

9/26/68

AIRTEL

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-38861)
FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (44-1114)
SUBJECT: MURKIN

Re Bureau airtel dated 9/19/68.

HARVEY A. and GLARA S. KLINGEMAN of the Indian Trail Restaurant, Winnetka, Illinois, remain in contact with the Chicago Division, last on 9/25/68, and have had no further contact by **WILLIAM BRADFORD NUIE**.

Bureau will be kept advised.

*Sub - M-188
-202*

3 - Bureau
① - Memphis (44-1987)
1 - Chicago

RWS:sp
(5)

44-1987-Sub-M-203

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED <i>lee</i>
SERIALIZED <i>lee</i>	FILED <i>lee</i>
SEP 27 1968	
FBI - MEMPHIS	

[Signature]

9/30/68

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-38861)
FROM: SAC, MEMPHIS (44-1987) (P)
SUBJECT: MURKIN

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau and Miami is one xerox copy of a letter addressed to the Shelby County Sheriff, Memphis, Tenn., from DONALD LEE MITCHELL, who is an inmate of the Collier County jail, Naples, Fla.

According to the contents of this letter, MITCHELL states he has some information of value re JAMES EARL RAY that would be of interest to the Sheriff. Also in this letter, MITCHELL indicates that he wants "something out of the deal as well."

LEAD

MIAMI DIVISION

AT NAPLES, FLA.

Will UACB interview inmate DONALD LEE MITCHELL, Collier County jail, to determine if he does have any pertinent information re the MURKIN investigation. No promises should be made to MITCHELL nor should any deals be entered into.

Memphis indices negative as to whether MITCHELL was interviewed by any division re MURKIN matter.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 1)
2 - Miami (Enc. 1)
2 - Memphis
RFB:LF
(7)

lf
Porter
get

SEARCHED _____
SERIALIZED *llh*
INDEXED *llh*
FILED *llh*

Boyle BB

Sept. 24, 1968

P.O. Box 1277

Naples, Fla.

Dear Sheriff:

My name is: Donald Lee
Mittell, age 26 years.

I have been in the
Missouri State Prison, three
(3) times.

This is to let you
know I got out June 1,
1966. I was in the
Walls from January until
June, 1966.

Since I have some
information concerning
James Earl Ray. If
you are interested please
contact me at the

Page 2

Collier County Jail,
Naples, Florida, Box 1277.

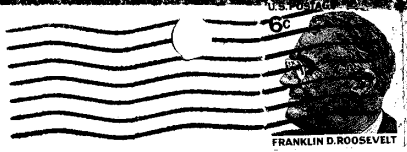
I think that you
will be very much in-
terested, but may I
also state that I want
something out of the
deal as well!

I am doing two (2)
years at the County
Jocade, but I am new
in the County Jail for
an escape, of the 22nd,
September, 1968.

Hoping to hear from
you soon.
Sincerely yours
Don L. Mitchell

P.S. I want the time suspended
on me out of state for me.

Walter J. Mitchell
P.O. Box 1277
Naples, Fla.
33940



"PERSONAL"
"BUSINESS"

To: Shelby County Sheriff's
Department
Memphis, Tennessee

OK #

F B I

Date: 10-1-68

Transmit the following in PLAIN TEXT
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via TELETYPE URGENT
(Priority)

TO DIRECTOR (44-38861)
FROM MEMPHIS (44-1987) P

MURKIN.

RE BIRMINGHAM TEL OCTOBER ONE, SIXTYEIGHT.

BUREAU ATTENTION DIRECTED TO KANSAS CITY REPORT DATED
MAY FIFTEEN, SIXTYEIGHT, PAGE FORTYSEVEN THEREOF. REREP CONTAINS
INTERVIEW WITH GEORGE BEN EDMUNDSON, FORMER TOP TEN WHO USED
NAME ALEXANDER PETER BORMANN WHILE IN CANADA. KANSAS CITY REPORT
SETS FORTH EXTENSIVE INTERVIEW WITH EDMUNDSON WHEREIN EDMUNDSON
DENIES HAVING HAD ANY DEALINGS WITH JAMES EARL RAY INSIDE OR
OUTSIDE PENITENTIARY.

P.

END

RGJ:BN

(4) *[Signature]*

AM COPY TO: 1 - BIRMINGHAM
1 - CHICAGO
1 - LOS ANGELES

SEARCHED _____

SERIALIZED *llh*

INDEXED *llh*

FILED *llh*

44-1987-Sub-M-205

M *Hester* *[Signature]*

Approved: *[Signature]* Sent *6:43* PM Per *[Signature]*
Special Agent in Charge

FBI MEMPHIS

FBI BIRMGHAM

351 PM URGENT 10-1-68 JGA

TO DIRECTOR 44-38861 AND MEMPHIS 44-1987

FROM BIRMINGHAM 44-1740

MURKIN. OO: MEMPHIS.

REBUAIRTEL SEPTEMBER ELEVEN, SIXTYEIGHT.

ON INSTANT DATE, WILLIAM BRADFORD HUIE, AUTHOR, HARTSELLE, ALABAMA, TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED SA WILLIAM H. LEE, DECATUR, ALABAMA RA, AND ADVISED SUBJECT RAY HAD PLASTIC SURGERY MAY FIVE LAS AT LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, AND HE HAS XEROX COPIES OF DOCTOR'S RECORDS WHICH HE WILL FURNISH IF WANTED. HUIE STATED HE FEELS ALEX BORMAN OR BORMANN, FORMER INMATE MISSOURI STATE PRISON WITH SUBJECT RAY, IS CONNECTED INSTANT CRIME AS INFORMATION RECEIVED BORMAN AND RAY WERE IN CHICAGO, ILL., AREA TOGETHER FOR PERIOD OF SEVERAL WEEKS. HUIE STATED ABOVE INFORMATION HAS BEEN FURNISHED FBI LOS ANGELES AND CHICAGO. HUIE EXPRESSED DESIRE OF BACKGROUND INFORMATION ON ALEX BORMAN, STATING HE PLANS TO CALL BUREAU OCTOBER TWO NEXT FOR THIS INFORMATION.

NO PROMISES OR SUGGESTIVE ENCOURAGEMENT INDICATED TO HUIE. GAIRMAIL COPIES TO CHICAGO AND LOS AMGELES.

END

SDC

FBI MEMPHIS

©

M

44-1987-Sub-M-206

SEARCHED	INDEXED <i>ll</i>
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OCT - 1 1968	
FBI - MEMPHIS	

Hester
Boyer *GB*

FBI MEMPHIS

FBI LOS ANG

645PM DEFERRED 10-1-68 RJM

TO DIRECTOR (44-38861) BIRMINGHAM MEMPHIS (44-1987) ✓
FROM LOS ANGELES (44-1574)

MURKIN

REBUTELCALL TEN ONE INSTANT.

BENNET OLAN, ATTORNEY FOR DR. RUSSELL C. HADLEY,
PLASTIC SURGEON, LA, ADVISED HADLEY PERFORMED SURGERY
ON NOSE OF JAMES EARL RAY IN LA APPROXIMATELY THREE WEEKS
BEFORE ASSASSINATION OF MARTIN LUTHER KING. SURGERY DID
NOT EFFECT APPEARANCE TO ANY DEGREE BUT REMOVED A
PROJECTION. OLAN REQUESTED IF HADLEY INTERVIEWED HE BE
PRESENT. UACB, LA WILL ARRANGE INTERVIEW WITH DR. HADLEY.

WILLIAM BRADFORD HUIE HAS NOT CONTACTED THE LA OFFICE
TO DATE.

END

DGB

FBI MEMPHIS

@

44-1987-Sub-M-207

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED <i>llh</i>
SERIALIZED <i>llh</i>	FILED <i>llh</i>
OCT - 1 1968	
FBI - MEMPHIS	

Hester *ICM*

Bayle *BB*

M



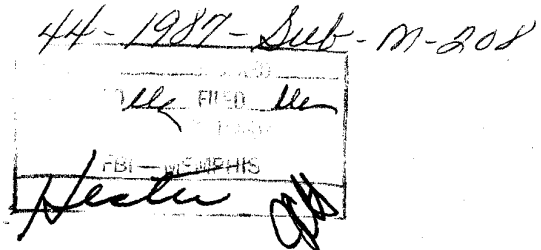
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Miami, Florida
October 2, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 44-1854

Re: MURKIN
CIVIL RIGHTS

On September 30, 1968, DONALD LEE MITCHELL was interviewed at his request at the Collier County Jail, Naples, Florida.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date October 2, 1968

DONALD LEE MITCHELL was interviewed at the Collier County Jail at his request. Prior to the interview, he was advised of his rights as reflected on an executed waiver of rights form.

MITCHELL furnished the following statement in his own handwriting:

"September 30, 1968

"I, DONALD LEE MITCHELL, make the following statement to Special Agent ERNEST HARRISON, JR., whom I know to be a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

"In 1961, I had the opportunity to meet one JAMES EARL RAY. I was introduced by a friend of mine by the name of HAWKS, who was doing twenty four (24) years. He was from New Madrid, Missouri, not far from my home town of Kennett.

"He informed RAY that I was about the last of the good convicts. RAY said he was pleased to meet me, because the big city boys from St. Louis, and K.C., Mo. were turning out to be a bunch of 'punks'. This was the Mo. State Pen, Jefferson City, Mo.

"RAY was the quiet type of guy. He had very little to say to convicts or guards for that matter. I seen him every now and then, but didn't ask many question. We had used a little dope together, but that was all.

"RAY showed great contempt for the colored convicts, as he very seldom talked to them except on business deals for dope or money. He was always telling me how the boys from St. Louis

- 2 -

On 9/30/68 at Naples, Florida File # Miami 44-1854

by SA ERNEST HARRISON, JR./mgc Date dictated 10/2/68

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

"and K.C. always kissed their (Obscene #1) _____.
He said he never would, because if it hadn't
been for LINCOLN they would still be shining
his shoes.

"I was released from prison on August 21,
1962. And never heard from RAY until, 1966.

"In June 4, 1965, I received two (2)
years from Butler County, Mo. After thirty
(30) days in quarantine I was sent to Church
Farm, (one of the prison farm (which is honor),

"Later in January, 1966, I was trans-
ferred back to the walls to complete the rest
of my time.

"I was placed in Food Service and there
I remained until by release of June 1, 1966,
from the Missouri State Penitentiary, at
Jefferson City, Mo.

"On, or around the middle of February,
1966, I came in contact with JAMES EARL RAY
again. He explained that it was nice to see
me and that he had a good deal for me.

"He wanted to know if I would do him
and myself a big favor; so I said yes; any-
thing to help a friend.

"When he first mentioned escape I thought
he wanted me to leave with him, but I quickly
explained that I got out on June 1, 1966, that
year. He said no, I want you to help me.

"Than after I make it I'll wait on you in
St. Louis. He asked me how I would like to
make a lot of money so I said doesn't everyone.
But I explained I had this girl friend in
Tennessee, who was waiting on me, but he let
me know that it really didn't make any
difference at all.

"So I wanted to know what his plans were. This is how RAY, explained it to me. Some people (friends in St. Louis) fixed it with some one in Philadelphia, for him to kill Dr. MARTIN LUTHER KING.

"I told RAY I didn't want to get mixed up in it. So he let me know real politely that I was already in it only didn't realise it yet. An I couldn't get out unless I wanted it. Than I agreed to go along, after I heard this. Also he told me I was coming up there to the pen, for chicken feed, was I afraid to get ahead? I told him no, but killing KING, we couldn't get away with.

"RAY told me not to worry about a thing. Also how did a grand some of Fifty Thousand (50,000) dollars sound to me? I said great, but what if we get caught? He explained we wouldn't and if we did we would get out of it with a fixer lawyer, besides who in the South like "Niggers"??

"RAY also said after we get KING, we'll beable to get more for one of the KENNEDY's. I said that the Kennedy Family had done more for the United States, than anyone ever had. He said they were like KING, a bunch of Cominists all of them and that in the way they wanted people to believe, an I did.

"RAY said: Take that punk J.F.K. (meaning JOHN F. KENNEDY, Late President) for instants, he made you eat with a nigger on the streets didn't he? He made you live by them, go to school with them. So how is he so great? I said, that a change had to come and we had better be ready for one. RAY got mad at me and said not as long as I can kill one of the (Obscene #2) . I seen he was angry, so I told him, I guess he was right about it. He said, he knew he was and would get KING to prove it.

"At this time I wanted to know how, JAMES EARL RAY, planned to escape from the walls, of the Mo. State Pen.

"This is how it was to be done. RAY would leave his cell in the month of April, or approx. for the show. He would than have his bed fixed so as a gaurd would not discover him missing. Than I came into the picture:

"RAY was to place himself on top of the main kitchen, where I worked. Than at 2:30 AM I was to send him food and cigarettes, with a jar of water. He was to remain there for about three days, after that I was to get some kind of pills he gave me into the coffee that was to be sent to the Gauard Towers.

"After that he would wait until they were asleep and he would go over the wall. He had someone, by the name of VINCE or VINCESON waiting on him from St. Louis, Mo.

"RAY continued to pass me notes, on the matter up until the night he plan to leave.

"The first note read: DON L. don't let me down if you do you know the score. But you won't!

"The second was. Tear these notes up and flush them! Say can't you just see all that money for one lousey Nigger? We will live in style and travle the world. You can bring your girl along. Your Pal JIM.

"#No. Three: 'Pal, the time has grown near, so all is left is the wait. I think April 12, is a good day, or do you believe Lucky 13. Smile friend, JIM.'

"The last note was:

"Tonight is it my friend and I know I can count on you for your part. Don't lose those pills I gave you!! Remember everything, because my ride will be then. See you on June 1, my friend. Your Friend Always JAMES.

"RAY's escape would have been good if not a guy by the name of SEEBRING (or something of the sort) hadn't tried it as well on the same night, but they found him hiding in the show after everyone had left for the cell-house.

"RAY was latter captured on top of the main kitchen, where a gaurd had seen him, when he tried to change places.

"JAMES EARL RAY never stated which one of the Kennedy family: All he said was one day it will be: K.K.K. as he put it KENNEDY, KING and KENNEDY. Than our worries will be over.

"He never stated who the other people were in St. Louis or Phillie (just that they may have others lined up for us.)

"When SEEBRING was placed in the kitchen I asked why he was trying to leave: He stated he had life and was playing a hunch, but did not know RAY had planned to leave.

"The above is a true statement made by me on this 30th day of September, 1968.

"There has been know threats or promises made to me in this matter what-so-ever. It is of my own free will.

"/s/ DONALD LEE MITCHELL

"I, DONALD LEE MITCHELL, do hereby swear that the above is true to the best of my knowledge so help me God.

"Signed: DONALD LEE MITCHELL "

"Witnessed: ERNEST HARRISON, JR., FBI-Miami.

In addition to the above, MITCHELL further advised that RAY said if he, MITCHELL, would help him kill MARTIN LUTHER KING it would be worth \$50,000 to each of them and later on they could get more than that for taking care of those "stinking KENNEDYS". RAY said it was people like KING and the KENNEDYS who try to run the world and they are all Communists and want nothing but power and domination of the whole world. RAY would never tell MITCHELL who had arranged for the money if he killed KING only that it was arranged through someone in St. Louis with someone in Philadelphia.

MITCHELL said he was to be near the building from which RAY would shoot KING and after the shots were fired and attention was focused on the building he, MITCHELL, was to run and create attention to get the police to chase him. He was to have the police chase him for some distance before being caught and this would give RAY ample time to walk away from the building. MITCHELL was then to tell the police that he heard shots and since he was an ex-convict he got scared and did not want to get in any trouble so he ran. The police would be unable to prove anything against MITCHELL, since there would be no gun or powder marks or fingerprints or any evidence linking MITCHELL to the shooting. RAY was then going to go "up north" and after awhile purposely get himself picked up on his jail break from the Missouri State Penitentiary, because he said that he would have enough money at that time to hire a lawyer to get him a parole.

MM 44-1854

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

- 8* -

MM 44-1854

MURKIN
CIVIL RIGHTS

FD-302 of SA ERNEST HARRISON, JR., dated October 2,
1968, at Naples, Florida, on September 30, 1968.

Obscene #1 "black ass", page 2, paragraph 1,
line 1.

Obscene #2 "bastards", page 3, paragraph 5,
line 9.

OBSCENE

OBSCENE

10/2/68

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-38861)

FROM: SAC, MIAMI (44-1854) (P)

SUBJECT: MURKIN
CR

Enclosed for the Bureau are nine copies of an LHM reflecting interview with DONALD LEE MITCHELL, an inmate of the Collier County Jail, Naples, Florida. Two copies of the LHM are being forwarded to Memphis and Kansas City for assistance in their investigation.

The Miami Division is not in a position to evaluate the information furnished by MITCHELL.

LEADS

MEMPHIS

AT MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE

Will evaluate the information furnished by MITCHELL with known information concerning RAY's activities during the period of 1966 referred to by MITCHELL.

KANSAS CITY

3 - Bureau (Enc 9)
2 - Kansas City (44-760) (Enc 2)
2 - Memphis (44-1987) (Enc 2) *min*
1 - Miami
EH/mgc
(8)

44-1987-Sub-M-209

M-204

llh llh
FBI - MEMPHIS
Hester

MN 44-1854

AT JEFFERSON CITY, MISSOURI

Will determine, through the Missouri State Penitentiary records, if DONALD LEE MITCHELL was incarcerated at the same time as JAMES EARL RAY and determine, if possible, if MITCHELL and RAY would have been housed in the same quarters and could have had contact as reported by MITCHELL.

F B I

Date: 10/1/68

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-38861)
 FROM: SAC, JACKSON (157-9586) (P)

MURKIN

Re Bureau airtel to Memphis and Jackson, dated 9/26/68, with attached interview of Mr. BILL SARTOR.

Indices check at Jackson disclosed the following:

A review of Jackson file 157-7945 captioned "JAN SARTOR, Aka, Jan Scudder, Johnna Lou Scudder - RM" disclosed that on 5/3/67, one JAN SARTOR contacted the Greenville, Mississippi, Resident Agent of the FBI where she provided the following information:

She is (at that time) the Greenville reporter for the Memphis "Commercial Appeal" (a daily newspaper from Memphis, Tennessee) and also writes free lance for other papers and magazines. She has written articles under the name of JAN SCUDDER for Sepia, a Negro magazine produced at Fort Worth, Texas. Her husband, WILLIAM SARTOR, writes free lance for Time and Life Magazines.

In August, 1966, she attended a conference of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) in

3-Bureau (RM)
 ② Memphis
 3-Jackson
 2-157-9586
 1-157-7945
 JLP/wgj
 (8)

44-1987-Sub-M-210

SEARCHED	INDEXED <i>lls</i>
SERIALIZED <i>lls</i>	FILED <i>lls</i>
OCT - 3 1968	
FBI - MEMPHIS	

Hester

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
 Special Agent in Charge

JN 157-9586

Jackson, Mississippi, and later wrote an article for Sepia Magazine concerning this conference. During the period she covered this conference, she was not accompanied by her husband and registered at the King Edward Hotel in Jackson as JAN SCUDDER.

Shortly after her return to Greenville from Jackson, she received a telephone call from an individual who said he was calling long distance from a pay telephone which she assumed was in Jackson, Mississippi. This individual furnished his name as either ED or JAMES FLEMING. He said he had attended the SCLC Conference at Jackson and had seen a man taking a photograph of her standing in front of the King Edward Hotel with two Negro males. He stated he was trying to determine the identity of the photographer, as his picture had also been taken at that time. This individual asked her several times why she was there and asked her whether or not she was a member of SCLC.

A few days later she received another long distance telephone call and the operator said the unidentified caller was trying to reach ED HAMLETT. Mrs. SARTOR said she was not aware of it at that time but later learned that ED HAMLET is a Negro who is a member of the Southern Student Organizing Committee (SSOC), which is a branch of the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC).

Mrs. SARTOR alleged that the man's voice in the background sounded similar to the same man who had called her previously.

She received no further telephone calls until last week (5-10-67) when she received another telephone call wherein the operator asked for BILL SARTOR. During this incident the operator said she was trying to reach ED HAMLETT through Mr. SARTOR. She heard the same man's

JN 157-9586

voice giving the number to the telephone operator. This was also a long distance telephone call, city not known.

Prior to 5/17/67, the telephone operator called and told her they were trying to locate Mrs. SARTOR's mother and the operator requested the name of her mother, and where she could be reached. During this call the same man came on the telephone and said he was calling from Nashville, Tennessee. He indicated his name was JAMES MASON and that he was calling for JAMES FLEMING. He stated he thought they might be related and he was trying to locate relatives.

Mrs. SARTOR alleged that she did not give this man any information. Later, the same day, she received another telephone call wherein the operator said she was trying to locate Mrs. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

Mrs. SARTOR inquired from the operator the identity of the calling party and she heard a man say that he did not want to give his name. The operator then told her the telephone call was from a public telephone in Memphis, Tennessee.

Since the last incident, her maid, her neighbor, and her employer, the "Commercial Appeal" have all received telephone calls inquiring about her relatives, husband, type of work, and other personal information. She said the telephone call at the "Commercial Appeal" was concerning her association with Sepia Magazine, which she had not told her employer at the "Commercial Appeal" about, and whether or not her husband wrote articles for Ebony Magazine.

During the above interview, Mrs. SARTOR said she was concerned about the harassing nature of the telephone calls and that she was unable to determine the purpose of such calls. She said she felt that someone

may be mistakenly identifying her as a civil rights worker because she attends numerous civil rights functions in an official capacity for her employers. She indicated she does not and never has belonged to any civil rights organizations. She said that one of the editors of the "Commercial Appeal" suggested to her that the originator of these telephone calls could be one EDGAR DOWNING a self-styled investigator and a "nut" known to the Memphis area.

The following description and background data was obtained through observation and interview:

Name	Mrs. WILLIAM G. SARTOR
Aliases	Jan Sartor Jan Scudder Johnna Lou Scudder
Sex	Female
Race	White
Date of birth	
Place of birth	Pilot Point, Texas
Height	5' 11"
Weight	115 pounds
Hair	Brown
Eyes	Blue
Marital status	Married (WILLIAM G. SARTOR)
Parents	CHARLES and LULA SCUDDER Spur, Texas
Employment	Reporter, "Commercial Appeal" Memphis, Tennessee; free lance writer;
Residence	1255 Loundes Greenville, Mississippi.

The file further reflected that on 5/19/67, EDGAR DOWNING contacted the Jackson FBI Office in person seeking information concerning JAN SARTOR. DOWNING indicated

JN 157-9586

he has been making an investigation concerning the activities of this woman. No information was furnished to Mr. EDGAR DOWNING.

LEADS:

MEMPHIS

Will conduct indices check concerning EDGAR DOWNING. It should be noted that referenced Bureau airtel instructs that no interview of SARTOR should be conducted until the Bureau advises to do so.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

June 13, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

JAMES EARL RAY

The following investigation was conducted at Lisbon, Portugal, on June 8-12, 1968:

Sr. JOSE MANUEL DA CUNHA PASSO, Inspector of the Policia Internacional e de Defesa do Estado (PIDE - Portuguese International and State Security Police), Lisbon, on June 8, 1968, furnished the following documents:

1. Entry card executed by RAMON GEORGE SNEYA when he arrived at Lisbon Airport at 1:15 AM, May 8, 1968, via British European Airways Flight 074. The entry card showed that he was born on [redacted] in Toronto, Canada; employed by an "auto agency"; a resident of 962 Dundas Street, Toronto; carrying Canadian Passport #DJ-909324, issued in Ottawa, Canada, on April 24, 1968.
2. Exit card executed by RAMON GEORGE SNEYD when he departed from Lisbon en route to London, England, on May 17, 1968, at 11:00 AM, on Portuguese Airlines Flight 450. This exit card indicated he was in possession of Canadian Passport #YT-602294, issued by the Canadian Embassy in Lisbon on May 16, 1968.

The exit card indicated that SNEYD had been questioned by the passport inspector as to the fact that his Canadian passport issued in Lisbon on May 16, 1968, did not reflect his entry into Portugal. He then produced his original Canadian passport issued April 24, 1968, in Ottawa, which reflected his entry into Portugal on May 8, 1968. This was noted by the passport inspector on the exit card.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

44-1987-Sub-M-210A

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED <i>llh</i>
SERIALIZED <i>llh</i>	FILED <i>llh</i>
JUN - 3 1968	
FBI - MEMPHIS	

llh

JAMES EARL RAY

3. Registration card for RAMON GEORGE SNEYA at the Hotel Portugal, Lisbon, dated May 8, 1968.

Sr. PASSO advised that a careful check of entry and exit records between May 8 and 17, 1968, failed to disclose that the subject, under the name of SNEYD, had departed or re-entered Portugal between those dates. Likewise, a careful check of records since May 17, 1968, failed to reflect that he returned to Portugal at any time following his departure.

ANTONIO ROCHA FAMA, Passport Inspector at Lisbon Airport, Lisbon, was interviewed on June 8, 1968, at the Lisbon Airport and advised that he recalled the incident when the subject departed Lisbon on May 17, 1968, since it was necessary for him to question the subject regarding his new passport and the fact that it did not reflect his entry into Portugal. He recalls that SNEYD then produced his original passport issued April 24, 1968, at Ottawa and explained that a new passport had been issued by the Canadian Embassy in Lisbon on May 16, 1968, since the original passport contained a misspelling of his name as SNEYA rather than SNEYD.

Mr. ROCHA FAMA stated that he was satisfied with the subject's explanation and noted that his original passport had been properly cancelled by the Canadian Embassy, but he had been advised to retain it since it reflected his entry into Portugal. Mr. ROCHA FAMA recognized a photograph of the subject from his original passport application at Ottawa.

Mr. AUBREY L. MORANTZ, Second Secretary and Consul of the Canadian Embassy, Lisbon, was contacted and interviewed. He furnished the application executed by SNEYD on May 16, 1968, for a replacement passport. He stated that SNEYD had come to the Embassy explaining that his original passport issued April 24, 1968, at Ottawa, Canada, had a misspelling of his name as SNEYA rather than SNEYD and that this had caused confusion. He requested advice as to how this could be rectified. Mr. MORANTZ decided to issue a replacement passport gratis in the name of SNEYD.

Mr. MORANTZ stated that the subject produced a copy of an original birth certificate showing his birth as

JAMES EARL RAY

[redacted] at Toronto, Canada. The original passport application executed by SNEYD reflected his date and place of birth as [redacted], at Toronto, Canada, and gave his residence as 952 Dundas Street, Toronto, Canada. It indicated that a replacement passport, #YT-602294, was being issued in Lisbon to replace the original passport, #DJ-909324, issued in Ottawa on April 24, 1966, since the original passport contained a typographical error which had caused some confusion in the past. There was attached to the passport application an affidavit executed by SNEYD to the effect that there was no guarantor in Lisbon who could vouch for his identity, since he was there alone on vacation as a tourist. He did not give any local residence.

Mr. MORANTZ advised that he did not engage in a lengthy conversation with the subject but interviewed him briefly and authorized the issuance of a new passport since he was convinced by the presentation of the birth certificate as to the subject's identity as a Canadian citizen. He stated that the passport application had been handled by Mrs. MANUELA TEIXEIRA LOPES, a Consular Assistant in his office.

Mrs. MANUELA TEIXEIRA LOPES, who was vacationing at a distant location in Portugal, was interviewed by telephone from Lisbon on June 2, 1968. She stated that when she assisted SNEYD in executing his passport application, he said he was staying in Lisbon only one or two days and debated whether to bother to change his passport because he "did not want to spend all of his time waiting around the Embassy." A new passport was issued the day after he first came in. It is noted that the passport photograph does not identify the photographer. Mrs. LOPES stated she may have referred RAY to Foto Lusitania to have the photographs taken, but she could not definitely recall whether or not she had done so.

Mrs. LOPES advised that subject displayed a Canadian birth certificate in the name of RAMON GEORGE SNEYD. He needed a great deal of help in filling out the application, leading Mrs. LOPES to believe he did not have a good education. She also advised that he had a rather unusual accent for a Canadian. She cancelled the passport issued at Ottawa by stamping it cancelled on each page and clipping one inch from each of the inside pages.

JAMES EARL RAY

Sr. PASSO advised that Foto Lusitania, Parc Mayer, Lisbon, had been contacted on June 11, 1968. They recognized the photograph of the subject and recalled that he had been referred there by the Canadian Embassy on May 16, 1968, for passport photographs. They took his photograph and he purchased several copies (six is the usual number). They considered this a normal routine transaction and nothing out of the ordinary was noted.

Mr. GENTIL LUIS SOARES, Hotel Portugal, 4 Rua Joao das Regras, Lisbon, advised on June 9, 1968, that the subject registered under the name of RAMON GEORGE SNEYA on May 8, 1968, and departed on May 17, 1968. This is a small, inexpensive hotel. The registration book maintained by the hotel reflects the dates of his arrival and departure and indicates his occupancy of the room during that entire period. The registration book reflects (probably taken from his passport) that his nationality is Canadian and he is 36 years of age.

Mr. SOARES advised that it was his impression that the subject resided there as a tourist. He was not particularly friendly with any other clients of the hotel. He slept late during the day and stayed out late at night. Mr. SOARES advised that it was his impression that the subject was spending his time in bars or nightclubs where he could pick up girls, since on at least two occasions he attempted to bring girls into his room and when the hotel refused to permit him to do so, he departed with the girls and stayed out for the entire night. Mr. SOARES stated that he did not know the identity of the girls whom SNEYD brought to the hotel.

Mr. SOARES advised that at the time of his departure on May 17, 1968, he paid cash for the last three days, having previously been billed for his first week of occupancy. He recognized the subject's passport photograph taken at the time of the issuance of his original passport in Canada and stated that subject did not wear the glasses constantly during his stay at the hotel.

Sr. PASSO advised that on the night of June 9, 1968, Inspector ANTONIO TEIXEIRA DA SILVA of the PIDE visited numerous nightclubs and bars of the type which the subject may have frequented, in an effort to obtain further specific

JAMES EARL RAY

information as to his contacts, associates and activities. Inspector SILVA visited the following bars and nightclubs:

Texas Bar
Arizona Bar
Niagara Bar
California Bar
Europa Bar
Atlantico Bar
Bolero Bar
Maxime's Nightclub
Gale Bar and Nightclub
Fontoria Nightclub
Tagide Nightclub
Nina Nightclub

Inspector SILVA interviewed approximately 60 individuals, including doormen, managers, bartenders, bar girls and prostitutes. He displayed the subject's photograph in all instances to determine if the subject was known and, if so, the extent of the contacts. Inspector SILVA advised that subject had visited the Texas Bar on two occasions alone and had purchased beer on each occasion. He had not remained for more than an hour. The same was true at the Niagara Bar. There were various individuals in the other bars contacted who vaguely thought they recognized his photograph but could furnish no specific information.

At the Bolero Bar, the proprietor indicated that the subject had come there on two occasions at approximately midnight and had remained there until 2:00 or 3:00 AM drinking beer. He was alone and quiet and attracted no special attention.

At Maxime's Nightclub, GLORIA SAUSA RIBEIRO, a prostitute, advised that she had met the subject when he had visited there one night. She spent several hours with him in the nightclub and then went out and spent the night with him. She advised that she does not speak English and he did not speak Portuguese and, therefore, they spoke "only the international language of love." She declined to say where she had spent the night with him, but did advise that he insisted on presenting her with gifts rather than paying her in cash since this made the transaction less commercial. He, therefore, presented her with a dress and stockings in payment for her services. She has not seen nor heard from the subject

JAMES EARL RAY

again. She could not recall specifically the date when she met him and could furnish no further pertinent information. She reiterated that the conversation was very limited.

At the Galo Bar, MARIA JOSE GUTERRES recognized the subject's photograph and stated that he had visited this bar on two occasions and had bought her drinks on each occasion. She likewise speaks practically no English and, therefore, the conversation was very limited. On each occasion, he spent one or two hours drinking beer and departed alone. No further pertinent information was available from this source.

At the Fontoria Nightclub, the subject was vaguely known by various employees. One Spanish girl, not further identified, stated that the subject had purchased her beer during a visit when he stayed there for one or two hours. No further specific information was available from this source.

It was noted that at the time of the subject's arrest in London, England, he had in his possession a timetable of South African Airways on which Salisbury, Rhodesia, was checked.

Sr. PASSO advised on June 11, 1968, that the South African Airways office in Lisbon had been contacted. One employee, not further identified, vaguely recognized the photograph of the subject as a person who may have made inquiry, but he was not certain as to this. He stated that numerous persons enter the South African Airways office and that no particular note is made of the transaction unless something unusual occurs. He may have inquired for a timetable, but the employee does not specifically recall this. There is no record of any travel having been purchased by SNEYD at this office.

Sr. PASSO also advised that inquiry had been conducted at the Rhodesian Mission in Lisbon. Employees there failed to recognize the subject's photograph and there was no record of any inquiry having been made by him.

Since the British press indicated that an inquiry had been received at the Biafra office in Lisbon from an individual who requested information as to going to Biafra as a white mercenary, Sr. PASSO was requested to make inquiry

JAMES EARL RAY

at the Biafra office.

Sr. PASSO advised that the Biafra office, which is located at 16 Avenida Torre da Belen, Lisbon, does not ordinarily receive inquiries from prospective white mercenaries. He stated that the purpose of this establishment is probably to purchase arms throughout Europe and to handle their transit through Lisbon en route to Biafra. He stated that inquiry there had failed to reflect that the subject had made any inquiries there.

It was also noted that the British press had indicated that the subject had made some inquiries in London of a British reporter regarding the possibility of going to Angola, a Portuguese possession in Africa, as a white mercenary.

Inquiry was made of Sr. PASSO regarding this possibility. He advised that there are no white mercenaries fighting in Angola. He also advised that no foreigner is allowed to enter Angola without the specific permission of the Portuguese authorities.

Since information was received indicating that the subject had converted South African money into British money in London, inquiry was conducted in Lisbon to determine if he had purchased South African currency at the Lisbon Airport.

Mr. CARLOS GOMEIRO, Manager, Banco Lisboa Acores, Lisbon Airport, failed to recognize a photograph of the subject. He also displayed the photograph to several employees of the bank, who likewise failed to recognize the photograph. They explained that they handle numerous exchange transactions and they do not necessarily note an individual's appearance.

In all of the above inquiries particular attention was given to attempting to determine if the subject was alone or was accompanied by other individuals. It was ascertained that he was alone in all instances, except those described above.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

June 18, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

JAMES EARL RAY

At the time of subject's arrest in London, England, on June 8, 1968, he was found to be in possession of a South African Airways flight schedule showing flights from Lisbon, Portugal, to Luanda, Angola, Salisbury, Rhodesia, and Johannesburg, South Africa. A notation, which appeared to be Lisbon telephone number 535041, was found on the cover.

Sr. JOSE MANUEL DA CUNHA PASSO, Inspector of the Policia Internacional e de Defesa do Estado (PIDE - Portuguese International and State Security Police), Lisbon, was requested to conduct inquiry to identify the subscriber to that telephone number and conduct interview to determine connection with RAY.

Sr. PASSO advised on June 17, 1968, that the above telephone number is assigned to the South African Embassy, Lisbon. Inquiry there revealed that subject is unknown to personnel in that Embassy, his photograph was not recognized, and there was no record of any inquiry by him.

Sr. PASSO advised that all banks in the Lisbon area have been circularized with the true name and aliases of the subject to determine if he had opened an account, rented a safe-deposit box, or handled any transfer of funds or other transaction there. No positive information has been received by PIDE as yet. Sr. PASSO advised that no response from the banks will indicate that no record was found.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

June 24, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

JAMES EARL RAY

At the time of subject's arrest in London, England, on June 8, 1968, he was found to be in possession of a South African Airways flight schedule showing flights from Lisbon, Portugal, to Luanda, Angola, Salisbury, Rhodesia, and Johannesburg, South Africa. A notation, which appeared to be Lisbon telephone number 535041, was found on the cover.

Original inquiry conducted by the Policia Internacional e de Defesa do Estado (Portuguese International and State Security Police - PIDE), Lisbon, determined that the telephone number is assigned to the South African Embassy, Lisbon. Original inquiry there revealed that the subject was unknown to personnel in that Embassy, his photograph was not recognized, and there was no record of any inquiry by him.

On June 22, 1968, Sr. JOSE MANUEL DA CUNHA PASSO of PIDE advised that additional inquiry at the South African Embassy in Lisbon succeeded in locating an employee who had received a telephone call from the subject using the name RAMON GEORGE SNEYD on an undetermined date during his visit in Lisbon. He advised that he had a brother in Africa, whose whereabouts he did not know, and that he desired to go to South Africa and commence attempting to locate his brother. He inquired as to what steps were necessary for him to enter South Africa. The Embassy clerk advised him that if he is an American it would be necessary for him to obtain a visa. The subject advised that he was not an American but a Canadian. The clerk advised him that, in that case, a visa would not be necessary but it would be necessary for him to show proof of financial responsibility and advise as to the reason for his trip to South Africa and his exact destination there.

No further inquiry was received from the subject by the South African Embassy.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

July 1, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

JAMES EARL RAY

On June 27, 1968, Mr. AUBREY L. MORANTZ, Second Secretary and Consul, Canadian Embassy, Lisbon, Portugal, advised that an examination of the visitors book there disclosed that the subject had signed the visitors book on May 13, 1968, as RAMON SNEYD. In addition to his signature, he listed the Hotel Portugal as his local address, Ottawa as his home address, and stated that he planned to stay in Lisbon seven days. The receptionist at the Canadian Embassy and other Embassy employees were unable to furnish any details regarding subject's visit to the Embassy on May 13, 1968.

It is noted that Sr. JOSE MANUEL DA CUNHA PASSO of the Policia Internacional e de Defesa do Estado (Portuguese International and State Security Police - PIDE), Lisbon, had previously advised on June 22, 1968, that inquiry at the South African Embassy in Lisbon had succeeded in locating an employee who had received a telephone call from the subject using the name RAMON GEORGE SNEYD on an undetermined date during his visit in Lisbon.

However, a report received from Sr. PASSO on June 23, 1968, stated that the subject visited the South African Embassy and that an employee of the Embassy recognized his photograph. The report states that RAY did not furnish any name and spoke English with an American accent. He asked what the entrance requirements were if he wished to go to South Africa. He was informed that if he was an American citizen he would be required to obtain a visa and he answered that he was not American but was a Canadian national. He was advised of the requirements needed and stated that he wanted to go to South Africa to make inquiries and to endeavor to trace his brother who had left home a few years ago and had

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JAMES EARL RAY

not been heard of again. He said that he did not know where in Africa his brother was but had last heard that he was in the Congo. The subject also asked whether there was any organization in South Africa which had connections with mercenaries in Africa and which might be able to assist him in tracing his brother. He was informed that the recruiting office for mercenaries which at one time existed in Johannesburg, South Africa, had been closed and the Embassy had no knowledge of any organization in South Africa that might be able to help him. The subject left the Embassy without further questions and gave no indication as to his future plans.

It is also noted that Sr. PASSO had previously advised that inquiry at the Rhodesian Diplomatic Mission in Lisbon for information regarding any contact by RAY there had resulted negatively. However, he advised in his report received on June 29, 1968, that further inquiry at the Rhodesian Diplomatic Mission revealed that RAY visited there between May 8 and 11, 1968, the exact date not determined. He produced a valid Canadian passport in the name of SNEYD and inquired if he could be assisted in contacting his brother who he claimed was serving as a mercenary in Angola, a Portuguese possession in Southern Africa. He specifically requested an address in Salisbury, Rhodesia, to which he could forward correspondence to his brother. He was obviously seeking the address of an organization in Salisbury which may recruit mercenaries. The answer to his inquiry was negative and he posed a number of questions regarding immigration to Rhodesia.

Sr. PASSO advised in his report that all banks in Lisbon have been canvassed for any information regarding an account, safe-deposit box or any banking transaction of JAMES EARL RAY under this name and his aliases with negative results.

The PIDE conducted inquiry at the Banco Totta Alianca of Lisbon regarding an inquiry received by a Chicago bank regarding one ARTHUR T. GALT. An official of the Banco Totta Alianca informed PIDE that the request made to the La Salle National Bank of Chicago, Illinois, was based upon a request received by the Banco Totta Alianca from a Portuguese firm known as "ALAB - Empresa Iberica de Material Aeronautico." This firm informed the bank that ARTHUR T. GALT is a man about 50 years of age and a partner in two companies known

JAMES EARL RAY

as the "Executive Airlines" and "Rapid Airlines" and reportedly has a large deposit at the "Illinois National Bank" in Chicago.

On June 25, 1968, ANTHONY G. BARBIERI, Regional Security Officer, American Embassy, Madrid, Spain, advised that during the morning of June 19, 1968, an unknown individual had called the Embassy, speaking Spanish, and desired to talk to someone in the Embassy regarding the JAMES RAY case. Since no one was immediately available to talk to him, he requested that he be called at 6:30 PM at telephone number 222-1604, a bar in downtown Madrid. He identified himself only as RAMON.

One RAMON was subsequently telephonically contacted at 6:30 PM by the Security Office. At first he declined to come to the Embassy, indicating he desired a meeting in some public gathering place. He subsequently agreed to come to the Embassy at 11:00 AM on June 20, 1968. RAMON, however, failed to keep the appointment.

The above-mentioned telephone number was identified by the Direccion General de Seguridad (Directorate General of Security - DGS), Spanish National Police, Madrid, on June 25, 1968, as being listed to MANUEL GARCIA FERNANDEZ under the name A. Aguas-Dientes (Liquor Outlet), Calle Minas 15, Madrid.

On June 26, 1968, Inspector RAFAEL TRIGUEROS of the DGS interviewed MANUEL GARCIA FERNANDEZ, proprietor of the Casa Garcia Bar at Calle Minas 15, Madrid. GARCIA FERNANDEZ was unable to identify anyone by the name of RAMON as a client of the bar. MIGUEL SANCHEZ GALAN, bartender, was interviewed and he advised that the only RAMON using the bar was an individual who had been coming to this bar approximately two to three months ago. He was unable to further identify this individual, indicating, however, that he had been coming to the bar recently at approximately 8:00 PM. SANCHEZ GALAN stated he had no recollection of this individual having used the telephone in the bar.

At approximately 9:30 PM on June 26, 1968, the individual described by the bartender as RAMON was interviewed. He identified himself as RAMON MARTINEZ ALONZO, Spanish Identity Card #50998. This individual denied ever calling

JAMES EARL RAY

the American Embassy or any other embassy in his life.

Subsequent inquiries in the vicinity of the Casa Garcia Bar to identify the individual who had called the American Embassy proved negative.

Sr. PASSO advised that inquiry at the Portuguese Airlines (TAP), Lisbon, revealed that the subject had purchased his airline ticket on May 15, 1968, for which he paid cash. He traveled under the name of Mr. SNEYD from Lisbon to London on May 17, 1968, on TAP Flight 450, leaving Lisbon at 11:00 AM. Inquiry by PIDS of various TAP employees revealed that subject was alone at the time he purchased the ticket. There was no recollection by any employee of TAP who was present on the flight on May 17, 1968, from Lisbon to London of any unusual incident and none was able to recognize the subject's photograph.

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JAMES EARL RAY, aka
Paul Bridgeman,
Paul Bridgman,
Paul Edward Bridgeman,
Paul E. Bridgeman,
Ramon George Sneyd
Toronto, Ontario, Canada
April 8, - May 6, 1968

On April 8, 1968, subject, using the name PAUL BRIDGEMAN, obtained a room at a second rate rooming house at 102 Ossington Avenue, Toronto, operated by FELIKSA SZPAKOWSKA. He paid one week's rent in advance. It appears that subject obtained the room as a result of a room for rent sign in the window at the front of this residence.

The means by which subject entered Canada and his reason for selecting the alias Paul Bridgeman is not known. However, it is known that one PAUL BRIDGMAN is a former inmate of a prison in Kansas City, Missouri, who was paroled on January 16, 1968, and whose identity may or may not be known to RAY. While at this rooming house, RAY had no visitors, did not befriend any of the other roomers, was not known to be employed and according to the landlady usually left the house early in the morning and returned late at night.

On April 10, 1968, subject wrote a letter to the Bureau of Vital Statistics in Toronto, requesting a copy of the birth certificate of PAUL EDWARD BRIDGMAN and indicating that it should be sent to 102 Ossington Avenue Toronto. In this letter subject gave his date of birth as [redacted] his father's name as EDWARD G. B. BRIDGMAN and his mother's maiden name as EVELYN GOODEN.

It is noted that the above biographic information relative to BRIDGMAN is accurate insofar as it relates

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to an existent PAUL EDWARD BRIDGMAN who resides at 80 Cassandra Street, Toronto, and who is a reputable citizen employed as a consultant for the Board of Education.

Interviews of both the real BRIDGMAN and his wife by Royal Canadian Mounted Police (RCMP) officers in Toronto failed to establish any method by which subject obtained the biographic information set forth in his letter to the Bureau of Vital Statistics but both BRIDGMAN and his wife recall having received several telephone calls in early April, which at the time appeared to them to be innocuous, wherein they believed the caller claimed to be a representative of the Canadian Immigration Department and inquired as to whether BRIDGMAN had applied for passport. Both state that they at no time furnished to the unknown caller any information concerning PAUL E. BRIDGMAN's background.

Attachment number one to this insert is a photographic copy of the letter directed by subject to the Bureau of Vital Statistics, Toronto, dated April 10, 1968, requesting the BRIDGMAN birth certificate.

On April 11, 1968, subject, as BRIDGMAN, visited the Arcade Photo Studio, Toronto, and obtained passport size photographs.

On April 16, 1968, subject, as RAMON GEORGE SNEYD, obtained a room at 362 Dundas Street West, Toronto, a second rate rooming house, operated by a Chinese woman named Mrs. Sun Fung LOO.

It appears that he obtained this room as a result of a sign, room for rent, in a front window and he paid one week's rent in advance (\$9.00) with the understanding that he would take occupancy on April 19, 1968.

On April 16, 1968, subject, as RAMON GEORGE SNEYD, visited the Kennedy Travel Bureau, 424 Bloor Street West, Toronto, where he arranged with Miss LILLIAN

SPENCER, manager of that travel bureau office, for a round trip ticket via British Overseas Airline Company (BOAC) from Toronto to London. In connection with arranging this reservation, it was necessary for subject to furnish an Affidavit for a Canadian passport which he did in the name of RAMON GEORGE SNEYD, listing his date of birth as [redacted] and giving his address as 362 Dundas Street, Toronto. In answer to a requirement in connection with the passport application for the name of a sponsor, EARL indicated that he had only been in Toronto for three weeks and had no local sponsor. In answer to the question on the application as to who should be notified in the event of an emergency, EARL listed the name PAUL BRIDGMAN and the address of 102 Ossington Avenue, Toronto.

In answer to Miss SPENCER's request for three passport photographs, RAY furnished to her three copies of the photograph which he had previously obtained from the Arcade Photo Studios on April 11, 1968, under the name of PAUL BRIDGMAN. It is noted, however, that nowhere on the photograph does any name appear.

As a result of a request made by subject at that time, Miss LILLIAN SPENCER obtained through BOAC, reservations for him to travel to London departing from Toronto on May 6, 1968, via BOAC Flight 600 and returning to Toronto on May 21, 1968, via BOAC Flight 601.

Anticipating that it would take approximately ten days to receive the passport, Miss SPENCER suggested that subject return to pick up his ticket and his passport in about ten days.

On April 16, 1968, subject wrote a letter to the Bureau of Vital Statistics, Toronto, requesting birth certificate in the name of RAMON GEORGE SNEYD, listing his date of birth as [redacted] at Toronto, setting forth his father's name as GEORGE SNEYD and his mother's maiden name as GLADYS MAE KILNER and requesting that it be sent to 362 Dundas Street West, Toronto.

A photographic copy of this letter is attachment number 2 to this insert.

It is noted that according to Mrs. FELIKSA SZPANKOWSKA, landlady at 102 Ossington Avenue, Toronto, a letter arrived for subject as PAUL E. BRIDGMAN at the Ossington Avenue address from the Bureau of Vital Statistics, Toronto, several days before he left that address and although she pointed out to him on at least two occasions that the letter was on a table and for him, he never did take possession of it and, therefore, after he departed from the Ossington Avenue address, she returned it to the Bureau of Vital Statistics. On April 17, 1968, Miss LILLIAN SPENCER, Kennedy Travel Bureau, Toronto, addressed a letter to the Canadian Passport Department, Ottawa, forwarding subject's application under the name of RAMON GEORGE SNEYD and enclosing a \$5.00 money order, which is the standard fee for a passport.

On April 19, 1968, subject, as RAMON GEORGE SNEYD, moved into the rooming house at 962 Dundas Street West, had no baggage according to Mrs. Sun Fung LOO, landlady at that address and she did not see him thereafter until April 26, 1968. According to Sun Fung LOO, subject did not appear to make friends with anyone in the rooming house and she had no knowledge as to any employment or other activities on his part.

On April 20, 1968, subject, as RAMON GEORGE SNEYD, listing his address as 962 Dundas, wrote a letter to the Kennedy Travel Bureau informing them that he had to go to Capreol for several weeks on business and would pick up his passport upon his return.

It appears he was referring to Capreol, a small town in northern Ontario. RCMP investigation indicates that subject was not known in that small town nor was there any evidence that he had actually gone there.

Photographic copy of the letter of April 20, 1968, is attached hereto as attachment number 3.

With regard to the RAMON GEORGE SNEYD identification used by RAY, commencing approximately April 16, 1968, it is noted that there is an existent RAMON GEORGE SNEYD, a police officer in the Metropolitan Toronto Police Department (MTPD), who has been so employed for over 12 years, who resides at 1731 Victoria Park Avenue, Toronto, and whose biographic background is identical with that furnished by subject when RAY wrote to the Bureau of Vital Statistics at Toronto, on April 16, 1968, requesting a birth certificate in that name. Interviews of the real RAMON GEORGE SNEYD by representatives of both the RCMP and MTPD have failed to establish any information as to how subject obtained the necessary background data to apply for the birth certificate in that name. The real SNEYD has advised that he did not know subject and when shown photographs of his, stated that insofar as he could recall, had never seen him.

Mrs. Sun Fung LOO, landlady at 962 Dundas West, advised during interview that the next contact she had with subject, subsequent to his moving into her rooming house on April 19, 1968, was on April 26, 1968, when he paid her another week's rent in advance and told her that since he had last seen her he had gone back to Montreal.

According to Mrs. Sun Fung LOO, she did not again have any contact with the subject until May 2, 1968, when he again paid her one week's room rent in advance.

On May 2, 1968, RAY, as SNEYD, visited the Kennedy Travel Bureau, Elcor Street, Toronto, and picked up his Canadian Passport and round trip ticket via BOAC to London. It is noted this ticket called for his departure from Toronto on BOAC Flight 600, May 6, 1968, with a schedule of return by BOAC Flight 601 on May 21, 1968.

According to Miss SPENCER, Manager of the Kennedy Travel Bureau, subject paid \$345.00 in Canadian funds for the round trip ticket and Gurlag interview.

Miss SPENCER was very emphatic that it was Canadian money that he used, pointing out that if it had been American money, she would have become involved in the exchange rate, etc., which she could not possibly have forgotten.

On May 6, 1968, subject, as RAMON GEORGE SNEYD, departed Toronto International Airport via BOAC Flight 600 at 7:00 P.M. for London, England. During interview by RCMP, Mrs. Sun Fung LOO, landlady at 962 Dundas West, advised that not until May 10, 1968, did she realize that subject, as SNEYD, had abandoned his room in her rooming house so that she does not actually know when he left, as she had not seen him subsequent to the occasion on May 2, 1968, when he paid one week's rent in advance.

It is noted that while both landladies and the Manager of the travel bureau in Toronto, as well as the employee of the Arcade Photo Studios, Toronto, all recognized the passport photograph of subject, none could make a positive or even strong identification of any other available photographs of RAY. It is also pointed out that according to RCMP investigation in Toronto, those individuals who had contact with the subject during his stay in Toronto, from April 8, 1968, to May 6, 1968, advised that he wore glasses at all times and none had seen him without them.

One of the suggestions as to how subject got the necessary background data concerning both BRIDGMAN and SNEYD to obtain birth certificates in both names is through a check at the morgue at the local Toronto newspaper or possibly a similar check of newspapers available in the public library. This suggestion was advanced since announcements of births appear in Toronto newspapers, listing in addition to the date of birth, the names of the parents. It is noted that both SNEYD and BRIDGMAN were born within approximately one month of one another, that is [redacted] and [redacted] respectively. [redacted]

BU 44-374

-1-

The switch from the BRIDGMAN identity to the SNEYD identity in Toronto appears to have possibly been triggered by some suspicion of RAY's that the BRIDGMAN identity was heating up. However, investigation in Toronto, such as a review of MTPD records to ascertain whether BRIDGMAN might have been stopped on a routine or other type check in Toronto, during the time that subject was using that identity, has failed to develop any record of such a check.

No logical explanation has been developed as to why subject, once he decided to abandon the BRIDGMAN identification, continued to reside at the 102 Cassin Road Avenue West address, particularly, since the landlady at that address had stated that on at least two occasions she called his attention to the fact that there was a letter there for him from the Bureau of Vital Statistics, Toronto, which presumably contained the birth certificate which he had requested.

It is also worthy to note that RAY appeared to have gone through the necessary procedure to obtain the RAMON GEORGE SNEYD birth certificate from the Bureau of Vital Statistics in Toronto, even though it was not necessary in connection with his passport request for his obtaining of passage by BOAC to London. This is evidenced by the fact that his letter applying to the Bureau of Vital Statistics for the SNEYD birth certificate was dated on exactly the same date on which he had arranged, through the Kennedy Travel Bureau, for his Canadian Passport.

DEAR SIR;

4-10-68

INCLOSED IS \$2.00 MONEY ORDER
FOR BIRTH CERTIFICATE.

NAME PAUL EDWARD BRIDGMAN

BORN TORONTO, ONTARIO,

FATHER EDWARD G.B. BRIDGMAN,

MOTHER MAIDEN NAME, EVELYN GODDEN,

THANKS:

Sincerely

Paul Edward Bridgman

102- OSSINGTON- AVE.

TORONTO, CANADA.

ONTARIO.

4-16-68

DEAR SIR

ENCLOSED IS A M.A FOR \$2.00,
WOULD YOU PLEASE SEND BIRTH CERTIFICATE,

NAME: RAMON GEORGE SNEYD
BORN
TORONTO, ONTARIO

FATHER'S NAME: GEORGE SNEYD

MOTHER'S NAME, MAIDEN,

GLADYS MAE KILNER

THANKS,

Ramon George Sneyd
962 DUNDAS ST. W.
TORONTO, ONTARIO.

RAMON GEORGE SNEYD

4-20-68

DEAR SIR

I HAVE TO GO TO CARREAL
FOR SEVERAL DAY ON BUSINESS
WILL PICK UP PASSPORT ON RETURN

THANKS

Ramon George Sneyd

962 DONPAS



TO: SAC,

- Albany
- Albuquerque
- Anchorage
- Atlanta
- Baltimore
- Birmingham
- Boston
- Buffalo
- Butte
- Charlotte
- Chicago
- Cincinnati
- Cleveland
- Columbia
- Dallas
- Denver
- Detroit
- El Paso
- Honolulu

- Houston
- Indianapolis
- Jackson
- Jacksonville
- Kansas City
- Knoxville
- Las Vegas
- Little Rock
- Los Angeles
- Louisville
- Memphis
- Miami
- Milwaukee
- Minneapolis
- Mobile
- Newark
- New Haven
- New Orleans

- New York City
- Norfolk
- Oklahoma City
- Omaha
- Philadelphia
- Phoenix
- Pittsburgh
- Portland
- Richmond
- St. Louis
- Salt Lake City
- San Antonio
- San Diego
- San Francisco
- San Juan
- Savannah
- Seattle
- Springfield

- Tampa
- Washington Field
- Quantico

TO LEGAT:

- Bern
- Bonn
- Buenos Aires
- Hong Kong
- London
- Manila
- Mexico, D.F.
- Ottawa
- Paris
- Rome
- Santo Domingo
- Tokyo

Date October 1, 1968

RE: **MURKIN**

For information Retention optional For appropriate action Surep, by _____

The enclosed is for your information. If used in a future report, conceal all sources, paraphrase contents.

Enclosed are corrected pages from report of SA _____ dated _____

Remarks: **For your information. Attached are the following:**

1. Reports of RCMP.
2. Copy of Buffalo memorandum.
3. Reports from Legat Paris (4).

Enc. (7)
Bufile
Urfile