by more shots. The film also shows the two motorcycle officers who had been riding behind the presidential limousine dismounting and one of them running up the knoll, gun drawn.

Another policeman who ran to the knoll was Joe Smith, who had been directing traffic at the corner of Houston and Elm when he was summoned by a woman who cried, "They are shooting the President from the bushes." What Smith discovered on the knoll is the most chilling story of all. As he related his story to the FBI: "I pulled my gun from my holster and I thought, 'This is silly, I don't know who I am looking for,' and I put it back.

designations of the second sec



Just as I did, he [the man at whom Smith had been pointing his weapon] showed me he was a Secret Service agent." There is only one problem. The Secret Service's own records show there were no Secret Service men on the grassy knoil.

Indeed, a lot of people were where they shouldn't have been that day. Winsion Lawson, the Secret Service agent responsible for the choice of the Kennedy motorcade route, later reported that motorcycle outriders were posted on "the left and right flanks of the President's car" (a position that would have made a cross-fire more difficult). But, as the films of the motorcade clearly indicate, the motorcycles were posted well to the rear of the President's car and, according to the Dallas police, were positioned there at Lawson's own instructions. After the shooting, when the doors of the School Book Depository were scaled, a man was "trapped inside" who didn't belong there. He was James W. Powell, an Army intelligence agent.

Across the street from the Book Depository is the Dat-Tex Building, and assassination theorists have long speculated that some of the shots on the motorcade could have come from there as well as from the Book Depository. The cops evidently had the same idea, too, because, after the shooting, they picked up a young man who had been in the building "without a good excuse," as the police teport puts it, Just who the young man was is impossible to say. While the records show he was taken to the sheriff's of-

fice, his name does not appear, nor does any alibi. Evidently, he just disappeared.

The debate over what did or did not go on at both the grassy knoll and the Dal-Tex Building might well be resolved by a thorough examination of the wounds in President Kennedy's brain. Just for this reason, the brain was removed after the autopsy and "set" in Formalin. Eventually, it was transported, along with other medical evidence, to the National Archives. When Dr. Cyril Wecht, the coroner of Allegheny County, Pa., and one of the few independent experts to examine the autopsy photographs and X-rays. sought to locate the brain at the archives. he made a grisly discovery. It, too, had disappeared.

The Oswald Connection

In fixing blame for the assassination, the commission ignored the testimony of eyewitnesses and settled instead on a 24-year-old former Marine named Lee Harvey Oswald. For a country still shaken by the Cold War. Oswald fit the bill perfectly. He was a self-proclaimed Marxist who had, several years before the assassination, "defected" to the Soviet Union. When he returned, he brought a Russian wife with him. As it happened, her uncle was an official in the Soviet Secret Police. Oswald had been born in New Orleans but had grown up in the Dallas area, and it was to Dallas that he returned. One month before the assassination, he had gone to work as a stockboy in the School Book Depository.

Oswald was acroned 75 minutes after the President's mulder, as he was sitting in a imose theater. Escentially, he was charged with the mirers of President Kennedy and J.D. Tippit, a Dailar police officer who was short to death not many blocks from the theirer within an hour of the assassination. The evidence that Oswald committed either crime is tenuous at beu.

Physical evidence linking Oswald to the assassination was strangely inconclusive. A parallin test turned up traces of nitrates on his hands but not on his check, and was ultimately dismissed by both the FBI and the commission as unreliable. A partial palm print was found on the weapon, but police were unable to prove it was Oswald's. The gun itself had been purchased through the mail by an A. Hidell, Dallas police claimed that they found Oswald carrying phony identification for an A. Hidell, jet the accompanying photograph does not look like Lee Harvey Oswald.

The day of the assassination, while rummaging through a garage where Oswald kept some of his things, the police also uncovered two snapshots of Oswald standing in a back yard, a revolver strapped around his hip. In one hand he holds some socialist propaganda literature. In the other he helics a long, scope-mounted rifle. The FBI, however, was unable to determine whether the rifle was the Carcano. Other researchers, notably Sylvia Meagher, assert that the gun Oswald holds is 2.4 inches longer than the Carcano.

In any case, there is serious question whether the man holding the rifle is Lee Harvey Oswald at all. Several professional photo analysts have flatly branded the picture as a fake. They point out that the V-shaped shadow under the nose is identical in both photos, even though Oswald's head is tilted in one and erect in another. In the first photo Oswald is standing at an angle so oddly out of kilter that, in trying to duplicate it. : one invariably falls over. Other photo i analysis techniques, such as the red-blue transparency test. find a disparity in the skin tones of Oswald's head and those of his arm and hands. A comparison of the head in the photograph and Oswald's head in booking photos from the Dallas Police Department reveals that the Oswald arrested in Dallas had a rather narrow, pointed chin. The chin of the man standing in the back yard seem's decidedly broad and squarish, leading critics of the Warren Commission to speculate that the back yard photo is of another man, with a cropped head shot of Lee Oswald laid atop it just above the chin. Finally,

continued

Enterorgish when example wom-Control of the Stewart exceed present a smaller than the first when the professional taken trouble theory is a world by process of the society aways the view published hearts a vinding place. According to the commission this is regerred to their the pictures are faces for sized to incremente comma co the appropriate on, or Oswald managed to grawing selv balt a foot in the few minister. because the taking of the first and the second pictures.

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Against this evidence is the testment of Marina Oswald, who told the commission she took the pictures. In this and other mitters. Mrs. Oswall providmen cooperative; indeed, nearly threecourters of the evidence against her husbind comes from her tenimony. Except when it conflicted with its own sequence of events, the commission accepted Mrs. Cru ald's testimony at face value, despete numerous warnings from commission lawyers such as Norman Redlich that "Marina has repeatedly fied to the Secret Service, the FBI and this commission on matters which are of vital concern."

The commission's tolerance reward Marina is undernandable. There were law other witnesses who could put Oswald at the scene of either murder, and these who could, for one reason or another, were less than wholly credible. Only two witnesses, for instance, claimed to have seen Oswald on the sixth floor sportly before the shots were fired. One was Howard Brennan, a 45-year-old steam fitter who was standing directly acress the street from the Book Depositers. Minutes before the shooting. Breaman claimed he glanced up and saw Oswald standing in a window on the xixth. forc, sun in band, Later, however, Srea-E by two blaward skip of oldern sew rea police lineup, and the commission itself downplayed the significance of his testimany. The other witness was Charles Givens one of Oswald's co-workers. Secrety after the assassination, Givens told the FBI that he had seen Oswald on the first floor 40 minutes before the asressination. For the next six months. Givens stuck to that story through several and noise more than 10% anoise governed yer David Belin interviewed him on April 3, 1954, did Givens suddenly recall that he had forgotten his cigarettes on the sixth floor and, when he went to retrieve them shortly before noon, spotted Oswald and exchanged a few woods with Sim. Belin, the lawyer who elicited Givens' sudden switch in testimony, recently went to work as chief counsel on the Rockeleller Commission investigating Backs.

Oswald himself claimed that Se

Service Brook & Section 2 1881 The left graph for the contract the contract of between a new on the least the en-Count'd field to an his so peak perchicage. the contest of standard of beauty and page of about the window, works that or join grans off the morder wexcess, he can rethe ran down four tubbs of said and Notifical Battle of Costs mad michiga 80

In 1969 lesse Corry, who and been chief of the Dallas Police Department at the time of the assassionics, such "We don't have any proof that closuld fixed the ritle. No one has been able to put him in that building with the gen in his band." No one. Curry should have said except the Warren Commission.

Secret Agent Man

Almost from the morecut of Oswald's arrest, rumors waters through Dallas and Washington that the accused assassin was an agent for one or more intelligence agencies. The rumors were fedby the fact that the notebook clouded was carrying with him at the time of his arrest carried the name, license and telephone number of James Hosty, a Dazzetused FSI man who had visited Comaid's household several times. There was no question about the visits. Hony himself conturned them, explaining that they were a routine part of keeping track of known subversives. What was more troubling to the commission was the successor that Oswald was not only under the sucreillance of the FBI but in its employ.

The rumors became formal allegations when Waggoner Carr, the Texas attorney general, passed them on to the Warren Commission, Carr. who said he had gotten his information from reliable informants (they turned out to be on the Ball of the Dallas D.A.L said that Cowold collected \$200 every mooth from the FBI as an informer and that his Bureau identification number was 179.

Carr's information seet shock waves through the commission. Ask how senously the members of the commission viewed the story is shown in a TOP SECRET transcript of a cheed commission meeting. The recently declassified transcript quotes an alarmed J. Lee Rankin, chief counsel for the commission, saying, "We do base a dirty numer that is very bud for the Commission . . . and it is very comaguing for the agencies that are involved in cand it must be wiped out insofar as a se possible to do so by this Commission." The probtom, as commission member and learner

Participated March Consequences and green and an early the control and were and itt agentafforser sould sig it he wasn't Or as Dolles accorded to the think under any endumparces. ٧. Homer would century see to dott have anothing to do was as so, so ex-If he [Hower] survey to well the gave thing to do with it, you can't prove what the facts are." When Dougs' to low commissioners ask him whether he would lie. even under oath, if he were put in the same spot. Dailes blantly teas them yes. as would any official in the Ci A.

For whatever it is worth, about ? Hoover and the CIA both dutifully denied that Oswald had ever been their i agent. All that remains to contradict ! them is a series of unlikely events, which, depending on how they are construed. make a powerful case for coincidence or conspiracy.

First, there is the matter of Orwald's Marine record. One of his duty stations overseas was Atsaga Japan. where he worked as a radar operator and learned Russian, or so it is said, in his spare time. According to those familiar, with the workings of the agency. Atsuri is one of the largest CIA bases in the world. In the past, it has been the launching pad for covert operators dropped sato Cominunist China, as well as a base for the agency's U-2s. If Oswald worked at Atsugi, the argument goes, he was almost surely an agency man.

Then, there is the manner of Oswald's leave-taking from the Marine Corps. In September 1939 Oswald applied for a hardship discharge on the ground that his mother had been injured. (A box dropped on her feet at work; she was back at work a few days inter.) The discharge was granted three days later-a record time, according to Marine Corps officers. According to the critics, it was the CIA who set the record.

Once home, Oswald spent three days with his mother before leaving for i New Orleans, the first stop on a begins to the Soviet Union. According to the Warren Commission, Oswald paid \$1.500 plus for his passage from money saved from the Marine Corps. But Oswald's bank account showed a balance of exactly \$203. The question is where the rest came from.

Oswald supposedly took a ship to England and made the next log of his a journey-Landon to Helsinki-by plane. Sylvia Meagher, who, matched up the emtry date stumped on Oswald's pussport in London with the time his commercial theht was said to have departed for Helsinki, found that the place left a day before Oswald arrived in England. The

only plans Sie explanation is that Usward reached. Folland by moncommercial means. In the migds of the critics, the CIA made the means available.

Two weeks after his arrival in Russia. Oswald showed up at the American Embassy to make two startling declarations he was renouncing his American citizenship, and he was going to turn over his knowledge of radar secrets to the Russians. The revelations after not seem to cause a ripple of concern. In any case, when Oswald applied for a new passport two years later, it was routinely granted, along with a loan of several hundred dollars to get home. At the time of Oswald's return to the United States—

the CLA was queen an ordered many tributists about what they had sign of Russia. Oswald, the distector and soft proclaimed betraver of indicts Society was merely met at the grane by Sign I. Russia, when the Waster Complessed identified as an official of the Travellers. Aid, What the community and not not retained that Mr. Russia was the former soon any general of the American Ericods of Anti-Bolshevik Bloc of Nations a group with extensive ties to iptelligence agencies in the Far Eavi and Lyrope.

Back in Texas, Oswald and Marina were taken under the wing of Dallas's large and heavily CIA-infehrated White Russian community. Few people extended more kindnesses to the Oswalds ! than George deMohienshildt, a wealthy oil ceologist who boasted that he had worked for French intelligence during the war. DeMohrenshildt took the Oswalds to parties and introduced the young unskilled worker and his bride to his circle of socially prominent friends. Quite possibly, deMohrenshildt also reminisced about the eight-month hiking trip he and his wife had recently taken in 1960 through Central America. Such alletelling would not be unusual. According to the Warren Commission, deMohrenshilds had already filed a lengthy written and filmed report of his travels with "The U.S. Government." By "happenstance." the commission writes, the deMohrenshildts' travel itinerary put them in Guatemala City (the jumping-off point for the Invaders) at the time of the Bay of Pigs invasion.

Despite the aid of people like the deMohrenshildts. Oswald was apparently unable to get and keep steady work. At least, that was the stated reason why he moved to New Orleans in April of 1963. Oswald did not fare much better on the job market, but he did come in contact with some interesting people. One of them, according to nine witnesses including several law officers, was Clay Shaw. Although Shaw's participation in an assassination conspiracy has never been proven to anyone's satisfaction. Garrison did make a convincing case that Shaw was connected to the CIA, which would hardly be unusual since both New Orleans and the Trade Nart of which Shaw was director are centers of CIA activity in the Caribbean, Moreover, Victor Marchetti, the former executive assistant to CIA Director Richard Helms and author of The CIA and the Cult of Intelligence, now quotes Helms as telling his senior staff people at the time of the Garrison trial that Shaw had been a "contract" employee of the agency .

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If it is unusual for a self-proclaimed "Marxist" to demand to see the Fill, it is no more out of character than Oawald's other labors on behalf of Castro's Cuba. Some of Oswald's leaflets, for instance, were stamped with the address "544 Camp Street." The commission could find no evidence that Oawald ever kept an office at that address, but in its search it found that an anti-Castro group had. That group was the Cuban Revolutionary Committee, a CIA creation put together by none other than E. Howard Hunt.

In late September 1963, Oswald left by bus from New Orleans to Mexico City, where he hoped to obtain a travel visa to Cuba. On October 10 the CIA sent a cable to the State Department and the Office of Naval Intelligence, informing them that a "reliable and sensitive source" had reported that Leon "Henry" Oswald had been seen entering the Soviet Embassy. The CIA said it had reason to believe that this was the same L.H. Oswald who lived in Texas and had once defected to the Soviet Union, and requested that State and ONI furnish pietures of Oswald so that the identity could be confirmed. In its cable the CIA describes Oswald as "approximately 35 years old, six feet talk, athletically built. with a receding hairline." Later, the CIA released pictures of the Mexico City "Oswald." The only resemblance between this "Oswald" and the Oswald arrested in Dallas a month later was the receding hairline. So far, the best explanation the CIA has offered for the affair is that it was a "mixup."

If it were truly a mixup, it bears some explanation. Oswald did, in fact, travel to Mexico City, and his name appears on a visa application filed with the Soviet Embassy, Confirmation comes both from embassy records and from one William G. Gaudet, whose name immediately follows Oswald's on the roger of Mexican travel permits. The Oswald-Gaudet sequence is another one of those coincidences that seemed to have dogged Lee Harvey Oswald throughout his life. For Mr. Gaudet, who lists his occupation as editor of the Latin A merican Traveller, is also an admitted tormer employee of the CIA.

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emilità el tibe Walter Commissed occurs. Patter Nord Food inchi de le places apthat during a news contelence held by Had to dealers There against the control and blow's proposition of the World was amemberelthe Free Cobs Commune? a second slip of the torque, since that committee is a violent's ann-Casto group. At last, though, a friendly voice in 22 : 22 : Col the room corrected Wade and informed him that Oswald was, in fact, a member of the Fair Play for Cuba Commatter. The Iriendly voice belonged to a Englieht proprietor named Jack Ruby.

Taken singly, any one of these happenings can be written off to simple chance. Taken together, they form a mousie of a man in, around, aided and abented by intelligence agencies of one sort or another throughout the last six years of his life.

Deduction, however, is not proof. And in the absence of official explanation, the common-sense linking of a series. of incredible occurrences is all that is lett to entics of the Warren Commission. The velved in the wholesale planting and buying of double agents in radical groups duncy the 1960s, coupled with the revelations that the CIA was involved not once but several times in assissination piece against Castro and, according to Ti-e magazine, carned out such plots against Francois Duvalier and Rafael Trapillo, provides added impetus to enties who are ready, in any case, to blame mest of the world's troubles on the machinations of U.S. intelligence, Lyndea Johnson himself termed the CIA's operations in the Caribbean in damn murder incorporated."

All the same, there is, at this moment, not a shred of credible evidence that links either the CIA or the FRI to the planning and carrying out of John Kendedy's murder. What Oswald's connectices to U.S. intelligence do provide is a rationale for the coverup that followed the assassination. For, whether or not . Osuald was part of an assassination conspirity, there was, after his murder, no convenient way for an intelligence agenby to explain that, while Oswald had been in their employ, he was not acting at their benest on the 22nd of November, 1963. The "dury rumors" that so terrified the Warren Commission would always exist. There remained only one solution. The tuttirs, as Rankin fold the commission, "- in he wifed out." Clumsity, stupidly, 12 a Warren Commission set out to do just - 11.

> The Ubiquitous Mr. Hunt Let Hamey Oswald was not the on-

Another "misco" in all like there is a specific concentration of a mi larrier the insussion of and, where these Dr. in D.A. Henry Made while Could proving quickly turned in sections was psino of the cops leader, were three of it is man from the ware. For who they were in officially unknown, they were toleaved before anyone by cheed to take their names. In the Women Commission report, they are reterred to as "tramps," In the photo one of those tramps bears a passing resemblance to Frank Stureis. one of the Watercate Cubany. The older man looks remarkably like America's favorite spy: author, burglar, blackmailer, assassination devotee E. Howard Hunt.

The resemblance is so sinking that some assassination bults notable comedian Dick Gregory, have charged that the photograph not only looks like E. Howard Hunt but is E. Howard Hunt, The stall of the Rockefeller CIA Commission. headed by David Beim, has obligingly promised to check the matter out. Belin's eagerness to investigate is understandable. For although the photo of one of the recent disclosures that the FBI was in-tramps looks a bit like Hunt today, it resembles him not at all 11 and a half years ago. More to the point. Hunt has an ironclad alibi. At the moment John Kennedy was killed, he was having lunch in Washington.

Other details about Hunt and his circle of Cuban friends, however, are not so easily explained. Hunt's path and Oswald's have a curious way of overlapping. The New Orleans address shared by the Hunt Cuban group and Fair Play for Cuba is merely one example. Another is Hunt's presence in Mexico City, as the CIA's acting station chief, when Oswald showed up looking for a visa, the same visit that touched off the mysterious CIA cables about a look-alike Oswald who, in fact, did not look like Oswald at all.

For Hunt to be involved, however peripherally, with Oswald and the events surrounding the assassination is perfectly in keeping with Hunt's image of himself as the master spy and conspirator. In Give Us This Day, his account of the Bay of Pizs invasion (in which he served as the CIA's political officer), Hunt writes bitterly of the invasion's "betrayal" at the hands of Kennedy, who, according to Hunt, sought "to whitewash the New Frontier by heaping guilt on the CIA." The betrayal, as far as Hunt and his Cuban comrades were concerned, involved Kennedy's suppoint of air support and an assassination attempt on Castro that was to coincide with the landing. The Bay of Pigs was not the first time Heat reg simmended assassingtion, or the last. In 1960 Hunt tried to sell a Castro as-

The state of the consequences common but was formed disent In 1968. acceptant to plainable to I Style, Hunt was back with another Castro assassinote a scheme. This time the olor, in with his bearded Cuban physician named. R fields Cubela was to be the triager min, went forward, only to be foiled at the list minute by Lyndon Johnson's decision to invade the Dominican Republic. Hunt apparently had these plots in mind when he wrote to the White House in 1972 about his participation in "many illegal conspiracies"-conspiracies that might come-to light if funds for his defense and the support of his family were not quickly forthcoming.

Hunt, of course, was not the only anti-Castroite with a fondness for assassination. Frank Sturgis-alias Fiorini-a former gunrunner and casino operator in Cuba, was also an aficionado. Unlike Hunt. Sturgis did come to the attention of the Warren Commission. In tracing Oswald's background, the commission came across stones that Oswald had, both in New Orleans and Miami, tried to infiltrate anti-Castro refugee groups. One story had it that Oswald had tried to become part of an anti-Castro raiding party; another, that he had been exposed as an infiltrator and been in a fight with a Cuban in Miami; yet a third, that he had been in contact with Cuban intelligence. The truth or falsity of any of these tales is less interesting than their source. The Warren Commission placed them at the doorstep of Hunt's old pal. Frank Sturgis.

This time, the coincidence could be legitimate. The history of pro-Castro and anti-Castro plotting and counterplotting is so tangled that it is virtually impossible to sort out who was doing what to whom and why at any one time. The east of characters is enormous. There is even evidence that Jack Ruby ran guns for the anti-Castro Cubans. And the list stretches on. Does it mean anything? Could Hunt and Sturgis have been involved in Kennedy's assassination? One can only guess. The Warren Commission failed even to ask the questions.

Too Many Oswalds

For a man who supposedly committed the crime of the century. Lee Harvey Oswald behaved rather oddly. Before the assassination, he seemed to go out of his way to call attention to himself-getting in fights, stirring up a fuss at a shooting range, boasting to a car salesman that he would soon be coming into a "lot of money." These incidents have two things in common. Oswald always identified himself quite loadly, and litter the people. he had been involved with had trouble identify by him. The incident with the car

Continued

In 1966 Richard Popkin, a coilege professor in St. Louis, concluded on the basis of these and other strange occurrences that there were two Oswalds, and that the phony Oswald had been employed to frame the real Lee Harvey Or wald. Popkin's thesis has a certain tidy logic to it. For one thing, it explains how Oswald could have been in two places at once. For another, it shows how a poor marksman could have hit a moving target at a range of 280 feet. For a third, it explains how Lee Harvey Oswald, a man who did not know how to drive, took a car for a test spin at speeds of up to 70 miles per hour.

The "two Oswald" theory also makes some sense out of the CIA's "mirup" in: Mexico City. Interestingly, a man dentified as "beon" Oswald, but fitting i he description the CIA issued from Mexico City, showed up in the company of wo other men at the home of Sylvia Odio, an anti-Castro Cuban living in Dalas, two months before the assassination. The men who passed themselves off as inti-Castroites said that it would be a good idea to have Kennedy assassinated. Two months later, when Sylvia Odio heard that a man named Lee Harrey Oswald had been arrested for President Kennedy's assassination, she fainted,

Now, Peter Dale Scott, a professor it Berkeley, and one of the most respected and meticulous of the assassinaion theorists, has come up with a new whickle has the Popkin these mit two Osa if to but reverse.

North bases his concession on a study of Oswald photographs collected by the commission. The phytograph on the passport chwald used to enter the Society Commission of especially screens. It turnly shows symmethially, but it does not appear to be Lee Harvey Oswald. The chair facial, nose and bone structure all are wring.

Scott has also collected the records of Oswald's physical examinations from the time he enlisted in the Marine Corps to the autopsy following his murder. They reveal some seemingly inexplicable dissimilanties. A Manne Corps medical examination conducted on October 24, 1956, for instance, found that Lee Harvey Oswald was 5' 8" tall, 135 pounds, with hazel eyes. Three years later, on September 11, 1959, another Marine exam puts him at 5° 11° tall 150 pounds: with grey eyes. Of course, Oswald could have grown three inches. gained 15 pounds, and changed the color of his eyes in three years, but it seems unlikely. Altogether impossible is the change recorded on July 13, 1962, during job physical Oswald took at Leslie Welding Co. That examination shows him to be 5'9" tall-a loss of two inches in three years. In the arrest bulletin that went out for Oswald on November 22, he was described as 5' 10" tall and weighing 165 pounds—the description that is carried in the FBI files as well. At his autopsy. Oswald was found to be 5' 9" tall, 150 pounds, with grey-blue eyes.

One possible explanation for these differences is that there never was a real Lee Harvey Oswald, or, if there were, he died well before the first Lee Harvey Oswald entered the Marine Corps. From there on, the name and persona of Lee Harvey Oswald became an identity of convenience to be used by an intelligence agency or agencies unknown, a common enough practice among intelligence groups around the world.

Bizarre as the hydra-headed Orwald notion sounds, it was taken quite scriously by J. Edgar Hoover-two and a half years before the assassination. On June 3, 1960. Hoover sent a confidential memorandum to the Department of State, raising the possibility that an imposter might be using the credentials of Oswald, who was then living in the Soviet Union. The Hoover memo sparked other memos within the State Department. None of the correspondence on the possibility of an Oswald imposter was ever forwarded to the Warren Commission. Instead, it was buried to the National Archives and only uncovered recently. W.

Divid Newson, a lawyer who concleded a it immore about Consillation, Witten Commission, offereign replanation also high the life on the countriteit Oswald manual to disappear. It conceivably could have been something or laced to the CIAT visy Mawson. I can only speculate now—but a general CIA effort to take out anything that reflected on them may have covered this up."

It is a chilling thesis, and, like so much about Dalias, it makes just enough sense not to be ruled out.

Who Done It?

There are no answers, of course, only theories, and they range from the unlikely to the obscene. There is a conspiracy to fit every taste and prejudice. The trouble is that, since Dallas, Vietnam and Watergate, few of them can be easily dismissed out of hand. For a time, the CIA itself considered the possibility that Os-

The agency and the mob have enjoyed a cozy relationship since World War II, when the Cosa Nostra protected U.S. ports from Axis sabotage

wald was some sort of "Manchurjan Candidate." a sleeper assassin planted to go off on command. The theory, like all the others, made for interesting conversation around the watercoolers at Langley, but, if the CIA ever followed up on the notion. there is no evidence. Within the last few months, a novel, entitled The Tears of Autumn, has been published, putting forward the supposition that Kennedy was the victim of a revenge killing for the CIA-approved assassination of South Vietnamese President Ngo Dinh Diem, who was slain in Suigón less than a month before Kennedy went to Dallas. One obvious problem with The Tears of Autumn plot is the timing. A few weeks' time seems hardly sufficient to concoct and execute as sophisticated a conspiracy as that which occurred November 22, 1963. in Dallas. Variations of "foreign agents did it" has long held considerable appeal for a number of Americans, including the unlikely duo of Lyndon Johnson and Jack Anderson, both of whom pointed the finger in the direction of Castro. Busically, the argument goes that Cauro finally tired of the various U.S. attemnts to rub

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non-year, a second content of the cost launched a ground of so when or his cost. The argument is a conflict on the take of Castro's grounding, as in casion, even toodiness, for Kennero. More to the phone, it is difficult to a messe as wife a leader as Castro's risking a monitation not only of his regime, but of his control but of his regime, but of his control his difficult has difficult to a messe as wife a leader as Castro's risking a monitation not only of his regime, but of his control his

There is no more disposition, if no more evidence, to Flame the CIA, either the top leadership of the agency of an ultra-right faction, which used the agency ! as a cover. The latter theory centers on the belief that there are really two CIAS the "good" CIA, composed of the tweedy. analyst types, who tend to be liberal, have gone to good schools, and were born somewhere in the Northeast; and the "bad" CIA, the operations boys who are always off smuzzing opium, or training secret armies, and who didn't go to such good schools. This thesis is one of the enduring notions about the avency and has been the subject of two minor best sellers. Last Man at Aritigions in which the Kennedy assassination provided a backdrop for a number of my stenous murders), and -Six Days of the Condortsoon to be Three Days of the Condor, starring Robert Redford). More seriously, novelist Gore Vidal, writing in The New York Review of Books, finds, after an examination of E. Howard Hunt's novels, that Hunt's prose sounds remarkably like that of Arthur Bremer, the would-be assassin of George Wallace. Hunt, of course, was an operations man at the CIA and thus one of the bad guys. Moreover, Hunt has some experience at forging documents connected with assassinations. At the suggestion of Chuck Colson, Hunt fabricated cables linking Kennedy to the assassination of Diem, which Colson then tried to peddle to the press. The attempt backlired, but Vidal finds it more than passing strange that recent assassins-Sirhan. Oswald and Bremer-all showed a penchant for leaving written evidence linking them to their alleged crimes. The question Vidal poses is whether they might have had benefit of a ghostwriter.

For one reason or another, none of these theories—these outrageous slanders-really washes. Besidesthe lack of evidence, the "CIA did it" theory is simply "too pat." too easily tailored to existing prejudices. The most serious investigators of the assassination are reluctant to point a finger enywhere. They are also the most pessimistic that the real murderers of John Kennedy will ever be found. There is a growing suspicion that Oswald—or whoever he was—was merely the first of many "patsies." a word Oswald chose to desirabe himself. The CIA.

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The large seed may fair the avoidant must have make and opportupay term or reason to doubt Owald's zero no egolobone bud none of thems. There were more excepted or open and courtries to, dat mitter ethat had ten in the Name Wennedy dead. But the course and the opportunity must also by present. As a ded step! the killers. we also have to have been able to neutralite the Dallas Police Department Imore difficult than it seems. They would have to have been of sufficient stature to disstade einer inventeative agencies, notably the FBI and CIA from going after them, because their exposure would do greater harm to the government and that wenderful catchall, "the public interest." than their actual apprehension. They would have to have had access to skilled. ephisticated toggermen. And that would have taken money, a great deal of money. whichout subsequent accounting.

As it happens, organized crime lits all these requirements exactly. Certainly, there was motive. The loss of casinos and heroin connections in Cuba because of the regime Kennedy refused to dislodge has been reckoned in the hundreds of milbons of dollars a year. Robert Kennedy's, pursuit of organized crime had already seriously damaged the mob especially in New Orleans, the terminus for the Cuban drug connection. And there were indications that the Kennedy brothers were going to hit Nevada next.

As for means, the mob has both the guns and the money to hire them. The opportunity was there for the taking.

The agency and the mob have enjoyed a cozy relationship since World War II, when the Cota Nonra protected U.S. ports from Aus subotage, as well as aided in the Allied invasions of Sicily and Italy. The agency returned the lavor in various ways. In the late '50s Robert Kennedy, then an investigator for the McClellan committee, encountered a mobster in Las Vegas, who boasted, "You can't touch me. Ne got immunity" from the CIA. Incredulous, Kennedy checked; the mooner was telling the truth. Later, during the Vietnam war, CIA aircraft ferried opium out of Southeast Asia; eventually the mob sold it as heroin on American streets. In 1971, during a intle-noticed trial of 11 members of a Cosa Nostra family in federal court in New York, the defense called a surprise character witness the chief of the CIA's local office. The mobsters were not convicted. One indication of the closeness of the retrieosbip Newcea the agency and the mob is that the CIA maintains its large

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Given that background, some critics of the Warren Commission contend that the mob, after murdening Kennedy, employed its long-standing himmunity to cut off CIA and other federal investigation of the assassination.

Unlikely as this scenario sounds, it dovetails incely with the unanswered questions about Jack Ruby. According to the Warren Commission, Ruby was a rather innocent, if highly deranged, saloon keeper whose more noticeable.

Cuba, crime and the CIA. The three things that everyone connected to the assassination has in common

vice seems to have been a bir of social gambling. The commission flatly rejected the oft-repeated accusation that Ruby had ties to organized crime. The commission ignored testimony before it by a Dallas police detective that he "regarded Jack Ruby as a source of information in connection with his investigatory activities." In short, Ruby was, as Scott notes, a police informant, specifically in the area of narcotics. Scott also points out that the commission ignored a report to the FBI seven years before the assassination that Ruby was providing the okays from the mob for independent operators to mr drugs in and out of Dallas. At that, the commission hardly needed to read reports. Ruby's connections with the mob and with the police were common knowledge in Dallas. Even a former Dallas? county sheriff detailed Ruby's background; once again, the commission ignored him. Instead, the commission blandly asserted that Ruby's friendships with criminals "throughout his life . . . were limited largely to professional gamblers," Ironically, there was one place where Ruby truly was inter-

continued

ergeder zambi na Blavina, Cuba

Cipie in the and the CIA The the things that everyone connected to the assumption has in common. The there things the Warren Commission did nut went to hear about. They had their Killer before the investigation started. If or lisked a motive, they would provide 7. Oswaid, according to the commission, willed Kennedy because of general feelings of in idequacy. At Gerald Ford's insignate, the commission added Oswald's being a communist as a reason for murder. Marina textified that it was all a terable mistake, that Lee really wanted to all Connally, missed, and shot Kennedy indead. The commission should have added that to the list as well, it makes just as much sense.

It is a confusing, disheartening, ultimately maddening business, this search for the killers of John Fitzgerald Kenzedy. The people who look are strange, obsessive types, as people should be who have worked in a grave solong. One man also did some of the earliest and best research into the assassination, and kept repeating that research endlessly, with no one listening, finally went mad with paracola.

Fortunately, the disbelief is spreading. It is the little old ladies, not just the crazies, who are asking questions now. Where once the commission could count on the name and probity of its chairman to certify a preposterous seeearlo of events, today the mention of Earl Warren's commission brings laughter on college campuses. Ironically, the media have been the last to quenion the official version of events. The New York Times, which published its own edition of the Warren Commission report and a followup volume entitled The Witnesses (from which nearly all the dissenting testimony had been carefully excised), continues to stoutly defend the commission's report. Time Inc., which owns the original and hence clearest copy of the Zapruder film, keeps it locked away in a vault. On television the most comprehensive delense of the commission has come from four onebour specials produced by CBS. The correspondent was that Watergate tiger. Dan Rather. It may be changing. With Watergate behind them, the investigative reporters are having a second look. As one assassination researcher puts it: "We are one Seymour Hersh story away from a new investigation."

America is different now than it was in 1963. Castro is a curiosity. The doubts don't need to be laid to rest. The dirty rumors' have become all too true. What hasn't changed is the loss. We need to know why.

* 24 ****

CIA Rumors Grow, Spuir Doubts About JFK Death

id na silvin of suipiof a continuous the Central of the Central of the central Agency has according to want stimed new extiefert iffing a lyocates of The constitution theory.

20 I were a betting man,"

says in il layer Bemand J. Fernterna'd, "I'd bet the full Fire and be known within a 3 stn.

"A year? I'm surprised at Fermerwald," said Dr. Rich-, and Popkin, a philosophy professor at Washington Unierr ty in St. Louis, "I'd maye it six months."

Estin men have noticed in materi months a growing web! unrelated disclosures, events and allegations which rey celieve wiit provoke the ! mt temmis re-examination of the Warren Commission's omilision that Lee Harvey Ci-ald acted alone as Ken-

nery's assessin in Dallas. First, who was a commissin member, also apparentrited the resurgence of refer in the circumstances " Mennery's Ceath, particularly when the CIA was meniotied.....

Etme time in March, the Frie House said, Ford weet up the precise lan-guage of the Warren Commission's findings which he has respet write. So, when re got a surprise question about the matter April 3 at his San Diego, Calif., news ference. Ford was pre-

He defended the commissim's "very carefully draft-ed statement that "we had ITS no evidence of a constirary, foreign or domes-But he old not dismiss the presidelity "So far, I Take seen no evidence that while dispute the conclus that to which we came," He

But "if the facts seem to study it," Ford said, the Excepteller Commission and the special House and Senate committees lavestigating CLA demestic activities matt investigatio.

the Ternossean whose clients I script of a previously secret have included Watergate borglar James W. McCord dr. 22d James Earl Ray said he believes something big is about to break in the Kennedy case.
"I have the same feeling I

did about Watergate, the feeling the game was up. aten McCord broke his silence with a fetter to U.S. District Judge John J. Sinca charging high-level political pressures to cover up the

"There's just too much evidence around that the Warren Report is not cor-F31 know a huge amount! they dian't tell the Warren Commission," Fensterwald tird.

But neither the Rockeleller Commission nor Congress seems to share his sense of

The executive director of the Rockefelter Commission, David Bellin, is a former Warren Commission counsel: and staunch defender of the single-assassin argument. A spokesman said: "No evidence has been submitted to indicate any CIA involvement.

The Senate committee staff has acknowledged it will study the question, but only as a peripheral CIA: issue.

Fensterwald believes the trigger for what Popkin called the "amazingly rapid buildup" of interest in the Kennedy case - the equivalent of a McCord letter -. was disclosure of CIA Involvement in assassination plots against several foreign heads of state, including Cuba's Fidel Castro.

Rep. Henry B. Gonzalez, D-Tex., who has called for a new inquiry, says his suspicions were aroused by Watergate revelations of CIA activities and the Bay of

Among other recent developments:

free-lance investigator Har-old Weisberg, in which former CIA Director Allen Dulles said it probably could never be determined independently, whether Oswald was a CIA or FBI employe, which both agencies would

. Two former aides of the . late Sen. Robert F. Kennedy, D-N.Y., said he told them in 1957 he had helped stop a CIA plot with the Mafia to kill Castro before the Bay of Pigs invasion in 1961. (The Cuban exite community has long speculated that Castro sought President Kennedy's, assassination in retaliation for a planned attempt on his life.)

· Publication of two previously classified CIA photographs, taken in Mexico City six weeks before the assassi-nation, of a "mystery man" who might have been trying to impersonate Cswald, who was trying to obtain visas from the Soviet and Cuban embassies about that time. (Fensterwald said two friends in intelligence separ- I figures will remain silent ately identified the mystery man as a "mechanic," the CIA name for a hired killer.)

· Former ClA official George O'Toole said in a new book that a "psychological stress evaluator," an improved lie detector measuring the human voice, showed Oswald was telling the truth when he told reporters on tape after the assassination that "I didn't kill anybody."

. Unsuccessful but highly publicized court proceedings i to obtain a new trial for Ray. whose lawyers claimed he was framed by unnamed conspirators in Martin Luther King's slaying, and to reopen the Robert Kennedy case on the ground the death bullet did not come from Sirhan B. Sirhan's gun.

Interviewed in his modernistic office in the Third Church of Charst Scientist Building overlooking LaFayette Park, Fensterwald said that after Watergate, "People will believe any-

Warren Commission meeting. Frank Sturgis were in Draiv Jan. 27, 1984, obtained by Plata when Kennedy was shot."

Such irresponsible claims can serve to suppress the true story, said Fensterwald, whose privatecommittee to operates out of a small office a block away as a clearing- form." house for serious research.

I don't think there was anybody out at Langley, Va., (CIA headquarters) who set up Kennedy," he said. "But like Watergate I think you've got two problems. Shooting; the president is a lot more; serious than breaking into Democratic headquarters, but covering up who is responsible for it is more serious."

Contrary to the Warren Report, Fensterwald says Oswald had ties with both the FBI and the CIA but raised grave U.S. doubts about his loyalty in his work with Cuba. "That's my best guess as to what was covered up,"

Fensterwald said the key until some official body, perhaps in Concress, grants them immunity from prosecution and forces them to testify again under eath.

"Can you imagine what you could do with Marina (Oswald's Russian-born widow) in one morning if you put her under oath, and told her the first time you lie you're going to be on the first plane; back to Moscow? " he asked.

Popkin, author of a book a entitled "The Second Oswald," said in a telephone interview from St. Louis he suspects some of the CIA stories might have been inspired by the CIA itself, where Director William E. Colby is "cleaning house and reorganizing, and this is one way to get rid of some

One hypothesis, Popkin lieve E. Boward Biort und said, is that "they might need to solve the Kennedy case to set back into busi-ness." He foresees a time-when the CIA "commits suicide in public, there will be confessions of wrongdoing. Congress will ban all sorts of investigate assassinations activities; and the CIA will be reconstructed in another

KGB is said to Think CIA has sub, codes, missiles and leaked story

tatelingence agents privately to the first and the first and have not a sunker Soviet sub-trained from the Pacific Let submit the CIA effort, privately to the configuration to the pacific Let submit the CIA effort, privately the configuration committees submit the bear very continued two configuration committees about the new decodes Capacific and a social presidential committees to the United States has development to the CIA, barred by tatelinence agents privately lichaire reciuse.

ed only a trurd of the sub but raised. missed the important code

room, and the nuclear-upped to believe the CIA deliberately had the story from printing it.

There have been conflicting recorts from sources here over just now much of the dictel powered "Golf" class submarine was pulled from 17,000 feet of water about 700 miles northly of Hawaii.

Most reports say the How-

Most reports say the How-ard Huches-developed salvare believable. He said he is con- mission. On the contrary, they vessel, Giomar Explorer, hout-vinced the entire sub-was say, William E. Colov.the direcvinced the entire sub was say, William E. Colovithe direcised.
The Russians also were said to stop newspapers that already

Broker snes CIA for \$10 million

Minini (AP)+A former Maria morteago broker, who claims the Central Intelligence Adency was behind his schine of counterfeit mortgages, sued the agency yesterday for \$10; ta:ilioa.

The suit, filed in federal court here, also names the federal government and Cuban exthis Guillermmo Iglesias and Antonio Vylesias as defendants. The whereabouts of the two men, reperted to have CIA

In the suit, broker Andres Castro blamed the CIA for the failure of his mortgage busiress; for causing threats and rersonal dancer to him, and for alleged humiliation and ridiicule.

Mr. Castro claimed the two men persuaded him in 1973 to! let them use his company as a front to raise money for covert ClA activities. The ClA decheed comment on the suit.

Washington (NAT) The press reports that might lead to figure in the Watergate case. Seculating the Central Intelligation of C.I.A. press reports that there was sub-had open seried near the Kendard Rency has received no involvement of a congracy minutes of the shooting in Dalice Agency has received no involvement of Kennedy Iss.

LIA. had any involvement in Mr. Belin said the commission photes might be a seasassination of President to had any involvement of the commission photes might be commission. Lean and any invervement in the assassination of President Son, under its charter from the to show that Hent and swald was not, as the Warren lemmission found, the lone as
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lemmission found, the lone asarector said vesterday.

The assertion by David W Jelin was a departure from the in minission's policy of not remmenting on its investiga-

Mr. Betin soin he had chosen

Probe official backs to speak out because of a completed by Dick Gregory, the ment by President Ford in San comedian, recarding an assertion for that E. Homard Bunt, Jr., w

volved in Kennedy's death was commission. clearly in that area. It was in this regard that the commission all the evidence regarding Mc

assin, the panel's executive tica of filegal domestic activity flicked up by Dallas police and by the C.L.A. and that an alteration that the agency was in- tion in testinably before the

> took evidence from a group Gregory's allegations but said that the commission would continue to accept any evidence that might be brought forth. He said, however, that nothing so far had weakened the Warren Commission conclusions.

At his press conference Thursday, Mr. Ford, who was a imember of the Warren Commission as a concressman, said that he had seen no evidence. that would contradict the War-

li ren report, although he wont on Mr. Belin declined to catalog to note that the Rickeleder Commission was investigating

> Mr. Belia, who served as counsel to the Warren Commissien, later wrote a book, entitled "You Are The Jury," which detailed how the commission had reached its conclusion, He said that after he completes his Protect assignment on the Rockefellyr Commission, he hopes to be able to discuss the Kennedy assessination allegations more fully.

Panel Aide Comments

No CIA Link To Killing Found

sion investigating the Cen- near the Kennedy assassitral Intelligence Agency has received "no credible evidence" that the CIA had any involvement in the assassination of President Kennedy or that Lee Harvey Oswald was not, as the Warren Commission found, the lone assassin, the panel's executive directorsaid yesterday.

The assertion by David W. Belin was a departure from the commission's pollcy of not commenting on its

Investigation.

Belin said he had chosen to speak out because of a comment by President Ford in San Diego Thursday and several press re-ports that might lead to speculation that there was substantive new evidence of CIA involvement or a conspiracy plot in the murder of Kennedy on Nov. 22, 1963.

Belin said the commis-sion, under its charge from President Ford, had an obligation to investigate every allegation of illegal domestic activity by the CIA and that an allegation that the agency was involved in Kennedy's death was clearly in that area. It was in this regard that the commission took evidence from a group headed by Dick Gregory, the comedian, regarding an assertion that E. Howard Hunt

Jr., a figure in the Water-The Rockefeller commis- gate case, had been seized nation site within minutes of the shooting in Dallas.

Gregory submitted to the commission photos pur-porting to show that Hunt and Frank Sturgis, another figure in the Watergate cast, were picked up by Dallas police and jailed.

Hunt denied the allegation in testimony before the

commission.

Belin declined to catalog all the evidence regarding Gregory's allegations but said that the commission would continue to accept any evidence that might be brought forth. He said, however, that nothing so far had disputed the Warren Commission conclusions.

AT HIS press conference Thursday, Ford, who was a member of the Warren Commission as a congressman, said that he had seen no evidence that would con-tradict the Warren report, although he went on to note that the Rockefeller commission was investigat-

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Rockefeller Panells Cl

Vice President Notion A. Section CIA, and he said that sanency had of Oswa'd, an Rockeleffer has continued successive both overseas sex Matthe systems of the continued of the continues of the c that the White House assass rations and the some time in the Society commission investigating keroex ease is endence in Union and therefore would illegal domestic activities of the CIA is trying to find cutif the agency had any connection with the assassina-tion of the late President John F. Kennedy.

porters after the 13th session of the blue ribbon. Harvey Oswold was noting to both the Cuban and Sovicommission, which he alone when he fatally heads, that there is no wounded the president in thought of re-examining the assassination.

Rockeleller explained date required it to investidiscovered that there was have been recorded by any Clicknowledge or par- intelligence agencies as a 17.20.00

NNS Color indicated the commission has no evidence. But Rockefeller told re-the Warren Commission, ments there prior to the orters after the 13th ses-which concluded that Lee Dallas on Nov. 22, 1901.

detection.

operatives in Mexico were contrary to the tirdines of aware of Oswala's moveassassination when he went et Embassies in an attempt to obtain permission to enter those countries.

Rockefeller was pressed HOWEVER, there are re- closely on the assassination that the commission man-ports that the commission is aspect of its investigation questioning former CIA per- and insisted the manualte of gate any illegal operations seemel about knowledge the the commission was un-

the guern whether assassinations took place It is also known that CIA everyors or demostically of even a they were never successfally carried out.

YESTERDAY'S leading witness at the closed-dove bearing of the commission was McGeorge Bundy, notional security adviser from test to tees to Presidents Kennoiv and Johnson and new president of the Ford Foundation.

· While Bundy was in charge of national security and intelligence matters at the White House, a number of reported plots, possibly invitring the CIA, were discussed, involving Gen. Rx fael Trupilo of the Dominican Republic, President Francois Duvalier of Haiti and Prime Munister Fidel Castro of Cuba. Trujillo was assassinated in 1901 and Duvalier died of natural causes several years ago.

Bundy refused to discuss his testimony with reporters after the hearing. But he did declare he was not aware of any serious assassination talk while he was national security advisor to the White House.

Oswald-Agent Contact Covered Up

By Jack Anderson and Les Whitten

The First Fiden Hasser of he width protect has be used 11d suppressed a cover on 17 Moneyon of he keep the Morrea Commission from hearing about the time between 44H agent, James, Hosty, and assessing be Harvy (1842).

The formidable Hoaver, whose building visage had become a national symbol of law and order, intervened personally when the Warren Commission began to zero in on Hosty.

Now, 12 years later, Hosty has admitted destroying a threatening note, which to waid delivered to the Fill office in Dallas a few days before shooting President John F. Kennedy in November, 1963. The note threatened to blow up the FBI office and Dallas police headquarters if Hosty didn't stop buthering his wife.

The FBI should have notified the Secret Service that Oswald, a mista who had threatened violence, was in the Dalies area. The Secret Service routinely would have theeked his whereatouts during the presidential visit. This might have saved President Kennedy's life.

When the FRI learned that a suspect named Lee Harvey Oswald had been picked up, Hosty reminded his boss, Gordon Shankin, that he had I sen has they the regard and Sharker telephered the theory processed and of the Horizon and partial to potential interrogation.

Hosts later questioned Ossaid at police heading riters Ossaid, who had been eutwardly calm, suddenly became agitated "I know you" be shouted "I know you" You're the one who accested my wife twice!"

The incident passed, however, without any mention of the threatening fetter. Hosty also confided to a friend in the Daffas police force, LL. Jack Revill, that the FBI had a file on Oswald. Revill repeated the conversation to a superior who ordered him to put it in writing.

"Special Agent Hosty related to this officer..."
Revill wrote, "that the Federal Bureau of Investigation was aware of the subject (Oswald) and that they had information that this subject was capable of committing the assassination of President Kennedy."

Hoover was furious when he learned of Hosty's loose talk. According to confidential notes taken at the time, the grizzled FBI chief complained that Hosty had "diarrhea of words." But the old man, nevertheless, sought to cover up the FBI's embarrassment.

On Dec. 23, 1963, the FBI gave the Warren Commission a sufficiency of coolahi condition. The suprepary convenience, emitted the fact that Hosty's name, telephone and hence tag had been in the notebook.

The commission found out about the omission and distanded an explanation. On Jan. 27, 1964, Hoover acknowledged that Hosty's name had been in the notelook.

The G man also gave what purported to be a full account of the FBU's centacts with Oswald. The last centact, he reported, had been on Aug. 10, 1963. "We did not interview Oswald in Dallas, Texas, or in Irving, Texas, prior to the assassination of President Kennety," Hoover ackted.

Interestingly, he used the word "our" to describe the last contact with the FBI. But on Feb. 6, in a sworn affidavit, Hoover changed the wording in a curious way. He swore that Oswald had no contact with FBI "agents" after Aug. 10, 1963.

It is now known, of course, that Oswald appeared at the FBI office in Dallas a few days before the assassination. At that time, just as Hoover said, he did not speak with any FBI "receptionist," But he spoke with an FBI receptionist, who passed on his threatening note to the agents.

It is impossible to know whether the late FBI chief aubtly switched the word "our" to "agents" in order to hide his knowledge of Oswald's violent threat. But in a later letter to the Warren Commission, dated April 6, 1984, Hower stated categorically, "I wish to emphasize that the facts available to the FBI concerning Lee Harve Cowald prior to the assassmation did not indicate in any way that he was or would be a threat to President Kennedy."

The truth is, of course, that the FBI had received dramatic exidence less than a week before the assassination that Oswald was violenceprone.

On April 24, the Dallas Morning News reported Hosty bad told the Dallas police lieutenant, Jack Revill, that the FBI knew Oswald was "capable" of assassinating the President.

Hoover immediately sent word to the Warren Commission that the story was "false" and followed up three days later with a personal letter delivered by courier.

"Special Agent Hosty unequivocally denies ever having made the statement as quoted in this article..." declared the FBI director.

"Special Agent Hosty points out that prior to the assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, he never had any information indicating potential violence on the part of Lee Harvey Oswald."

There's more to Hoover's great cover-up, which we'll report in a future column.

C United Preture Syndicate, Inc.



The Demons Are Al Vinds

an impossible burden for a citizen to carry through life "Living with these slight ambiguities should not prove demanded by the crities' version of the shooting." as compared with the manifest impossibilities

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in the Bermuda serves ascrably complex and unister to be that we are sarrounded by Bulling of the and sell measuring or shop and perhaps not the most have caused and perhaps justify " re clations concerning Waterfulness and rectifude on high Nothing the CIA and FBI, et "hat this is only part of the "Hon of the cultural scene rebradles Views ends with the vote in these movies beeing subdrawal and resignation a harm, and a new species of meaning movie (The Conas appropriate responses. Oxon vaucer faithful Talkill March

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ing with habits of mind in the very center of our life and times which positively revel in mystification, which do not wish to know the truth they caw n and perhaps could not recognize it if

is no mystery, the truth being quite clear) but as an example of how of the facts in dispute with regard to and breed upon themselves, powerpowerful feelings of distrust arise ily. I offer them pix to dispose of the the assessination of President Kennefully resisting any efforts to dispel Tystery which attaches (to me there act me illustrate by reciting some

for a second assassin of President Kennedy. He reviews the findings of five doctors empaneled by Arty. Gen. analyzes and dismisses arguments Ramsey Clark to study the autopsy In his Commentary article, Cohen

> mission fudines have been competently reviwed and confirmed.] materials and the reports of nine doctors who have seen the X-rays and photographs of President Kennedy. Other argres that the Warren Com-

concerns the famous bullet, exhibit struck the Contally, and the other cerns the timing of the shot which be tire whad all the smoke. One conwhich for some indicate there must deal with two lines of argument religion of suspicion, but let me try to doubt generated by this veritable It is impossible to soothe every

PURO.M and a broken wrist bone; (4) an exit wound on the palm side three-fourths and at ext wound below the right nipple and S degrees below the back knuckle side of the right wrist about entry would in the back near the exit from his throat, and then his let strive Kennedy high in the back assessin theory requires that one bultwo inches up from the wrist joint right arraps; (2) a shattered fifth rib wounds and broken bones: (1) an Gov. Connally, causing all of his five an inch above the wrist crease; By now all agree that the single-(3) an entry wound on the

The Weshington Seur

SECTION H Editorials

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1975

and (5) a shallow puncture of the left thigh about 5 inches above the knee.

the left of Kennedy; it is difficult to see how a bullet exiting from the neck, argues strongly that the bullet in fact struck Connally. The car was thoroughly examined by the FBI speed bullet, barely slowed by its open car, and the absence of any damage to the car caused by a highnot have missed the interior of the tion critics strove so mightily to keep that builet from coming through). If president's throat could miss him seat directly in front and slightly to passage through the president's the bullet did miss Connally, it could (which is one reason the first-genera-Connally was scated on the jump-

> one doubts, that the FHI covered up residence of bullet damage, not be within 44 hours of the assassination was actually hit. back and precisely in the place he that the bullet struck Connally in the early. It seems logical to conclude have known what bes to tell that bing but because the FBI could not cause that agency is incapable of fibone doubts that the FBI covered

Zapruder film of the motorcade was struck by a second shot from the to allow for the possibility that he well after Kennedy but too soon after seems to show Connally being The ambiguity fastened on by the

See DISTRUST, HA

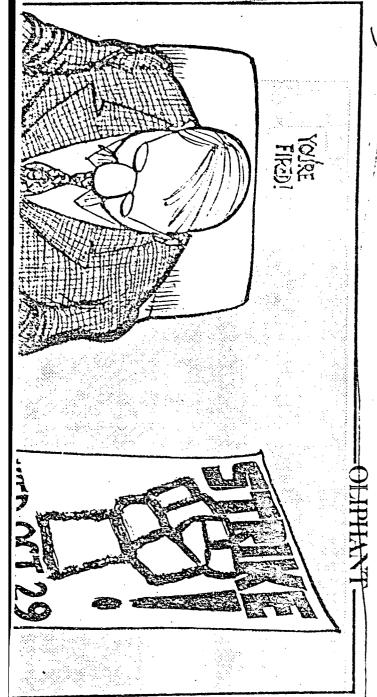
the Evidence? y Do They Hide

Act wound is accurate). Secondly, of paths are unpredictable, and it Advertise damage and it, then proceed to do w h more likely that the bullet 23 base bit Coimally where

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torone withing When he says Gov be theory and instead dwells on irpoint than Contailly or many critics to receive its wounds at an earlier references and her anderes in paling the single bulor no livis wrist was only in the falsen engine all the disposiambiguities which 5021250

destructive of his position. basic facts and deliberately suppresses information he lies about the most



178 a best what 300 is actually requiron this point. This admission, howtwo unmutilated to have been the such ficant observation is that 300 is much metal is missing from Bullet 500, an academic point at best. The Then is constrained to admit the Practice as scholarship, for Mr abition of the official case Mr. Cohen makes a fuss about how amous single bullet; even Mr. an knowingly decemes his read-I college professors are taught is not that type of practice

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Section 18

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themselves twore there was no metal ultimately revealed any traces of that the theory of a fractal bit to the in the real. Mr. Cohen himself, in his alv at the metal fragments in President Rennedy's neck. This is no To h would be bolytered if the Natays live Viction article, strongly implied wender, since the autopsy doctors To begin with, Mr. Ceben is silent

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followeds there at all, it had to have crowd them from its copper jacket. So let 584's jacket is completely ina sensile assassin will of the conclusion that there was which Mr. Cohen admits is fundispendown that the single ballef theory be observed to cannot be true. This, it presented as lead base to a hard surace in the neck, and thus, if it d two millimeters, respectively. It if case that Bullet 300 never The X ray . Bo reveal metal frag-Experts, who have examined the metas he denies his readers evi-Pre Photos and Nerays, bare said no fragments are missing, when Mr Coben Lides the neck been measured as 4 millimeters be noted, is the same theory in the neck. These fragments 3

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Charles Me Cotto Netterino Consoly's dectors that his wrist ence to the abundant testimony by Then, Mr. Cohen makes no refer-

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By David Braaten

chising brought to its knees exhibiting all the symptoms of ma began quaking in their boots, biting their fingernails and otherwise when men all over the United States This was supposed to be the week

claws and showed the male chauwomen's liberationists bared their vinist establishment just how reck. less they are when they giggle at The Movement. This was to be the week when

On Wednesday, according to the seenano fantasized by the National Organization for Women, every true-blue sixter in the nation is supour national life result without the feminine touch in demonstration of the chaos that will posed to down tools in a 24-hour

away from the office and factory on abiv); working women are to stay picking off the cobwebs, presumbrivins and floor mops (after first Housewives are to put down their

David Broaten is a staff writer or The Washington Star.

credit card) and wives and misleyce. Lysistrata-style, in the name anything (even with the old man's tresses are to withhold their excelsuasions are to refrain from buying grounds of principle (instead phoning in sick); women of all perequality (as opposed to the stand-

ome the nation's households, and en—the filthy animals—will be on, starration and sloth will overalt, government will cease to funce a total mess, demonstrating the wesome power of the Little eman, Industry will grind to a iven mad by unfulfilled desire. The result, as NOW sees it, will

> elected governor of a state in her own right. Cooling unfazed by NOW's out of the harem. finny things happened on the way Connecticut, the first woman to be NOW's game plan by Ella Grasso of The first was a response to

tion triggered a not unexpected ad-terminant blast from NOW: "Unfor-NOW bycott "a luxury they can't afford." Not since the Godfather made in offer that couldn't be reunstely this attitude is typical of usual on Wednesday, but added that she herself would be at her desk as veiled high from someone in authorfused has there been such a thinlysubernatorial staff will find the she expects women members of her giverness not only announced that shall feminist threats, the doughty Mrs. Grasso's unfeminist reac-

ber lack of understanding of femin-ten and its objectives," an official NOW statement hissed. Mean! an official

landic liberationist. effective," crowed one deluded Icecessiuhone. "Almost 199 to note, is that the strike was a secas med the world over will be quick The thing that made it so damaging, took place in Iceland last Friday, for women's strike that actually bers' cause was the result of a simi-Even more damaging to the lib

chrenicled by reporters in Consider the results, dutifully Reyk.

down for lack of operators. Telephone service all but shut

· Newspapers failed to publish beare women. conse all the Icelandic typesetters Theaters closed, absent chorus

mirk, ingenues and leading ladies Schools and day nurseries folded

 Restaurants were able to cater to drastically reduced patronage when On the other hand:

Women, in short, will at last be

to know why her last month's transwindow tehind a woman who wants actions failed to balance.

anywhere?" guilt feelings O No "Why don't you ever take me

o No "Don't you think you've had enough?" accompaniment to a dinner out (or a nutritious can of quiet, dignified, efficiently served beans in front of the old television accompaniment to

And, perhaps best of all, every dirty dish, every soiled diaper, eigar ashes on the living room rug No warries about spilling beer or

Wednesday a day to remember So no girls, go' Let's make The first of the second second of the second second

the better for a

Fortunately for us all, a couple of

theres busine peep shows or of the coles produced erection of skysoroper office buildings. The mythical conther an exercise in spayined metathe ry would only ask, presumably, whether a New York default would my and, if vo, what practical steps s mounty disrupt the national econonotice man so essential to textback whicher one approves or not of the the produmph warrant Instead we YODER JR.:

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they that Bernard Baruch, asked to The speciacle calls to mind the The speciacle calls to mind the tury clarke, Memoirs of Fet, cried Charles Mackay's 19th Cenname the best book on the stock mar-Extraora

cal prestidigitation in France, are generically grouped with the Renaissance witch craze and the Dutch tulip-mania. Reality Scoffs at

and so does the debate over New clined to view it as a rebuke to the curious situation, the more one is insions and the madness of crowds," saying, partakes of "popular delupretensions of scientific economics. York. And the more one punders this The stock market, Mr. Baruch was

or so, professional students of the disbukes do, from a lengthy record of immodesty. Within the last century And this rebuke stems, as many re-

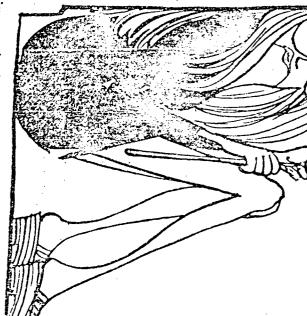
mal science of the marketplace diseconomy" for the erisp but mislead-ing label "economics,"

history. Karl Mark, after many years in the British Museum, proclaimed an "Iron law of wages" that must person must then acknowledge their discovered, and that every rational many of them - pretend to have deay or conecal bias; economists litical economists never bothered to force. This imposture has a long none inevaably pauperize laborers in 1344. The distriction is interesting. Po-They suggest that neutral

)ismal Science

who said - the words should be read Money and Interest why it had not worked. It was Keynes, incidentally, nard Keynes demonstrated in his General Theory of Employment economy left to its own self-correctchasing power enold occur in an sion of the 1906 decisively repealed. Mr. Say's law. And in 1906 John May. ing devices. The worldwide depreswhich held that no shortage of purcapitalist system. It was a striking beloved of classical economics, fed at it. Then, there was Say's law law. But reality inconveniently scot asserted designs and prescriptions of economists bear tell-tale marky of tice that even the most confidently homely analogies. They merely no mations of economists and cling to react with skepticism to the procla fallubility. human preference - and human Small wonder that ordinary people

By these lights, the curbins debate over New York City loves some of its strangeness. "Economic" decisions everyday choices that must of are no more value free than intensity (is) a thing very like vir that sense the belief that "financial make privately about our lives ::



owners and maitre d's filled in for striking waitresses

Banks managed to stay open for An estimated 25,000 of Iceland's business

60,000 wemen gathered for a rally in Reykjavík's central square

and committee meetings • Two of the parliament's three women members boyentted debates

were the following results of the land, albeit not specifically stated successful strike: Implicit in the reports from Ice

least 28,000 of the male population · An idelia peace settled over at of Recland

No jangling telephones disturbed

was over

every runny mose, every unmade

red was still there when the strike

• No waiting in line at the teller's late sleepers

over every assemblane of economists as a kind of cautionary incantation - that "practical men, who believe

Fasis Belie 'Fiet' Charges in IFK Assassination

SYMENRY J. FAYLOR

Current charges revive the idea that ice Harvey Oswald did not alone assistance President John F. Kennedy, laving traveled to New Orleans! Dallas, Vashington and elsewhere to investigate his horror, all I can say is hokes, hokey, tokum.

Communists worldwide conform to he Soviet party line that President Kentedy's assassination was a Fascist plot. Oswald, in turn, as in a New Orleans adio debate after returning from Russia before the assassination, omitted ever taxing been in the USSR.

But Oswald himself was proud of his Communist record, a pride that continued to the horror-moment end in Dallas. This is documented not by opinion, not by debatable testimony, not by deductions, but by Oswald himself.

Moreover, the revived questioning builds up the contrived idea that Oswald was not only not alone, but that Oswald timself was some kind of "crackpot."

Again, hokus, hokey, hokum,

U. S. Postal Inspector Harry D. Holmes' words to me in Dallas sumnarize all statements to me through my investigation: "In Oswald's talks with me, I found that he had a disciplined mind and disciplined reflexes. He unhestatingly answered questions he wanted to answer, skillfully parried the others, and lied instantly whenever cornered."

Oh, no, Oswald was never just some 'crackpot' wandering around the Soviet Union for some two and a half years, that is, on the record, impossible.

Prior to assassinating President Keniedy, Oswald had gone to Mexico City, 3y his own written declarations (September 27) at Castro's Mexico City imbassy, his memorandum to "Comrad Kostin" at the Soviet Embassy there, known to our CIA (real name Valeriy Vladimirovich Kostikov) as a KGB ipy, Oswald's letters to the Soviet Washington embassy as late as Nov. 9, 1963, the forgeries found and innunerable incruminating documents in Oswald's own handwriting, he was a drilled, dedicated, obedient, cool and canny Communist.

Oswald was protected by Moscow's identity document (No. 311479) which gave him the run of the Soviet Union.

He was immediately meen a certificate to many (April 40, 1994) Russian wife Marina Nikoliyevia, Pruskova, about whom I wrote in a previous article.

She made her home with her uncle, KGB Col. Nicolay Aksenov, a high-ranking secret police official. He was given the extraordinary money-and-privilege advantages I have described.

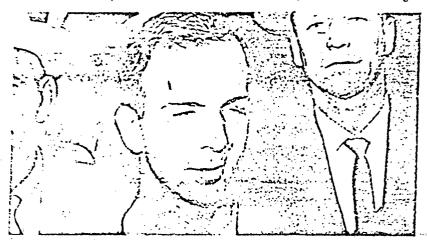
Oswald's preferential treatment is undeniable and so is his devotion to the Communist cause and its personnel up to the very moment he died.

President Kennedy was assassinated

Oswald's letter, which Shanklin showed me, includes; "... Certain of my documents are in the small blue salise.... The embassy [i.e., Castro's Mexico City embassy] will come quickly to your assistance on learning everything... We also have friends here,"

Oswald wrote this in Russian. He enclosed the key to a post office mailbox under his H. O. Lee alias at Dallas' Ervay Street Substation.

The true key to Oswald's thinking in



Lee Harrey Oswald (shown above in custody) hoped to fine to Cube following the slaying of the President, where the dedicated Marxist could live out his years as a resident hero.

Nov. 22, 1963. Postmarked Dallas, November 1, Oswald wrote a letter to the New York headquarters of the Communist Party, U.S.A. In it he reported his return to Dallas. Headquarters executive Arnold S. Johnson claims that this "information" was not received until after the November 22 assassination.

Johnson blandly passes over the date difference as if it means nothing.

Oswald also wrote in longhand an undated letter to his wife before the assassination. Dallas Regional, FBI Chief J. Gordon Shanklin found it secreted in Oswald's personal effects at Oswald's temporary hôle-in at 1925 North Beckley Avenue, Dallas, a rooming house where Oswald lived under the alias O. H. Lee.

assassinating President Kennedy i

Wife Marina, trapped by her own inconsistencies, finally told Shanklin that Oswald had laid plans to reach Cuba and had prepared the way by going (September 25) to Castro's Mexico City embassy.

On September 8 Castro had castigated President Kennedy over Radio Havana as "my enemy" and concluded "if the United States can deal in assassination, so can we."

Oswald believed that if he killed our President he would be an inside hero in Castro's Havana—and à hero for the first time in his life.

Unund Fratures Syndaus

recently protested the presence of 10 agents of the Central Intelligence Agency, masquerading as attaches, in the American cinbassy in London. Agents by the hundreds have poured into Portugal and the Near East as a result of the increasing tensions between the governments in those areas and the shapers of U.S.

foreign policy.

The cooperation between the CIA and the State Department was dramatically underscored by Richard Helms' appointment to an ambassadorship in (of all places) Iran. Helms was director of the spy agency during its "dirty" period -1966-73. Meanwhile, the U.S. anihassador to Italy was formerly envoy to Greece where he developed a "special relationship" with the colonels who were ousted last year. And Portugal got the former U.S. ambassador to Chile who helped engineer the overthrow of Allende.

Since Watergate popped the lid off the CIA, creatures have slithered forth from lis depths such as normally surface only in the pages of a John Le Carré novel. Lonely, wandering travel writers, employed by the very real Fodor's Travel Guides Inc., turn out to be secret agents

250 Segrest Washington circles bear fruit. in Estant Victium (Diem) and they Distancian Republic (Trigillo) Former move mogul Howard Hughey stars in a Cl'Aspensored, multi-million dollar prediction to liberate the corpses of sea ven in a sunken Russian submorine from their ocean grave along with secret costs books and nuclear missiles.

government operatives were discovered to have negotiated "contracts" with Malia hit men to eliminate "totalitarsan kaders (Castro). In return the CIA performs favors such as spying on singer Phyllis McGuire for her thenbyfriend and Chicago racket chief, Sain Guncana. Leading journalists (the syndicated columnist Tom Braden, New Repeable publisher Robert J. Myers, Prodelphia Bulletin editor George Poskard, etc.) are linked to the CIA and Mexican presidents (Diaz Ordaz, López) Matous and Echeverria) are revealed as: hip-rocket collaborators of the U.S. spy Accepts.

The still-unresolved assassination of John Kennedy is also among the contents: of this Pandora's box. The 8 March Newj York Tunes reports disputed photograwhile evidence that some contend places Watergate burglars E. Howard Hunt and Frank Sturgis on the grassy knoll near Kennedy's limousine at the time of the 1983 assassination. Hunt was then a chardestine CIA operative and head of the Mexican CIA station at the time Lee) Harvey Oswald visited there. Sturgis is known to have worked for the agency: during the Bay of Pigs invasion. The men in the photo had been placed under arrest! by Dultas police.

Crearly, whether or not the latter

solution is here any estation to that tothe are and expense of bound they recovering set the close with a par but weith my care those perceive whomlevels of government and a cost-

Good o'd, "dumb but by est" Gerald Ford his come up with the owner. He The roling British Labour Party has sample toosly translating their "reviews" mission to a more and the growth of the meaning their "reviews" mission to a more and the growth of the meaning their "reviews" mission to a more and the growth of the meaning their "reviews" mission to a meaning their "reviews" mission to a meaning their meaning their "reviews" make an experience of the meaning their meaning the meaning the meaning their meaning the meaning the meaning the meaning the meaning the meaning th trio code. Assassination plots hatched in domestic attains. Of the eight men on the panel, three have had direct associations? with the CIA -Nelson Rockefeller, C. -Douglas Dillon and General Lyman; Lemnitzer, In addition to Dillon and ! Rockeseller himself, two other panel! members also have direct connections! with Rocketeller interests-John T. Connor, chairman of Allied Chemical Corporation (and one-time fund raiser to) buy back Cuban counterrevolutionaries taken prisoner in the abortive Bay of Pigs invasion), and Lane Kirkland, secretary-1 treasurer of the AFL-CIO and member of a the board of the Rockefeller foundation, i

Both the Rockefeller group and the Meanyite AFL-CIO bureaucracy have: long-standing and intimate connections with the CIA in the fight against Communism, especially in Latin America (e.g., Chile). The CIA responded to Meany's kindness by illegally opening his mail, suspecting him of mismanaging CIA funds

Other members of this commission are Ronald Reseas; ex-U.S. Solicitor General and suspected Watergate perjurer, Erwin Griswold; and finally the as yet innocuous ex-University of Virginia president, Edgar F. Shannon,

In reality the President has little taste for an expose of the CIA. He and i Rockefeller have both indicated a: Watergate-like reluctance to cooperate with the newly-formed Senate Select! Committee on Intelligence which will: "independently" investigate the CIA and

Rocky, who is reportedly worried lest? the authority (!) of the presidency bedestroyed by the Senate hearings, previously announced that he anticipated his: commission would deliver the ho-hum' finding that "the Central Intelligence Agency had violated its chafter by undertaking activities within the United States" (New York Times, 27 January). Later he told reporters that the commis-. sion would only deal with "apparent" violation(s) of the statutes relating to. domestic activities." However, the Butcher of Attica was mum when asked if executing foreign leaders qualified as a "domestic victorica,"

Acunitano)

The CIA and the Man Who Was Not Oswald

Bernard Fensterwald and George O'Toole

See weeks before the assassination of President Kennedy on November 22, 1963 the Central Intelligence Agency sent the following teletype message to the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Departments of State and the Navy:

Subject: Lee Henry OSWALD

1. On 1 October 1963 a reliable and sensitive source in Mexico reported that an American male, who identified himself as Lee OSWALD, contacted the Soriet Embassy in Mexico City inquiring whether the Embassy had received any news concerning a telegram which had been sent to Washington. The American was described as approximately 35 years old, with an athletic build, about six feet tall, with a receding hairline.

2. It is believed that OSWALD may be identical to Lee Henry OSWALD, born on 18 October 1939 in New Orleans, Louisiana, A former U.S. Marine who defected to the Soviet Union in October 1959 and later made arrangement sothrough the United States Embassy in Moscow to return to the United States with his Russianborn wife, Marina Nikolaevna Pusakova, and their child,

3. The information in paragraph one is being disseminated to your representatives in Mexico City. Any further information received on this subject will be furnished you, This information is being made available to the Immigration and Staturalization Service.

subject line and in paragraph two of accused assassin. Mrs. Osweld looked at a private researcher,) the dissentination. The mander sur-name of Mrs. OSWALD was miscasciny recognize the man. The following Researcher below ever told the Warren listed as PUSAKOVAL "2

CIA was concerned about the discovering of the Robe the east before

Errpancy for an October 13 is seen. Mrs. Comadia minister was underthe following message to the Germi conduct that mystery man both a ment of the Navy

Subject | Lee Henry OSWALD

Reference is mide to CIA Out. Teletype No. 74673 [the earlier messagel, dited 10 October 1963. regarding possible presence of subject in Mexico City. It is requested that you forward to this office as soon as possible two copies of the most recent photograph you have of subject. We will forward them to our representative in Mexico, who will attempt to determine if the Lee OSWALD in Mexico City and subject are the same individual.4

Since Oswald had served in the administration of the Navy, his personnel records would have included his photograph.

What the Agency did not say in this cable is that it had in its possession a photograph of the man who had apparently "identified himself" as Oswald. The man in the CIA photo was not Lee Harvey Oswald; he was, just as the Agency's "reliable and sensitive source" had described him, approximately thirty-five years old, with an athletic build and a receding hairline.

According to a memorandum by Helms, the CIA never received the Navy's pictures of Oswald and only concluded after the assassination that two different people were involved.5 Meanwhile, the photograph was deliv-1963.6

in emblance to Jak Ruby. . 200 and its her triblieitein of a boet glance at the photograph two faces became one. But the moderation made it necessary for the Warren Commission to refer, however obliquely, to the affair of the mystery man, In the twenty-us volumes of published testimony and evidence supplementary to the Warren Report, the Commission printed the picture that was shown to Mrk Oswald. The Warren Report contains a very brief account of the incident.

According to the Report, the CIA had provided the FBI with a photograph of "a man who, it was thought" at the time, might have been associated with Oswald." The Report quoted an Marine Corps, which comes under the affidavit by Richard Helms that "the original photograph had been taken by the CIA outside of the United States sometime between July 1, 1963 and November 22, 1963."16

The Commission's explanation is both inaccurate and misleading. The implication that the CIA thought the mystery man was "associated with] Oswald" only masks the true situation. On the basis of its own evidence, the Agency must have concluded either that the mystery man was impersonating Oswald or that an unlikely chain of errors had accidentally linked both the man in the photograph and the man who "contacted" the Soviet Embassy to Lee Harvey Oswald.

The truth was further obscured by the Report's reference to the Helms ered to the FBI on November 22, affidavit, which described the circumstances in which the mystery man was photographed only in the most vague Une can only guess at the confusion and general terms. The affidavit was caused by the picture. The FBI needed dated August 7, 1964.11 However, the Was the Lee Henry Oswald of the the mystery man was not Oswald - Lee Report or in its twenty-six supplementa-CIA message Lee Harvey Oswald? Yes, Harvey Oswald was sitting handcuffed by volumes that it had obtained an according to Richard Helms, then chief in a third-floor office of the Dallas earlier affidavit from Helms on July 22, of the Agency's Clandestine Services, police headquarters. The next day 1964 in which he was much more in a March 1984 memorandum to J. Special Agent Bardwell D. Odum was specific. 12 The original photocraph," Lee Rankin, general counsel to the dispatched with the photograph to the Helms testified, twas taken in Mexico Warren Commission, Helms explained motel where Oswald's wife and mother City on Octuber 4, 1963. 118 (This that "OSWALD'S middle name was were hilden. He showed the picture to eather Helms affidayit was released in erroneously given as 'Henry' in the Mrs. Marguerite Oswald, nother of the 1987 through the efforts of Paul Hoch,

day, however, shortly after her son was Compassion exactly, where in Mexico But Lee Harvey Oswald was not mirrorred in the basement of Dallas City the mystery min was moto-"approximately 35 years old, with an City R. II. Mix Oswald erroneously graphed that the circumstances in athletic build", he was twenty three identified the mystery man. She told which the production is to the years old and slender. Apparently the the press the FBI had shown hat a Commission offer a very plausible

Autgostone. The CIN propaged the FBI to it prout the background in the photo betwee hinding it most to the Colombia to the Chambia to 14. The observe conjusting s fort the photograph was tasen by 1 Chifuen surveillance camera, and the cll wished to avoid disclosing its location, According to knowledgeable termer employees of the CIA, the Soviet and Cuban embassies, among others in Mexico City, were under constant photographic surveillance at the time, It seems likely then that the man who, according to the CIA, "identified himself as Lee Oswald" was and, photographed leaving the Mexico City embassy of the Soviet Union or of some other communist country,

The first public hint that the mystery man may have been impersonating Oswald came in 1966, with the publicution of Edward Jay Epstein's Inquest, a scholarly study of the Warren Commission, 15 Epstein interviewed one of the Commission's legal staff who recalled the incident He said he had asked Raymond G. Rocca, the Agency's liaison with the Commission, 16 about the photograph, The lawyer later received word from the Agency that the mystery man was thought to be Oswald at the time the photograph was given to the FBI. Why, he asked, did the Agency mistake someone so dissimilar in appearance for Lee Harvey Oswald? The CIA said they would check further and call him back. The lawyer told Epstein that they never called him back and the Warren Report contains no explanation of the Agen-cy's mistake 17

Another piece of the puzzle fell into place early in 1971, when the National Archives released a previously classified memorandum about the mystery man from Richard Helms to the Commission's general counsel, J. Lee. Rank-Dated March 24, 1964, the memo informed Rankin;

On 22 and 23 November, immediately following the assassination of President Kennedy, three cabled reports were received from [deleted] in Mexico City relative to photographs of an unidentified mon who visited the Cuban and Soviet Embassies in that city during October and November 1963.... 19

On the basis of these cables Helms went on to say, the CIA had sent several reports to the Secret Service Attached to the Helms memorandum were paraph sics of these reports? Two dealt with the mystery manper 1964, a 1630 % %

Message, to the Protective Research Staff, The Secret Service, delivered by hand on 23 Nov?mber 1963, at 1030 hours.

CIA Headquarters was informed [deleted] on 23 November that several photographs of a person known to frequent the Soviet Embassy in Mexico City, and who might be identical with Lee Harvey OSWALD, had been forwarded to Washington by the hand of a United States official returning to this country.22

Helms's covering memorandum affirmed that "the subject of the photographs mentioned in these reports is not Lee Harvey OSWALD.

Several photographs, then, of a mysterious stranger who kept being confused with Lee Harvey Oswald, and who had visited both the Soviet and Cuban embassies. Was it the same mystery man whose picture had been shown to Mrs. Oswald? Or was it yet another Oswald Doppelganger?

Furn evidence of the existence of additional photographs of the unidentified man mentioned in the Warren Report was turned up by Robert Smith, a private researcher, In 1972 Smith, then research director for the Commission to Investigate Assassinations, was poring over some recently . declassified Warren Commission documents when he found reference to the mystery photo and two other views of the same person,24 South called his discovery to the attention of one of the authors, Bernard Fensterwald, who instituted a suit under the Enjedom of Information Act for release of the two pictores. The government yielded and turned over the photography to Fensterwald and Scoth They are pubtished here for the fast time.

The two new views of the mystery min were taken at a different time. from the first picture, to the fast

Also go to the Projection No. 25 to the size plot help on the size he health the Solver Similar Walker commission Volumes the as delivered by hand on 14 November was the altime seesed dark than and appears improbabled, on the two pew grand the se wearne a shirt derived premish sources as a table to the whole source and as corryonal contribute the CIN [deleted]. But one into the higher process, I are new rife to the possession of a photograph of an edga big bilding a small passiontunidentified person thought to kized bricklet and what including the belahave visited the Cuban Embassy in . w. et. As in the first photogram, the mid October. This individual, it backgrounds of the two was photos was believed at the time, might be have been cropped out. Whoever, he identical with Lee Harvey OS; was he managed to be photographed, WALD. veillance cameras; on at least two scrarate occasions. And neither of the new photographs reveals any resemblance between the mystery man and Lee Haney Oswald.

The Warren Commission concluded that Oswald had been in Mexico in late September and early October 1963, Records of Mexican Customs and Immigration, bus lines, and a Mexico City of hotel indicate that Oswald entered Mexico at Nuevo Laredo on the US border on September 26, traveled by bus to Mexico City, arriving there the next morning, and returned to the United States on October 3.25 Passen-

gers on the bus to Mexico City remembered Oswald, but there is almost no eyewitness testimony to support the Commission's reconstruction of Oswald's movements after he arrived in tast city.26 The Commission's finding that Oswald made repeated visits to both the Soviet and Cuban embassies rests heavily upon the affidavit of one witness, a Mexican woman who worked at the Cuban Embassy."

Silvia Tirado de Duran was secretary to the Cuban Consul in Mexico City. In a sworn statement28 she gave to the deputy director of Mexican Federal Security on November 23, 1963, she said that Oswald had visited the Cuban Embussy in late September to apply for a visa to visit Cuba during a planned trip to the Soviet Union, Mrs. Daran recalled a heated exchange between Oswald and the Consul when the Cuban official told him his request could not be granted immediately. She remembered making a "semiot and" phone call to the Soviet Embesse to try to speed up action on Ossait's application. She identified the Lee Hirtey Oswald who visited the Cut of Embassy as the accused assessmenthese photograph appeared in the Mexican newspapers on November 23.2.3

Apparently the Warren Cononissipa staff did not interview Silvit Delen, but instead relied solely on her allo

montinus

give who her any afficient to talk to mission. Could be newscam importer thed to interview. saving "ibe had suffered a pervous breakaown following her exterrogation by the Morsean authorities and had been prohibited by her physicin . . . from discussing the Oswald matter further, "30. If this report is correct, the interrogation of Silvia Duran may have been a more emotional interview than one would conclude from the report forwarded by the Mexican police. The report gives the impression that the police were routinely collecting information about Oswald's Mexican top for the American authorities. One question that arises is whether Duran's statement was given voluntardy, and, if not, whether her identification of Oswald as the visitor to the embany is valid.

The Watten Commission may have omitted a full exploration of this question because it had collateral evidence of Oswald's visit to the Cuban Embaso. There were, for example, ? Oswald's application for a Cuban visa. bearing his photograph and signaand a letter reportedly written by Oswald to the Soviet Embassy in Washington, referring to his visit to the Cuban Embassy.32 The address book found among Oswald's possessions, moreover, contained Duran's name and telephone number. But the only credible eyewitness testimony that Oswald in fact visited the embassy is the statement of Silvia Duran.

When viewed in the light of the recently disclosed evidence suggesting that someone might have visited the embassy impersonating Oswald, the Commission's failure to settle compietely the question of the three misidentified photos seems extraordinary. It is probable that the CIA did in fact supply an explanation of the photographs that was enough to satisfy the Commission at the time, If so, that explanation remains a part of the classifică Warren Commission documents hat available to the public

Raymond Rocca (who, until his recent recognition, was the Agency's action officer for all post-Watton Report organies about the matter) told one of the authors that the CIA could not secreey the mystery man. If this is So, we may wonder how the Agency could have offered a satisfactory explanet, ve of the meident to the Com-

he was made as not recorded in any bearing on this matter are declared of assessed of the proof. However, exceeds the conclusion that Ossa'd really visit the to the Commission tiles a Mexican leading during Embassy must remain in some doubt, but ever of he dol, the her in And Pank, Her hustand would question whether someone was nevernot be mill the man to speak with her. theless trying to impresonate him remains a crucial one

> It someone posing as Ookald visited the Soviet and Cuban embassies in the early autumn of 1963, what implications might be drawn from this discovery? One obvious interpretation is that someone sought to counterfeit a fresh connection between the man who was soon to become the accused presidential assassin and the governments of those two communist countries. But it is not necessary to: speculate further. If someone were trying to impersonate Oswald eight weeks before the assassination, the Warren Commission's theory of a lone assassin, unconnected with any conspiracy, is seriously undermined and the case should be reopened.

There could be, of course, an innocent explanation of how the CIA came to misidentify the mystery man as Lee Harvey Oswald; Oswald may actually have visited the Cuban and Soviet embassies. If this were the case, then somewhere in the CIA's files there should be photographs of the real Lee Harvey Oswald departing from the Soviet and Cuban embassies in Mexico City, If those photographs exist, their publication would help to settle the question, If they don't, the CIA should now explain why not, In either case, it should also disclose what it knows about the man it wrongly identified as Oswald on two separate occasions. It should explain why it believes that this man was not impersonating Oswald, All these matters should be clarified both by the CIA itself and by the congressional committees that are about to investigate its activities. beunitreg





Warren Commission Document 631. Warren Commission and the Establish- Cuban. The detective was shown other The National Archives, Washington, mexico Puch (Viking, 1906). Photos of Comald and failed to identifications. DC.

Report of the President's Congrussion on the Assassination of Fresident Ken needs (US Government Printing Office) thous of magal admired services. 1904), p. 144 (Hereafter, Report.)

⁴Commission Document 631, op cit. Ibid.

Hearings Before the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kenned. (US Government Printing Office, 1964), Vol. 11, p. 469 21164. (hereafter, Bearings).

71bid.; p. 458,

3 lbid., Odum Exhibit 1.

*Report, p. 384.

1018id., pp. 304-305.

11 Hearings, Not. 11, p. 469,

12 Comprison Document 1287, The National Archives, Washington, DC,

13 18id,

14 Hearings, Vol. 11, p. 469

"Telegrand day Epistem, Inquest: The

18Ms. Rocca, deputy chief of the Floid, Her correct maiden name was CIA's Counterintelligence Staft, was Prusakova, one of the four senior Agency officials who resigned list December in the wave or The New York Times's revelations of diegal domestic operations by

¹ Epstein, Inquest, p. 94.

12 Commission Document 674, The p. 3083. National Archives, Washington, DC,

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24 Commission Document 506. The National Archives, Washington, DC, pp.

\$1500 May 200

2618 g. pp. 733-736.

2 feet of 134. Two other witnesses tood the 18t they saw Oswald at the Cuben Embrosy, A Mexican private detective who had visited the embress no Oct bir I. 1803, identiffed Och ald from the spaper photographs as someone to a 2 seen feaving the embassy on that use in the company of a

tify him, and the FBI seems to have concluded that he was mistaken (Comrussion Document 5 ib). The Witten Report does not offer the desertive's testimony as evidence of Oswald's visit, Another witness who claimed to have scen Owe'd at the Cuban Embassy retracted his testimony after failing to pass a congraph examination (Report,

28 Commission Document 776a, The Noticeal Arghives, Wishington, DC.

2418id., e. 5.

20 Comin soon Document 963. The Nit on if Archives, Washington, DC, p.

31 Homege, Commission Exhibit 2564.

32 fold. Commission Exhibit 15.

Helms Denies Assussinution of Program versions to

Along Director Richard leader. Schorr did not tenort that fore the group before it com-licing animity denied yester the CIA had carried out assay pletes its investigation and day that the atence was reclay that the atency was respectively that the CIA had carried out assumptions and vented his personal bitterness toward a agency involvement in assault the prescription that the CIA had carried out assumptions and vented his concerned about possible did not necessarily rule out agency involvement in assault the prescription that the CIA had carried out assumptions in the concerned about possible did not necessarily rule out agency involvement in assault the prescription concerned about possible that the CIA had carried out assumptions in the concerned about possible to involve the concerned about p personal bitterness toward a CBS television correspondent.

Helms, now U. S. ambassa-dor to Iran, displayed his strong resentment when he emerged from 35 hours of private questionina by the Rocketeller Commission. which is investigating alleged domestic transgressions by the CIA.

CBS correspondent Daniel Schorr, who has broadcast several stories on CIA involvement with assassination plots, was waiting outside the hearing room with other reporters.

When Schore extended his hand, Helms brushed himaside and uttered several insults, "son-of-a-bitch", "killer Schorr" and a sexual epithet.

Standing before TV cameras; a few moments later, Helms made it clear that he found plied. the subject of assassinations

nation plets.

suggested that there had.

"I don't know whether I When reporters pressed him stopped beating my wife or further. Helms replied:
you stopped beating your, if if do not know of any forwife," Helms snapped. "In if do not know of any forgovernment, there are always cign leader that was ever as-

"Of everything under the Were there "discussions of sun" Helms repeated emphaticassassination?"

chaired by investigative statt.

Plots by CIA Some of the School to the CIA of the School to the School t

nation plots. had actively considered. Another reporter asked If launching assassination at there had been any discussionation that the agency had sions within the CIA of launched an attempt that sions within the desired attempts to kill Cuban tempt. Reims, oblique reply affected attempts to kill Cuban

government, there are always cliff loader that was ever discussions of everything unsassinated by the CIA. That's der the sun."

"Of assassinations?" the reporter asked axain.

"But this government div ically. "But this government dis-"You didn't answer my ques-cusses every conceivable mattion," the reporter said. — ten over the years of every "I'm not trying to answer kind of context," Helms proyour question," Helms re-tested, "I can't for the life of me understand why it is a

Yesterday was Helms' third matter of great interest to the and longest appearance before American public that two men the eight-member commission may have sat in the State De-Vice President partment or the Defense De-Rockefeller. He was also ques- partment er somewhere and tioned in private for two days discussed things that may be last week by the commission's unacceptable to the American public."

Doubls Agports

By JOSEPH VOLZ Washington, April 28 (News Bureau) -- Former CIA Director Richard M. Helms was examined for hours today by the Recketeller Commission about charges that the spy agency had carried out assassinations of foreign leaders. Afterward, the bitterly denounced a TV newsman who

Afterward, the dittery demonates had reported the story.

"As far as K know," he said, the for a CIA plot aimed at the CIA was never responsible to the assassination of any for Johnson siad these things," leader. That is my honest belief," Helms, now U.S. ambassador to Iran, spent 34 hours of on a wide range of subjects before the commission, the long before the commission, the long eat time of any of the 44 with east time of any of the 44 with east time of any of the 44 with east time of any have testified during more and there may have teen the panel's 10-week probe of the wished to question him about agency.

Helins was followed to, the witness chair by the present CIA director, William E. Colby.

Sees False Reporting Sees False Reporting
CES reporter Daniel Schore of
false reports concerning CIA involvement in foreign assassina
tions. It was Schore who first
reported that President Ford,
was concerned that the CIA
investigation would disclose that
the apy agency had a role in the
assassination of three foreign
leaders.

"Killer Schorr! Killer Schorr!" "Miler Schorr: Miler Schorr: Helms said loudly as he walked down the hallway with reporters, following his appearance before the Rockefeller commission.

Later, during a press conference when Schorr asked a ques-tion on a subject unrelated to the assassinations, Helms would only reply: "I don't like some of the lies you've been putting on the air."

Bristles at Question

Bristles at Question

Helms bristled when reporters asked bim if there had ever been discussions in the CIA plotting the assassinations of foreign leaders.

"That's like asking me if I've atopped beating my wife," Helms said. "There were always discussions of everything. Two men may have sat in the State Department and discussed things that may not be acceptable to the American people. That happens all the time."

Licins was asked to comment on reports that former President

on reports that former President Johnson told several colleagues he believed the assassination of John F. Kennedy was in retalia-

THE STREET SET IN THE SECOND S

Helms Blasts Reporter After CIA Panel Session

Former CIA Director Richard Helms, who has been called repeatedly before investigators to answer questions on Waternate, alleged domestic spying by the CIA and possible plots to assassinate foreign leaders, exploded yesterday with a bitter denunciation of a newsman for reporting on the latter possibility.

Helms lashed out angrily in a meeting with reporters after an appearance of nearly three hours before the Rockefeller Commission - the longest appearance by any of the 44 witnesses who have testified during its 15-week investigation of the foreign intelligence agency's role at home.

The target of Helms' venom was CBS reporter Daniel Schorr, who first re-ported that President Ford was concerned that the CIA investigation would reveal that the spy agency had a role in the assassination of at least three foreign lead-

LY, "as far as I know," foreign leader that was that the CIA "was reponsible for the assassination of any foreign leader." It marked the first time a gov-ernmenn official had ruled newsmen asked him if there out CIA involvement in an had ever been discussions assassination successfully in the CIA plotting the carried out.

"Killer Schorr! Killer Schorr!" Helms said loudly as he walked down the hall-



RICHARD HELMS Anger unmasked

Later during a news conference, when Schorr asked a question on a subject unrelated to the assassinations, Helms would only answer: "I don't like some of the lies you've been putting on the air.

"I just want to say one HELMS DENIED FLAT- thing, I don't know of any of It lief."

assassinations of foreign

"THAT'S LIKE asking way with reporters following his appearance before
the commission.

There were always discus-

sions of everything. Two men may have sat in the State Department or the Defense Department and discussed things that may not be acceptable to the American people. That hap-pens all the time."

Holms refused to comment on reports that former President Lyndon B. Johnson told several colleagues that he believed the assassination of President John F. Kennedy was in retaliation for a CIA plot aimed at Cudan premier Fidel Cas- :

"I don't know why President Johnson said these things," Helms said.

Helms was director of the CIA from 156 to early 1973. Reports have charged that during the anti-war movement in the late 1990s, the CIA was engaged in a massive domestic apping program, which is illegal under its charter.

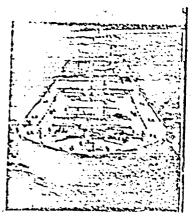
Helms said his testimony covered all kinds of subjects — Cuba, Vietnam — anything you can imagine."

He said he had spent two days preparing with the staff of the Rockefeller. Commission and then appeared before the full panel "for a realistmation of what I covered with the staff."

He refused comment about the specific charges of domestic appear, saying: "Let's wait until the commission has given its report. They've conducted an exhaustive investigaParameter of the part year, Henry Kessace requelched Pentagen a plans to problem amountains involving America and Russian administration for the stoling would observe US desired collitions, according to Datenso Department courses. The Pyntagen is sixts Kissinger blocked release of facts about the CIA effort to mise the simben has our individual in the Pacific and news about a 1574 collision between the U.S. submacine James Madison and a Soviet sub-in the North Sea. Defense officials were ready to take a bow for the recovery of the Russian sub; most accidents at sea are routinely made public.

ARAS TANKERS?

Washington is trying to head off a new threat that could make another oil embargo even more painful than the last. The CIA has determined that oil-producing countries are now going all-out to buy tankers idled by the world's glut of oil. Fleet owners, who in the U.S. are hard-precised even to find berthing space for unused ships, are eager to sell. To avoid the possibility of both oil and tankers



in hostile hands, the Ford Administration is considering new subsidies to the U.S. tanker industry to ensure that vessels would be available in another embargo.

HOWARD HUGHES, PROP.

Howard Hughes, the phantom billionaire, has been given a new code name at the Summa Corp., the Los! Angeles firm that is his corporate alter ego. Summa executives refer to their sole owner, not by name, but simply as "the stockholder."

Helms Terms Newsman 'Killer' For Hint of Murders by C.I.A.

WASHINGTON, April 23 (UPI) always discussions of every--Richard M. Holms, former thing Two men may have said Director of Central Intelligence, in the State Department or denounced a newsman today the Dolonse Department and, for reporting charges that the document things that may not Central Intelligence Agency be acceptable to the American carried out the assassination people. That happens all the

Central Intelligence Agency be acceptable to the American Central Intelligence Mr. Helms mide the comments to reporters after an ment on reports that the late appearance of nearly first president Johnson told several hours before the Rockefeller. President Johnson told several commission—the longest applications of President Kenwittenses who have testified nedy in 1963 was in retaliation during its IG-week investigation and the CLA. In Johnson said these things," Mr. The target of Mr. Helms's "I don't know who, President attack was Daniel Schorr, the Johnson said these things," Mr. CSS newsman, who first telfems said.

Concerned that President Ford was Bridges being accused of concerned that the CLA., in Johnson said these things," Mr. CSS newsman, who first telfems said.

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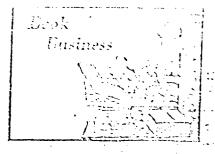
Will's Schorr Killer Schorr!"

Mr. Helms waid boudly as help to the Johnson said these things are said boudly as help to the Johnson said these things are said bounded.

While Schorr Killer Schorr!"

Mr. Helms waid boudly as help to the Johnson said the Congo. The February of the Congo. Wh. Helms, now the United Schort asked a cuession of the alleged assassanctions, the Rockefeller was even assassanctions, the Rockefeller from of any sorties and accused to the alleged assassanctions.

The target of Mr. Helms was my honest the CLA. That's my honest covered all kinds of subjects—that was even assassancted by the CLA. That's my honest covered all kinds of subjects—that was even assassancted by the CLA. That's my honest covered with the Schort for event and the same and the covered with the CLA plotting the assassance of the Rockefeller commission the CLA plotting



ByJOYCE ILLIG

Company Man

PHILIP AGEE, the ex-CIA agent living in England, has finally found a publisher and filmmaker to get his book Inside the Company: CIA Diary out to the American public. Stonehill Publishing Company will publish the book and Emile de Antonio has purchased the film rights.

Stonehill, a small, relatively unknown New York trade house distributed by George Braziller & Co., signed a contract with Scott Meredith, Agee's literary agent, giving Agee essentially the same deal he'd turned down with Straight Arrow Books: a \$12,000 advance and a 60-40 split on the paperback sale.

Stonehill is a four-year-old company run by Jeffrey Steinberg. Steinberg in young (late 1983), enthusiastic and persistent. He was a founder of Chelsea House publishers and was hired in 1970 by Jann Wenner to start Straight Arrow Books with Alan Rinzler. He said that he didn't last long because of personality differences with Wenner. Steinberg started Stonehill and is backed by "a consortium of European bankers."

Stonehill's current schedule for Agee's book is to ship a first printing of 30,000 copies in June for July publication. The probable price: \$12.95. Steinberg is also planning to bild an index for the American edition.

"We're going to hold off on the mass market paperback sale until we're completed our legal review and can deliver a reasonably meaningful warranty," said Steinberg.

The American Civil Liberties Unionhas given Steinberg a letter "agreeing foprovide as much legal assistance, at nocost, as we warrant." This is in case allthe rumors become fact concerning government, suppression of the book here and threats of libel suits."

"There will definitely be a libel and inyasion of privacy review by our law firm," said Steinberg, and there will probably No control of entitles to examine manation of Local Control and Wheel truetion of Local Control of

For the smaller said that Afre is preplaced to warrant very little because he has not seen further brokided is well as the many coal, the only warranty that Abel is providing is the extracty that he has the mobile sell these richia and that the government doesn't own them," said Morodita.

Steach It's biggest seller is a recently published book called The Coording Papers. It's a plant volume documenting Freed's use of coording.

Emile de Antonio, the underground Marxist filmmaker, plans to make a fiction film of Agee's book, using different names for everyone except the nuthor.

De Arto 110, creator of the controversial and highly praised documentaries "Point of Order" (the Army-McCarthy hearings), "In the Year of the Pig" (an overview of the Vietnam war) and "Millhouse" (a satinc 10% at Nixon), has agreed to pay \$25,000 dollars against five per cent of the profits—the producer's gross, not the net—of the picture. Agee will receive \$7500 when he signs the contract and \$17,500 in the first day of principal photography, which has to be within a year.

. Haskel Wexler has agreed to be the director of cinematography and De Antonio said that Jane Fonda has volunteered to he in it.

Deinit.

JOYCE HIEG writes regularly on the publishing scene for Book World.