Arresting Officer In London Expected As Ray Witness crophones have been installed in Ray's cell but denied this

By CHARLES EDMUNDSON
Detective Supt. Tommy Butler of Scotland Yard, who arrested James Earl Ray at London's Heathrow Airport June counsel. 8, is expected to be a key witness when Ray goes on trial in November on a charge of murdering Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.

Gen. Phil M. Canale last night confirmed that Atty. Superintendent Butler's name is on the list of prosecution witnesses Criminal Court Judge W. Preston Battle ordered

given to Ray's attorneys.

several FBI investigators.

The list is described as "potential witnesses." But Super-intendent Butler, a 55-year-old as solving London's 1963 seven-million-dollar train robbery. is considered certain to be subpenaed.

Meanwhile Ray, in his suite

The list is understood to con- and no more disturbed or nertain the names of other detec- vous than any other defendant tives from London and those of called on to answer an indict-overheard, Mr. Canale said. ment by which he could be sentenced to die."

The attorney general debachelor famed for such things answer filed in the Criminal sion cameras interfere with to identify Ray at the trial. the prisoner's sleep and possibly endanger his health.

Arthur J. Hanes of Birmingat Shelby County Jail, was re-ported by Mr. Canale as "av-lad charged that the condi-eraging nine hours sleep in 24 tions of Ray's imprisonment Mr.

constitute "cruel and unusual punishment."

Mr. Canale agreed that miin Ray's cell but denied this constitutes a violation of the prisoner's right to private

The microphones are used for security purposes only and are turned off when Mr. Hanes and Ray confer, the attorney general said. Tests have been made and have proved to Mr. Hanes' admitted satisfaction that his conferences with the defendant are private and not

Mr. Canale described as "ridiculous to the point of being scribed Ray's condition in an ludicrous" Mr. Hanes charge that television cameras are Court clerk's office to charges being used as a substitute for a that bright lights and televi-lineup in preparing witnesses

> "If this were done, it would not be competent evidence under United States Supreme Court decisions," Mr. Canale

> Mr Hanes and his son, \rthur lanes Jr., are to spelid today in Memphis going over items of evidence, including the white Mustang in which Ray is said to have escaped from Memphis after shooting Dr. King April 4.

> Mr. Hanes is also expected to file today his reply to Judge Battle's order to show cause why he should not be held in contempt of the court's order forbidding publicity that might interfere with a fair trial. The contempt hearing is set for 9:30 a.m. tomorrow.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Page 15

The Commercial Appea1

Memphis, Tenn.

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Hanas Confers With James Ray

Son Outlines Defense For Father On Contempt Of Court Citation

Attorney Arthur J. Hanes conferred more than two hours with his client, James Earl Ray, at the Shelby County Jail yesterday while his son, Arthur Hanes Jr. prepared to defend his father against a contempt of court citation.

Judge W. Preston Battle, who is scheduled to conduct Ray's trial on a charge of murdering Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., will hear arguments this morning on a contempt citation issued against Mr. Hanes Sr.; Renfro Hays, a private detective, and two newspaper reporters.

Mr. Hanes, Mr. Hays, Charles Edmundson of The Commercial Appeal and Roy Hamilton of the Press-Scimitar are asked to show cause why they should not be held in contempt of a court order to restrain pre-trial publicity in the case.

Also set for today are arguments on motions by defense attorneys for relief of what they charge is a violation of Ray's constitutional right to confer privately with counsel. They charge Ray's cell is "bugged" with microphones they cannot be sure are turned off even when jail attendants say this is the case.

They also charge that constant bright lights and television cameras in Ray's cell constitute an "electronic form of cruel and unusual treatment."

In the contempt hearing Armistead Clay, attorney for the Memphis Publishing Co., is expected to argue that the restrictions sought would be a violation of the guaranties of free speech and a free press contained in the first article of the Bill of Rights.

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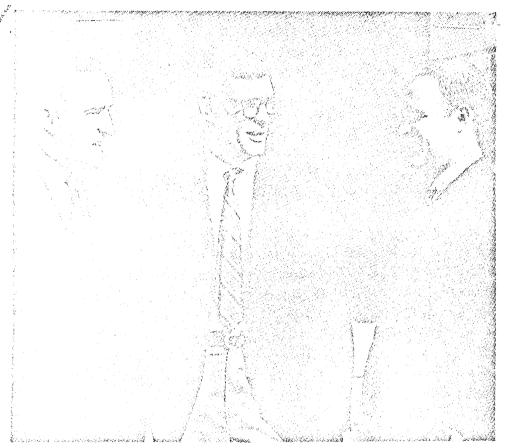
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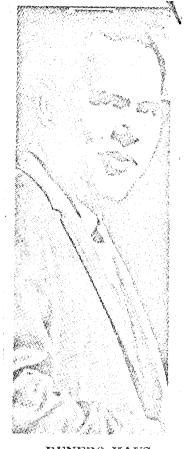
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Arthur Hanes, attorney for James Earl Ray, and Roy Hamilton, Press-Scimitar reporter, defendants in the contempt case, are shown with Arthur Hanes Jr., attorney for started.

his father.

RENFRO HAYS

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RENFRO HAYS
Before contempt hearing

Ludge Mears Testimony On Contempt

Hanes and Son Duel With Lucius Burch

Arthur Hanes took the witness stand in Criminal Court today and had heated exchanges with a prosecutor over whether Hanes was guilty of violating a court order against talking "for publicity."

Hanes, defense lawyer for James Earl Rav in the slaying of Dr. Martin Luther King, was one of four persons ordered to show cause why they should not be held in contempt of Judge Preston Battle's court order to restrain pre-trial "publicity."

CHARGED

Named with Halles were Renfro T. Hays, a private detective employed by Hanes; Charles Edmundson, a reporter for The Commercial Appeal; and Roy Hamilton, a reporter for The Press-Scimitar.

Serving as prosecutor was Lucius Burch, who is also one of a seven-member committee of the Memphis and Shelby Court Bar Association appointed by Battle to assist in restraining publicity.

Judge Battle had ordered both defense and prosecution attorneys, their agents and employes, all law enforcement officials of Memphis and Shelby County, all potential witnesses and all employes at the Courthouse and the County Office Building from "giving interviews or making extra-judicial statements prejudicial to a fair trial by an impartial jury." All of these persons were served with a copy of the order and Memphis newspapers and other news media were sent a copy of the or-

ORDERS READ

The hearing opened with a reading of the court orders issued by Judge Battle concerning publicity. Stories from The Commercial Appeal and The Press-Scimitar were read, along with the stories published on Sept. 12 for which Hamilton and Edmundson were ordered to show cause why they should not be held in contempt.

Bubba Blackwell, Criminal Court Clerk, produced lists with Hamilton and Edmundson's signatures on which they had signed for copies of Judge Battle's orders issued on July 30. This was an at-

Turn to Page 4-LAWYERS

Lawyers Clash as Judge Hears Contempt Cases



reporters had knowledge of the court's orders, even though newspapers were not cited in them.

The junior Hanes made a motion to exclude all the evidence presented and to dismiss the petition against his client. He said that the evidence presented "is not prima facie evidence against him that these conversations ever took place at all," that they were hearsay evidence.

DENIAL

Judge Battle interrupted: "Does he deny these conversations took place?" The young lawyer seemed a little hesitant about answering. Battle insisted: "Answer my question. Does he deny these conversations?"

Then young Hanes said: "Yes, he must deny the substance of the reports (of the conversations). He is in the process of preparing major litigation. If he is going to be subjected to hearsay evidence, he would be subject to the will or vagary of any reporter or editor across the country." He said his father would "be spending all his time" defending himself against such charges.

Battle refused to dismiss the charges and said: "There are real issues to be decided here and now." He referred to the attorneys for the defense as "lawyers who show proneness for making press statements" and holding press conferences.

Burch asked if the senior Hanes said he had been misquoted by Hamilton and Edmundson. "If so, we want it in the record by a sworn statement." Burch said.

BURDEN OF PROOF

The junior Hanes asked: "Your honor, is the burden of proof on the defendant?"

Battle replied: "No, on the petitioners to the case, but they have a right to ask for an affidavit that says he was misquoted."

Hanes read several parts of the Commercial Appeal article of Sept. 12 and denied that they constituted any violation of the order.

Battle then asked about the statements in The Press-Scimitar article of Sept. 12 and about the statements alledgedly made in an interview printed in an Associated Press report from Birmingham.

Battle asked if the senior Hanes made the statements that were reported in the story of the Birmingham interview. Hanes replied: "No, not to Mr. Hamilton."

AP REPORT

Battle replied: "No, it was not made to Mr. Hamilton. It was made and disseminated in an Associated Press report which was picked up by Mr. Hamilton." Then Battle said he wanted to know if Hanes had ever made any extra-judicial (outside the courtroom) statements concerning the Ray case. At that point the junior Hanes offered to put his father on the stand and did so.

The senior Hanes took the stand. After being shown the newspaper clippings admitted that he had made complaints about Ray's treatment in open court, he said: "I did not set up any interviews. I did not call any press conferences."

He said he had declined to answer many questions put to him by newspaper reporters. The junior Hanes asked if he had ever intimated that Ray might not be able to stand trial Nov. 12 as scheduled because of his treatment in the jail.

EARLIER TRIAL

The senior Hanes said in reply: "As a matter of fact, I think this case should have gone to trial earlier. It was set earlier, but obviously for political reasons or some other reasons it was reset until Nov. 12."

POSTPONEMENT

The junior Hanes reread the statement concerning the postponement from The Press - Scimitar article of Sept. 12 and asked if he denied ever making that statement outside the courtroom. The senior Hanes said he did.

Burch asked the senior Hanes if he denied making the statement attributed to him concerning Ray's treatment in the jail. He again denied making the statement.

Hanes continued: "I'm more interested than any-body else, except the judge, in seeing that my client gets a fail trial. I ask you, am I going to do anything to prejudice my client's case?

Burch replied: "Are you also interested in the State getting a fair trial?"

MERITS

"I certainly am, sir," replied Hanes. "I have told the press around the world I would not comment on matters going into the merits of this case."

During the exchange between the two attorneys, they frequently interrupted each other, causing the junior Hanes to complain to the court about the by-play. He also objected to the manner in which Burch questioned the senior Hanes.

His objection was overruled.

Hanes continued his statement: "I have not called any press conferences for publicity. I don't need it. This case itself attracts publicity.

DEFENSE

"I am concerned with the problem of pre-trial publicity. I have argued against it before this court and I believe in it. But I'm going to defend my client with everything in my might."

Burch asked the senior Hanes if he intended in the future to make any statements in violation of the court's order prohibiting extra-judicial statements.

The two attorneys then discussed what constituted extra-judicial statements.

Burch asked Hanes if he thought the statements concerning Ray's treatment "will cause sympathy in the community."

Hanes replied he couldn't judge that. He said the question of whether Ray could get a fair trial could only be determined after a jury had been selected.

Hanes said in reply to a Burch question: "I had a lot of reporters call me, but I have not made any statement prejudicial."

'BUG' STATEMENT

Burch said: "Have you ever made a statement outside this courtroom to any person that . . . Ray has 'enough to bug anybody' because of tight security and bright lights in his cell?"

Hanso May By JOHN MEANS

Amorney Arthur J. Hanes Sr. punctuated the end of a day-long legal skirmish yesterday by telling Criminal Court Jungs Presion Battle he may step out of the James Earl Ray

The Time Januar torney, who has represented the acand slayer of Dr. Martin Luther King since his acrest in Pur , John Undge Baltle and a courtroom full of lawyers,

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a no conferr that "se- "I did not originally mount to take the witness stand," Mr. Edmundson testified. "But in view of the reflections east on The Commercial Appeal by the allegations of Aur. days—and Mr. (Lucial) furth's it last buce that my turnal to take the stand continued a solder a fine on The Continued a solder a peal and on my non ration as a repeater - I sould not let the by without telt of the scane and I did not!

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"respondents," to defend themselves.

After Mr. Hays testified he did not make the statements attributed to him, Mr. Burch told Judge Battle the case against him was "a very weak case," since his testimony was not contradicted. It was then that Mr. Edmundson demanded that he be allowed to testify.

Roy Mamilton, reporter for the Memphis Press-Scimitar who also faces contempt charges, did not take the stand.

In his just-before-adjournment statement, Mr. Hanes attacked the lawyers' committee, saying, "I think prejudice is showing like a grand-mother's petitional under a grand-daughter's miniskirt. I'm going to do everything I can to defend my client agrainst whatever arises, including committees of lawyers. I do not know what their motives are, although I have my ideas."

Judge Buttle commented from the bench that "Mr. Burch certainly does not need me to defend him but a charge of any prejudice against Mr. Burch or anyone on this committee, the court thinks is uttents ridically."

terly ridiculous.

"We'll fi<u>nish this</u> matter Monday. Adjourn the court." (Mount Chipping in Space Below)

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Much of the morning session consisted of a hot verbal s sde between reporter Edmundson and Robert Liv-Liguron, attorney for Hays, 6000 and Sopt. 12 story which

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was proseculor Friday and was our of the city today. Arribur Ranes Jr. defended his father.

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Edmundson said Friday

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Living ston asked Edmondand if he made any attempt to And his notes after he learned that Hays had filed a subtui denial to any i unic Edmondson had in his story.

FACTS

Elmondson said be thought it was a legal move and paid lieds attention to it. "it's not so deaply intermusic in legal formalities as I um the facts," said Ed-

There was a shirmish be-

the m Edmondson and Livingston over what indirect and direct quotations meant in a reporter's vocabulary. idmondson said heatedly "indirect quotations don't represent a word-for-word account. They are an accurate reflection of what he (Mays) told me."

Livingsion questioned Edmondson about a phrase in his story saying Hays "said lace plant." Edmondson said "he cume to my office fairly late in the afternoon - about 4:30-and it was about 6:15 when he left.'

Livil scon said he still wanted to know what Edmondson means by "night."

Edmondson sale, "I consider aight begins at 8 p.m."

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to that he considered hims. . a botter judge of how the stars should be written than Livingston.

Edmundson turned to the judge and objected to some of the questions Livingston asked. Battle warned Livingston not to "rag the witness."

Livingston then asked if Edmundson had ever had other complaints about his

reporting. Edmundson brought highs from speciators when he said he had and that chief among them was Burch, chairman of the bar committee. Edmundson offercino describe the circumstances of the complaint, but Judge Battle ruled that it was not pertinent.

Edmundson repeated his statement that all of the information printed in his sto-

ry was correct and that he, in fact, had left out many things Hays had told him concerning the case.

Hays, in rebuttal testimony said the interview be-tween himself and Edmundson in the Hays home took

place before the story in question was printed. Hays' said the interview in

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Mr. Month began the heaving by announcing that Roy "has yeallismed his faith in us... we have agreed to commune to yoursecut the defendant." Mr. Manes had suggested last Friday that differences between him and Ray in that strategy might cause him is step out of the case.

The lights in the court building dimmed perceptibly at 8:45 p.m., startling deputies in the hullaray. Inclus the courtroom, Juage Battle looked up at the officialing light limbures, and smiled. Spectators smiled at cheir other, and the hearing

Four blocks away in the Light, Gas and Water Building, rechalcians said they coa-

ing, rechaicisms said they confused a routine switching of power substactions. "The High-chirp affected most of the clip."

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Mr. Hanes' reference to "high-poveyrad Hands" was the subject of Captain Parker's testimony, when Mr. Dwycr asked him if he had deter-mined the brightness of the 24-hour-a-day lights.

"I checked them wise a light meter," Cuptain Parker said.
"In the ceil brock, outside the ceil, they measure nine foot caudies. Inside the ceil, the reading is six. It's five here in the courtroom, and on an overcast day outside, the reading is 85.12

Captain Parker also said Ray "seems a little more relaxed than when he first came here, when he didn't know what was going to happen to him. And he appears to have gained a little weight." He said Ray spends about \$20 a month at the fall commissary for "sanche et 23, orango juice and milk" in addition to his regular prison fare.

Mr. Hanes dwelled at length. on the closeness of the television cameras pointed at Ray's cell, as he questioned Sharliff

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A-That's correct.

Quality file, once through site, Cr are they unless limitally?

A—They are on continuously.

C—Mor many are there?

i.—Two.

O-Modern to that from

A-Would say six or eight

Question in the contraction of the which has been accounted the back-

A-You could soa a movement, but you could not see the details.

Press-Scimitar Plans to Appeal Contempt Ruling

Attorneys for The Memphis Press-Scimitar today planned legal action before the Tennessee Supreme Court in an effort to overturn a decision of Criminal Court Judge W. Preston Battle holding one of its reporters in contempt of court.

The newspaper vowed editorially to take the case to the U.S. Supreme Court, if necessary, for relief from the judge's orders against pre-trial out-of-court news concerning the James

Earl Ray murder case.

The newspaper said it would continue to print the news despite the conviction of Roy B. Hamilton, its courthouse reporter, and three others also held guilty of contempt.

Also held in contempt were Charles Edmundson, reporter for the Commercial Appeal, which will take action along with The Press-Scimitar; Arthur Hanes, counsel for Ray, who is accused of murdering Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., and Renfro Hays, Memphis private investigator for Kanes.

NEWS STORIES

News stories in the two newspapers Sept. 12 involving the four men held in contempt were the basis for Judge Battle's contempt action.

The judge refused to sentence the two newspaper reporters, despite a request from attorneys, saying he would withhold punishment pending their actions in the future.

The newspapers' counsel contended this placed the reporters and their newspapers in an untenable position and relief would be sought from other courts, if necessary.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)
Page /
Memphis, Tenn.
Date: 10-1-68 Edition: Home Author: Editor: CHARLES H. Title: SCHNEIDER
Character: or Classification: 44-1987- Submitting Office: Memphis Being Investigated
SERIALIZED LL SINDEXED LL SERIALIZED LL SINDEXED LL SERIALIZED LL SINDEXED LL

Ezra Z. Bryan, of Cleveland, counsel for Scripps-Howard Newspapers, and Armistead Clay, attorney for Memphis Publishing Co., represented the reporters in court.

STATEMENT

Battle, before announcing his decision, read a long prepared statement citing the reporters' articles, criticizing Hanes and Hays for making extra-judicial statements and adding that he believed Edmundson's testimony but not Hays'.

"Justice demands a fair trial by an impartial jury both for James Earl Ray and the State of Tennessee," Eattle emphasized.

Bryan contended that the withholding of sentence would put the reporters "In limbo" as to what they could print about the Ray case. Clay argued that it was clear the U.S. Supreme Court "deliberately refrained" from authorizing such orders that could be used against the press.

NEWS ACCOUNT:

The newspaper account by Edmundson, who from the stand clashed hody with Robert Livingston, Edys' lawyer, had clothe Hays as snying Ray's health was invested by bright lights left shining day and night in his cell, by constant monitoring by TV cameras and by lack of privacy.

Edmundson's article also quoted Hays as comparing security measures for Ray with "devices used by Communist police agents to destroy the health and balance of the victims."

Hays from the stand denied making any such statements.

HEN JAMES EARL RAY steps into a Memphis v courtroom on Nov. 12, the State of Tennessee will announce "ready for trial," with a case based on one of the biggest criminal investigations in history.

It began almost simultaneously with the crack of a high-powered rifle from the rear of a shabby rooming house at 6:01 p.m. April 4. Even as Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. fell mortally wounded in the second floor balcony of the Lorraine Motel, 406 Mulberry, Memphis police assigned to guard the civil rights leader sprang into action.

From there the hunt for Dr. King's killer spread across the country and crossed international boundaries into Canada, Portugal and England.

Before it ended 69 days later on June 9 with the arrest of Ray at the London airport, the three most respected national police agencies in the Free World — the FBI, Scotland Yard and the Royal Canadian Mounted Police — had worked on the case.

During this period and beyond, literally thousands of persons were questioned and interviewed about Ray's activities. Masses of physical evidence, ranging in size from a white Mustang found abandoned in Atlanta to a passport confiscated in London, were examined, fingerprinted and sifted for clues.

From this wealth of material, Shelby County Atty. Gen. Phil Canale and his assistants, Robert K. Dwyer and James Beasley, will attempt to prove to a jury of 12 that James Earl Ray "beyond a reasonable doubt and to a-moral certainty" shot and killed Dr. King and should die in Tennessee's electric chair.

Just how strong is the state's case? What will be its strategy? Who are its key witnesses?

The state, of course, is under strict court orders not to comment publicly on any of these points, and full details of its case will not come out until unfolded at the trial.

However, much of the evidence against Ray has already been revealed, and the prosecution is expected to have few surprises. In fact, it has already been required by the trial judge, W. Preston Battle, to turn over its list of 300 prospective witnesses and some 21 items of physical evidence to Ray's lawyers, Arthur J. Hanes and Arthur J. Hanes Jr. of Birmingham, to inspect.

Lacking an eyewitness to the shooting, the state will have to depend on circumstantial evidence to connect Ray with the crime.

The state has witnesses who can place Ray — or a man fitting his description — in Memphis immediately before and after the slaying. One of the strongest prosecution witnesses will doubtless be Charles Quitman Stephens, a partly disabled World War II veteran who said he heard the shot and saw the assassin in the rooming house hallway moments later.

The state also has what has been described as the death weapon, a 30.06 Remington pump-action rifle with telescopic sight, which Ray alleged'y bought at a Birmingham sporting goods store. The state also has his white Mustang, the car in which the prosecution will contend Ray drove to Atlanta and abandoned after the murder.

newspaper, city and state.;
Page 2 /
Memphis Press- Scimitar
Memphis, Tenn.
· .
Date: 10-10-68 Edition: Home
Author: EditorCharles H. Title: Schneider
Character: or Classification: 44-1987- Submitting Office: Memphis Being Investigated
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The Conspiracy Question

As the trial date approaches, the question is still being asked: Was there a conspiracy? Before the clampdown on statements to newsmen, U.S. Atty. Gen. Ramsey Clark said there was no evidence of a conspiracy. There has been no hint since then that the state will proceed on any other assumption than Ray — and Ray alone — is responsible for Dr. King's death.

And Ray's defense?

Except to deny the charge at his extradition hearing in London and plead not guilty at his Memphis arraignment, there has been no inkling from Ray or his attorneys as to what his defense will be. There have been reports that he will claim he was set up as a "fall-guy," and somebody else killed Dr. King, but these are unverified and only rumors. Whether he will even take the stand in his own defense is not known.

The senior Hanes, a former FBI agent and former mayor of Birmingham, suggested at a news conference in Memphis that Ray was the "victim of a Communist plot," but didn't elaborate. That remark, incidentally, got Hanes in trouble with Judge Battle, who subsequently stiffened his court ban on publicity.

Attorneys have estimated the trial will last six weeks.

Both sides are now busy with preparations, with the trial just a month away. What follows is a reconstruction of the crime and the events leading to Ray's arrest—a record from which the prosecution and defense will draw. All of the information was taken from stories published previously, and many of the witnesses quoted below are expected to testify at the trial.

The Lone Wolf

From his known background, Ray emerges as a somewhat shadowy, enigmatic figure. He has a police record of stick-ups, burglaries and smaller crimes dating back to 1949. A psychiatrist once described him as a typical "habitual criminal" whose only motive in crime was money. He was a lone wolf on the outside, a drifter who showed a preference for staying in skid row hotels and rooming houses where questions were few. But he enjoyed bars and girls, and he liked to dance.

Born March 10, 1928, in Alton, Ill., a Mississippi River city just north of St. Louis, Ray was the oldest of three sons of James Earl and Lucille Ray. His father, a railroad switchman and laborer, died in 1947. Missouri prison records show his brothers as John Ray of St. Louis and Jerry Ray of Wheeling, Ill. He also has a sister, Miss Melba Ryan, of Quincy, Ill.

Ray dropped out of school in Alton after the 10th grade. He enlisted in the Army in 1946 and was given a "general discharge" in 1948 for "ineptness and lack of adaptability." On Dec. 17, 1959, he was convicted of armed robbery and auto theft in St. Louis and sentenced to 20 years in the Missouri State Penitentiary at Jefferson City. It was while serving that sentence that he escaped by hiding in a bread truck on April 23, 1967.

Ray's whereabouts for the next four months are unknown—he reportedly was in Chicago at least part of the time. A man believed to be Ray turned up in Birmingham in August, and there, according to the FBI, set about establishing his identity as Eric Starvo Galt, the first of many aliases he is said to have used over the next several months.

Ray stayed at a boarding house in Birmingham. The proprietor, Peter Nicholas Cherpes, said Ray told him he had worked earlier at the Ingalls Shipbuilding Corp. in Fascageula, Miss.

On Aug. 26, the day after he checked in William D. Paisley, sales manager of a lumber company, ran an ad in the Birmingham News offering to sell a white 1966 Mustang.

Paisley said Ray, as Galt, paid him \$1,995 cash for the car, drawing the money out of a safety deposit box in a local bank. It is one of the more interesting sidelights that Ray never seemed to be at a loss for ready cash after his escape. There is no knowledge of his being involved in further burglaries or robberies, at least in this country.

He checked out of the boarding house on Oct. 7, 1967. The FBI said he had driven the Mustang more than 19,000 miles from Aug. 30 until April 5, 1968, when it was found, in a

housing project parking lot in Atlanta.

Agents said that during this period Ray-Galt made several trips to the West Coast and, while there, took dancing lessons in Long Beach, Calif., and a course in bartending in Los Angeles.

While living in California, Galt was known to have taken a trip to New Orleans in December, 1967. Charles Stein, a

Los Angeles songwriter, said he made the trip to New Orleans with Galt and several times Galt attempted to telephone a New Orleans man.

Stein said Galt claimed the man was an important industrialist.

There seem to be discrepancies contained in published accounts of Ray's — or Galt's — movements and whereabouts at this time.

For instance, Thomas Reyes Lau, director of the Los Angeles bartending school, said that Galt graduated on March 2, 1968.

But one day earlier, on March 1, 1968, the Highway. Patrol at Montgomery, Ala., received a phone call from a man who identified himself as Eric S. Galt asking for a duplicate driver's license to replace the one he claimed to have lost.

The caller asked that the duplicate be mailed to him at an address in Birmingham. This was done.

Two service station employes — Jimmy Phillips, 30, and Henry Rowell, 20 — told the FBI they saw Galt in his 1966 white Mustang in their station in September and October of 1967 when he was supposed to be taking bartending lessons in California. They said they also saw him in mid-February of 1968.

The FBI traced S & H green stamps found in the Mustang to the service station where Phillips and Rowell work. This station is a short distance from the boarding house used by Galt from mid-August to October. It was also reported Galt visited Canada in the summer of 1967 and took a six-week course in locksmithing in Montreal.

FBI agents learned that Ray had stayed in a hippie boarding house in Atlanta sometime prior to April 3. The FBI found a map of the city of Atlanta in his room on April 14—10 days atter King's death. On the map, which bore Ray's thumbprint, four locations had been circled in pencil—Dr. King's Atlanta residence, the office of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, the boarding house where the map was found and the parking lot in Atlanta where the Mustang was eventually abandoned.

had obtained in a trade with a girl friend in Los Angeles.

The Visitor at the Rebel Motel

On April 3, 1968, the night before Dr. King was siain while he was in Memphis to lead the sanitation strikers, a man checked into the Rebel Motel, 3466 Summer, under the name of Eric S. Galt.

Mrs. Henrietta Hagemaster, the clerk who registered him, did not remember the kind of car he drove but did recall it had Alabama tags. Miss Christine Kelly, the manager, said he signed in at 7:15 p.m. and signed out before 1 p.m. She said he paid \$6.24 for Room 34 and made no telephone calls through the switchboard. Ivan B. Webb, night clerk, said he apparently did not leave the motel that night.

"His car was there all night, and there was light in his room all night," he said. The FBI later took dirt samples from the ground in front of Room 34 and dusted the room and its contents for fingerprints.

A man fitting the same description but using the name of John Willard checked into a rooming house at 418-22 S. Main at 3:15 p.m. April 4, the day of the shooting.

"He was a clean, neat man," said Mrs. Bessie Brewer, the manager. "I unlatched the door and I showed him Room 8, a \$10 a week kitchenette, but he said he only wanted a sleeping room."

Mrs. Brewer said she showed him a room without a bath, and he replied, "This will be fine."

Mrs. Brewer said, "We went back to the office. He said his name was John Willard and I wrote out a receipt. He paid with a \$20 bill." B. L. Reeves, 75-year-old retired hotel clerk, saw the man as Mrs. Brewer was talking to him.

A Clouded Interval

The man's actions between 3:15 p.m. and 6:01 p.m., when the fatal shot was fired, apparently from the window of a common bathroom at the end of a hall, are cloudy.

He never lay down on the bed. There is evidence he sat on the edge of it for some fime. He also moved around the room, which has a well-worn wardrobe and a single window with yellow and green curtains in a flowered design. The curtains had been laid on the top of a nearby mantel, possibly to avoid obstructing his view.

From the window there is a clear view of Room 306 at the Lorraine Motel — Dr. King's room — but the window is at such an angle that it would be difficult to shoot out of it. Police assumed he sat in the room and watched the Lorraine through binoculars. Ralph Carpenter, employe of Memphis' York Arms Co., 162 S. Main, was the man who sold the binoculars to Ray, official sources said.

Between 3.15 and 5 p.m. the man apparently left the room, went down to Main Street and came back with the weapon. Charlie Stephens, who occupied the adjoining room, said that around 5 p.m. the man went to the bathroom and stayed about 25 minutes.

"Willie Anchutz — the man in No. 4 — tried to get in the bath and then knocked on my door. I told him that was the man who had rented No. 5. He (Anchutz) returned to his room," said Stephens.

Stephens said he heard the shot a short time later. "I was in the kitchen working on my radio. When that explosion went off, it sounded like a German 88.

"I went to the door and walked out into the hall. I could

see the man at the offset in the hall. He had in his hand something wrapped in newspaper," said Stephens.

Frank Brewer, husband of the landlady, said Anchutz also got a glimpse of the killer immediately after the shooting.

"He said he saw him running downstairs carrying something wrapped."

The Rev. Jesse Jackson, an SCLC official of Atlanta, who was standing with King on the balcony of the motel across the street, said the shot knocked King off his feet. He said it sounded like "a stick of dynamite, or a big firecracker."

Chauncey Eskridge, long-time confidant and attorney for King's SCLC, and Solomon Jones, King's chauffeur, were standing on the parking lot below.

"He (Dr. King) had a kinda surprised look on his face and he fell very slowly," said Jones.

The bullet tore a gaping hole in Dr. King's jaw and neck. The civil rights leader died in the emergency room at St. Joseph Hospital. His death touched off a wave of rioting and disorders in Memphis and throughout the nation.

Other Witnesses

While authorities are convinced the shot was fired from the rooming house, by a man standing on the bathtub with the rifle propped on the window sill, at least one witness— Solomon Jones—reported seeing a man jump out of some bushes behind the rooming house and run immediately after the shooting.

"He had something white on his face," said Jones.

Meanwhile, other witnesses saw a man dump a suitcase and a rifle in the doorway of Canipe Amusements Co., 424 S. Main. Guy W. Canipe, part owner of the firm, and two customers, Bernell Finley and Julius Graham, said they heard a "thump" in the doorway, looked out "and there was this gun lying in the box, just sitting there."

Apparently no one saw the man get into the car, but several witnesses told police they saw a white Mustang speeding from the area moments later.

Lloyd Jowers, owner of Jim's Grill, over which the rooming house is located, said a white Mustang was parked in front of his white Cadillac.

David Wood, 25, of 3639 Townes, was drinking beer at Jim's Grill, which is next door to Canipes. He saw the Mustang parked in front of the cafe. "The car had no front tag and no inspection sticker, so it must have been from out of state," he said. Six other persons corroborated Wood's account.

Mysterious Broadcast

Some of the patrons said the Mustang had a citizen's band radio aerial. At 6:36 p.m., 35 minutes after the shooting, there was a mysterious broadcast over the police radio describing a high-speed chase in which a white Mustang was being purseud by a blue Pontiac out Austin Peay Highway, north of Memphis.

It apparently was a bogus broadcast, but a full explanation has never been given. It was picked up by a youth on a citizen's band radio in his car. He pulled up alongside Lt. R. W. Bradshaw in Car 160 and asked him to listen, and Bradshaw relayed the broadcast over his police radio, according to reports. About 12 hours after Dr. King's death, Mrs. John Rilay, housewife, looked out of her kitchen window at a white Mustang in the Atlanta apartment parking lot. The family discussed it because they had not seen it before. Another resident, Mrs. Ernest Payne, saw the car arrive. She said a "nice looking man" got out, locked it and walked away carrying a small black book.

However, the car wasn't reported to police until five days later on April 10 when Mrs. Riley and her 13-year-old son, Johnny Niesen, realized it matched the description of the getaway car being sought. The Mustang is now believed to be in Memphis for possible use at the trial.

Description of the Fugitive

When the FBI released the name of James Earl Ray as the suspect, Raymond Curtis, a prisoner awaiting trial on a murder charge in Dalton, Ga., told a newsman that he knew Ray and had served time with him in the Missouri State Prison.

Curtis described the fugitive as a man addicted to narcotics, a drinker, gambler and a good shot. He told of "million-dollar bounty" on Dr. King's life, offered by "The Businessman's Association," and said Ray told him before escaping a year earlier, "I'll collect it."

A 1966 psychiatric report on Ray was released by Dr. Donald Peterson, superintendent of the Missouri State Hospital where Ray was once examined. "We didn't find anything to indicate he was a killer or had tendencies to kill," Dr. Peterson said. "There was nothing in his mental makeup to indicate anything but a habitual criminal whose crimes were all associated with money."

From Atlanta the search shifted to Toronto, Canada.

Mrs. Adam Szpakowski, a Polish immigrant who runs an old three-story boarding house in Toronto, told authorities that a man later identified as Ray took a room at her place under the name of Paul Bridgman on April 8.

Dridgman, incidentally, is the name of a Toronto school

teacher. There is also a real Eric S. Galt, who lives in the Toronto suburb of Scarborough.

Mrs. Szpakowski said Ray stayed with her two weeks. Every morning, she said, he rose early and walked down a half block and caught a trolly, returning later in the day.

Authorities said Ray obtained a faked birth certificate in the name of Ramon George Sneyd, a Toronto policeman, and used this to get a passport to England.

From April 19 to May 6 he stayed at a boarding house operated by a Chinese landlady, Mrs. Gee Loo. She told police she recalled Ray had one visitor, "a fat man." On May 2, she said, the fat man came by and gave an envelope to Sneyd.

Patti Stanford, a dancer in the Silver Dollar Bar in Toronto, recalled that the man known as Sneyd came in two or three nights in a row with another man who had fair skin and wore a yellow T-shirt.

"He (Ray) looked at me sort of like he didn't approve," she said. "The first night I smiled at him, he looked sort of disgusted."

Ray bought a plane ticket for London through the Kennedy Travel Bureau in Toronto, paying \$345 for a 21-day excursion trip. He left on May 7 and arrived in London on May 8.

From the records it seems that Ray left London for Lisbon, Portugal, almost immediately, cashing a return naif of his airline ticket he had bought on May 2.

His home base for 10 days in Lisbon was a pink-washed room overlooking a shabby back street. In the \$1.80 a day Hotel Portugal in the Rua Joao Daf Regras, where he stayed until May 17, he was known as "Ramond George Sneaya." In signing the registry, he gave his occupation as "none," his age as 36 and his nationality as Canadian.

Room clerk Juan Santo said the guest paid his bill regularly and "was extremely well behaved. He spent quite a lot of time in the room at rather odd hours, in during the day time and out at night."

Dina Dores, a shapely hostess at the Bar Bohemia in Lisbon, said Ray came in several evenings, drank beer and talked to the girls. "He didn't have much conversation," she said. "He sat in a corner sipping a few glasses of beer."

Visit to an Embassy

A curious episode occurred in Lisbon. He visited the Canadian embassy and said the name on his passport was spelled wrong. He asked to have it changed from Sneya to Sneyd. He was issued a new passport in the name of Sneyd on May 16. At that time international police authorities had not yet discovered that Ray was traveling under that identity.

Also in Lisbon an unidentified man who was recruiting arms and mercenaries for Biafra came forward later and told authorities he had been approached "by an American who we now think would have been Ray, who wanted to go to Biafra. But he talked to us only once and never came back."

Ray arrived back in London on May 17. Again he picked out his familiar haunts of run-down boarding houses in fading neighborhoods as a place to stay. Two small hotel keepers remembered him as a guest in May. They said he did his own washing in his room, kept his door locked in contrast to the usual British custom, was none too interested in morning tea and kept to himself.

According to some reports, Ray was seen at this time with a man at Earl's Court Hotel and that a woman with an American accent telephoned the hotel looking for Sneyd.

On June 4, Ian Colvin, a reporter for the London Daily Telegraph, reported he received a phone call from a man who called himself Raymond Sneyd, asking for information on how to join one of the mercenary armies in Africa. Two days later, said Colvin, the man called back and he gave him an address in Brussels, Belgium.

But time was running out. After a painstaking check of Canadian passport files by the Royal Mounted Police, a corporal matched Ray's photograph with one on Sneyd's passport—and an international police alert was put out for Raymond George Sneyd.

Three days before his capture, Ray switched to another backstreet hotel, the Pax in London's Pimlico district. Mrs. Anna Thomas, keeper of the Pax, said he appeared worried. "When I brought breakfast to his room, he asked me to leave it outside the door," she said. Ray's nervousness seemed to increase when he was twice informed that his planned flights from England to Brussels had been delayed.

The Arrest

On June 9, the man called Sneyd checked out of the Pax and went to London's Heathrow Airport and bought a ticket for Brussels.

It was 7:50 a.m. London time. It was 3:50 a.m. in New York. it was 12:50 a.m. Memphis time. It was a time when the nation was still in grief over the assassination of another leader, Sen. Robert Kennedy, on June 5.

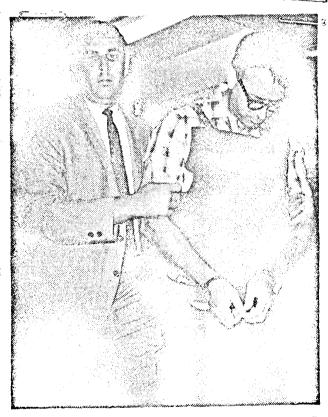
Wearing horn rimmed glasses and a light raincoat which hid the bulge of a loaded pistol on his hip, the man called Sneyd stepped into the transient lounge. Scotland Yard's Detective Chief Supt. Tommy Butler, of Great Train Robbery fame, and Detective Chief Insp. Ken Thompson were waiting.

Would he step into a private room? An official inquiry must be made. There was no resistance. The chase was over.

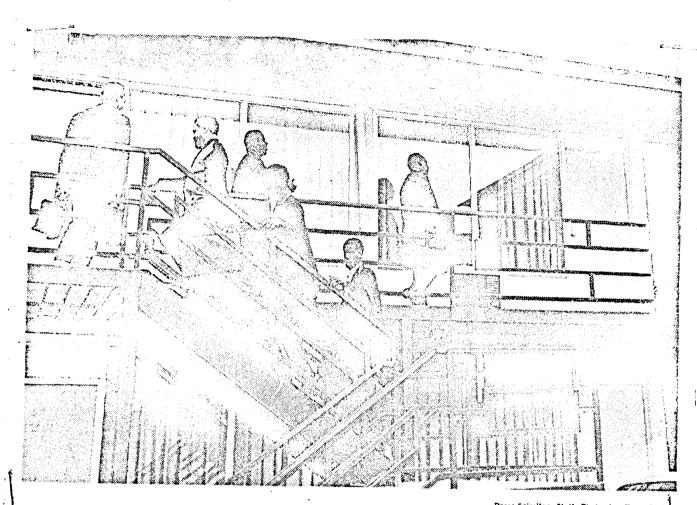
After legal maneuvers in London courts, Ray was extradited and returned to Memphis on an Air Force jet which landed at the Naval Air Station at Millington in the early morning darkness of July 19.

morning darkness of July 19.

He now awaits his "Trial of the Century" in a heavily guarded television-monitored cell in the Shelby County Jail.



RAY ARRIVES IN MEMPHIS Sheriff William Morris takes custody.



DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING (RIGHT) ARRIVES APRIL 3 AT THE LORRAINE HOTEL
This was the scene of the slaying the following day.

Lecture By III Agent Angers Ray's Attorney

By CHARLES EDMUNDSON

Arthur J. Hanes Sr., attorney for James Earl Ray, accused in the killing of Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., complained yesterday that a court order to limit pre-trial reporting in the case "protects the prosecution and only muzzles the defense."

"I am going to represent my client to the limit of my abilities, according to the law, and I am not going to be stopped," Mr. Hanes said.

Ho flow here from Birmingham yesterday to continue his amination of items of evian the interney general's ing in Wichita, "that the latent bas been ordered to fingerprints we found in Memmake available to him.

In an interview Mr. Hanes declared that prosecution wit- and that the same prints nesses have been making public statements "convicting my client and we have had no Missouri Penitentiary." chance to counter them.'

He cited a lecture by George Bonebrake, an FBI fingerprint One of the Wichita Beacon.

The Beacon identified Mr. with the FBI headquarters in were all the same." Washington seeking identificabrake also testified at the extradition hearing for Ray in London in July.

"I was able to testify," Mr. Bonebrake was quoted as say-

phis matched those taken of the man arrested in London, matched those taken of James Earl Ray while he was at the

Using a chart to compare "latent fingerprints" with "ink specialist, in Wichita, Kan., fingerprints," Mr. Bonebrake Sept. 11 and quoted on Page added, "This is what I did in London. I was able to show that the latent prints obtained Bonebrake as the man who in Memphis, the ones taken in "led the search through thou- London and the ones taken of sands of fingerprints on file Ray at the Missouri prison

Mr. Bonebrake was addresstion of the killer." Mr. Bone-ing a Wichita area police seminar on fingerprint identification. In Washington yesterday the FBI said Mr. Bonebrake was out of town and not available for comment.

Frank Garofolo, assistant city editor of the Wichita Beacon, said yesterday that newsmen were permitted to attend the lecture and nothing was put off the record at the police seminar. A major in the Wichita Police Department objected the next day, Mr. Garofolo said, that the speech had been quoted too much in detail.

Judge W. Preston Battle has acknowledged earlier that his power to limit publicity applied only in the boundaries of his judicial district (Shelby County).

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Page i

The Commercial Appeal

Memphis, Tenn.

Date: 10-16-68 Edition: Final

Author:

Editor: Frank R. Ahlgren

Character:

Classification: 44-1987 Sub-C 316
Submitting Office: Memphis

Being Investigated

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The order has a differing effect, Mr. Hanes said,
"While the accused and his

"While the accused and his attorneys have been ordered not to give interviews, key witnesses for the prosecution, such as Mr. Bonebreak, have been free to make statements. Atty. Gen. Ramsey Clark stated on Television that Ray committed this crime with no conspiracy involved. When I say the contrary I am held in contempt."

Mr. Hanes said Judge Battle's order restricting pre-trial interviews is inconsistent with a statement by the judge that he has seen criminal cases "drenched in publicity" but ending with a "just result."

Judge Battle made the statement in denying a defense contention that widespread publicity before issuance of his order had made a fair trial impossible.

Mr. Hanes will be in Memphis today and tomorrow interviewing witnesses and examining items of evidence in possession of Atty. Gen. Phil Canale. He took time off yesterday afternoon to buy Ray a new supply of shirts, size 15½, sleeve-length 32, and a pair of shoes, size 9½-C.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Reporters Ask For New Trial

Declaring there is "no mate-rial evidence to support a find-ing of guilt," two Memphis charged with killing Dr. Marnewspaper reporters yesterday tin Luther King Jr. their conviction of contempt of the respondents and for the court.

asked Criminal Court Judge Yesterday's plea, filed by W. Preston Battle to set aside Armistead Clay, attorney for

Memphis Publishing Co., Charles Edmundson of The states Judge Battle's finding of Commercial Appeal and Roy guilt is "against the law and

Commercial Appeal and Roy guilt is "against the law and Hamilton of the Memphis the evidence."

Press-Schmitar were acclared the evidence."

It also says punishment "would be in violation of the South So. Judge in deferred defendants' rights to for sonteneing, sepin, the news-speech and a tree press, betty man could achieve "purgas as citizens and newspaper restion" by future conformity to porters."

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

_ Page 21

The Commercial Appeal

_ Memphis, Tenn.

Date: 10-16-68 Edition: Final

Author:

Editor: Frank R. Ahlgren

Character:

10

Classification: 44-1987 Submitting Office: Memphis

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Being Investigated

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Hanes Calls Court Group Mypocrites

Says Prosecution Allowed Comment In Ray Case

Arthur J. Hanes, attorney for James Earl Ray, socked it to a court-appointed committee in the Dr. Martin Luther King murder case today, calling them a "committee of Harper Valley P-TA hypocrites."

The reference is to the hit record, "Harper Valley P-TA," which recounts the tale of a mini-skirted widowed wife told by the P-TA that "as a mother, you're not fit." She wore her mini-skirt into the next meeting and "socked it to the Harper Valley P-TA," recounting the vices of the members and branding them as "Harper Valley hypocrites."

Hanes called the committee 'hypocrites' because he contends that representatives of those prosecuting Ray are being allowed to make statements about the case while he has been criticized for making comments.

SHOW CAUSE

The seven-lawyer committee, headed by Lucius Burch, recommended to Judge Preston Battle that Hanes be required to show cause why he should not be held in contempt of Battle's order restricting pre-trial publicity. Battle held Hanes, a private detective in his employ and two newspaper reporters, in contempt but has not passed sentence.

"Sheriff (William) Morris said in a press conference that the man's (Ray's) cell is fine. I said I disagreed. Atty. Gen. Ramsey Clark stated on television that Ray committed this crime with no conspiracy involved," Hanes said.

NO PLEA

"I suppose if I had opened my mouth and agreed with Ramsey Clark and Sheriff Morris, nothing would have been said about it. Nothing would have been heard from Mr. Burch's committee of Harper Valley P-TA hypocrites."

tiones said he had not filed a plea to set aside Battle's decision in the contempt

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE One

MEMPHIS PRESS-SCINITAR

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Date: 10-16-68

Edition: CHAS. H.

Author: S

SCHNEIDER

Editor:

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Submitting Office:

"Being Investigated

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44-1987-Sed-C-218

hearing. "I'm going to wait and see if he sentences me. I may at that time appeal. Still, on the other hand, whatever he decided to mete out to me, I could take it as long as that bunch (the committee) could live with their consciences."

Other members of the legal committee are J. Alan Hanover, Cooper Turner Jr., James D. Causey, Leo Bearman Jr., Lee A. Hardison,

and Don Owens.

EXAMINATION

The Birmingham attorney flew to Memphis yesterday to continue his examination of the evidence the state is expected to introduce when Ray goes on trial Nov. 12 on a murder charge in the April 4 slaying of Dr. King.

Hanes complained that Battle's court order limiting publicity favors the prosecution and only limits the defense. He cited an interview with George Bonebrake, an FBI fingerprint expert, in Wichita, Kan., which was reported in the Wichita Beacon.

"Here is a man who is a key witness for the FBI telling the whole world that he is an expert for the bureau, that he testified in London and is going to testify in Memphis against James Earl Ray," Hanes said.

FINGERPRINTS

Bonebrake was quoted in the story as saying the fingerprints found in Memphis matched those "taken of the man arrested in London" and those taken of James Earl Ray while he was at the Missouri Penitentiary.

"Therefore, my testimony tended to implicate him in the murder of Dr. King as well as identify him as the fugitive wanted for escaping from the Missouri Prison, Bonebrake was quoted as saying. The FBI expert was identified as the man who "led the search through thousands of fingerprints on file at the Washington, D.C., FBI headquarters for the identification of the killer" and the "government's star witness in the extradition proceedings" against Ray.

Bonebrake was quoted as saying that "FBI agents obtained 'good' latent prints from a rifle believed used to kill Dr. King, from a telescopic sight on the rifle and from a pair of binoculars found at the scene."

"This was a real break for us," Bonebrake was quoted. "We had several names to go on but we didn't know which one was correct. Ray had purchased a car under the name of Galt, bought the

rifle under another name and registered in Memphis using the name John Willard."

The story quoted Bonebrake as saying he expected to go to Memphis to testify on the fingerprint identification during Ray's coming trial. "There's no doubt in my mind that he (Ray) at least handled the murder weapon," he was quoted.

NO COMMENT

Bonebrake was in Wichita speaking to an area seminar on fingerprint identification for law enforcement agencies. A FBI spokesman said in Washington today that Bonebrake was out on assignment and was not available for comment. "We are not making any comment on that case whatsoever unless it was public knowledge," the spokesman said.

"Everybody seems to be leaning toward the prosecution. All the court officials seem to be," Hanes said.

"Three thous and FBI agents working on the case, the resources of the state of Tennessee, the press and this community are working to ensure that the state of Tennessee gets a fair trial.

"I am the only one standing between my client and the great forces of government. I will not be intimidated.

"It is pretty easy to almonish an unpopular lawyer who has an unpopular client and an unpopular case, to look upon him with disfavor.

"I never heard of a judge criticizing a sheriff or a prosecutor they live with and do business with every day."

Hanes said he did not believe his latest statements were in violation of Battle's anti-publicity order.

"I have not said anything, nor will I say anything, going to the merits of the case," he said. "But I will say this, that when a lawyer is overcome by timidity in criticizing the courts we have lost a lot of individual freedom in this country.

"We should guard against any person or any court being immune to criticism. The time is past when a person or a committee can mount a pedestal, adjust his halo and say don't criticize my actions.

"In my opinion the flames of justice have flickered mighty low in the headwinds of the great forces which have been amassed against my client."

Hanes said he had complained to Battle about a picture released by Morris showing the sheriff leading a handcuffed Ray into jail. "It depicted him (Ray) as some kind of dangerous animal dragged from his cave," Hanes said.

"I asked the judge to let me have a photographer come in and photograph him as a normal human being. This was denied. I feel if the sheriff had a right to release the photograph, we certainly had the right to release one showing him as he normally is."

Hanes said he planned to go to the attorney general's office today to listen to the police radio tape recordings from the night that Dr. King was killed and to inspect any further evidence that has come into the office. He said he will remain in Memphis until tomorrow night.

THOMPSON

Meanwhile, it was also learned today that Hanes spent several hours yesterday conferring with Memphis attorney Russell X. Thompson.

Earlier in the case, Thompson was reported to be under consideration as associate counsel in Ray's defense, but Hanes later denied

Thompson confirmed

Hanes was in his office in connection with preliminary work he had done previously but declined further comment.

Hanes' visit, however, again led to speculation that Thompson would become associated with him.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Conspiracy Seen In King's Death

Author William Bradford Huie, the man who is buying James Earl Ray's life story, said last night on NBC's Tonight Show that he in convinced a conspiracy was involved in killing of Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. in Memphis.

Unlike the two other major political assassinations (the Kennedys), Huie said he believed the King killing was the result of "a conspiracy that had been in progress for quite some time. There was a lot of money paid for that killing."

Huie, from Hartselle, Ala., told TV host Johnny Carson that he sends written questions into Ray's jail by Ray's lawyer and that Ray writes him answers. He said he is traveling widely to verify information given him by Ray and that it will all be published after a jury is locked up in the case.

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Classification:
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Hanes Resumes Verbal Onslaught

Cites Story Quoting FBI Linking Ray, Prints

The attorney for James Earl Ray, charged with murdering Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., renewed his verbal onslaught against a court order to limit pretrial publicity in the case.

Arthur J. Hanes conceded that Criminal Court Judge W. Preston Battle, who has held him in contempt, has the right to forbid him to discuss the "merits of the case against Ray. But he can't get after me, according to the Reardon report, for commenting on other things."

"Other things," according to Mr. Hanes, embraces the conditions of Ray's imprisonment in the Shelby County Jail, the release of only one photo of Ray, showing him shackled and manacled, and the unsuccessful effort of a Ku Klux Klan attorney from Georgia to become associated in Ray's defense.

Judge Battle's order he said, has not prevented an FBI spokesman from giving interviews pointing to Ray as Dr. King's slayer.

Tuesday Mr. Hanes cited a atory in the Wichita (Kan.) Beacon quoting George Bonebrake, an FBI fingerprint expert, as saying fingerprints taken of Ray in London matched "latent fingerprints" taken by detectives in Memphis shortly after Dr. King was slain on a motel balcony here last April.

A dispatch from Wichita said that, besides making the speech at a police seminar there on fingerprint identification, Mr. Bonebrake said in an interview afterward, "There is no doubt in my mind that Ray at least handled the murder weapon."

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	PEMPHIS, TENN.
	Date: /0/7-68 Edition: Author: FRANK R. AHLGREN Editor: Title:
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PAGE 56
THE COLUERCIAL APPEAL

Date: 10-17-68 Edition: Author: FRANK R. ARIGREN Editor: Title:
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44-1987-Sub C- 320
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Lawyers Discuss Blast by Hanes

A committee of lawyers a dvising Criminal Court Judge W. Preston Battle on publicity in the James Earl Ray case had a closed meeting today, but the Press-Scimitar learned that the subject was the vocal blast aimed at the committee and the court's pre-trial publicity order by Arthur J. Hanes, Ray's attorney.

Hanes yesterday referred to the lawyers as "a committee of Harper Valley PTA hypocrites" and criticized its publicity guidelines adopted by Judge Battle as favoring

the prosecution.

The seven-member committee refused to meet with a group of newsmen of Sigma Delta Chi, national journalism fraternity, to discuss the publicity controversy despite a suggestion earlier by Judge Battle that it would be a good idea:

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)
PAGE /
WEMPHIS PRESS-SCIMITAR
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Date: 10-17-68 Edition: Author: CHARLES H. Editor: SCHNEIDER Title:
Character: or Classification: Submitting Office: TEMPHIS Being Investigated
ly-1987-Sect-C-BB1

Bar Article Opposes Battle's Stance

American Bar Association on contempt two Memphis newspretrial publicity in criminal paper reporters who wrote stopress, "does not restrict the ries from interviews with Arparallel document published cases "does not restrict the thur J. Hanes Sr., attorney for two weeks ago and covering press from printing any infor- James Earl Ray, charged with the federal courts, says specifmation it can get," says a killing Dr. Martin Luther King ically it disfavors, at this time mation it can get,
Memphis attorney who helped Jr.

P. Armstrong Jr., a member both the media and the bar if doubt that guarantees in the of the Reardon Committee and the right to a fair trial is to be United States Constitution rechairman of the American Bar preserved," Mr. Armstrong garding freedom of speech and Foundation's Survey of Administration of Criminal Justice. "... Against this back-freedom of the press permit ground, let us consider the such orders being applied to Mr. Armstrong maintains this (Reardon) report and the so-the news media. view - the opposite of that called 'blackout' of news which held by an amicus curiae com- it imposes. mittee appointed by Judge W. Preston Battle - in an eightpage article in a current issue of the Tennessee Bar Journal.

Mr. Armstrong refused yesterday to be interviewed on enforcement officers, judges the subject since it is in conand judicial employes in retake strong measures to entroversy in Judge Battle's leasing such information . . . court. But he said he stood unqualifiedly on his Bar Jour-the press to print without prior

The Reardon report of the before Judge Battle held in terpretation that the Reardon

This is the opinion of Walter guidelines are necessary for Kaufman report expresses

not restrict the press from printing any information it can get. It does suggest certain re- the difficulty of effacing prejustrictions upon attorneys, law dicial publicity from the minds

nal article. It was published restraint . . . You can't stop it if they can get it; but you that it would be virtually imcan certainly stop them from possible, from the legal point getting it."

With the advice and assent cused by quoting his attorney. of a bar committee headed by Lucius Burch, Judge Battle on Armstrong toward the end of Sept. 30 held Charles Edmund-his article, "the Reardon reson of The Commercial Appeal port does not limit the press in and Roy Hamilton of the Mem- what it can publish in any phis Press - Scimitar in con- way, with one single exception. tempt of court.

fense contended that the news-tion of a statement going bemen had not been served with yond the public record of the a copy of his order. But he court for the purpose of affectheld they were covered by it ing the outcome of the trial." by extension as defined in pre-vious contempt cases in not been taxed with trying to Tennessee.

Ezra Bryan, attorney for trial. Scripps-Howard Newspapers, and Armistead Clay, attorney committee met yesterday to for the reporters, disagree. consider possible action on in-They say that none of the cate-terviews with Mr. Hanes pubgories "covered by extension" lished in Wednesday's Presswould include the respondents Scimitar and The Commercial in this case.

Judge Battle too rehear the their conference. It is known case and have announced that they were offended by Mr. if relief is not granted, appeal Hanes' phrase terming them will be taken to higher courts. "a committee of Harper Val-

Besides Mr. Armstrong's in-ley PTA hypocrites."

at least, pre-trial publicity oram convinced some ders applying to the press. The

Mr. Armstrong quotes the opinion of the Supreme Court "In the first place, it does in Sheppard vs. Maxwell, "Given the pervasiveness of modern communications and sure that the balance is never "No one denies the right of weighed against the accused."

The defense in the Memphis the newspapers from printing contempt case has pointed out of view, to prejudice the ac-

"Remember," says Mr. It does characterize as con-The court agreed with a de-tempt of court the disseminaaffect the outcome of the Ray

Judge Battle's amicus curiae Appeal. Members of the com-They have filed a motion for mittee would not comment on

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)
PAGE 33
THE COMMERCIAL APPEAL
Date: 33/0-18-68 Edition: Author: RANK R. ABLOREN Editor: Title:
Character: or Classification: Submitting Office:
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Tennessee Press Praises Policy Of Reporting Case

KNOXVILLE, Oct. 21. - Efforts of two Memphis newspapers in defending the people's right to know and the right of an accused to receive a fair trial were commended Monday in a resolution approved by the directors and officers of the Tennessee Press Association.

Don J. McKay, associate publisher of The Oak Ridger and president of the TPA said, "We heartily endorse The Commercial Appeal and the Memphis Press-Scimitar for their publicly

announced policy of continuing to report the James Earl Ray especially commend Mr. Hicks mate news.

Memphis reporters in con-person. tempt of court because they wrote stories concerning activ- what he considers to be the ities about the James Earl facts in certain departments of Ray case. Ray is awaiting trial his local government upholds in the slaying of Dr. Martin the fundamental ethics of a Luther King Jr.

has a responsibility to keep its tant role he and his newspaper community informed. And we are playing to protect their believe the people have a con-stitutionally guaranteed right ment, whether it be favorable to know what is going on in or unfavorable to certain of-their community, including the fice holders." courts.

"We believe Judge W. Preston Battle's restriction against publicity is in conflict with the free press guarantee of the First Amendment to the United States Constitution. We agree with the newspapers that such handcuffing of the press and blindfolding the citizens in a free country cannot be accepted by a responsible newspaper which must report all important happenings to the people."

The TPA directors, representing some 160 newspapers in the state, also commended Dan Hicks of the Monroe County Democrat for his publication of news hee feels the people have a right to know.

Mr. Hicks has been attacked and his office shot into by unknown persons because of his stories revealing the questionable operations of office holders in Madison ville and Monroe County, Tenn

The directors said,

case according to their convictions of what constitutes legitimate news."

specially commend in Their courations of what constitutes legitimate news. The courage of the convictions of the convictions of the conviction of the con Judge Battle has held two instances, attacks upon his

"His determination to report good newspaper. We feel confident the citizens of his commu-"We believe a newspaper nity will recognize the impor-

newspaper, city and state.) PAGE COMMERCIAL APPEAL MEMPHIS. TENN. Date: 10-22-68 Author: Editor: Title: FRANK R. AHLGREN Character: Classification: Submitting Office: Being Investigated 44-1987-Sut l-223 14 lle

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Battle Widens Net Of Contempt To Snare Fingerprint Expert

An FBI fingerprint expert in Mr. Hanes charged the court and Renfro Hays, an investishow cause why he should not and cited the Bonebrake state- contempt might purge thembe held in contempt of an or-ment. der restricting publicity in the Judge Battle earlier held conduct. case of James Earl Ray, four persons, including Mr. charged with killing Dr. Mar-Hanes, in contempt for stories cial Appeal and the Memphis tin Luther King Jr. April 4.

ed that FBI Agent George Bo- er for The Commercial Appeal, press in the Ray case. nebrake be required to show cause why a lecture and interview at a police seminar in Wichita, Kan., were not in contempt of the court's order.

The Wichita Beacon on Sept. 11 quoted Mr. Bonebrake as saying "the latent fingerprints obtained in Memphis, the ones taken in London and the ones taken of Ray at the Missouri prison were all the same . . . There is no doubt in my mind that Ray at least handled the murder weapon." Mr. Boneb-rake spoke in Wichita Sept. 11.

The bar committee recommendation, filed with the Criminal Court clerk yesterday, asked that United States Atty. Gen. Ramsey Clark direct Mr. Bonebrake to submit voluntarily to the jurisdiction of the court.

If he doesn't, the committee recommended that Judge Battle issue his "process at such time as the said George Bonebrake should come into this court."

Mr. Bonebrake is scheduled to testify in Ray's trial. The trial will begin Nov. 12.

Mr. Bonebrake's comments were read by the bar committee in the Oct. 16 issue of The Commercial Appeal. Arthur J. Hanes, chief counsel for Ray, reported the Bonebrake interview to a staff member of The Commercial Appeal. The facts were verified in phone calls to Wichita.

Washington will be asked to with a publicity order "that gator for Mr. Hanes. appear before Criminal Court protects the prosecution and Judge W. Preston Battle to only muzzles the defense"

concerning the case. Others Press-Scimitar have announced held in contempt, were Roy they will appeal the reporters' A special bar committee ap- Hamilton, a reporter for the convictions on the ground that pointed to advise the court on Memphis Press-Scimitar, pretrial publicity rules are unpretrial publicity recommend- Charles Edmundson, a report- constitutional as applied to the

Judge Battle withheld selves by future satisfactory

Attorneys for The Commer-

newspaper, city and state.)
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The Commercial
Memphis, Tenn.
Date: 10-24-68 Edition: Final Author: Editor: Frank R. Ahlgren Title:
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Two-Month 'Missing Link' Reported In Ray Activity

CHICAGO, Oct. 23. - (AP) - James Earl Ray, charged with the murder of Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., worked in a north suburban restaurant for two months in early 1967, the Chicago Tribune said Wednesday in a copyrighted article.

The articles, in Thursday morning editions, said that Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Klingeman, owners of the Indian Trail Restaurant in suburban Winnetka, hired Ray as a dishwasher shortly after his escape April 3, 1967, from the Missouri State Prison in Jefferson City.

They found their employe, who gave the name of John L. Rayns, so efficient that they raised his salary from \$103 to \$117.50 a week, Mrs. Klingeman told the Tribune.

However, she said that Ray seemed preoccupied, received several phone calls a week, and—the day before he quit received a strange, unidentified visitor at the back door.

The Klingemans were unaware that John L. Rayns was really James Earl Ray until mid-August, when a writer, (William Bradford Huie) commissioned by Ray to write his life story, contacted them.

They then informed the FBI. Recalling Ray's record as her employe, Mrs. Klingeman said: "I'm sure there's good in him. I've hired at least 1,000 employes over the last 35 years and thought myself a

good judge of people."

The day after the mysterious visitor appeared at the back door, Ray failed to come to work. One day later, the Klingemans got a letter from "Rayns," postmarked Quincy, Ill., asking that they forward his back pay to a Winnetka post office box.

He said that he was taking a job on a ship.

Later, the FBI located Ray's brother, Jerome, 32, working as a groundskeeper at a country club near the restaurant.

William the way

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.) - Page 6/ The Commercial Appeal Memphis, Tenn.

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Editor: Frank R. Ahlgren

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Mrs. Klingeman said she later learned that the Social Security number "Rayns" gave on his application for a job was that of James Earl Ray.

She said that she was told by FBI agents in an interview Aug. 24 that her information "had supplied the missing link" in the government's study of Ray's whereabouts from the time of the jailbreak until he was seized in London for the King assassination.

Mrs. Klingeman said that the FBI had shown her photographs of Ray that she and her husband identified as "Rayns."

FBI Tries To Tag Voices In Ray Case

By ART PETACQUE The Commercial Appeal-Chicago Daily News Service

ment is using tape recordings and waited to talk to him outof voices of James Earl Ray's side, the restaurateur said. acquaintances to determine whether they contacted him by of the time that had elapsed adding that none of the current telephone or other means his wife wasn't able to be of employes did either. while he worked at a Win-much help to the Federal Buwhile he worked at a Win-netka, Ill., restaurant or else-reau of Investigation agents during this time in his life where, it was learned Thurs-who interrogated her.

Trail Restaurant in Winnetka, State Prison. a Chicago suburb. Ray, ac- He was living in Chicago and they knew as John L. Rayns. cused of murdering the Rev. commuting most of the way to After that visit, the Klinge-Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., Winnetka by the Chicago mans went to the Winnetka poworked at the restaurant in Transit Authority elevated sys-lice and told them of the writ-1967.

asked about persons who went King in Memphis April 4. CHICAGO, Oct. 24. - The to the back door of the restau-United States Justice Depart- rant, while Ray was working,

Klingeman said that because callers, Klingeman reported,

The disclosure came from the restaurant, he was a fugi-hired to write his life story, Harvey Klingeman, who for 35 tive from justice because of went to the restaurant last years has operated Indian his escape from the Missouri August to interrogate the

tem, Klingeman said.

Klingeman's wife was asked Klingeman said FBI agents when he worked as a dish-washer and kitchen helper, ers who might have been in-Klingeman said. were those of relatives or oth-ries that linked him with pros-titutes and cast a bad light on volved with him at some time his habits.

Mrs. Klingeman also was prior to the murder of Dr.

Klingeman said visitors interrupted Ray at work on at least two occasions that he could recall. He did not see the

came to light when William At the time Ray worked at Bradford Huie, an author Ray Klingemans about the employe

er's visit.

One of the reasons given by about phone calls made to the did not disclose the identity of Huie in pursuing the restaurestaurant for Ray during the the voices on the tapes. He rant period in Ray's life was May 3-June 24, 1967, period, speculated, however, that they his desire to knock down sto(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.) Page / The Commercial Appeal Memphis, Tenn.

Date: 10-25-68 Edition: Final

Author:

Editor: Frank R. Ahlgren

Title:

Character:

Classification:44-1987 Submitting Office: Memphis

Being Investigated

month age, to be able to the children he children. of school at

rause of the band always n the money nd there and to take his

id she first de when a th banged on eys have got ound there his head

d the vouth r-old attendeen playing, lon't play.'

way, 67, who the street 320 Walnut re parttime, about 18in about 1 on the head ead" on the robbed Mr.

ay said he nen tell Mr. on, you're lk with us.' o shots. He

with red day. Negroes, as

rder after he said at- 1997.

red market at 80 Con a just up the street, said aming down teenagers frequently cause hat her hus-work at the area.

"But murder, now that's something else."

The Weather

Saturday. High Friday about want bused." 60. Winds northerly 10 miles;

per hour. Low Friday 36. Sunrise 7:14; Sunset 6:14

YESTERDAY'S REPORT

High, 65 degrees at 2:25 p.m. Low 47 degrees at 7:20 a.m. Mean (midway between high gan said he and low), 56. Normal mean for date, 60.

HOURLY	READINGS
4 a.m 55	4 p.m 63
6 a.m	6 p.m 59
8 a.m 49	ε p.m54
10 a.m 50	11 n.m51
Noon 61	Midnimt46
2 p.m	2 a.m42

Temperature 7 a.m., 49; 7 p.m., 56.
Precipitation of Airport, none.
Devisoint (condissibility temperature) at midnight 33; borometer reciping of midnight 30.05; rising.
Precipitation Jan. 1.-Oct. 23 40.94 inches which is 1.32 inches above normal.

A YEAR AGO YESTERDAY istol on him said one of Pacific Inches, which was 2.9) inches below normal.

(Map, Forecast on Page 36)

and order in this country, who wanted a gra Square Garden but also in ey-gent. ery school in the city," he be-

Referring to New York's This closing)

OR MEMPHIS and Vicinity ther, wandee said that he announcement, said she did in program almost to where and cool Friday and were elected, "Not one penny not know what the baby would ing program almost to where colder Friday night. Partly of federal money would be named.

It is a she did that the baby would ing program almost to where it was."

This (hospitals closing) colder Friday night. Partly of federal money would be be named. cloudy and continued cool used to bus anybody you don't

> the stand and called for a awaiting the birth. 'drastic change' if the United States" is to win the war in streets.'

didate Richard M. Nixon and necology at Bethesda, exam-Democratic candidate Hubert ined her at the White House H. Humphrey "offer the same and determined she was in lacoddling of criminals and an-bor. archists and the same no-win policy" in Vietnam.

ham, N.C., where he charged nam, was told of the birth by week by striking members Nixon is creating a "credibilitelegram. He had been in of the American Federation of ty gap" with his statements formed earlier that Lynda was State. County and Municipal about debating other presiden-in labor. tial candidates.

waived his equal time rights reporters about his new grandto clear the way for a Nixon-daughter.

carry amursciay (

"It was a dream come true," the President said.

LeMay preceded Wallace to very anxious moments while ployment program was a fail-

He said both Republican can-gan, chief of obstetrics and gy-cal services in one unit.

Wallace flew here from Durtioned at Da Nang, South Viet in the closing. Picketing this

On Wednesday Wallace chocolates as he chatted with et line strife.

pulvaio nabbitais hand total we got to have some noth her father ar mother, patients who normally go to and order in this country, who wanted a granughter Gaston—at an estimated total This is a sad day when the since they already have a 16-cost to private hospitals of greatest city in the world has month-old grandson by their about \$10,000 a day. Most facfear not only in Madison younger daughter, Luci Nu- uity and interns and residents from UT, who work at Gaston, have also been shifted to other facilities.

he President said.

Mrs. Johnson, who was with us," said Dr. Callison. "But inden.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE school integration troubles furher husband when he made the with this (hospitals closing) we her husband when he made the with this (hospitals closing) we announcement, said she did think we can restore the teach-

Johnson said he had spent certainly doesn't mean the emure," said Mr. Horton, who Lynda, 24, arrived at the ordered a crash program to Vietnam and end crime in the hospital at 7:30 p.m. (Memphis hire 300 nurses and skilled time) Thursday after her phy- workers last week. "It means sician, Capt. Walter M. Ioner- we can concentrate our medi-

> He declined to say how many of the 300 persons had been hired.

Mr. Horton also said the Lynda's husband, Marine safety of nonstriking hospital Capt. Charles S. Robb, sta-employes was a consideration Employes (AFL-CIO) has been Johnson happily munched on marked by arrests during pick-

> J. B. Trotter, international field representative for the union yesterday called the hospital closing order an attempt to evade the strike issue. "They (city officials) are trying to isolate a condition rather than the cause of the strike."

To be shifted are about \$5 employes from Crump and 160 from Bowld, Dr. Callison said could recall. He did not see the units, rather than be integrated individually into Gaston's operation to make the moves more palatable to nurses and The whereabouts of Ray patients who want to remain together in the new quarters.

> Bowld has about 40 patients Callison, and as many of these

About 50 Negroes gathered at Methodist Hospital's park-"We're not advocating a strike," said C. B. Smith, said C. B. Smith, One of the reasons given by AFSCME organizer. "All

(Additional Story on Page 41)

Tag Voices In Ray

By ART PETACQUE The Commercial Appeal-Chicago Daily News Service

minutes lat- United States Justice Depart- rant, while Ray was working, terrupted Ray at work on at Hagan lying ment is using tape recordings and waited to talk to him out- least two occasions that he they would be transferred as ound in his acquaintances to determine Klingeman said that because whether they contacted him by of the time that had elapsed adding that none of the current men fled on bout 6 feet while he worked at a Win-much help to the Federal Buwhereabouts netka, Ill., restaurant or else-reau of Investigation agents during this time in his life s. One was where, it was learned Thurs-who interrogated her.

pending in years has operated Indian his escape from the Missouri August to interrogate the as possible will be discharged.

Trail Restaurant in Winnetka, State Prison.

Klingemans about the employe About 50 Negroes gathered Excrest, a cused of murdering the Rev. commuting most of the way to Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., Winnetkia by the Chicago mans went to the Winnetka pound passed out handbills. Transit Authority elevated syslice and told them of the writ-

m up, was Klingeman's wife was asked Klingeman said FBI agents k in Crimi- about phone calls made to the did not disclose the identity of Huie in pursuing the restau- we're showing is what we're od charge of restaurant for Ray during the the voices on the tapes. He rant period in Ray's life was asking for—more money, between the will be May 3—June Z4, 1997, period, speculated, however, that they his desire to knock down sto-ter working conditions and recng, court of when he worked as a dish-were those of relatives or oth-ries that linked him with pros- ognition of the union (by Meth-45, 10 814 Klingeman said.

Mrs. Klingeman also was prior to the murder of Dr. asked about persons who went King in Memphis April 4. CHICAGO, Oct. 24. — The to the back door of the restau-

tem, Klingeman said.

volved with light at some time his habits.

Klingeman said that because callers, Klingeman reported,

Klingeman said visitors in-

came to light when William At the time Ray worked at Bradford Huie, an author Ray The disclosure came from the restaurant, he was a fugi-hired to write his life story, and Crump about 70, said Dr. Harvey Klingeman, who for 35 tive from justice because of went to the restaurant last a Chicago suburb. Ray, ac- He was living in Chicago and they knew as John L. Rayns.

er's visit.

washer and kitchen helper, ers who might have been in-titutes and cast a bad light on odist Hospital).

44-1987-Sitt-C-226

derdaw, Mrs. work at the area. month ago, to be able to something else." the children he children, t of school at

inden n the monev ed there and to take his

aid she first e when a ih banged on oys have got ound there i his head

d the youth r-old attendeen playing, on't play.'

e in about 1 on the head (Map, Forecast on Page 36) ead" on the robbed Mr.

av said he men tell Mr. on, you're lk with us." vo shots. He

men fled on bout 6 feet ounds. Both s. One was weater, the with red Negroes, as

pending in

he said at- 1967.

grocery and market at 802 Vance, just up the street, said aming down teemagers frequently cause

"But murder, now that's

The Weather

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Saturday. High Friday about want bused." 60. Winds northerly 10 miles per hour. Low Friday 36.

Sunrise 7:14; Sunset 6:14 YESTERDAY'S REPORT

High, 65 degrees at 2:25 p.m. Low 47 degrees at 7:20 a.m. Mean (midway between high

gan said he and low), 56. Normal mean for date, 60.

HOURLY F	READINGS
4 a.m 55	4 p.m 63
6 a.m 50	6 p.m 59
8 a.m 49	8 p.m54
10 a.m ,. 50	10 n.m51
Noon 61	Midnight46
2 p.m 63	2 a.m42

Tay, 67, who the street a 220 Walnut re parttime, about 18-

A YEAR AGO YESTERDAY istol on him 52; rainfall, 13 inch. Poct 24 36.80 Inches, which was 2.71 inches below normal.

trated on law and order evening, fulfilled the wish of treating most of the charity and order in this country, who wanted a grain hat her flus-trouble to businessmen in the This is a sad day when the since they already have a 16-cost to private hospitals of Square Garden but also in ey- gent.
ery school in the city," he be- "It was a dream come true,"

Referring to New York's colder Friday night. Partly of federal money would be be named. cloudy and continued cool used to bus anybody you don't

> the stand and called for a awaiting the birth. "drastic change" if the United States" is to win the war in streets."

coddling of criminals and an-bor. policy" in Vietnam.

about debating other presiden-in labor. tial candidates.

to clear the way for a Nixon-daughter.

the President said.

school integration troubles fur- her husband when he made the with this (hospitals closing) we there here husbally for MEMPHIS and Vicinity there. Wallace said that if he announcement, said she did think we can restore the teachmeans of the pair and cool Friday and where elected, "Not one penny not know what the baby would ing program almost to where

Vietnam and end crime in the streets."

Lynua, 24, arrived at the ordered a crash program to hospital at 7:30 p.m. (Memphis hire 300 nurses and skilled time) Thursday after her physician, Capt. Walter M. Ioner-we can concentrate our medical services in one unit."

He said both Republican candidate Pickerd. didate Richard M. Nixon and necology at Bethesda, examined her at the White House

On Wednesday Wallace chocolates as he chatted with et line strife. waived his equal time rights reporters about his new grand- J. B. Trotter, international

Frank Lenti, who operates a discarded his text and concent he hospital early Thursday irrivate hospitals have been ge got to have some both her father an mother, patients who normally go to and order in this country, who wanted a grall higher Gaston—at an estimated total greatest city in the world has month-old grandson by their about \$10,000 a day. Most facfear not only in Madison younger daughter, Luci Nu- ulty and interns and residents from UT, who work at Gaston. have also been shifted to other facilities.

"Recruitment still worries Mrs. Johnson, who was with us," said Dr. Callison. "But it was."

"This (hospitals closing) Johnson said he had spent certainly doesn't mean the em-LeMay preceded Wallace to very anxious moments while ployment program was a failure," said Mr. Horton, who Lynda, 24, arrived at the ordered a crash program to

He declined to say how H. Humphrey "offer the same and determined she was in la- many of the 300 persons had been hired.

archists and the same no-win Lynda's husband, Marine safety of nonstriking hospital Mr. Horton also said the olicy" in Vietnam.

Capt. Charles S. Robb, sta-employes was a consideration wallace flew here from Durtioned at Da Nang, South Viet in the closing. Picketing this ham, N.C., where he charged nam, was told of the birth by week by striking members Nixon is creating a "credibilitelegram. He had been informed earlier that Lynda was State. County and Municipal Employes (AFL-CIO) has been Johnson happily munched on marked by arrests during pick-

field representative for the union yesterday called the hospital closing order an attempt to evade the strike issue. "They (city officials) are trying to Mrs. Klingeman also was prior to the murder of Dr. isolate a condition rather than the cause of the strike.'

To be shifted are about \$5 Klingeman said visitors in- employes from Crump and 160 terrupted Ray at work on at from Bowld. Dr. Callison said could recall. He did not see the units, rather than be integratmore palatable to nurses and The whereabouts of Ray patients who want to remain

Bowld has about 40 patients

About 50 Negroes gathered a Chicago suburb. Ray, ac- He was living in Chicago and they knew as John L. Rayns, at Methodist Hospital's park-Earnest, a cused of murdering the Rev. commuting most of the way to war war after after after after he said at
Who was living in Chicago and the way to After that visit, the Klingeing lot yesterday afternoon mans went to the Winnetka poman worked at the restaurant in tem, Klingeman said.

After that visit, the Klingeman went to the Winnetka police and told them of the writtem, Klingeman said.

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Tries To Tag Voices In Ray

By ART PETACQUE The Commercial Appeal-Chicago Daily News Service

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(Additional Story on Page 11)

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44-1987-Suit-C326

FBI Aide Cited By Court Panel

Battle Orders Fingerprint Expert To Show Cause In Publicity Order

George Bonebrake of Washington, a senior FBI finger-print expert, was ordered yesterday to show cause on Dec. 6 why he should not be adjudged in contempt for violation of a Criminal Court order limiting pretrial publicity in the case of James Earl Ray.

Criminal Court Judge W. Preston Battle ordered Mr. Bonebrake to appear before him on that date for the contempt hearing. Judge Battle said it was impracticable to hold the hearing before Ray's trial, set for Nov. 12.

Mr. Bonebrake is expected to be a key witness, giving fingerprint testimony, as the prosecution presents its case. Ray is charged with the deerrifle slaying of Dr. Mrstin Luther King here April 4.

Judge Battle cited Mr. Bonebrake upon the recommendation of an amici curiae committee of the Memphis and Shelby County Bar Association. The committee, headed by Lucius Burch, advised Judge Battle it believes "George Bonebrake had actual knowledge of the aforesaid orders, decrees and injunctions issued by this court ... Your petitioners aver therefore that there is strong cause to believe that respondent George Bonebrake is in contempt."

The charge is based on an interview with Mr. Bonebrake, published in the Sept. 11 issue of the Wichita (Kan.) Beacon. Mr. Bonebrake was quoted as saying Ray's fingerprints were found near the scene of Dr. King's murder in Memphis.

"There is no doubt in my mind that Ray at least handled the murder weapon," Mr. Bonebrake was quoted as saying. He was in Wichita to speak on fingerprint identification at a police seminar.

In Washington, a Justice Department s p o k e s m a n said there would be no comment before Judge Battle's attested order reaches Washington. But he read the "Katzenback Guidelines" governing utterances of department personnel.

Rule 3 says, "We do not believe department personnel should refer (publicly) to investigative procedures, such as fingerprints, polygraphs (lie detector results), ballistics or laboratory tests. Such demonstrative facts constitute evidence which should be presented publicly for the first time to the trial aury in a court of law.

"Disclosure of such matters to the public before trial can be deeply prejudicial without any significant addition to the public's need to be informed."

Mr. Bonebrake is the fifth man to be charged with contempt of Judge Battle's pretrial publicity order. Ray's chief defense counsel and an investigator employed by him and two Memphis reporters were convicted Sept. 30 of contempt with sentence deferred.

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COMMISCIAL APPEAL
— Winders, This.
Date: 10-25-68 Edition: Author: Editor:
Character: or Classification: Submitting Office:
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Fingerprint Expert Ordered To Appear in Contempt Case

An FBI fingerprint expert has been ordered to appear Dec. 6 before Criminal Court Judge W. Preston Battle to show cause why he should not be held in contempt in connection with the court's order against pre-trial publicity in the James Earl Ray case.

Battle issued the order yesterday on a contempt petition brought against FBI agent George Bonebrake, by the court's seven-lawyer advisory committee.

In issuing the order, Battle said he did not set a hearing in advance of Ray's trial, scheduled to begin Nov. 12, because the earliest date he could hear the matter would be Nov. 1, just 11 days before the trial.

RULING

"The reason for orders on publicity and hearings on their alleged violations is to deter prejudicial publicity from infecting the community from which the jury must be drawn," Battle wrote. "In the nature of things, hearings on alleged violations of publicity orders result in pervasive dissemination of

An FBI fingerprint expert prejudicial publicity and are, contempt earlier by the as been ordered to appear to that extent, self defeat- judge in connection with oth ing."

The bar association committee cited a story appearing Sept. 12 in the Wichita, Kan., Beacon in which Bonebrake was quoted as saying fingerprints taken of Ray in London matched "latent prints" taken by police in Memphis shortly after Dr. Martin Luther King was slain.

PUBLICATION

The story was picked up earlier this month by The Press Scimitar and the Commercial Appeal. It also prompted Arthur J. Hanes, Ray's attorney, to blast the court's injunction as unfair to the defense and the committee was called "Harper Valley P-TA hyprocrites."

Hanes, along with a private investigator, Renfro Hays, and two reporters, Roy Hamilton of the Press Scimitar and Charles Edmundson, of the Commercial Appeal, had been held in

judge in connection with other stories. Battle did not pass sentence, however, stating he wanted to hold the case under consideration until after the trial. The two newspapers have taken steps to appeal his ruling as it affects coverage of the news.

A converte judge's latest

A copy of the judge's latest order is being forwarded to Bonebrake's boss, U.S. Atty. Gen. Ramsey Clark in Washington. It asks that Bonebrake submit himself voluntarily to the court's jurisdiction.

Battle's anti publicity injunction prohibits out of court comments on the Ray case by all those with official connections in the case, including attorneys, investigators and winesses.

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(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)
Page //>
— Memphis Press-Scimitar
Memphis, Tenn.

Date: 10-25-68
EditionFinal
Author:
Editor: Charles H.
Title: Schneider

Character:

or

Classification: 44-1987
Submitting Office: Memphis

Being Investigated

44-1937-Sub-C-233

Judge Declines Comment On New Ray Story

Criminal Court Judge W. Preston Battle today declined comment on a national magazine story suggesting James Earl Ray, charged with the murder of Dr. Martin Luther King, was approached to participate in a mysterious international conspiracy.

Arthur J. Hanes, attorney for Ray, and Lucious Burch, Memphis attorney who frequently has been spokesman for the Memphis-Shelby Bar Association committee which recommended Judge Battle's ban on pre-trial "publicity," said they had not read the story and also had no comment.

The article, by William Bradford Huie, Alabama author, is published in the Nov. 12 issue of Look Magazine. A spokesman for the magazine in New York said details of the copyrighted story were not available for the press until 6 p.m. today.

Burch said that he was sure that if there were anything in the article that violated the court's order on "publicity," the bar committee would meet and go into it.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)
Page /
Memphis Press- Scimitar
Memphis, Tenn.
Date: 10-28-68 Edition: Thome
Author: Charles H.
Title: Schneider
Character:
Classification: 44-1987 Submitting Office: Memphis
Being Investigated
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44-1987-Sub-C-829

Huie Article On Possible Conspiracy Is Published By Look Magazine

By CHARLES THORNTON
Criminal Court Judge W.
Preston Battle yesterday ordered witnesses in the James
Earl Ray murder case not to
read, listen to or watch news
accounts of the case, beginning
when testimony starts in the
trial.

Meanwhile, despite Judge Battle's order to control pretrial publicity, a national magazine, Look, presented yet another version of a possible conspiracy to kill Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.

The possibility of a conspiracy has been tossed about by publications in this country and Europe since The Commercial Appeal disclosed a supposed police chase minutes after the slaying, between a white Mustang and a blue Pontiac may have been a hoax.

In the Look first-of-a-series titled "The Plot to Assassinate Martin Luther King," author William Bradford Huie says Ray wrote in notes to him from his Shelby County Jail cell that he was tempted out of a Canadian hideout before the killing by a \$12,000 offer to make a mystery mission to Birmingham.

Neither Mr. Huie nor Look is known to be within the court's jurisdiction and may not be until the Ray trial opens, if then. Judge Battle's authority stops at the Shelby County line.

In the sequestering order, Judge Battle, who will preside over the trial, said:

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)
Page j
The Commercial Appeal
Memphis, Tenn.
Date: 10-29-68
Edition: Final
Author:
Editor: Frank R. Ahlgren
Title:
Character:
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Classification: 44-1987
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