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	FBI
	Date: 4/19/68
nsmit the following in	(Type in plain text or code)
AIRTEL	
	(Priority or Method of Mailing)
TO:	SAC, ALBANY
FROM:	SAC, MEMPHIS (44-1987) (P)
SUBJECT:	MURKIN - COST DATA
	ReButel to ME 4/17/68.
requested	For information of all offices, the Bureau by retel of the Memphis Division as follows:
matter co	"Please furnish following information on above mpiled or estimated through 4/30/68, and thereafter mulative totals through the end of each month until otice:
1)	Number of man hours spent on case broken down as to regular hours, overtime hours, and total man hours by following employees (separate figures for each class of employees shown):
	A. Special Agents
	B. Clerical Employees
2)	Total mileage (estimated or actual) traveled by Bucars used on case. Include mileage for cars traveling to and from other field offices on special assignment and any personally-owned cars.
3)	Any unusual or out-of-ordinary costs, such as cost of chartering airplane, rental of special office space, leased telephone lines, etc. These should be itemized and cost of each item shown.
2 - Memph HEG:LF	Office B5  SERIALIZED NUED  APR 2 3 1968  FBI - BOSTON
(59)	Kerby Rm.
	Och no this

ME 44-1987

4) Peak number of Special Agents working on case during month for which report is submitted.

You should promptly request all Bureau offices involved in this case to furnish information requested herein to you and it should be included in your report."

Each office is requested to expeditiously furnish the Memphis Division with the above designated data within two work days after the close of each month. Secondly, each office is also requested to advise the Memphis Division even in the event each category is zero or no work is performed on this case during the month.

# DECODED COPY

X	Radio	A
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URGENT

5/14/68

Teletype

TO ALL FIELD DIVISIONS

FROM WASHINGTON

MURKIN

IN VIEW OF FACT THAT SUBJECT SPENT A CONSIDERABLE SUM OF MONEY FROM 4/23/1967 TO 4/4/1968. AND THE SOURCE OF HIS MONEY HAS NOT BEEN DETERMINED, HIS PHOTOGRAPH SHOULD BE DISPLAYED TO APPROPRIATE WITNESSES IN UNSOLVED BANK ROBBERIES AND BANK BURGLARIES IN THOSE INSTANCES WHERE WITNESSES ARE AVAILABLE. YOU SHOULD ALSO CONSIDER THE REQUESTING OF POLICE DEPARTMENTS TO DISPLAY PHOTOGRAPH OF RAY TO WITNESSES IN THEIR UNSOLVED ROBBERIES. ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

The Display 1 - 2965 Uther Church Start 91 - 3042 Uther Church Start 91 - 3081

SERIAND FILE SERIAND FILE MS GRATH HAVE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO

SAC. BOSTON (157-644)

DATE: 6/7/68

FROM :

SA THOMAS P. GARVEY

SUBJECT:

MURKIN

On 5/23/68 at 12:50 p.m., PETER MATTHEWS, student at Boston University, telephonically contacted the Boston Office and stated that a man answering the description of JAMES EARL RAY was seen going into 319 Huntington Ave., Boston. At 1:18 p.m. on the same date, an individual believed to be MATTHEWS telephonically contacted the Boston Office and stated that an individual answering RAY's description had left Guido's Pizza Parlor, Huntington Ave., and had entered 319 Huntington Ave.

The following persons were contacted on 5/23/68; and no information was developed indicating that RAY was in the Huntington Avenue, Boston, area:

ELLIOT LYMAN 307 Huntington Ave Boston, Mass.

GUIDO SAELI and ANTHONY SHARRA Guido's Pizza Parlor

ALBERT COLEMAN Resident Manager 319 Huntington Ave. Boston, Mass.

Boston, Mass.

REBECCA REAPINSKY, Cashier and CARL CHRISTIANSON, Resident Manager YMCA 316 Huntington Ave

TPG:mej (2)

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

BS 157-644 On 5/28/68, Mrs. GUIDO SAELI, 99 Holmes Avenue, Dorchester, stated she was in Guido's Pizza Parlor on 5/23/68 from approximately noon to 2:30 p.m. and she has no recollection of anyone answering the description of RAY being in the parlor. It is noted that the second call received at the Boston Office pointed out that the caller approached the individual believed to be RAY in the parlor, spoke to him, whereupon the individual immediately left the pizza parlor without waiting for his order. Mrs. SAELI recalled an individual in the parlor who received his order, partially consumed it, and left. He was accompanied by two individuals whom she believed were students, perhaps from Northeastern. LEO GANNON, Division 4, was contacted concerning the above and had no information concerning same. It is noted that, immediately subsequent to the caller contacting the Boston Office, the Record American also called and the writer learned, upon making inquiry in the Huntington Avenue area, that the Record American had been there previously. No further action is being taken in this matter at this time. - 2 -2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

6/7/68

3/-0/ x x/0

SAC, BOSTON (157-644)

SA THOMAS P. GARVEY

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ALBERT COLEMAN
Resident Manager
319 Huntington Ave.
Boston, Mass.

REBECCA REAPINSKY, Cashier and CARL CHRISTIANSON, Resident Manager YMCA 316 Huntington Ave Boston, Mass

TPG:mej

1

BS. 157-644 description of RAY being in the parlor.

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FBI WASH DC

FBI BOSTON

335PM URGENT 6/10/68 1P PJC

TO DIRECTOR 44-38861

FROM BOSTON 157-644

MURKIN

RE BUTEL TO BOSTON, JUNE NINE LAST.

SHELLEY CANDIDUS, CUSTOMER SERVICE, POLAROID CORP.,
CAMBRIDGE, MASS., ADVISED TODAY THAT REGISTRATIONS OF PURCHASERS
OF THIS TYPE CAMERA ARE NOT FILED IN ANY PARTICULAR NUMERICAL
ORDER. CANDIDUS STATED A COMPUTER IS BEING PROGRAMMED BY
POLAROID CORP. TO PROCESS APPROXIMATELY SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND
REGISTRATIONS FOR SUCH CAMERAS IN HOPE OF FINDING REGISTRANT
FOR GIVEN SERIAL NUMBER WITH PREFIX ZD WHICH IS CORRECT. ONLY
ONE OUT OF FOUR PURCHASERS USUALLY REGISTER. RESULTS OF COMPUTER
SHOULD BE OBTAINED BY JUNE ELEVEN NEXT.

AIR MAIL COPY TO MEMPHIS.

END

WPK

FBI WASH DC

SERVICED TO THE PARTY OF THE PA

157-644 -291

F B I

Date: 6/10/68

Transmit the following in	PLAINTEXT	
	(Type in plaintext or code)	
Via TELETYPE		
	(Priority)	<del></del>

TO:

DIRECTOR (44-38861)

FROM:

BOSTON (157-644)

MURKIN

RE BUTEL TO BOSTON, JUNE NINE LAST.

SHELLEY CANDIDUS, CUSTOMER SERVICE, POLAROID CORP., CAMBRIDGE, MASS., ADVISED TODAY THAT REGISTRATIONS OF PURCHASERS OF THIS TYPE CAMERA ARE NOT FILED IN ANY PARTICULAR NUMERICAL ORDER. CANDIDUS STATED A COMPUTER IS BEING PROGRAMMED BY POLAROID CORP. TO PROCESS APPROXIMATELY SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND REGISTRATIONS FOR SUCH CAMERAS IN HOPE OF FINDING REGISTRANT FOR GIVEN SERIAL NUMBER WITH PREFIX ZD WHICH IS CORRECT. ONE OUT OF FOUR PURCHASERS USUALLY REGISTER RESULTS OF COMPUTER SHOULD BE OBTAINED BY JUNE ELEVEN NEXT.

AIR MAIL COPY TO MEMPHIS.

1 - Boston - Memphis (44-1987) (AM)

7-644-291

Approved: \_

Special Agent

### **DECODED COPY**

XXX Radio

☐ Teletype

TO: ALL FIELD DIVISIONS

JUNE 6, 1968

FROM: DIRECTOR, FBI

URGENT

MURKIN.

FOR INFORMATION ALL OFFICES AND NOT TO BE DISCLOSED TO ANYONE OUTSIDE OF OFFICE IT HAS BEEN DETERMINED THROUGH INVESTIGATION THAT SUBJECT JAMES EARL RAY RESIDED IN CANADA FROM APRIL 8, 1968 UNTIL MAY 6, 1968, UNDER NAMES PAUL BRIDGMAN AND RAMON GEORGE SNEYD. SUBJECT DEPARTED CANADA FOR LONDON, ENGLAND, ON MAY 6, LAST AS SNEYD AND IS BELIEVED USING CANADIAN PASSPORT IN THAT NAME. SUBJECT BELIEVED TO BE WEARING GLASSES.

IN VIEW OF ABOVE DEVELOPMENTS REVIEW OF DRIVER'S LICENSE
BUREAU RECORDS AS REQUESTED IN BUREAU RADIOGRAM MAY 21 LAST MAY
BE DISCONTINUED.

OFFICES COVERING POINTS OF ENTRANCE INTO U.S. SHOULD PLACE
APPROPRIATE STOPS WITH BORDER AND CUSTOM AUTHORITITIES UNDER
NAME GEORGE SNEYD. NO INDICATION WHATSOEVER SHOULD BE GIVEN THAT
THERE IS ANY CONNECTION BETWEEN SNEYD AND KING ASSASSINATION.

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably

PAGE TWO

YOU MAY ADVISE AUTHORITIES THAT INDIVIDUAL USING NAME SNEYD IS BEING SOUGHT BY FBI FOR UNLAWFUL FLIGHT TO AVOID CONFINEMENT FOR CHARGE OF ROBBERY.

FOR INFORMATION OF BORDER OFFICES THERE IS ACTUAL PERSON
RESIDING IN TORONTO, CANADA, WHO IS EMPLOYED BY TORONTO POLICE
DEPARTMENT NAMED RAMON GEORGE SNEYD. THIS INDIVIDUAL'S NAME
AND DATE OF BIRTH USED BY SUBJECT IN OBTAINING PASSPORT. THIS IS
FOR YOUR INFORMATION IN EVENT BORDER STOPS DISCLOSE THAT INDIVIDUAL
NAMED SNEYD IS ENTERING YOUR TERRITORY.

COPIES MAILED WFO.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

(2)

TOR: B:15 PM/JWT

0K

12-58PM URGENT 6/8/68 GJM

TO ALL SACS

FROM DIRECTOR 44-38861

MURKIN

SUBJECT JAMES EARL RAY APPREHENDED AT LONDON, ENGLAND, JUNE EIGHT INSTANT. DISCONTINUE EFFORTS TO LOCATE AND REMOVE ALL STOPS.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

END

DMC

FBI BOSTON

SAC, Supro, Su RAS notified web

OK

12-58PM URGENT 6/8/68 GJM

TO ALL SACS

FROM DIRECTOR 44-38861

MURKIN

SUBJECT JAMES EARL RAY APPREHENDED AT LONDON,

ENGLAND, JUNE EIGHT INSTANT. DISCONTINUE EFFORTS TO LOCATE AND REMOVE ALL STOPS.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

END

DMC

FBI BOSTON

157644093 W XX

FBI WASH DC 419PM URGENT 6/9/68 ELR TO BOSTON FROM DIRECTOR 1P

MURKIN

AT TIME OF ARREST SUBJECT HAD IN HIS POSSESSION POLAROID TWO TWO ZERO CAMERA WHICH IS MANUFACTURED BY POLAROID CORPORATION, CAMBRIDGE, MASS., SERIAL NUMBER Z D OR Z O ONE TWO SEVEN ONE THREE ONE.

CHECK RECORDS OF POLAROID COMPANY IN EFFORT TO TRACE THIS CAMERA. AIRMAIL COPY SENT TO MEMPHIS. **END** 

FBI BOSTON

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FBI WASH DC
419PM URGENT 6/9/68 ELR
TO BOSTON
FROM DIRECTOR 1P

MURKIN

AT TIME OF ARREST SUBJECT HAD IN HIS POSSESSION POLAROID TWO TWO ZERO CAMERA WHICH IS MANUFACTURED BY POLAROID CORPORATION, CAMBRIDGE, MASS., SERIAL NUMBER Z D OR Z O ONE TWO SEVEN ONE THREE ONE.

CHECK RECORDS OF POLAROID COMPANY IN EFFORT TO TRACE THIS CAMERA. AIRMAIL COPY SENT TO MEMPHIS. END

FBI BOSTON

FBI WASH DC

FBI BOSTON

345PM URGENT 6/12/68 1P PJC

TO DIRECTOR 44-38861

FROM BOSTON 157-644

#### MURKIN

RE BOSTON TEL TO BUREAU JUNE TEN LAST.

SHELLEY CANDIDUS, CUSTOMBER RELATIONS, POLAROID CORP., CAMBRIDGE, MASS., ADVISED TODAY RESULTS OF COMPUTER AND MANUAL CHECK OF PURCHASER REGISTRATIONS FROM JANUARY, SIXTYSEVEN, TO DATE WERE NEGATIVE RE SERIAL NUMBER OF POLAROID CAMERA FOUND ON RAY. RECORDS MAINTAINED BY CORP. FILED BY SERIAL NUMBER ONLY AND NOT BY NAME.

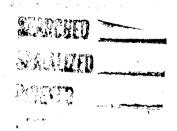
CANDIDUS ADVISED SERIAL NUMBER SIGNIFIES THIS CAMERA MADE IN MONTH OF JANUARY, SIXTYSEVEN.

AIRMAIL COPY TO MEMPHIS.

END

CAB

FBI WASH DC



157-644-295

#### FBI

Date: 6/12/68

Transmit the following in		PLAINTEXT	
		(Type in plaintext or code)	
Via	TELETYPE	URGENT	
		(Priority)	

TO: DIRECTOR (44-38861)

FROM:

BOSTON (157-644)

MURKIN

RE BOSTON TEL TO BUREAU JUNE TEN LAST.

SHELLEY CANDIDUS, CUSTOMER RELATIONS, POLAROID CORP., CAMBRIDGE, MASS., ADVISED TODAY RESULTS OF COMPUTER AND MANUAL CHECK OF PURCHASER REGISTRATIONS FROM JANUARY, SIXTYSEVEN, TO DATE WERE NEGATIVE RE SERIAL NUMBER OF POLAROID CAMERA FOUND ON RAY. RECORDS MAINTAINED BY CORP. FILED BY SERIAL NUMBER ONLY AND NOT BY NAME.

CANDIDUS ADVISED SERIAL NUMBER SIGNIFIES THIS CAMERA MADE IN MONTH OF JANUARY, SIXTYSEVEN.

AIRMAIL COPY TO MEMPHIS.

Memphis (44-1987) (AM)
Boston - Boston

157-644-295

Approved: \_

ecial Agent in Charge

Sent 3:45 0 M Per \_\_\_\_\_

TO

Director, FEI (44-38861)

FROM

SAC, Boston (157-644)

SHRJECT:

Re Springfield airtel, 5/31/68; and Bureau airtel to Springfield, 5/29/68.

On 6/12/68, ALFRED EWEISON, Shipping Manager, Savege Arms, Inc., Westfield, Massachusetts, advised SA THOMAS P. SULLIVAN the Stevens Model 90, 12 gauge, single barrel shotgun manufactured by that firm is one produced in great volume. As indicated in referenced airtel, no serial numbers are marked on the weapon and he said there is no way in which a recovered gum can be traced.

He discussed the problem with officials and engineers at the plant and it was their conclusion a recovered shotgam might be examined by the plant and a determination made that it was in fact one of their manufacture. However, there is no recording made of the component parts or assembly markings which might appear, and he said, regardless of the importance of a given inquiry, it was not possible to say when or to whom a gun was shipped.

3 - Bureau 2 - Springfield (44-561) 1 - Hemphia (44-1987) (Infe) 1) - Boston Tys/aut (7)

GOL

157-644-296

## DECODED COPY

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MURKIN

URGENT

5/14/68 Teletype

TO ALL FIELD DIVISIONS FROM WASHINGZON

IN VIEW OF FACT THAT SUBJECT SPENT A CONSIDERABLE SUM OF MONEY FROM 4/23/1967 TO 4/4/1968, AND THE SOURCE OF HIS MONEY HAS NOT BEEN DETERMINED, HIS PHOTOGRAPH SHOULD BE DISPLAYED TO APPROPRIATE WITNESSES IN UNSOLVED BANK ROBBERIES AND BANK BURGLARIES IN THOSE INSTANCES WHERE WITNESSES ARE AVAILABLE. YOU SHOULD ALSO CONSIDER THE REQUESTING OF POLICE DEPARTMENTS TO DISPLAY PHOTOGRAPH OF RAY TO WITNESSES IN THEIR UNSOLVED ROBBERIES. ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

91-2836

6/11/68

Lighter

ROUTING SLIP TO ALL FIELD OFFICES

SÁC, MEMPHIS (44-1987) (P)

RAY, aka -

CR - CONSPIRACY; UFAC - ROBBERY

OO: MEMPHIS

Re report of SA JOE C. HESTER 6/5/68 at Memphis.

Page 17, paragraph 4, line 6 - 12/17/67, should

be 12/7/67.

Please correct your copies.

SAC ROBERT G. JENSEN

TOR: tjm

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO

: Agent in charge

Federal Bureau of Investigations

Boston, Mass.

FROM : Martin G. Hewson, Immigrant Inspector

Pittsburg, New Hampshire

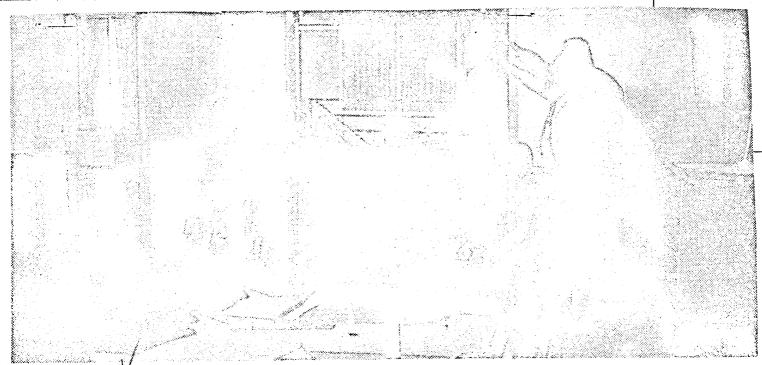
SUBJECT: RAY, James Earl

Request two photos of James Earl Ray wanted by your department. One photo shall be retained at this office and the other will be given to the opposite Canadian port of entry.

Martin G. Heuson

PNH 71/41 DATE: April 22, 1968

	> * · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	FBI	•		
			Date:	6-12-68		
Transmit the f	following in		1.			
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	•		(Priority or M	ethod of Mailing)	!	
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TO:	SAC, ALBANY	Mr. Company of Contract Contra	••			
FROM	: SAC, MEMPHI	కో (44–1987)	P			
	MURKIN			.•		
		<b>N</b> .				
	In view of	subject's a	pprehensi	on, any offi	ice having	,
	tanding leads o	r requests	for circu	larization i	in any pub	olica-
tion	of any kind sh	ould cancel	l outstand	ing request	now.	
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Yphtoveo	Special Agent	in Charge		IVI Pe	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	



DB. KING'S ASSISSINATION SUBTRE-Moments after the murder, Dr. King's aides rushed onto balcony porch of his motel, shouting and pointing out to police where bullet came from. Drama was caught by photographer occupying room two doors away.

Hos

Full

Story

Been

Told?

OR most of his failure-filled life, James Earl Ray has been a bungler and chronic loser—and that may be the principal reason why his arrest in London for the assassination of Rev. Martin Luther King, jr., in Memphis on April 4 has raised more doubts than it has satisfied.

That so mediocre a man—the man with many faces—a humpty-dumpty at everything he tried, should have been the accused sole architect and engineer of one of the century's most heinous crimes was a conclusion which many found hard to accept.

That was why his capture, on the day that another assassination victim, Robert F. Kennedy, was buried, was met by a number of nagging questions—unanswered questions that suggest the possibility that the full story of Dr. King's murder may not yet have been uncovered. Among them:

×

• Was Ray acting entirely on his own?

• Or was he the indispensable man in a cleverly-planned plot?

• Who helped him elude the law for an incredible 65 days?

• Where did he get the money he needed to run and hide?

And, perhaps most vital of all:

Will be talk?

Date: 6/23/68 Edition: Sunday

Author: Bill Duncliffe
Editor: Samuel Bernstein
Title: JAMES EARL RAY

Character:

or Classification: 157-64 Submitting Office: Boston

Being Investigated

157-64-301 C E Those who knew Ray, either during one of the five prison sentences he served or in the now-and-then years when he was free, were more than aware of his deep-seated feeling against Negroes; he never made any great effort to hide it.

But not even so strong an emotion as hatred would, in the view of his brother, Jerry, have driven him to kill.

"I know," said the brother, "that he wouldn't have put himself in a spot like this unless there was something in it for him . . ."

And there was an even stronger reason, in the opinion of some police, to believe that he did not act alone. Put bluntly, it was this:

Ray was too stupid to have devised, and exe-

cuted, a murder like that of Dr. King without a great deal of help.

He was discharged from the Army for what was described as ineptness and lack of adaptability—a gentle way of saying that, as far as the military service was concerned, he was a hopeless case.

And he was just as hopeless as a small-time hood. After robbing a supermarket in St. Louis of \$190 in 1950, he literally led police to his doorstep by packing the getaway car directly outside it.

Another stickup was botched when he cracked up the car in which he was attempting to flee with \$2200 in loot.

Given that history of failure, some authorities cannot see Ray putting together, entirely on his own, a complex plot to kill and flee. But, though he may have had help either in the planning, the execution, or the escape, neither the FBI or anyone else is ready to say—officially—that there was a conspiracy and that he was the trigger man in it.

Despite their reluctance, there is persuasive, though inconclusive, evidence to suggest that this may have been so. For instance:

Although Ray was a man who made a career out of getting caught, he broke out of the Missouri State Prison on April 23, 1967—and for a full year thereafter kept clear of the law. A most remarkable reversal of fortune.

大

He used four aliases in the King murder—Eric Gait, Paul Bridgman, John Willard, and Ramon George Sneyd. All bore a general resemblance to Ray, and Galt even had scars on his forehead and right palm—as did Ray.

But what was just as remarkable was that all four lived in the same area of Toronto, Can., and neither knew each other or Ray. Yet, he knew all that was necessary for him to know about them.

He used the name of Galt when he bought a white Mustang in Birmingham, Ala., in the summer of 1967—and he used the name of Willard when he registered in the boarding house at Memphis from where Dr. King was shot.

And, while phony radio messages sent police looking in several other directions the night of the murder, Ray and the sports car went 330 untroubled miles south and east to Atlanta, Ca. Eventually, he was tracked—but by the time the FBI followed his trail to Georgia he had long since made it all the way to Canada.

Here, too, there was evidence suggesting a smarter man—or men—than Ray may have been involved. Had he followed his instincts, he probably would have tried to get out of Atlanta on the first available plane—but airlines keep records of all their clients.

On the other hand, railroads and buslines do not —and there are three buses a day which leave Atlanta for Toronto. Ray is believed to have crossed the border on April 8, four days after Dr. King was slain, and took a room in a boarding house at 102 Ossington ave, under the name of Paul Bridgman.

"He didn't come cold to this city and make all his own arrangements," said a Canadina Mountie stationed in Toronto. "There was help of some kind."

An American detective, who worked on the Canadian angle of the case, made this comment:

"A guy like Ray, a five-time loser with the law, just does not have the background for the way he behaved."

And Deputy Chief Bernard Simmonds of the Toronto Metropolitan Police said:

"I think someone else was the mastermind."

\*

That comment could apply either to a plot or to a getaway . . . and in either respect it seemed almost certain that someone other than Ray had to do the kind of thinking that was well beyond him.

Truman Capote, the fancy man whose flair for writing a factual account of another crime—"In Cold Blood"—earned him a million dollars, cannot conceive of Ray being able to travel undetected for so long a time after Dr. King's murder without getting help from an unknown expert.

What made Capote's thesis seem plausible was that, in the only two instances where Ray may possibly have acted on his own, he made incredible mistakes. He left a print on the murder gun when he dropped it in the doorway of a grocery moments after the murder and, when he was traced to Atlanta April 19. FBI men went to a room where he was known to have stayed.

There they found a street map of Atlanta, with Dr. King's home and office circled with a pencil. And on the map they found a clear fingerprint which, when checked, proved to be unmistakeably that of drifter James Earl Ray

that of drifter James Earl Ray.

By that time. Ray had been in Toronto for 41 days, and he had been busy in a way which seemed

to indicate he was acting under instructions. He needed a birth certificate in the names of both Bridgman and Ramon George Sneyd, one of which he would use when he applied for a Canadian passport.

As nearly as police can deduce, he went to the public library on College st., and went through the old newspaper files. The Toronto Star of Oct. 8, 1932, contained a notice of the birth of Sneyd, and the Toronto Telegram of Nov. 11, 1932, carried a birth announcement for Bridgman. Both had the information Ray needed, the names of the parents, including the maiden name of the mothers.

He had some passport photos taken, and on April 15, Ray—now using the name of Sneyd—showed up at the Kennedy Travel Agency, on Bloor st. and asked for a passport application. All he had to do, under the conveniently loose Canadian law, was to swear that the data on the application was true. It was forwarded to Oliawa, with a request that action on it be speeded because Sneyd—or Ray—was in a hurry to leave the country.

That same day, he also ordered a round-trip excursion ticket to London aboard a BOAC flight that was scheduled to leave Toronto May 6.

A few days later, the FBI announced that the man it had been seeking as "Eric Starvo Galt" was, in reality, James Earl Ray, a 40-year-old drifter and highly unsuccessful thief. His photograph was carried in newspapers all over the world, including those in Toronto, but by then he had moved out of the Ossington ave, address and into another rooming house a few blocks away on Dundas st., operated by one Mrs. Yee Sun Loo.

\*

Back at Ossington ave. his former landlady, Mrs. Adam Szpakowski, went to clean "Mr. Bridgman's" room. A newspaper was on the bed, opened to the page that bore Ray's picture, but Mrs. Szpakowski failed to notice the resemblance between "Bridgman" and the fugitive.

A few days after Ray checked out of Mrs. Szpakowski's house, a small man in a nondescript business suit rang her bell and asked to see "Mr. Bridgman." When he was told that "Bridgman" had left he went away, without giving either his name or any hint of what his mission might have been.

For nearly two weeks, Ray lived discreetly, and did nothing to attract attention. His caution was, in a sense, a kind of leaurance, because the FBI was still a long way from learning that he had crossed into Canada.

He picked up his airline ticket May 2 and paid \$345 for it—in cash. He also gave Paul Bridgman as the next-of-kin who should be notified if anything happened to him. Four days later, he left Canada and landed in London.

There he turned in his return ticket for one that would take him to Lisbon where, whether he knew it or not, the breakaway African state of Rhodesia, had an office. Some investigators believed that Rhodesia was where Ray was headed, since it would not have been likely to honor an extradition request from the U.S. if ever he were located there.

Ray stayed in Lisbon until May 17, and while there secured a new passport from the Canadian Embassy, since, on the original, "Sneyd" was misspelled "Sneya."

Then, inexplicably, he doubled back to London, and for two weeks stayed at a small hotel in a section of the capital known as "Kangaroo Valley." He kept out of sight, except for those times it was necessary for him to surface. It was as if he sensed, like a fox, that the hunters were closing in even before he heard the sounds of their pursuit.

And, if that was so it was one of the few times that Ray turned out to have guessed right, for the Royal Canadian Mounted Police had come up with

the clue that was needed to bring a worldwide search to a successful climax. At the request of the FBI, which was aware of the many loopholes in Canadian travel regulations, the Mounties began checking passport applications and the photos that accompanied them.

They went through no less than 250,000 and then, on June 1, a Mountie looked at the picture of "Ramon George Sneyd" and realized that it was, in reality, a snapshot of the clusive fugitive with the deadly aim.

From that starting point, it was a routine operation to trace Ray's travels to London, Lisbon, and back to London again, and to cover all the places where he might be likely to show himself. One of those places was Heathrow Airport.

While the trap was closing, Ray was moving. He shifted from the New Earl's Court Hotel to a cheaper one, the Pax, and quibbled about the \$3.60 a day he had to pay in rent. He never left his room for more than 20 minutes at a time, refusing even to come out to answer four phone calls—two from an airline.

But he did some calling of his own, to Ian Colvin, a writer for the London Daily Telegraph who was considered an expert on Africa. In the first call, on June 5, Ray asked how he migit get to Angola, a Portuguese territory in Africa, on the pretext that he wanted to locate his brother there. The second call, on the following day, was more direct. How, he wanted to know, could he join up with white mercenties who hire themselves out to fight in Africa. Colvin mentioned a man in Brussels, Polgium, who might be able to help—but he did not, as he promised, mail the man's address to Ray.

Two days later, Ray broke cover. He booked passage on a flight to Belgium, and when he showed up at the airport an immigration officer stopped him, smiled, and asked:

"Would you please step into our office, Mr. Sneyd?"

The long chase was over—but the questions were not, and one of the ones which have not yet been answered was:

Where did Ray get the money to pay for his flight from justice?

It was a fact that, on July 13, 1937, not quite two months after he escaped from prison in Missouri, a bank in Ray's home town of Alton, Ill., was robbed of \$37,000. Some authorities hazarded to guess—it was nothing more than that—that Ray might have been one of the lucky bandits.

the fact that the robbery was successful was a marked departure from Ray's record of past failures.

Against that theory were several seeming contradictions. Whatever his split from the stickup was, it had to be in bills of mixed denominations—but when Ray paid \$1995 for the Mustang in Alabama, when he bought a .30-06 rifle, when he bought the airline ticket at Toronto, he paid in \$20 bills only.

And, even if it could be proven that he had taken part in the Alton robbery and had taken his cut exclusively in \$29s, it was a fact that, in the year before Memphis, Ray was a man on the lam, moving from Missouri to Canada (in the summer of '67), to Birmingham, to New Orleans, to Los Angeles, Atlanta and, ultimately. Memphis. That took money and, since he was a fugitive, it probably took more than what he was able to pick up when —and if—he robbed the bank in Alton.

—and if—he robbed the bank in Alton.

Despite all that, Ray, only a few days ago, asked Arthur S. Hanes, a Birmingham lawyer, to defend him.

Hanes is a former Mayor of Birmingham, and was a member of the defense battery for three Ku Klux Klansmen who, the FBI said, murdered civil rights worker Mrs. Viola Liuzzo on an Alabama roadside a few years back.

He agreed to represent Ray, and, when he was asked how Ray would be able to pay his fee, was said to have replied that he understood his client 'had funds.'

Which again raised the question: If he had money, where did he get it? And from whom?

The question, like all the others, has not yet been answered—and maybe it never will be. Up to now, James Harl Ray has been as silent as a clam.

×

But, one day, when the tortuous process of extradition has been completed and he goes on trial in Tennessee, all that may change.

For hanging over Ray's head, on conviction, will be the dealit penalty, and he may decide he does not want to pay that grim price alone. In that event, the last and potentially most important question will arise:

Will he talk?

If he does, the many odd pieces of a tough, tough puzzle will fall into place, and all the questions which have spring from the murder of Rev. Martin Luther King, Jr., will be answered.



NAME'S THE SAME—Three men whose names were used by James Earl Ray, accused killer of Dr. Martin Luther King, are shown with Ray at far right. They are (l. to r.): Paul Bridgman, Eric St. Vincent Galt and Raymond Sneyd, all of Toronto Canada. Sneyd is a policeman.



JOHET, ICL., PRISON, 1952

AT CHICAGO ARREST, 1954

MISSOURI PRISON, 1959



FBI PHOTO, APRIL, 1968

CANADIAN PASSPORT, 1958

TO:

SAC, MEMPHIS (44-1987)

FROM:

SAC, BOSTON (157-644)

SUBJECT:

MURKIN - COST DATA

Re Memphis airtel to Albany dated 4/19/68.

The following is the estimated MURKIN cost data for the Boston Division for the period 6/1-30/68:

#### 1. Number of Man Hours:

ti tan da kasar da	Regular	<u>Ove</u>	rtime	Total
Special Agents Clerical	16 <b>0</b> 8		<b>0</b> .	160 8
2. Mileage:	300			
3. Unusual or ou	t of ordinary	costs:	None	
4. Peak Number of	of Agenta:	Five		

1-Boston (

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INDEXED

FILED

157-644-302

# Ray Bares 'Names, Leads' to Lawyer



ATTY. ARTHUR HANES Confers With His Client

LONDON (AP) — James Farl Pays American lawyer talked with him in prison Saturday and said he got "names and other leads" to build a case for the defense of the accused assassin of Martin Luther King, Jr.

Arthur J. Hanes of Birmingham, Ala., met with Ray for an hour in an interview room at Wandsworth Prison. Hanes said afterward he found the conditions somewhat restrictive.

British prison officials did not permit him an interview in confidence such as usually accorded a British lawyer, he said.

Hanes and Ray were separated by a glass screen. Hanes said that when he wanted to exchange something confidential with Ray he would either whisper or write or pass notes to him via a prison guard.



JAMES EARL RAY <u>In L</u>ondon <u>Prison</u>

The Alabama lawyer said he was beginning to build his case and organize a defense for the day that Ray might be extradited by the British to stand trial for the murder of the American civil rights leader.

"Our meeting was most fruitful and beneficial," Hanes said. "We got to know each other better. He is relaxed and feels good. He is perfectly rational, sane and lucid."

Hanes declined to give any details about the names or other information Ray had given him. He also refused to answer a question about Ray's political orientation.

He said Ray had been receiving "many messages of support from the United States and he is grateful for it. He also has received many offers of help for his defense."

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)
- BOSTON GLOBE Boston, Mass.
BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER
Boston, Mass.  RECORD AMERICAN  Eoston, Mass.
;
Boston, Mass.
Date: 7/7/68 Edition: Sunday Author: Editor: Samuel Bernstein Title: JAMES EARL RAY
Character:
Classification: 62- Submitting Office: Boston
Being Investigated
157-644-30

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

	Date: 7/16/68
Transmit the following in	
	(Type in plain text or code)
Via RTEL	
	(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: ALL SACS

FROM: SAC, MEMPHIS (44-1987) (P

SUBJECT: MURKIN

Re Bureau airtel to Memphis, 7/9/68.

The Bureau has requested that all divisions continue to submit monthly cost data until further notice.

In view of the above, all divisions are requested to comply with the Bureau's instructions, including offices who have negative cost data to report.

Wind & T

2 - ALL OFFICES

2 - Memphis

RFB: jap (4)

Approved:

Reference Special Agent in Charge

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#### FBI

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Via IRTEL	
	(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: ALL SACS

FROM: SAC, MEMPHIS (44-1987) (P)

SUBJECT: MURKIN

Re Bureau airtel to Memphis, 7/9/68,

The Bureau has requested that all divisions continue to submit monthly cost data until further notice.

In view of the above, all divisions are requested to comply with the Bureau's instructions, including offices who have negative cost data to report.

2 - ALL OFFICES 2 - Memphis

RFB: jap.

(4)

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Sent \_\_\_\_\_M Per \_\_\_\_

TO : SAC, MEMPHIS (44-1987)

FROM: SAC, BOSTON (157-644)

MURKIN

Re Memphis airtel dated 7/16/68.

The Boston Office has no cost data to report for the month of July, 1968.

2 - Memphis (RM)
1)- Boston
ETM:maj
(3)

SEASON Two

FILLD

to 157-644-305

TO : SAC, MEMPHIS (44-1987)

FROM: SAC, BOSTON (157-644)

MURKIN

Re Memphis airtel 7/16/68 and Boston airtel 8/1/68.

The Boston Office has no cost data to report for the month of August, 1968.

2 - Memphis (RM)
1 - Boston
BTM:maj
(3)

157-644-306 44=644-306 M

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TO : SAC, MEMERIS (44-1987)

PROM: SAC, BOSTON (157-644)

MURKIN

Re Memphis airtel 7/16/68 and Boston airtel 8/30/68.

The Boston Office has no cost data to report for the month of September, 1968.

2 - Memphis (RM)
1 - Boston
TDM:maj

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TO : SAC, MEMPHIS (44-1987)

FROM: SAC, BOSTON (157-644)

MURKIN L

Re Memphis airtel 7/16/68 and Boston airtel 9/30/68.

The Boston Office has no cost data to report for the month of October, 1968.

2 - Memphis (RM)
1) - Boston
ETM:maj
(3)

SI MAIN AL-HILED AG-FILED AG-157-644-308 W



William Dearborn Hersey information retention specialist

One Fairlee Lane Norton, Mass. November 17,1968

Memo for F.B.T.

According to a story on James Earl Ray appearing in Look for November 26 Ray had in his possession when captured a copy of a book written by me called "How To Cash In On Your Hidden Memory Power". It was described as a well worn copy.

This book describes a code system for remembering numbers by converting them into words. It is a universal mnemonic code. It is not original with me. However the thought crossed my mind that if Ray had learned this code he might well have made notes in words of numbers such as telephone numbers or adresses of friends or associates and might have had in his possession some writing that might have no apparent significance but which might conceal and contain important numeric information.

The code is very simple and anyone trained in it could quickly translate word into numerical combinations which could then be examined for any possible significance.

Phone 617-843-3890

2 X cost Chains and 1125 mil

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FBI = BUSTUN

## John F. Kennedy Federal Building Government Center Boston, Massachusetts 02203

November 21, 1968

Mr. William D. Hersey One Fairlee Lane Norton, Mass.

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to your letter of November 17, 1968.

Your interest in furnishing this information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation is appreciated.

Very truly yours,

JAMES L. HANDLEY Special Agent in Charge

157-6444 /maj (2)

157-644-310 m

DIRECTOR, FBI (44-38861)

11/25/68

SAC, BOSTON

(157-644)

MURKIN

Enclosed for the Bureau and Memphis are two copies each of a letter received at the Boston Office from WILLIAM DEARBORN HERSEY, "Information Retention Specialist," of One Pairlee Lane, Morton, Mass., dated 11/17/68.

HERSEY sets out information in his letter concerning a memory code which may have been utilized by subject JAMES KARL RAY since RAY had a copy of a book written by HERSEY in his possession when captured.

Bureau and Memphis may desire to refer HERSKY's letter to the prosecutor at Memphis, Tennessee.

2 - Bureau (Knes.2) 2 - Memphis (Enes.2)(44-1987)

D- Boston

BTN:maj

BN BN BN 157-644-311

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11/29/68

AIRTEL

то : sac, memphis (44-1987)

FROM: SAC BOSTON (157-644)

MURKIN

Re Memphis airtel 7/16/68 and Boston airtel 10/31/68.

The Boston Office has no cost data to report for the month of November, 1968.

2 - Memphis (RM)
3 - Boston
BTM:maj
(3)

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5/14/68

Teletype.

TO ALL FIELD DIVISIONS

FROM WASHINGTON

MURKIN

IN VIEW OF FACT THAT SUBJECT SPENT A CONSIDERABLE SUM OF MONEY FROM 4/23/1967 TO 4/4/1968, AND THE SOURCE OF HIS MONEY HAS NOT BEEN DETERMINED, HIS PHOTOGRAPH SHOULD BE DISPLAYED TO APPROPRIATE WITNESSES IN UNSOLVED BANK ROBBERIES AND BANK BURGLARIES IN THOSE INSTANCES WHERE WITNESSES ARE AVAILABLE. YOU SHOULD ALSO CONSIDER THE REQUESTING OF POLICE DEPARTMENTS TO DISPLAY PHOTOGRAPH OF RAY TO WITNESSES IN THEIR UNSOLVED ROBBERIES. ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

91-2809 91-2863 91-2932 91-2991 91-3004

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		Date: 12/24/68	
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	FROM:	AC, Menghis (44-1987) (P)	
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	DIVISION OI	iscontinue the monthly submission to the M the cost data requested in referenced air ureau has agreed this submission can be di	tale
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		V Charen	
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# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD			
BOSTON	PITTSBURGH	2/7/69	1/31/69 - 2/4/69	<del>)</del>		
WILLIAM LOWELL SAMPLES, aka FUGITIVE		REPORT MADE		TYPED BY		
		EDMUND FLANAGAN kab CHARALTER OF CASE  UNLAWFUL FLIGHT TO AVOID  PROSECUTION  BREAKING & ENTERING				

-P-

## LEADS

# PITTSBURGH

# AT CHARLESTON, WEST VIRGENIA

Will follow and report dismissal of Federal process outstanding against subject.

## BOSTON

#### AT BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

Will follow and report subject's removal.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED					ACQUIT-	CASE HAS EEEN:			
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		1					PENDING PROSECTION OVER SIX MON		
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BS 88-4851

#### ADMINISTRATIVE

On January 31, 1969, Officer STEINBERG of the Canadian Immigration Service, Halifax, Canada, telephone 423-9394, Extension 31, called and advised that WILLIAM LOWELL SAMPLES, born West Virginia, FBI No. 522-182A, was being escorted out of Canada on Tuesday, 2/4/69. Officer STEINBERG advised that the Escort Officer coming with SAMPLES would be Escort Officer CHARLES O'NEIL, and they will be coming to Boston from Halifax on Air Canada Flight 333 which leaves Halifax at 9:15 a.m. and he believed arrived in Boston about 10:15 a.m., same date. He advised that there was an hour's difference in time between Canada and Boston, and we should check the arrival time of this flight at Logan Airport.

PΙΙ

Officer STEINBERG advised that SAMPLES has an extensive criminal record and he is on \$10,000 bail for B & E in West Virginia and had been arrested at Halifax and placed in the County Jail. He said that SAMPLES broke out of jail but was re-arrested four days later. He stated SAMPLES has been involved in two other burglaries but they were unable to prove them.

Officer STEINBERG said when he escaped from jail with three men, he told these three men that he had been involved in the MARTIN LUTHER KING murder. Officer STEINBERG stated that he desired to pass this information on.

-B\*-COVER PAGE

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 1 - USA, Boston, Massachusetts 1 - USA, Charleston, West Virginia

Report of: EDMUND FLANAGAN

Date: 2/7/69

Field Office File #: 88-4851

Bureau File #: 88-44876

Office: Boston, Massachusetts

Title: WILLIAM LOWELL SAMPLES

Character: UNLAWFUL FLIGHT TO AVOID PROSECUTION, BREAKING & ENTERING

Synopsis: Authorized complaint filed 6/18/68 before USC, Hinton, West Virginia, charges subject with violation of T-18, Sec. 1073, in that he fled the State of West Virginia to avoid prosecution for the crime of breaking and entering. Warrant issued same date. Subject taken into custody, Boston, Mass., 2/4/69. Arraigned before USC, Boston, Mass., and in lieu of \$25,000 bond with surety was remanded to custody of USM, Boston, Mass. During interview, subject denied any involvement in MARTIN LUTHER KING murder. Description set out.

-P-

#### DETAILS:

Complaint filed June 18, 1968, by SA GEORGE A. PATTERSON before United States Commissioner W. A. BROWN, Hinton, West Virginia, charging WILLIAM LOWELL SAMPLES with violation of Title 18, Section 1073, in that he fled the State of West Virginia to avoid prosecution for the crime of Breaking and Entering. A warrant was issued the same date and placed in possession of the United States Marshal in Charleston, West Virginia.

United States Immigration Attache, Ottawa, Canada, advised on January 31, 1969, that subject was ordered deported from Canada and was scheduled to depart Halifax, Nova Scotia, under escort on February 4, 1969, via Air. Canada Flight 333. Subject was being escorted by Canadian Immigration Officer CHARLES O'NEIL.

Air Canada Flight 333 was met by SA's RICHARD M. KIRBY and EDMUND FLANAGAN, and subject was taken into custody.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.





#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date\_\_\_\_\_2/7/69\_\_\_\_\_

WILLIAM LOWELL SAMPLES, date of birth place of birth Procious, West Virginia, was arrested by Special Agents RICHARD M. KIRBY and EDMUND FLANAGAN at Logan International Airport, Boston, Massachusetts. SAMPLES was immediately advised of the charges outstanding and was advised of his rights by SA FLANAGAN. SAMPLES read a form reflecting his rights and a waiver of these rights which he refused to sign without consulting an attorney.

SAMPLES stated that he would be willing to furnish background information and information concerning his travel and whereabouts for the past several months.

He stated that he assumed that the FBI was looking for him because he knew he was wanted in the State of West Virginia for the crime of Breaking and Entering. Because of this, he stated he traveled extensively and went to Canada in about October, 1968, where he was employed doing farm work throughout several of the Canadian Brovinces. He stated that about two weeks ago he was arrested by the Canadian Immigration Authorities for being illegally in Canada and that he was confined to the Halifax County Jail waiting deportation.

He stated he was in the jail about one week when he had an opportunity to escape, which he did, with three unknown individuals, all of whome were Canadian citizens. He stated he merely walked out the back door and was free for approximately three days then he again was taken into custody. He stated he arrived back in the United States on February 4, 1959, under Canadian Immigration Escort.

SAMPLES denied any involvement in the MARTIN LUTHER KING murder and stated that the rumor was "absolutely unfounded." He did not know the names of the three men with whom he escaped and that he first heard the rumor that he was involved in the MARTIN LUCHER KING murder just after he escaped from the Halifax County Jail.

On 2/4/69 of Boston	, Massachusetts File# Roston 83-4851
SA RICHARD M. KIRBY SA EDMUND FIANAGAN	
b.y	Date dictated 2/1/09

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside you: agency.

2 BS 88-4851

It was his belief that this rumor was started as some sort of joke because he came from the southern part of the United States and spoke with a Southern accent as did JAMES EARL RAY. The fact that he was one of the few Americans at the jail lent credence to the rumor.

He gave the following account of his whereabouts during the period of the assassination of MARTIN LUTHER KING to the best of his recollection:

He got out of jail in December, 1967, and resided in Lexington, Kentucky, from March, 1968, until Easter Sunday, April 14, 1968, with his wife and another individual by the name of LARRY STARCHER, age 20, who is a friend of the family. He was incarcerated in the Summersville, West Virginia, jail on Easter Sunday where he staved approximately one week. He stated that while in Lexington, Kentucky, he resided in a trailer at a mobile homes trailer park with his wife and STARCHER.

In May, 1958, he left West Virginia for Los Angeles, California, where he stayed for approximately three weeks. He then went to Portland, Oregon, where he stayed for about one month and worked as a dishwasher at a country club, the name of which he could not recall. Then he traveled to Evans, Colorado, where he worked on a farm for about one month. Then he went to Omaha, Nebraska, where he stayed for three weeks and was unemployed while his wife worked as a waitress.

In October, 1968, he went to Halifax, Nova Scotia, where he resided in a permanent apartment on Hollis Street, which residence he recalled was controlled or operated by the Harbor Lodge. While in Halifax, he worked at several odd jobs including being a laborer for the Maritime Construction Company and also on a chicken farm in Windsor, Nova Scotia.

The following description was obtained from observation and interview:

Name:

WILLIAM LOWELL SAMPLES

Alias:

BILL

3 BS 88-4851

Date of Birth:

Procious, West Virginia

Place of Birth:

White

Sex:

Race:

Male

Height:

5 feet 11 inches

Weight:

165 pounds

Hair:

Dark brown

Eyes:

Hazel

Scars and Marks:

Cut scar inside right elbow;

scar on left forearm near elbow;

scar upper left lip; scar on back of left middle finger

Occupation:

Laborer, farmer

Marital Status:

Married

Wife:

BARBARA ELIZABETH GOINS, nee

HEATH

Stepdaughter:

MARY GOINS, age 2½

Father:

BURBIN SAMPLES, Procious, West

Virginia

Sister:

PATRICIA AN BOGGS (Mrs. JAMES

BOGGS), Elyria, Ohio

Brother:

HOWARD RAY SAMPLES

SAMPLES declined to furnish the exact whereabouts of his wife. He indicated that he has served time at the following institutions:

DATE

INSTITUTION

CRIME FOR WIICH CONFINED

**1**952 **- 1**955

West Virginia State Prison, Moundsville, West Virginia Auto Theft