

U. S. Department of Justice

FEDERAL BUREAU
of

INVESTIGATION

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CLASSIFICATION NO.

44-565 Sub A

Serials

Volume Number

(Re: Assassinations of
Martin Luther King, Jr.)

①

44-565 Sub A

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Clevelanders Express Shock, Grief

Greater Cleveland leaders in the fields of civil rights, religion, government and civic affairs last night voiced stunned reaction to the slaying of Rev. Martin Luther King Jr.

Some were close friends and civil rights associates of Dr. King. Others knew him less well. But they

universally expressed a sense of deep loss in these comments:

POLICE CHIEF MICHAEL J. BLACKWELL — "The Nobel Peace prize winner has gone the way of all martyrs. He made the supreme sacrifice for the cause he loved. He was, of course, a pioneer in civil rights. It solves nothing. It only aggravates a problem. Every city in the nation

will be watching for repercussions. It is difficult to predict what the consequences might be. This will intensify our efforts to make

Choral tribute to Dr. King at noon in Public Square. Page 10.

sure Robert F. Kennedy's visit here is a safe one."

THE REV. B. BRUCE WHITTEMORE, outgoing

executive director of the Greater Cleveland Council of Churches — "The world thought enough of what he stood for to give him the Nobel Prize—but somebody so envied him that he had to snuff it out. I don't know. Perhaps it sounds sacreligious to make the compar-

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

1 THE PLAIN DEALER
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APR 8 1968	
FBI - CLEVELAND	

Clevelanders Show Shock, Outrage

From First Page

ison, but I'd like to say the same thing happened 2,000 years ago and the Man went on to move the world. We have to carry his cause now. If any man carried the cause of democracy he did. We have to make it ours. I only hope goodness can come of it."

EMANUEL S. BRANCH JR., president of the Urban League — "It could mean the loss of hope in our time, it could symbolize the loss of hope in nonviolence. He

stood pretty tall."

ANTHONY HEARD, president of the Catholic Interracial Council — "I'm too shocked to talk about it. I really don't want to talk about it."

JAMES A. NORTON, president of the Greater Cleveland Associated Foundation, sent a telegram to Mrs. King that said: "We will not forget your husband's leadership nor his message."

COUNCILMAN CHARLES V. CARR, D-17 — "I was called and I didn't believe it (until) I turned on TV. It struck me like the death

of President Kennedy did. He always seemed to me to be very sincere."

THE REV. ALBERT KOKLOWSKY, pastor of Our Lady of Fatima Catholic Parish in Hough— "Working with Dr. King on Operation Breadbasket a year ago I began to realize this kind of thing could happen. And when you realize what it means somehow it alters the whole meaning of his movement."

THE REV. CHARLES W. RAWLINGS, head of metropolitan affairs for the Greater Cleveland Council of Churches— "I'm deeply grieved. The greatness of the man may lie in the fact that his deep spiritual understanding of human relations can live on after him. Whether this (his assassination) will usher in a new and dismal phase of the civil rights movement remains to be seen."

CHARLES P. LUCAS, Republican candidate for Congress in the 21st District — "What happened (last night) in Memphis is a national disgrace and we must act as a nation to ensure that such acts of violence are discouraged with the full power of law. We must be assured that... an assailant will not escape justice."

RABBI ARTHUR J. LELYVELD, president of the American Jewish Congress and spiritual leader of Fairmount Temple— "I am filled with bitter grief and frustration at this moment. I weep not only for the death of a great and good man; I weep for the image of America distorted by evil prejudice and addiction to violence. Twice now in one generation, we have snuffed out the lives of dedicated and youthful champions who hopes of mankind."

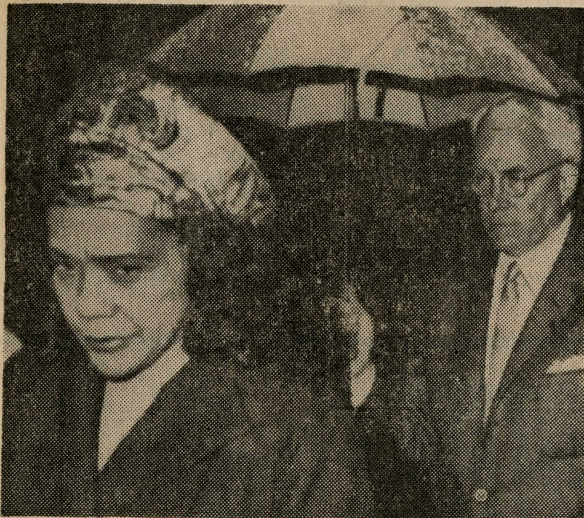
DR. PAUL OLYNYK, head of the Cleveland chapter of SANE, sent the following telegram to Mrs. King — "I wish to express

deepest regrets and anguish personally and for the membership of Cleveland SANE on the martyrdom of your husband who has been so long a revered, active leader for the brotherhood of man and peace on earth. In remorse for the shameful act perpetrated by our misguided white brothers I shall mourn and fast through the remainder of the Lenten period."

STATE SEN. M. MORRIS JACKSON, D-21— "I'm just shocked at this appalling catastrophe, the shooting of Dr. King whose basic philosophy was nonviolence. This is a great loss to our people and certainly to our nation. My prayers and I'm sure the prayers of an entire nation go out to the King family."

RABBI ALAN S. GREEN of Temple Emanu El and cochairman of the Cleveland Conference on Religion and Race — "American mourns the loss of its greatest spiritual leader. Martin Luther King applied the doctrines of religion as well as his own personal faith with matchless eloquence and energy to the crucial problems of our day."

LOUIS STOKES, brother of the mayor and candidate for Congress in the 21st District — "The last time I saw Dr. Martin Luther King was the night of the election of Carl B. Stokes as mayor of Cleveland. After congratulating the new mayor, he and I waited upstairs, while the mayor went downstairs to greet the crowd which awaited him. Tonight a great American died, obedient to his quest for the equality of all men in a peaceful and nonviolent manner. As a world renowned figure, he leaves us with a legacy of love and peace for his fellow man. Let us hope that this nation will some day fulfill his dream in order that he may not have died in vain."



WIDOW OF SLAIN RIGHTS LEADER—Mrs. Martin Luther King Jr., is shown in Atlanta last night. Holding the umbrella is Atlanta Mayor Ivan Allen.

AP Wirephoto

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

RFK to Give Eulogy for King

By JAMES M. NAUGHTON

The visit to Cleveland by U.S. Sen. Robert F. Kennedy was sharply changed in format early today in consideration of the assassination of Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.

Kennedy's aides, who were in contact with him by phone in Indianapolis, where he conducted a memorial service instead of a campaign talk last night, said the senator and presidential aspirant was deeply touched by Dr. King's death.

Kennedy knew Dr. King well, and freed the civil rights leader from jail once while Kennedy was U.S. attorney general.

IN THE REVISED format for his Cleveland visit, Kennedy would give a short eulogy at a Public Square memorial service for Dr. King planned for this noon on Public Square by the United Pastors Association.

Then he would address a crowd on the other side of Public Square in front of Terminal Tower, where a

strictly political rally had originally been planned.

HE WOULD then go inside Hotel Sheraton - Cleveland and address the City Club Forum. But his talk is expected to dwell on Dr. King and the meaning of his death rather than on political matters.

The traditional question-answer period would not be held after his talk.

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APR 8 1968	
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RFK to Give King Eulogy Here



From First Page

honor Kennedy in the interstate 71. His plane is
hotel's Empire Room. scheduled to depart at 3:30
About 60 party leaders, p.m.

Also, a festive motorcade from Cleveland-Hopkins International Airport would be canceled in favor of a private drive downtown for Sen. Kennedy and his party.

Sen. Kennedy is seeking to lock up support of Ohio's powerful 115-vote delegation to the Democratic National Convention.

Kennedy and his wife, Ethel, will land at Cleveland-Hopkins at 10:55 a.m.

BETWEEN 1:30 and 2:30 p.m., Sen. Kennedy will meet privately in the hotel with Democratic party leaders and some of the convention delegate candidates.

At 2:30 p.m., the Cuyahoga County Democratic Executive Committee will

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Racial Peace Urged in Plea by Stokes

By WILLIAM C. BARNARD

His voice choked with emotion, his eyes red from tears, Mayor Carl B. Stokes last night urged Clevelanders to maintain racial peace as a testimonial to martyred civil rights leader Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.

"I appeal to all Clevelanders to do honor to the memory of Dr. Martin Luther King by reacting to this tragic loss in the peaceful manner in which he lived," Stokes said.

"I appeal to all Clevelanders in this moment of great tragedy and sorrow.

"This is a time when bitter reactions could be un-

derstood, but it would do an injustice to all Dr. Martin Luther King lived for, fought for and died for.

"WE MUST use the death of Dr. King as a stone upon which to build a better Cleveland and a better America. To do less would be to make a mockery of his life."

Mayor Stokes said the city would fly all flags at half-staff in honor of Dr. King.

The mayor said he would attend the funeral of Dr. King, a friend of nearly 15 years.

Mayor Stokes made his statement at a late night

news conference at City Hall. He had gone there after speaking at a humanities program at Baldwin-Wallace College in Roehm Junior High School.

He was on the platform with Negro columnist Carl T. Rowan. While Rowan was speaking, Stokes was handed a note telling of the assassination of Dr. King.

"THIS IS a tragic day in our country," the mayor told the audience. "The only other time I remember experiencing this same feeling was in November, 1963, when President Kennedy was assassinated."

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APR 8 1968	
FBI - CLEVELAND	

44-565-Sub A-3

Mayor Issues Plea for Racial Peace



From First Page

Stokes was visibly shaken. After a few moments he got up and said "I am going to have to leave."

The mayor made stops for television statements of his sorrow and to urge restraint.

Meanwhile, Safety Director Joseph F. McManamon and Police Chief Michael J. Blackwell met at City Hall. Blackwell called the shooting the action of a "crack-

pot" that "could touch something off."

McMANAMON said "the shock is great. The sorrow is great, but I don't think there will be any violence."

Later at City Hall Stokes once again compared the shooting of Dr. King to that of President John F. Kennedy. He said Kennedy's death "moved the nation toward social justice faster than any single event in American history." He said he hoped Dr. King's death would similarly spur Americans in the fight against poverty, poor housing and racial injustice.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

The Assassination of Dr. King

The brutal, senseless murder of Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. in Memphis, Tenn., will shock the entire world.

It is ironic that this crusader whose message was one of nonviolence should have been struck down in this terribly violent manner.

Dr. King, winner of the 1964 Nobel Peace Prize and leader of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, was more than just a man to the vast majority of

his race and to a vast majority of thinking white people.

He was a symbol of all the advancement Negroes had made in civil rights, in jobs and in education in recent years.

All the forces of justice must be brought to bear to find and convict the assassin or assassins whose despicable act will inevitably heighten racial tensions throughout this country.

At the same time cooler heads must prevail over any hot heads whose tendency could be to react violently to Dr. King's assassination.

The person or persons responsible for this horrible murder must be made to pay the full penalty under the law.

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APR 8 1968	
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Killing Won't Start Violence, Says Uncle

Plain Dealer Special

MANSFIELD, O. — The Rev. Joel L. King, an uncle of the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., said the murder of his nephew is "a great tragedy for the United States."

The Rev. Mr. King, pastor of the Mount Hermon Baptist Church here, said last night he felt that non-violence would prevail even in the face of the assassination.

"I know that is the way he would want it to be and

that's the way I want it to be," said the 53-year-old minister.

THE MANSFIELD pastor of eight years last saw Dr. King a month ago in Atlanta. He had accompanied him on the Birmingham and Selma marches and had planned to lead a Mansfield delegation on the Washington march. He said hate killed his world-famous nephew:

"Jesus preached nonviolence, too, and He was crucified. Hate's what did that."

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(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Rowan Links Deaths of Kennedy, King

Carl T. Rowan, former director of the U.S. Information Agency and syndicated newspaper columnist, said in Berea last night that the same kinds of sickness led men to kill both President Kennedy and Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.

"This sickness has destroyed freedom of expression on a great many campuses," he told 600 persons at a Baldwin-Wallace College humanities conference.

"It has made President Johnson sneak around like a thief in the night, because he was afraid to announce in advance his plan for travel around the country.

"WE CAN AND will mourn the killing of Martin Luther King," said Rowan, "but we might also weep for the brutal assassination of the heart and soul of this country.

"The American people are going to discover the true

dimensions of this tragedy in time and they will find that a great deal more than Dr. King died tonight.

"They will find that a vital part of this country died because the freedom of movement and the security that we all need to feel like free men fell victim to this sickness of violence that infects our society."

ROWAN AND Mayor Carl B. Stokes, who were featured on the program, knew Dr. King had been shot before they spoke. Rowan cut short his prepared talk when he learned of King's death and both he and Stokes talked briefly about the assassination.

Floyd B. McKissick, executive director of the Congress of Racial Equality, was scheduled to appear on the Baldwin-Wallace program tonight, but the event has been called off.

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31 THE PLAIN DEALER
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APR 8 1968	
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(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

DR. KING IS

SHOT TO

DEATH

© New York Times Service

MEMPHIS—The Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., who preached nonviolence and racial brotherhood, was fatally shot here last night by a sniper who then raced away and escaped.

Four thousand National Guard troops were ordered into Memphis by Gov. Buford Ellington after the 39-year-old Nobel Prize-winning civil rights leader died.

A curfew was imposed on this shocked city of 550,000 inhabitants, 40% of whom are Negro.

Police Director Frank Holloman said the assassin might have been a white man who was "50 to 100 yards away in a flophouse."

KING WAS SHOT WHILE he leaned over a second-floor railing outside his room at the Lorraine Motel, chatting with two friends just before starting for dinner.

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Paul Hess, assistant administrator at St. Joseph's Hospital, where King died despite emergency surgery, said the minister "received a gunshot wound on the right side of the neck, at the root of the neck, a gaping wound."

"He was pronounced dead at 7:05 p.m. (CST) by staff doctors," Hess said.

SHERIFF WILLIAM MORRIS said he believed the shot was fired from a "flop-house" facing the front of the motel in which Dr. King was staying.

"We feel the assassin crouched in a second-floor window, sighted through some trees and fired the shot," Morris said. "He got a straight shot."

Morris said police found a suitcase and a rifle with a telescopic sight in front of the building on Main Street.

"It was near the doorway at the front of the building. We also found a suitcase. It's a new suitcase and we admit we don't know yet what the contents were."

Two men arrested in the vicinity of the shooting shortly after it occurred were released later.

KING'S MOURNING ASSOCIATES sought to calm the people they met by recalling his messages of peace, but there was widespread concern by law enforcement officers here and elsewhere over potential reactions.

In a television broadcast after the curfew was ordered here, Holloman said "rioting has broken out in parts of the city." He asserted, "looting is rampant."

The police issued an alarm seeking a young white man reported to have rushed out of a building across the street and leaped into a car.

Arkansas State Police, across the Mississippi River from Memphis, received an alert to watch out for a white car driven by a white man, dark-haired and dressed in a dark suit.

KING HAD COME BACK to Memphis Wednesday morning to organize support once again for 1,300 sanitation workers who have been striking since Feb. 12. Just a week ago yesterday he led a march in the strikers' cause that ended in violence with a 16-year-old Negro killed, 62 persons injured and 200 arrested.

Yesterday he had been in his second-floor room—number 306—throughout the day. Just about 6 p.m. he emerged, wearing a silkish-looking black suit, and a white shirt.



WHERE KING WAS ASSASSINATED—This is an overhead view of the Lorraine Motel in Memphis as it swarmed with police after the assassination

of Dr. Martin Luther King. King was standing on the balcony of the second floor of the motel.

AP Wirephoto

Dr. King Killed by Sniper's Bullet

★ From First Page

Solomon Jones Jr., his driver, had been waiting to take him by car to the home of the Rev. Samuel Kyles, of Memphis, for dinner.

King, an open-faced, genial man, leaned over a green iron railing to chat with an associate, Jesse Jackson, standing just below him in a courtyard parking lot.

Jackson introduced him to Ben Branch, a musician who was to play at a rally Dr. King was to address two hours later. As Jackson and Branch told of Dr. King's last moments later, the aide asked Dr. King:

"Do you know Ben?"

"Yes, that's my man!" Dr. King glowed.

They said Dr. King then asked if Branch would play a spiritual, "Precious Lord, Take My Hand," at the night meeting.

"I really want you to play that tonight," King said.

BRANCH SAID THE SHOT came from "the hill on the other side of the street." He added:

"When I looked up, the police and the sheriff's deputies were running all around. The bullet exploded in his face."

"We didn't need to call the police," Jackson declared. "They were here all over the place."

The Rev. Ralph W. Abernathy, perhaps Dr. King's closest friend, was just about to come out of the room.

A sudden loud noise burst out.

Dr. King toppled to the concrete passageway floor and blood began gushing from a wound.

Some one rushed up with a towel to staunch the flow of blood. A blanket was placed over him.

Abernathy hurried up with a second larger towel. And then the aides waited, while police rushed up within minutes and in what seemed to be a long 10 or 15 minutes an ambulance finally arrived.

"HE HAD JUST BENT over," Jackson recalled

later. If he had been standing up, he wouldn't have been hit in the face."

"When I turned around," Jackson went on, bitterly, "I saw police coming from everywhere. They said, 'where did it come from,' and I said, 'behind you.' The police were coming from where the shot came."

The Rev. Andrew Young, executive vice president of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, of which Dr. King has been president, said the shot might have been fired from a passing car.

"It sounded like a firecracker," Young said.

"HE DIDN'T SAY a word; he didn't move," Young mourned. He said the shot hit Dr. King in the neck and lower right of his face.

In a nearby building, a newsman who had been watching a television program said "it was a tremendous blast that sounded like a bomb."

There were perhaps 15 persons in the motel courtyard area when Dr. King was shot, all believed to be Negroes and associates of Dr. King.

Dr. King's wife, Coretta, mother of his two children, had been in Atlanta. Mayor Ivan Allen of Atlanta rushed to the King home and drove Mrs. King to the airport.

She was waiting for a flight to Memphis when she received the word that her husband had died.

JUST WEDNESDAY Dr. King had told associates he was not concerned over reports of possible harm while he was in Memphis.

Young recalled:

"He said he had reached the pinnacle of fulfillment with his nonviolent movement, and these reports did not bother him."

At the FBI office here, Robert Jensen, special agent in charge, said:

"We have entered the investigation at the specific request of the attorney general."

EARLIER YESTERDAY THERE had been a lengthy discussion in federal court before Judge Bailey Brown—with Dr. King absent—on whether Dr. King

should be allowed to proceed with another massive civil rights march in Memphis Monday.

Dr. King's lawyers suggested that an injunction against the march be lifted, but that a compromise place court restrictions on participants in the march.

Judge Brown, who issued the injunction Wednesday at the urging of Memphis officials, was to render a decision on the proposal by today.

Dr. King had indicated he was considering disobeying the injunction against his leading any marches for at least 10 days. But his lawyers proposed the compromise that would have stipulated a parade route to police in advance, kept marshals on hand to supervise it, and limited marchers to four abreast, without signs or sticks.

Last night King's body was taken to the Shelby County Morgue, according to the police. They said it would be up to Dr. Derry Francisco, county medical examiner, to order further disposition.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

King Rites Set Here Today

Within hours of the assassination of the Rev. Martin Luther King Jr., a massive memorial service had been planned for noon today in Public Square here.

The choirs of at least 18 churches will participate, said a spokesman for the United Pastors Association's Committee of Concern, sponsor of the service.

It will be held on the Square quadrant across from Old Stone Church. The Rev. Mr. Sterling Glover, president of the United Pastors will deliver a eulogy.

The United Pastors is a group of Negro ministers dedicated to promoting racial harmony. It was founded during the 1966 Hough Riots.

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Dr. King: Loved, Hated by Both Black and White

© New York Times Service

To millions of American Negroes, Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. was the prophet of their crusade for racial equality.

He was their voice of anguish, their eloquence in humiliation, their battle cry for human dignity.

He forged them weapons of nonviolence that withstood the ferocity of segregation.

And to millions of American whites, he was an educated Negro who preserved the bridge of communication between races when racial warfare threatened the United States in the 1960s, as Negroes sought the full emancipation

pledged to them a century before by Abraham Lincoln.

TO THE WORLD Dr. King had the stature that went with the winner of the Nobel Peace Prize — a man with access to the White House and the Vatican, a hero in the African states just emerging from colonialism.

In the dedication to non-violence, Dr. King was caught in the crossfire between white and Negro extremists as racial tensions erupted into arson, gunfire and looting in many cities last year.

Militant Negroes argued that only violence and segregation could bring the Negro self-respect, dignity and

real equality.

White extremists, unable to distinguish between degrees of Negro militancy, regarded Dr. King as one of their chief enemies.

AT TIMES, Dr. King's efforts to use nonviolent methods exploded into violence.

On March 28, when he led a massive protest march through downtown Memphis a group of Negro youths suddenly began breaking store windows and looting. One Negro was shot to death.

Two days later, however, Dr. King said he would stage another demonstration and attributed the violence to

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APR 8 1968	
FBI - CLEVELAND	

Dr. King Belonged to Black and White



From First Page

his own miscalculation."

When he was killed he was working on a plan to dramatize the plight of the poor and stir Congress to help Negroes.

He planned a huge "camp-in" in Washington and possibly another in Chicago during the Democratic national convention.

HIS STRONG beliefs in civil rights and nonviolence made him one of the leading opponents of American participation in the Vietnam war.

To him it was unjust and it diverted vast sums that he believed would have been much better spent to alleviate the condition of the Negro poor at home.

He called Vietnam "one of history's most cruel and senseless wars."

Inevitably, as a symbol of integration, Dr. King became the object of violent attacks.

His home was bombed. He was spat upon and mocked. He was struck and kicked. He was stabbed, almost fatally, by a deranged Negro woman. He was frequently thrown into jail.

Through it all he adhered to the creed of passive disobedience that infuriated segregationists.

DR. KING was born Jan. 15, 1929, in Atlanta, Ga., where his father was pastor of the Ebenezer Baptist Church.

He was educated at Morehouse College in Atlanta and was ordained in his father's church in 1947.

While working on his doctorate at Boston University he met Coretta Scott, a singer and a student at Antioch College, Yellow

Springs, O., who was doing graduate work in music.

He married her in 1953 and they had two children, Volanda Denise in 1955 and Martin Luther King III in 1957.

In 1954, Dr. King became pastor of the Dexter Avenue Baptist Church in Montgomery, Ala. At a time when few of the city's white residents saw any reason for a major dispute with Montgomery's 50,000 Negroes.

But on Dec. 1, 1955, trouble loomed.

Mrs. Rosa Parks, a Negro seamstress, refused to give up her seat to a white passenger.

She was arrested, convicted of refusing to obey the bus conductor and fined \$10 with \$4 costs.

MANY NEGRO leaders in the city rallied to her cause and from a protest begun over a Negro woman's tired feet, Dr. King began his public career.

In 1959 he and his family moved back to Atlanta, where he became a co-pastor, with his father, of the Ebenezer Baptist Church.

As his fame increased, public interest in his beliefs led him to write books.

It was while he was autographing one of these books, "Stride Toward Freedom," in a Harlem department store, that he was stabbed by a Negro woman.

There was little of the rabblouser in his oratory. He was not prone to extravagant gestures and he did not have the flamboyance of Adam Clayton Powell or the cool strategy of Roy Wilkins.

What he did have was an instinct for the right moment to make his moves.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

U. S. May Have Correct Name of Assassin

MEMPHIS—(UPI)—U. S. Attorney General Ramsey Clark said yesterday the assassination of Dr. Martin Luther King was apparently carried out by a single gunman, whom police now have "on the run."

Local police, believing the release of information might damage their case, said that the investigation was proceeding at an intensified pace.

Attorney General Clark appeared on nation-wide television to say authorities have "one man on the run."

Dr. King was slain by a gunman who stood in a bathtub in a flophouse about 200 feet from King's motel. King was standing on a balcony outside his room.

The suspect, 26 to 32 years old, used the name of John Willard and paid for his room for a week with a \$20 bill. He was believed to have fled in a white Mustang.

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The Clerk

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Murder Suspect Described

MEMPHIS, Tenn. (AP) — The man sought as the slayer of Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. gave his name as John Willard.

He spoke with a Southern drawl.

He paid for his \$8.50-a-week room with a crisp \$20 bill, fishing it out of a

pocket and holding it in both hands before handing it to the landlady at 422½ S. Main Street.

HE WORE a dark suit and appeared to have little in common with men who stay in flophouses.

He took Room 5. It is no more than 15 steps from

there to the dingy bathroom from which a killer struck Dr. King.

Dr. King was shot as he stood alone on the balcony of the Lorraine Motel exactly 205 feet and 3 inches away across Mulberry Street.

When he checked in at 3:15 p.m. the man did not have with him the .30-caliber, pump-action Remington rifle and telescopic sight that killed Dr. King.

Mrs. Bessie Brewer said she left the inside chain latch on when the man knocked at the office door.

"HE WAS a clean, neat man," she said. "I showed him Room 8, a \$10-a-week kitchenette, but he said, 'I only want a sleeping room.'"

"I showed him Room 5 and he said, 'This will be fine.'"

we went back to the office.

"He said his name was John Willard and I wrote out a receipt. He paid with a \$20 bill."

Police investigators took the receipt carbon and the \$20 to headquarters.

MRS. BREWER said the man was as tall as her husband—about six feet.

Charlie Q. Stephens, in Room 6—between the room taken by Willard, and the bathroom—got a good look at him.

"He was clean shaven and had a long sharp nose. He had normal eyes and a square chin, thick hair at the front and receded on each side," Stephen said.

"He was wearing a black solid color—dress suit, a white shirt and a very dark

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APR 10 1968	
FBI - CLEVELAND	

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Murder Suspect Plainly Pictured

★ From First Page

or black, narrow tie. He combed his hair straight back.

Mrs. Brewer said the man's features didn't register much with her, but his neatness was noticeable.

"HE SPOKE like any other Memphian," she said.

She said she never asks questions.

Stephens is a heavy-equipment operator who was forced by tuberculosis to retire in 1956.

Room 4 is rented by Willie Anchutz, who works for a transfer company. Frank Brewer, husband of the landlady, said Anchutz saw the killer immediately after the shooting.

"He said he saw him running downstairs carrying something wrapped."

Anchutz could not be reached.

STEPHENS said he heard the shot.

"I was in there (the kitchen) working on a radio. When that explosion went off, it sounded like a German 88. I went to the door and walked out into the hall. I could see the man at the offset in the hall. He had in his hand something wrapped in a newspaper."

What the man who registered did between 3:15 p.m. and 6:01 is cloudy.

HE DID NOT lie on the bed. There is evidence he sat on the edge of it. He also moved around the room, which has a well-worn wardrobe and a single window with yellow and green floral curtains. The curtains had been placed on top of a nearby mantle, possibly to avoid obstructing his view.

From the window, there is a clear view of room 306 at the Lorraine motel. It was Dr. King's room, but the

window is at such an angle that it would be difficult to shoot out of it.

Between 3:15 p.m. and 5 p.m., no one recalls seeing "Willard."

Stephens said that about 5 p.m. the man went to the bathroom and stayed about 25 minutes. Apparently, he now had the weapon.

THERE IS evidence that the killer walked away from his crime instead of running.

"I got a glimpse of him going away after he dropped the rifle in front of my place," said G. W. Canipe, owner of an amusements firm. "He didn't seem to be running."

Canipe said he walked south on Main.

A white Mustang with out-of-state license plates was parked to the north, in front of Jim's Grill. If the killer left in that vehicle, he had to retrace his steps somewhere.

Lloyd Jowers, owner of the grill, said he noticed the



Mustang had pulled away at 6:15 p.m.

"I didn't see who drove it away."

WHILE the assassin obviously knew where Dr. King was staying and concealed himself to shoot the civil rights leader, he seems to have carelessly left behind many clues — fingerprints, the rifle and other items.

Most of the evidence was being studied in Federal Bureau of Investigation laboratories.

Atty. Gen. Ramsey Clark, who flew to Memphis, told a news conference, "I am confident that effort will result in early capture."

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Rev. King's Slayer Plotted Meticulously, Ironically Aided by Memphis Integration

By NEIL MAXWELL

Staff Reporter of THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

MEMPHIS—The slayer of the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., apparently a well-dressed, amiable white man with a ready smile and a Southern accent, went about his deed here with studied casualness.

He had to have made a careful study from Mulberry Street in front of the Lorraine Motel, where the Rev. King was staying, and apparently knew that the civil-rights leader was occupying Room 306. Had the Rev. King been in Room 305 instead, a building would have blocked the gunman's aim.

Directly across the street from the Lorraine, a tall, skinny tree, which would have obscured the killer's aim, had been split at its base and bent over. Police said they didn't know if the killer did it.

When the assassin arrived in the area about seven blocks from the heart of downtown Memphis, Thursday afternoon, he drove down Main Street, which runs parallel and is one block from Mulberry Street. He parked his white Mustang car in front of a rundown rooming house for whites and booked an \$8.50-a-week room at 3:15 p.m. The owner of the rooming house says she showed him a second-floor room facing the front of the building, over Jim's Grill, but he wasn't interested. So she took him down the dimly lighted hall to Room 5, and he saw that it had a window looking toward the Lorraine hotel on Mulberry Street, which faced the back of the rooming house. A junk-covered lot separated the hotel and rooming house.

"This will be fine," he said. He paid for the room with a \$20 bill and asked that the receipt be made out to "John Willard."

It's noteworthy that Memphis is unusual among Southern cities in having had limited neighborhood integration for years, making it possible for a white man to engage a room within easy aim of a Negro hotel.

Rifle Was Expensive Model

The owner of the rooming house says the only unusual thing she recalls about "Mr. Willard" is that he was wearing a suit and a tie. She doesn't get many guests so attired. When

he took the room, he wasn't carrying a rifle but, apparently, later took it from his car. The weapon, found later on the street near the rooming house, was no cheap surplus model like that which Lee Harvey Oswald, President Kennedy's assassin, obtained, with scope, for less than \$20.

The rifle that apparently killed the Rev. King was a 30.06 Remington pump, listed in gun catalogs at \$139.95, and it had a scope that would cost extra. It's considered a fine big-game rifle.

In his room, the murderer discovered that the lone window didn't directly face the Rev. King's hotel. But he could get a good view by looking out to one side like an engineer on a steam locomotive.

He positioned a torn leatherette chair by the window, carefully moved the dirty, flowered curtain out of the way onto a mantelpiece, decorated with two faded Christmas tree balls and a grimy wreath left over from some long-ago time of merriment, and sat down to stalk his prey.

If he planned to shoot the Rev. King from there, he must have received a shock at that point because, sitting in the chair as the killer did, it's apparent that only a left-handed person could have hefted the eight-pound rifle and shot from there with any accuracy. A right-hander would have had to lean precariously out of the window.

Easy, Fatal Hit

What he did was to move into the bathroom at the rear of the building. Standing in the old-fashioned bathtub, he had a clear view, obscured only by the bare top of a tree.

At 6:01 p.m., the killer's quarry came into view, stepping from his second-floor room onto the narrow cement walkway outside. The man squeezed off one bullet, scoring an easy fatal hit with a scope at 200 feet.

The killer then wrapped something around his rifle and started briskly down the hall to make his escape. The occupant of the next room opened his door, looked out and said, "I thought I heard a shot." The killer replied pleasantly, "It was a shot," and continued down the dark hallway. Outside, he dropped the weapon, climbed into his car and drove away.

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The Federal Bureau of Investigation and local police have plentiful clues, including many possible fingerprints, the rifle, and, of course, eyewitnesses. There was a hint from U.S. Attorney General Clark that the killer may have come from outside the city. He said the investigation has led "several hundred miles beyond the Tennessee border."

Yesterday, Mr. Clark said there was no question of the killer's apprehension, although he couldn't predict when it would happen. We have, he said, "one man on the run. We have a name we are working on. Whether it's the right name, we'll have to see."

It's ironic that if the Rev. King hadn't been largely responsible for passage of the civil-rights bill in 1964, the room the Rev. King occupied never would have been built.

Originally, the Lorraine hotel, run for years by a former Pullman porter, consisted of an older building that was sufficient before Negroes were allowed to choose between it and white hotels. But, when the rights bill was passed, the Lorraine's owner realized he would have to improve his facilities to compete, so he added a swimming pool and a new two-story wing, which included the room the Rev. King occupied.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Irony Lies in Quiet Balcony

Slaying Site

By JULES LOH

Associated Press Writer

On a steamy afternoon in Selma, Ala., the apostle of nonviolence confronted a uniformed adversary who wore a badge that said "NEVER," Sheriff Jim Clark.

Toe to toe they stood. The sheriff's face reddened, his neck muscles bulged. The Negro, eyes downturned, scarcely moved. Neither spoke. At length Sheriff Clark turned on his heel and those watching exhaled in relief.

"I knew," Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. said later, "That if I looked Clark in the eye he would have hit me. He was so worked up."

Dr. King's death Thursday, by violence, has been called ironic but the truth is that violence continually stalked his life at a distance rarely more remote than the flick of an eye.

THE GREATER irony was that he was murdered on a quiet balcony and not a teeming street. The street, public and often bloody, was Martin Luther King's chosen battleground, brotherhood his rallying cry, direct confrontation his technique.

But his tactics, bold and unsettling when he first used the mat segregated lunch counters and bus stations 13 years ago, only partly explain Dr. King's success as the prime mover of one of the most far reaching social upheavals in the nation's history.

Those who witnessed his crusades from up close tend to agree that Martin Luth-

er King's most effective weapon was his own personal magnetism.

A crowd might be gathered, a plan charted, a dozen lieutenants on hand giving directions — rarely did the action start until Dr. King arrived and said go.

"The Movement," as the civil rights struggle came to be called, was in reality Dr. King's movement.

WHAT WAS the nature of his appeal? (What uncanny quality of his roused an army of Negroes to confront police dogs, fire hoses, fists, billy clubs, tear gas, boot heels, to echo his prophetic challenge, "We Shall Overcome" and follow him not to a promised land of happiness but to jail?)

His repeated plea was, "If blood is to flow let it be ours," and the people in the pews said "amen."

But when violence broke out he made the same plea in taverns and pool rooms, a cane-bottom chair for a pulpit, and processions of Negroes in those places also said amen and dropped their knives and brass knuckles into his paper sack.

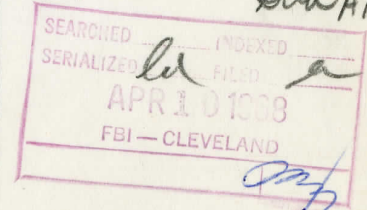
When Dr. King, spoke in a Negro church, sweat glistened on his brow and his oratory often slipped into a roughcut Southern vernacular. Thus he successfully concealed his intellectual acumen while sending his message to the depths of the Negro soul.

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BUT HE was, in truth, an intellectual and his understanding of human nature was profound.

He was able to skip the ninth and 12th grades of high school and entered Morehouse College in Atlanta at 15. He earned a bachelor's degree there, then a bachelor of divinity degree at Crozer Theological Seminary in Chester, Pa., then a Ph.D. from Boston University at the age of 26.

Rarely, too, did the usually austere Dr. King unreel his wit. But it was there.

During the Selma-to-Montgomery march in 1964, for example, Dr. King was at the head of the long col-highway when someone at his rear cried, "Let's sing 'There is no Balm in Gilead'."

"Let's do," called back Dr. King, "and let's also pray that there's no bomb in Montgomery!"

ONCE Dr. King was asked about the origins of his philosophy of nonviolence. He recalled that he once clouted his brother with a telephone, but that on the other hand he frequently did not retaliate when the class bully beat him up.

"But I don't know wheth-

er that was militant nonviolence or whether I was just plain scared," he said.

"We do not seek to precipitate violence," Dr. King once said. "However, we are aware that the existence of injustice in socie-

ty is the existence of violence, latent violence.

"We feel we must constantly expose this evil, even if it brings violence upon us."

PROBABLY his most obvious effect was in demon-

strating to his people that they could, if willing to risk the almost inevitably violent consequences, march together and become a social force. And they must also, he insisted, be willing to turn the other cheek with unfailing determination.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Manhunt Is Shrouded in Secrecy

MEMPHIS (AP) — Law enforcement officers remained tight-lipped yesterday about their search for a man they say is "on the run"—the assassin of Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.

Federal authorities have taken complete charge of the case, refusing all comment except to say that the necessary manpower has been committed to the investigation.

Police Chief J. C. MacDonald, reporting that local officers no longer have jurisdiction over the case, said, "I don't know any more about it than you do."

ROLANDO VELEZ, the Mexican consul here, said FBI agents questioned him yesterday morning about a man who had obtained a tourist card, giving a false address and telephone number, the day before Dr. King was shot last Thursday.

Velez had contacted authorities after reporting a resemblance between the man and a sketch carried Saturday by a newspaper.

The Justice Department in Washington, denied, however, a report that the investigation had extended into Mexico.

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44-565-Sub A
14

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 10 1968	
FBI - CLEVELAND	

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Stokes Flies to Atlanta Tomorrow

Mayor Carl B Stokes will fly to Atlanta tomorrow morning by private plane for the funeral of Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.

ACCOMPANYING the mayor will be Councilman John W. Kellogg, R-18, and the Rev. O. M. Hoover, pastor of Olivet Institutional Church. The Rev. Mr. Hoover is a board member of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, which was headed by the slain civil rights worker.

Councilman Leo Jackson, D-24, will leave this afternoon for Dr. King's funeral. He will also attend a memorial service to be held after the funeral at Moorehouse College, which both King and Jackson attended.

IT WILL BE the first City Council meeting Jackson has missed in 10 years.

"On this significant occasion it will be an honor to be absent," Jackson said.

Also scheduled to attend the memorial service is Dr. John Turner of Case Western Reserve University. He is also an alumnus of Moorehouse College.

The Chesapeake & Ohio and Baltimore & Ohio railroads announced that in respect to the memory of Dr. King, all B&O and C&O trains will halt for one minute during the funeral tomorrow at 10:30 a.m. About 300 freight and passenger trains will be involved in the tribute.

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APR 10 1968	
FBI - CLEVELAND	

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

In Cincinnati, rioting broke out in a mainly Negro area, and a police official said a white man was dragged from a car and stabbed to death by Negro youths. Gov. Rhodes' office ordered the Ohio National Guard into the city. In Youngstown, Ohio, violence erupted after police tried to break up a rock-throwing incident by Negroes. Two white policemen and a Negro were wounded by gunfire and Guardsmen were ordered into the city. The nationwide toll from violence that began after King's death was put at 28 dead.

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SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
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APR 10 1968	
FBI - CLEVELAND	

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Many Here Put Sorrow Into Action

Clevelanders sought today to translate their sorrow over the slaying of Dr. Martin Luther King into action.

Fund drives were started in his name. Promises were made of renewed efforts in civil rights.

The Cleveland Teachers Union announced a scholarship fund drive to provide several dozen Negro high school graduates with money to attend Cuyahoga Community College next year.

James O'Meara, CTU president, announced also that leaders of his union have met with Dr. King's staff to study improved methods of teaching Negro history and culture.

The Cleveland NAACP said it will seek Congressional action in getting Jan. 15—Dr. King's birthday—declared a national holiday.

The absentee rate at schools in predominantly Negro areas varied widely.

At John F. Kennedy High School, 17100 Harvard Ave., 10 teachers and two-thirds of the 2400 students stayed away from classes. At East High School, 1380 E. 82d St., most of the 1550 students were in school and five teachers were absent.

The city-wide absentee rate for teachers was about 7%, compared to the normal 4% rate for this time of year.

William L. Smith, principal of Patrick Henry Junior High School, said the help provided by the Cleveland Browns' John Wooten and Paul Warfield has been "immeasurable" in easing tension.

Wooten and Warfield spoke to students at the school today after talking to youths on the streets earlier.

Joseph E. Murphy, president of Building Service Employees Local 47, said his union will contribute to the Martin Luther King scholarship Fund established at Cleveland-Marshall Law School by attorney William A. Weiss.

A union committee to provide aid for striking sanitation workers in Memphis, Tenn., was announced by Robert A. Brindza, director of District Council 78, American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees. Sam Pollack, president of Meat Cutters District Union 427, was named chairman.

Many Greater Cleveland stores were closed until noon today in observance of Dr. King's funeral in Atlanta.

The Cleveland Conference of (Catholic) Laymen pledged \$1000 to the Martin Luther King Memorial Action Fund announced by Mayor Stokes on Sunday night.

Most of the construction workers at the Community for Better Living project at E. 93d St. and Hough Ave. went to work today, but promised a portion of their wages—from one to 40 hours worth—to memorial action fund. The money will be used to improve housing and job opportunities for Negroes, Stokes said.

Regular class work was canceled this morning in city schools in favor of programs honoring Dr. King. Teachers and principals provided television sets in classrooms so students could see the funeral for Dr. King.

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FBI - CLEVELAND

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"This Is Not the Right Way"

"Things are not right in Cleveland—things are not right for the black man wherever he lives in the United States.

"But I'm not going to recommend to you things that would be self-destructive of the Negro. I'm not going to tell you to burn down Cleveland.

"When Negroes stand for violence and riots, I must stand up and say, 'This is not the right way'."

—The Rev. Martin Luther King Jr., in a speech delivered in the parking lot at John W. Raper School, 1601 E. 85th St., July 29, 1967.

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44-565 Sub A 18

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
APR 10 1968	
FBI — CLEVELAND	

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

King Fund Announced by Stokes

Mayor Carl B. Stokes last night announced the formation of the Martin Luther King Memorial Action Fund, an independent foundation dedicated to furthering the civil rights movement.

"We are gathering together the necessary funds to provide progress in the areas of jobs, housing, welfare and education," the mayor said. "The fund will represent all aspects of this community."

The announcement came after a two-hour meeting with area clergymen.

CONTRIBUTIONS can be taken or mailed to the main office of Society National Bank, 127 Public Square, or any branch of the bank.

Those attending the meeting included Msgr. Thomas J. Murphy, pastor of St. Rose Parish; Rabbi Daniel J. Silver of The Temple; the Rev. Dr. Robert H. Courtney, president of the Greater Cleveland Council of Churches of Christ; the Rev. Sterling E. Glover, pastor of Emmanuel Baptist Church, and the Rev. O. M. Hoover, pastor of Olivet Institutional Baptist Church.

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FBI - CLEVELAND	

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Akron Negroes Get Call for No-Work, No-Buy Day

By JOHN L. KOSHAR
Plain Dealer Bureau

AKRON — An estimated 8,000 Negro workers are expected to stay away from their jobs here today to protest against American society and in memory of Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.

Edwin L. Parms, president of the Akron NAACP, said the city's approximately 50,000 Negroes have been urged not to go shopping today.

In calling for the no-work,

no-purchase day, an NAACP declaration said.

"OUR PURPOSE for both actions is to emphasize a fact to all who would take notice: Black Akronites have reached the point beyond which they will not be moved."

Parms said ssurveys yesterday showed response to the NAACP no-work appeal was expected to be very good. He said many employes agreed to release employes today.

Parms said the NAACP appeal was a call to all Akron

Negroes to "sacrifice against their jobs and material things" and to observe the funeral of Dr. King.

HE SAID the day would also be observed by Negroes "as a form of silent protest against the type of society that permits this type of thing (Dr. King's assassination) to rear its ugly head every once in a while."

Meanwhile, Mayor John S. Ballard issued an executive order giving all city employes, many of whom are Negroes, a day off today.

City Hall and Summit County Common Pleas Court will be closed. Regular meetings today of City Council and the county commissioners have been postponed until tomorrow.

At noon yesterday about 2,500 whites and Negroes attended a memorial service for Dr. King at Akron's downtown Civic Theater.

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APR 10 1968	
FBI - CLEVELAND	

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500 Join KSU March in Kent

Portage County Bureau

KENT — About 500 Kent State University faculty members and students took part in a five-mile march and a memorial service here yesterday at the Union Baptist Church in memory of Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.

They walked from the campus through the business district to the tiny Negro church behind a large banner reading "We march in memory of Dr. Martin L. King."

Rev. Fred D. Thomas conducted the memorial service outside the church because it was too small to accomodate the crowd.

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Stokes Asks Vital Aides on Job Today

All city employees, except those whose work is absolutely essential to continuance of services, will be excused this afternoon as a tribute to Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., Mayor Carl B. Stokes announced yesterday.

Stokes said he will fly to Atlanta this morning to attend Dr. King's funeral. Stokes' brother Louis will accompany him, along with councilman John W. Kelllogg, R-18.

"The essential services of the city must go on," Stokes said in response to the CORE proposal that all Negroes stay home from work today to observe "Black Tuesday" in honor of Dr. King.

"THIS APPLIES not only to city employees but to all who have been entrusted with responsibilities for maintaining functions so vital in emergencies," Stokes said.

"I'm talking about jobs in health, transportation, police and fire that must go on.

"If tragedy were to result because someone left his job to observe the memorial, this would be a great disservice to the memory of Dr. King, no matter how

Continued on Page 8, Col. 7

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APR 10 1968	
FBI - CLEVELAND	

Stokes Asks Vital City Employees to Stay on Job Today

From First Page

well intentioned the act might have been.

"I am not attempting to tell anyone else how to worship at this time. Each must make his own decision in this area. I can only tell you how I personally feel and how I feel Dr. King would have reacted in the same situation.

"I WOULD hope in any event, that each of us will take a half hour silently to reflect on the meaning of Dr. King's death."

The city has 12,000 employees.

The Cleveland chapter of CORE asked yesterday that all Negroes "stop their normal activities for the entire day in honor and memory of Dr. King, his principles, his contributions to all mankind, the supreme sacrifice that he made and the legacy he gave the world."

National CORE, under the direction of Floyd B. McKissick, is asking that April 4 be an annual national holiday to perpetuate the memory of Dr. King, according to Donald L. Bean, a CORE spokesman here.

A NUMBER of businesses and institutions will be closed either part or all of today in observance of Dr. King's funeral.

The 800 employees of International Business Machines Corp. here will have the day off, as will IBM employees across the nation.

Gordon W. Gray, president and secretary of the Retail Merchants Board, said yesterday that in respect for the memory of Dr. King many retail stores will remain closed until noon today.

Classes at Cleveland State University will be suspended between 8 a.m. and 1 p.m. and university offices will be closed during those hours.

CLASSES at Case Western Reserve University will be suspended between 10 a.m. and 1 p.m. A memorial service will be held at 4 p.m. at Amasa Stone Chapel on the campus. John B. Turner, who will become dean of the School of Applied Social Sciences this summer, will speak. He was a long-time friend of Dr. King and a classmate at Morehouse College in Atlanta.

Following conferences with Mayor Stokes and school principals from around the city, School Supt. Paul W. Briggs announced that classes will be held in all public schools, but that memorial programs for Dr. King are scheduled in every school.

Pupils will be permitted to watch the funeral on television where sets are available.

Some parochial schools are on spring vacation, but classes at others will be held as usual.

ALL CTS buses and trains, nearly 1,000 vehicles, will halt for one minute at 10:30 this morning in tribute to Dr. King.

All offices of the Council for Economic opportunities in Greater Cleveland (CEO) will be closed. The neighborhood outreach centers will be closed also, according to Ralph W. Findley, executive secretary of CEO.

A service of tribute to Dr. King will be held at Trinity Cathedral at E. 22d Street at Euclid Avenue at 12:10.

HOSPITAL workers were urged by Dr. Elden Weckessler, president of the Academy of Medicine of Cleveland, to report to work.

Ernest Cooper, executive secretary of the Cleveland Urban League, endorsed the suggestion that there be a day of mourning in which all Americans, black and white, pledge themselves to achieve Dr. King's objectives of love and unity, using his methods of nonviolence and interracial cooperation.

Wendell Erwin, president of the Cleveland NAACP, yesterday said "many of us are persuaded that the way to express sympathy and pay respect to Dr. King would be to stay away from work."

He requested all persons to contribute to the NAACP or other organizations working for Dr. King's ideals.

Professional athletes in the Negro Industrial and Economic Union, which seeks to encourage Negro business enterprises, were asked yesterday to "move into the streets and ghettos and try to stem the tide of racial unrest" which has swept American cities.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

The murder of Rev. King leads to three brief comments from this white, Gentile, truth-seeker:

My Jewish butcher said: "It's just as if someone had murdered Moses."

My wife said: "My first reaction was one of great anger, so I can understand the fierce anger among many Negros."

My truth-seeking inner self asked: "But what can you expect in a nation where the government assassinates a small country and its rulers because it does not like them, and even promotes within itself an organization of assassins, the CIA?"

It is high time all citizens realize we must change from a government based on power politics to one promoting peace thru one world sharing and cooperation.

PHILIP S. HENSEL, 1775 Cumberland Rd.,
Cleveland Heights.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

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APR 10 1968	
FBI - CLEVELAND	

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(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

King Service, RFK Jam Public Square

Thousands of mourners, political partisans and curiosity seekers jammed Public Square today to catch a glimpse of Sen. Robert F. Kennedy and to attend memorial services for Dr. Martin Luther King.

Few saw Kennedy when he arrived. He avoided the Public Square throng by slipping into the Sheraton-Cleveland Hotel by a garage entrance for a speech before a City Club audience.

Because of King's death, he dropped plans to make a political speech on the Square before his City Club appearance. A speaking platform was erected and then taken down again before his late arrival in Cleveland.

Kennedy made an unscheduled appearance on the Square after his City Club session. He and his wife Ethel were cheered when they appeared in front of open windows on a Sheraton-Cleveland Hotel mezzanine.

Hotel employees quickly attempted to set up microphones for an impromptu speech.

Crowd estimates ranged from 3000 to 20,000.

Sadness pervaded an overflow crowd in and around the Old Stone Church, where an interdenominational memorial service was held for Dr. King.

"I COME in memory of Dr. King," said a gray-haired Cleveland Heights woman who was near tears although she was unable to hear the eulogies being broadcast over loudspeakers outside the church.

The scene was in marked contrast to the enthusiastic welcomes Kennedy has received in other cities before the death of Dr. King made the political race—temporarily at least—unexciting.

Joseph Golden, an 11th grader at John Hay High School, said almost all of his classmates cut classes this afternoon to go to Public Square. "I don't think they all would have come just to see Kennedy," said Golden.

SECRETARIES on lunch hours joined the crowd. building windows surrounding the Square. Most said they had come "to see Bobby."

Mourning bands were spotted on the sleeves of a few spectators.

Among Dr. King mourners was Mrs. Bruce Klunder, widow of the white minister who was killed during a civil rights demonstration four years ago this month.

There were dissenters on hand, too. One of them carried a sign which read: "Bobby, For a Dove You Have Sharp Claws."

Dr. Paul Olnyk, chairman of the Cleveland Committee for a Sane Nuclear Policy, said he was a supporter of Sen. Eugene McCarthy for president. But Olnyk said he wanted to hear what Kennedy said about Dr. King.

MANY SPECTATORS said they were drawn to the Square today both as a sign of respect for the slain civil rights leader and out of curiosity about RFK.

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SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIAL.....	FILED.....
APR 10 1968	
FBI - CLEVELAND	

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Hough Area Was Deathly Still Grieving for "Member of Family"

By WALLY GUENTHER
and DICK FEAGLER

The East Side stayed awake last night and held its own private wake for Martin Luther King.

The streets of Hough were quiet and empty. The bars were quiet. The ghetto had gone into mourning.

The Negroes of Hough were in their homes. Home is where you go when there has been a death in the family.

AND THAT was the way the ghetto felt about the assassination.

That was the way Mrs. Priscilla Robinson, president of the E. 90th Street Club, felt about it. Members of the club began drifting into her home at 1893 E. 90th about 8 p. m.

"We slept very little in Hough last night," she said.

"IT WAS LIKE someone in the family had died. My neighbors sat in my living room listening to the radio. We sat and talked about him. We worshiped him."

The radio brought the news to the ghetto. People

heard it, called their neighbors, visited silently between the houses. They wept. They cursed.

Eddie Foy, 25, was working in a gas station at E. 32d and Hough when the news came over the battered portable radio next to a stack of batteries.

SIX YEARS AGO Foy lived in Montgomery, Ala., and was a member of Martin Luther King's church. He closed his station and went home.

"He showed us how to do it," Foy said. "He showed us how to win our fight in the courts. He was a good man."

Mrs. Ruby May Busch, 41, of 1637 E. 75th St., had planned to do her laundry last night. Then the news came. She stopped doing anything—except to listen to the radio. At 7 this morning she was washing clothes at a coin laundry.

CARL WILLIAMS, 31, owns the Sunoco station at 82d and Hough. Williams has moved out of the ghetto. He lives in Warrensville Heights

—in an area that Negroes have moved to since King's crusade began.

He was driving from his station to his home when he heard the news on the car radio. He couldn't believe it. He still can't this morning.

"He was a great man—for Negroes and whites both," Williams said. "He washed the hate out of many Negro hearts. There isn't going to be any violence in Hough, my friend. It would discredit his memory."

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SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
APR 10 1968	
FBI - CLEVELAND	

44-565-Sub A25

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

King Mourners Jam Old Stone Church

Mourners of Dr. Martin Luther King packed Old Stone Church today to honor the fallen civil rights leader and to hear a plea that Negroes "keep pressing non-violently" for the goals espoused by their leader.

About 20,000 persons jammed streets outside the church on Public Square. The services were broadcast to the crowd over loud speakers.

All seats in the venerable church were taken and adjacent rooms were filled as the Rev. Henry J. Payden, pastor of Holy Trinity Baptist Church, delivered a eulogy

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APR 17 1968	
FBI - CLEVELAND	

44-565-Sub A 26

King Mourners Jam Old Stone Church

(Continued From Page One)

in behalf of the United Pastors Assn.

Excerpts from his talk follow:

"Martin Luther King was a servant who found it honorable to be chosen and charged with a specific ministry for the Lord by the Lord.

"He endured harassments, abuse and misuse but was led by his convictions. . . . Man's inhumanity to man will have to be rectified by man or he must answer to God.

"Dr. King was not concerned with himself; he was our means to an end. Therefore, the Negro must keep pressing non-violently and in his heart keep saying, 'We shall overcome some day.'

"He could not be cheapened by city officials, nor his spirit broken by heavy sticks and stones. . . . He kept his eyes on heaven, one hand in God's, the other guiding the downtrodden Negro across an abyss of misfeasance and malfeasance of supposed-to-be justice in our land."

Mayor Stokes, his voice on the verge of breaking several times, addressed the mourners briefly.

"Even though we are saddened today," Stokes said, "there will be a great resurgence tomorrow in our confidence that Martin Luther King was right.

"The man who committed the act did it not in the name of the people of this country; he did it in the name of a kind of sickness which is part of a young society struggling to become adults.

"The thing for which Dr. King gave his life is the legacy for you and me; and it would be his wish that we continue the struggle until the day when we shall overcome."

AT THE CONCLUSION of Rev. Payden's eulogy, his wife sang one of Dr. King's favorite songs, "Precious Lord, Take My Hand."

This was the hymn King had asked his choir leader



TEARFUL MAYOR STOKES — Overcome with emotion, Mayor Stokes dabbed his eyes with his handkerchief during a prayer at the memorial service for Martin Luther King in the Old Stone Church today.

to sing at the Memphis rally last night.

A wide cross-section of civic and religious leaders sat silently in the ancient pews.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Arrest Is Near, in Memphis, Clark Says

MEMPHIS — (UPI) — U. S. Attorney General Ramsey Clark hinted this afternoon that the arrest of Dr. Martin Luther King's slayer was imminent.

"We are getting very close," he told reporters after a conference with Police Chief Frank Holloman who said "helpful evidence" about a white sniper had been found.

Clark arrived with other Justice Department aides at the direction of President Johnson. He said FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover is personally supervising the case. He also said the assassination was the work of a single person and was not a conspiracy.

Earlier 11,000 members of the Tennessee National Guard were alerted and 4000 were sent to various trouble spots in the state. Mayor Henry Loeb lifted a curfew which had closed all business and limited the streets only to "essential" persons.

REWARDS TOTALING \$50,000 for information leading to arrest and conviction of the slayer were announced. The

Memphis Commercial Appeal, a Scripps-Howard newspaper, offered \$25,000. Jack Howard, president of the Scripps-Howard Newspapers, added another \$25,000 in the name of the newspaper group.

Mrs. King flew from Atlanta to Memphis this morning in a jet plane chartered by Sen. Robert F. Kennedy. The plane carried back the body of Dr. King. Funeral arrangements were being completed this afternoon in Atlanta.

Mrs. King did not leave the plane at Memphis but stood at the door as the casket was loaded. She kept her composure while the casket was being lifted from the hearse but collapsed sobbing on the shoulder of a woman companion as a freight lift raised the casket to the door.

Dr. King, the non-violent leader of the civil rights movement, was slain last night with a single shot from a 30-caliber Remington pump rifle with a telescopic sight. It was fired from the window of a communal bathroom in a flophouse across the street from his hotel.

The bullet tore a gaping wound in his neck and Dr. King fell in a pool of blood on the second floor balcony outside his room at the Lorraine Hotel. He was shot at about 7 p. m. and died an hour later.

"From evidence we have at this time, only one man was involved," said Holloman. The assassin was described as a white man, six feet tall, 165-175 pounds, between 26 and 32 years old.

HE FLED FROM the flophouse, dropping the rifle and a suitcase in the doorway before he leaped into a late model white car and sped away. Holloman refused to divulge the contents of the suitcase.

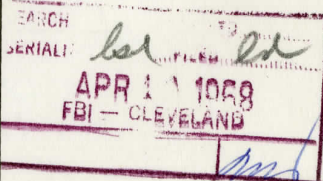
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But he said the assassin had bought a pair of binoculars in the city yesterday.

Chief Holloman said Memphis was "under attack" last night with "people looting, breaking into stores and shooting, principally at police cars." However, the streets of the city appeared deserted early today.

The 39-year-old Nobel Peace Prize winner was in Memphis as a proving ground for his massive "poor people's campaign" on Washington later this month. When the march he led here last week burst into a riot, his friends and critics alike expressed doubt that he could keep the Washington demonstration non-violent.

DR. KING INSISTED he could, and he returned to Memphis Wednesday to draw plans for a 6000-man march here Monday, vowing to see that it remained peaceful.

Wednesday night he told his followers at a mass rally that "like anybody, I would like to live a long life . . . but I'm not concerned with that."

Yesterday at dusk, as he was about to leave the hotel in a Negro district to go to a friend's house for dinner, he strolled onto the balcony. He talked with his friends below.

A Memphis civil rights leader, the Rev. Jesse Jackson, said Dr. King saw him standing with Ben Branch, a musician who was to play at a rally a few hours later.

HE ASKED BRANCH to play "Precious Lord, Take My Hand."

"I really want you to play that tonight," Dr. King said.

Then he told his chauffeur, Solomon Jones Jr., to start their car.

"I said, 'It's cold outside, Dr. King, put your topcoat on,'" Jones recalled.

"And he said, 'Okay, I will,' and smiled. Those were his last words."

Jackson said he started to speak to Dr. King again — "Dr. King," he called — and then he heard the shot. "It sounded like a stick of dynamite or a firecracker," he said.

"The bullet exploded in his face," Jackson said. Dr. King wheeled and fell on his back.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Rowan Links Deaths of Kennedy, King

Carl T. Rowan, former director of the U.S. Information Agency and syndicated newspaper columnist, said in Berea last night that the same kinds of sickness led men to kill both President Kennedy and Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.

"This sickness has destroyed freedom of expression on a great many campuses," he told 600 persons at a Baldwin-Wallace College humanities conference.

"It has made President Johnson sneak around like a thief in the night, because he was afraid to announce in advance his plan for travel around the country.

"WE CAN AND will mourn the killing of Martin Luther King," said Rowan, "but we might also weep for the brutal assassination of the heart and soul of this country.

"The American people are going to discover the true off-

dimensions of this tragedy in time and they will find that a great deal more than Dr. King died tonight.

"They will find that a vital part of this country died because the freedom of movement and the security that we all need to feel like free men fell victim to this sickness of violence that infects our society."

ROWAN AND Mayor Carl B. Stokes, who were featured on the program, knew Dr. King had been shot before they spoke. Rowan cut short his prepared talk when he learned of King's death and both he and Stokes talked briefly about the assassination.

Floyd B. McKissick, executive director of the Congress of Racial Equality, was scheduled to appear on the Baldwin-Wallace program tonight, but the event has been called off.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

31 THE PLAIN DEALER
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APR 17 1968	
FBI - CLEVELAND	

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"King Blvd." Suggested for Hough

Hough Ave. would be re-named Martin Luther King Blvd. under terms of legislation to be introduced tonight in City Council.

The legislation is being sponsored by three councilmen from the Hough Area, Mrs. Carrie Cain, John Kellogg and James H. Bell.

* * *

Sam Tidmore, former Browns linebacker and John Adams High and Ohio State football star, has organized about a dozen Browns Negro players to walk the ghetto streets to talk "quiet."

Included in the effort are Leroy Kelly, Ernie Green, John Wooten, Walter Johnson, John Brown, Jim Shorter, Sidney Williams, Paul Warfield and Mike Howell.

Tidmore, now a stockbroker, said, "Many of us were teachers in the ghettos and are from the ghettos. Our effort started in Mayor Stokes' office last Friday. We walked the streets Friday and Saturday nights and will do it again tonight and tomorrow night.

"The crucial area is E. 105th St. and Superior. Surprisingly, Hough is quiet. We are particularly concerned about tomorrow night."

* * *

All schools in Cleveland will be open as usual tomorrow, school officials said today, although the Congress of Racial Equality (CORE) was urging Negro students to stay away in a special gesture of mourning for Dr. Martin Luther King.

Cleveland schools will remain in session through Thursday. Spring vacation begins Friday and classes resume Apr. 22.

That also is the new date set for the opening of the new Afro-American history culture schools sponsored by the Cleveland chapter of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP). Classes were to have begun tonight at six centers, but the start was postponed because of the

* * *

About 500 persons participated in a tribute to Dr. King around the lagoon in front of the Art Museum yesterday afternoon.

College students, hippies, motorcyclists, adults and street preachers gathered for more than two hours in a spontaneous memorial service.

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44-565 Sub A 29

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
APR 10 1968	
FBI - CLEVELAND	

In Lakewood, about 350 persons gathered in the Lakewood Civic Auditorium, Franklin Blvd. and Bunts Rd., for a Dr. King memorial service. Participants donated funds to Operation Breadbasket, a project that brought Dr. King to Cleveland last summer.

The Glenville Businessmen's Assn., whose members own 75 stores in the area, will close shop doors from 10:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m. tomorrow during the funeral for Dr. King.

* * *
A Cleveland unionist was

in Memphis today to participate in the march in support of striking sanitation employees.

He was William McNulty, district president here of the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees (AFSCME), whose Local 1733 is seeking recognition as bargaining agent for the striking employees.

Robert Brindza, the union's district director here, said McNulty was to participate

in the march as an expression of solidarity from the union's Cleveland members.

Brindza announced formation of an AFL-CIO committee here to raise funds and provide other support for the striking Memphis employees.

* * *

George Szell will make a guest appearance in honor of Martin Luther King at tonight's Severance Hall concert. Szell will conduct the

funeral march from Beethoven's Seventh Symphony.

The remainder of the program will remain unchanged.

Television station WKYC will film the Beethoven work to use as part of the station's funeral coverage tomorrow.

* * *

WABQ-Radio (1540 on the AM dial) and WKYC-AM and FM will carry Martin Luther King's funeral tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. live from Atlanta.

WABQ suspended all commercial broadcasts beginning Friday and will not resume regular programming until Wednesday morning. Listeners may call in their reactions to King's death. Over the weekend the station received over 70,000 calls, but could handle only 6000 on the air.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Stokes Leads City in King Farewell

By SAM GIAIMO, Press Staff Writer

ATLANTA—Mayor Carl B. Stokes . . . baseball's Bill Veeck . . . football's Jim Brown . . . peace advocate Dr. Benjamin Spock—these and many other men and women of Cleveland background joined multitudes in final homage to Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. today.

Atlanta itself stood still. All business places were shut. Everyone was in the streets in a tremendous, loud-singing procession from Ebenezer Baptist Church 30 blocks westward to Morehouse College where afternoon services were held.

Mayor Stokes and the other Clevelanders in the line of march were swallowed up in the sea of humanity that made the march—20 abreast.

Some of them, because of the 80-degree heat, undoubtedly chose to join many hundreds more in using motor transportation to the Morehouse campus.

Mayor Stokes and the group that flew here with him were the first dignitaries to arrive at the church to attend morning services for the civil rights leader.

As they approached the church in a black limousine shortly after 9:30 a. m. some 15,000 to 20,000 persons were gathered at the corners of Auburn and Jackson Aves.

When they saw the car they pressed forward to see who would get out. Mayor Stokes was recognized immediately and shouts went through the crowd: "It's Mayor Stokes from Cleveland."

It was 10 minutes before the mayor and his party could leave the car and press through the heavy throng to enter the church.

THERE THEY PASSED by Dr. King's bier in the

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44-565 Sub A 30

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 10 1968	
FBI - CLEVELAND	

Stokes Leads City's Farewell to King

(Continued From Page One)

chapel, then took their places for the service as Mahalia Jackson sang.

In the mayor's group were his brother, attorney Louis Stokes; Blanche Bolden, deputy service director; Gerard Anderson, Transit Board member; restaurateur Fleet Slaughter, Councilman John Kellogg, and Richard Sklar, a policeman.

Already in jammed Atlanta were many others from Cleveland, which had so often seen Dr. King in its streets, churches and meeting places, guiding civil rights programs.

AMONG THESE were the Rev. James Redding, director of Halfway House; State Rep. Thomas Hill; Councilman Leo Jackson; Paul Haggard, deputy county auditor; the Rev. O. M. Hoover; Frank Evans, Negro labor leader; Geraldine Williams, candidate for Congress, and William Franklin, who was a Ward 10 candidate for Council.

Two other Clevelanders present were the Rev. Farley W. Wheelwright of the Unitarian Society of Cleveland, who had marched with Dr. King at Selma, and the Rev. A. H. Jarmon, minister of Fellowship Baptist Church.

Two prominent men with Cleveland backgrounds stood outside during the service, unable to get in the already overflowing church.

DR. SPOCK said Dr. King's death gives white people another chance to show good sense and justice and implement the report of the President's Commission on Civil Disorders.

Veeck, former president of the Cleveland Indians and an amputee, announced he would make the 4½-mile walk from the church to Morehouse College for further ceremonies.

"DR. KING AND I MET OFTEN in our travels around the country," Veeck said. "He was a great man."

After the two-hour church service, Mayor Stokes and other dignitaries fell into the line of march behind the King family and began the walk to the college.

Cong. Robert Taft Jr. and Charles W. Whalen Jr., Republican members of Congress from Ohio, were in Atlanta, too. Former Cleveland Paul Newman attended.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Stokes Urges Crucial City Workers to Report

Mayor Stokes today urged all Negroes who hold essential jobs to come to work as usual tomorrow. He also said non-essential city employees would be given tomorrow afternoon off.

Mayor Stokes made the announcement after the local chapter of the Congress of Racial Equality (CORE) called upon the city's 300,000 Negroes to stay away from work tomorrow to observe "Black Tuesday" in mourning for slain Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.

The mayor urged all policemen, firemen and utility workers to work. He included hospital workers and bus drivers in his plea.

"If tragedy were to result because someone left his job to observe the memorial it would be a great disservice to the memory of Dr. King," Stokes said.

County commissioners voted this after-

All Cleveland public schools will be open tomorrow, and there will be a special morning program in every school in memory of Dr. Martin Luther King.

Extra television sets will be provided in every city school so all pupils can watch funeral services for Dr. King.

noon to give county employees a half-day off starting at noon tomorrow, except for workers in institutions that have to remain open.

CTS said it expects all its employees to show up for work tomorrow. The system plans to halt all of its buses and rapid transit trains for one minute at 10:30 a. m., to honor Dr. King's memory.

DR. ELDEN WECKESSER, president of the Cleveland Academy of Medicine,

urged all persons employed in the health profession—such as hospital workers—report to work tomorrow, in accordance with the guidelines put down by Mayor Stokes.

All classes at Cleveland State University will be suspended from 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. tomorrow.

DONALD L. BEAN, associate director of CORE's target city project, said CORE's steering committee decided to call for a nation-wide one-day work stoppage among all black people at a New York meeting last night.

Rather than take time off work, construction workers at the Community for Better Living Project here will donate money earned tomorrow to the new Martin Luther King Action Fund.

Contributions can be mailed to any office of Society National Bank.

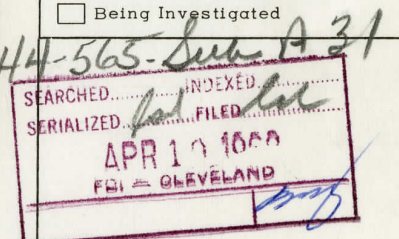
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(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

500 White, Black Join in March

By GERALDINE JAVOR

Beneath a sunny sky, black people and white people marched arm in arm around the lagoon in front of the Cleveland Museum of Art yesterday afternoon.

There were hippies, college students, motorcyclists, teen-agers, old folks and street preachers.

About 500 persons participated for more than two hours in a half-planned, half-spontaneous memorial service for Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.

Hundreds of other Greater Clevelanders gathered in their churches paid tribute to Dr. King.

"BIGOTRY and hatred have no place in our society," Cleo Malone, lay minister of the United Church of Christ and director of the Coffee House, 11501 Euclid Avenue, told the gathering at the lagoon.

"It is up to you to make this dream of Dr. King come true," he said. "You can do it, people; you've got to."

"We didn't bring guns here today for a gun salute," said Anthony A. Walsh, a law student. "We brought flowers for a man who was devoted not to racism or warmaking but to love."

Rev. Farley W. Wheelwright, new minister of the Unitarian Society of Cleveland, 8143 Euclid Avenue, canceled his sermon yesterday and devoted the time to a memorial service exploring the readings of Dr. King and an interpretation of his life and death. Dr. King was to have installed Mr. Wheelwright April 21.

He said that the congregation donated about \$200 to aid persons wishing to go to Memphis. He will travel on to Atlanta for Dr. King's funeral tomorrow.

Mayor Carl B. Stokes last night spoke to some 1,700 persons at a memorial service for Dr. King in Cory Methodist Church, 1117 E. 105th Street.

Stokes said that non-violence did not die with Dr. King. He urged his listeners to bring their problems to his attention.

"I'll listen to you," he said.

ABOUT 350 persons gathered in Lakewood Civic Auditorium, Franklin Boulevard at Bunts Road, for a memorial service. Among the speakers was Sister Mary Dennis of St. Augustine Convent.

Participants donated funds to Operation Breadbasket.

In East Cleveland, more than \$285 was collected for a memorial fund from nearly 500 persons attending memorial services in St. Philomena Catholic Church, 13824 Euclid Avenue. The Rev. Booker T. Nelson of

Mt. Nebo Baptist Church was the main speaker.

"THIS IS NOT a time for weeping and moaning but a time to look forward to the future," he said. "Those committed to the cause of righteousness, peace in the world and brotherhood must not think of Dr. King as being dead but must look for the future possibilities."

The Rev. Finian Murphy, assistant pastor of St. Agnes Parish, 8000 Euclid Avenue, devoted his sermon at the noon mass to Dr. King's life and work.

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8 THE PLAIN DEALER
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44-565 Sub A 32

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SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
APR 10 1968	
FBI - CLEVELAND	

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Somber Scene Grips the City

By JOSEPH ESZTERHAS

The city slowed down for a few hours yesterday, still dazed, and stopped to watch television.

Once again TV showed the horror, the grief and the eloquence that died with Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.

It was almost like a replay of a past horror.

The ritual of burial for John F. Kennedy, the President, was much the same as for Martin Luther King, the private citizen.

IN ATLANTA, a mule-drawn cart took the defender of the poor to his final resting place.

The sun shone brightly, almost as brightly as the headlights which motorists turned on as token of their grief.

Children on the East Side

—the kids at Addison Junior High School, East High School and East Tech High School—stayed home in extraordinary numbers.

"It hits them harder, maybe," one school official said, "because last year Dr. King visited each of those schools and talked to these kids beautifully, with words they didn't expect to hear."

On that occasion Dr. King borrowed the vernacular of the ghetto and advised: "Learn, baby, learn."

THERE WASN'T much anger at Dr. King's death, said a school official.

"The pupils had a feeling of the most awful loss. It was like they had lost their most prized possession — and, you know, they don't have that many things."

In Hough and in Glenville

yesterday, the kids stared at the vacant houses and the rubble of glass and construction material, and listened to the radio quote Dr. King:

"Once to every man and nation comes the choice to decide."

The children didn't say much.

MOST OF the Hough area was closed.

Signs lined with black announced that the stores were shut and a sign on E. 105th Street proclaimed the

day to be Black Tuesday.

At the Martin De Porres Center on E. 105th Street, a dozen people gathered around a color TV set.

"It's the least we could do," said the Rev. Charles J. Woll. "We got a color set."

Once again, people all over town asked the same question: How many more times must this happen?

Martin De Porres, a Roman Catholic saint, was a Negro.

All over town, pulpits rang with words of faith and hope.

Downtown, the peanut vendors and policemen went about their jobs—and took sideways glances at TV sets in the store windows.

Once again, America tuned in on the horror.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

4 THE PLAIN DEALER
(Cleveland, Ohio)

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Stokes in Atlanta Hears Praise for Clevelanders

By WILLIAM C. BARNARD

The amicable race relations demonstrated by Clevelanders following the assassination of Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. have drawn national attention.

Mayor Carl B. Stokes said Cleveland's example of racial accord was a major topic of conversation among public officials who attended the funeral of Dr. King yesterday in Atlanta.

"I had mayors, congressmen and senators all comment on how wonderfully Clevelanders responded during these last five days of tension," Stokes said last night after his return to the city.

"THE FIRST THING Vice President Humphrey said to me was: 'We are all so proud of your city,' " the mayor said.

Stokes, too, said he was proud of Cleveland for having avoided the disorders that marked some cities since the slaying of Dr. King.

"The young people apparently really remember and follow Dr. King's admonition: 'The thing is not to burn, baby, burn, but learn, baby, learn,' " Stokes said.

"The conduct of the young people of Cleveland is deserving of the highest commendation," the mayor said.

"EVEN THOUGH I'm grateful for having come through this crisis without trouble, the emphasis must not be placed on having kept peace," Stokes said.

"The emphasis must be placed on using this cooperative concern to proceed

forthrightly in attacking the tremendous problems that are the root cause of these crises."

Stokes said the business community should apply its resources to upgrade housing in Cleveland and provide 1,000 jobs by June for hardcore unemployed.

Congress, the mayor said, should enact the new civil rights bill and stop the trend of cuts in domestic programs.

"City Council, too, is going to have to recognize that a city income tax increase is necessary to bring about the desired quality of living in our community," Stokes asserted.

STOKES HAD special praise for the Cleveland news media, which he said handled accounts of racial disorders elsewhere "with considerable restraint."

"We were not the victim of rumor that contributed to the problems in other communities," he said.

While Stokes was en route to Atlanta for the funeral, city cabinet members held an early - morning meeting with selected supervisory personnel.

Supervisors were urged to carry back to their home neighborhoods the message of racial harmony that Stokes has been stressing.

Accompanying Stokes to Atlanta were his brother, Louis; Gerard Anderson, a member of the Cleveland Transit Board; Councilmen John W. Kellogg, R - 18; Blanche Bolden, secretary to the service director; Fleet Salughter, a restaurateur and Richard Richard Sklar, vice president of Allied Steel & Tractor Products, Inc.

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